Carnival Corporation & plc Debt Schedule As of August 31, 2023 (in U.S. dollars, millions)

			Out	standing							Pr	incipal	Payr	nents						
Facility	Maturity Date	Rate (a) (b)	В	alance	4Q	2023	2	024	2	2025	2	026		2027	- 2	2028	2	029	The	reafter
Secured Subsidiary Guaranteed								·								,				
First Lien:																				
Loan - EUR	06/30/25	Euribor + 3.75%	\$	844	\$	2	\$	9	\$	833	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes	06/01/27	Fixed 7.88%		192		-		-		-		-		192		-		-		-
Loan	08/08/27	Sofr + 3.00%		1,311		3		13		13		13		1,268		-		-		-
Notes	08/01/28	Fixed 4.00%		2,406		-		-		-		-		-		2,406		-		-
Loan	10/18/28	Sofr + 3.00%		2,266		6		23		23		23		23		2,168		-		-
Notes	08/15/29	Fixed 7.00%		500		-		-		-		-		-		-		500		-
				7,518		11		45		869		36		1,483		4,573		500		-
Second Lien:																				
Notes	08/01/27	Fixed 9.88%		870		-		-		-		-		870		-		-		-
Total Secured			\$	8,388	\$	11	\$	45	\$	869	\$	36	\$	2,353	\$	4,573	\$	500	\$	-
Senior Priority Subsidiary Guaranteed																				
Notes (c)	05/01/28	Fixed 10.38%	\$	2,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,030	\$	-	\$	-
Unsecured Subsidiary Guaranteed																				
Notes:	_																			
Convertible Notes	10/01/24	Fixed 5.75%	\$	426	\$	-	\$	426	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes	03/01/26	Fixed 7.63%		1,362		-		-		-		1,362		-		-		-		-
Notes - EUR	03/01/26	Fixed 7.63%		544		-		-		-		544		-		-		-		-
Notes	03/01/27	Fixed 5.75%		3,260		30		-		-		-		3,231		-		-		-
Convertible Notes	12/01/27	Fixed 5.75%		1,131		-		-		-		-		-		1,131		-		-
Notes	05/01/29	Fixed 6.00%		2,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,000		-
Notes	06/01/30	Fixed 10.50%		1,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,000
				9,723		30		426		-		1,906		3,231		1,131		2,000		1,000
Loans:																				
Loan - EUR	04/24/24	Euribor + 4.00%		218		-		218		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loan - EUR (c)	03/31/26	Euribor + 2.40%		150		14		54		54		27		-		-		-		-
Loan - EUR (c)	03/31/26	Euribor + 2.40%		150		14		54		54		27		-		-		-		-
Loan - EUR (c)	03/31/26	Euribor + 2.40%		199		18		73		73		36		-		-		-		-
				716		45		399		181		91	,	-		-		-		-

Carnival Corporation & plc Debt Schedule As of August 31, 2023 (in U.S. dollars, millions)

			Out	standing							Pri	ncipal	Paym	nents						
Facility	Maturity Date	Rate (a) (b)	В	alance	4Q	2023	20)24	2	2025	20	026	2	2027	20	028	2	029	The	reafter
Export Credit Facilities:																				
AIDAmar - EUR	05/03/24	Euribor + 0.20%	\$	26	\$	13	\$	13	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
AIDAstella - EUR	03/11/25	Euribor + 0.20%		43		11		22		11		-		-		-		-		-
Costa Diadema - EUR	10/29/26	Euribor + 0.80%		124		18		36		36		36		-		-		-		-
Britannia - EUR	02/27/27	Euribor + 0.80%		132		-		38		38		38		19		-		-		-
AIDAprima	08/02/27	Fixed 2.42%		132		-		33		33		33		33		-		-		-
AIDAperla	04/27/28	Fixed 2.42%		167		17		33		33		33		33		17		-		-
Carnival Horizon	03/27/30	Fixed 2.69%		331		24		47		47		47		47		47		47		24
Seabourn Ovation	04/29/30	Fixed 2.69%		134		10		19		19		19		19		19		19		10
Nieuw Statendam	11/29/30	Fixed 2.69%		262		17		35		35		35		35		35		35		35
AIDAnova	12/11/30	Fixed 3.38%		533		-		71		71		71		71		71		71		107
Costa Venezia - EUR	02/28/31	Fixed 1.05%		351		-		47		47		47		47		47		47		70
Sky Princess	10/15/31	Fixed 2.69%		396		23		47		47		47		47		47		47		93
Carnival Panorama	10/31/31	Fixed 2.69%		402		24		47		47		47		47		47		47		95
Costa Smeralda	12/05/31	Sofr + 0.78%		583		-		69		69		69		69		69		69		171
Enchanted Princess - EUR	09/30/32	Fixed 1.07%		471		25		50		50		50		50		50		50		149
Iona - EUR	10/09/32	Euribor + 0.75%		651		34		69		69		69		69		69		69		206
Mardi Gras - EUR	12/17/32	Euribor + 0.65%		651		-		69		69		69		69		69		69		240
Costa Firenze	12/22/32	Fixed 2.69%		515		-		54		54		54		54		54		54		190
Rotterdam - EUR	07/29/33	Fixed 1.22%		417		-		42		42		42		42		42		42		167
Costa Toscana - EUR	12/02/33	Euribor + 0.55%		720		-		69		69		69		69		69		69		309
AIDAcosma - EUR	12/21/33	Fixed 1.11%		720		-		69		69		69		69		69		69		308
Discovery Princess - EUR	01/27/34	Fixed 1.26%		535		-		51		51		51		51		51		51		229
Celebration - EUR	11/02/34	Euribor + 0.55%		817		36		71		71		71		71		71		71		355
Arvia - EUR	12/15/34	Fixed 3.10%		819		-		71		71		71		71		71		71		392
Sun Princess - EUR (c)	01/31/36	Fixed 3.39%		186		-		8		15		15		15		15		15		101
Star Princess - EUR (c)	07/31/37	Fixed 3.27%		140		-		-		-		12		12		12		12		93
• •				10,258		251	1	,177		1,160		L,161		1,107		1,038		1,022		3,343
Total Unsecured Subsidiary Guarantee	rd		\$	20,698	\$	326	\$ 2	2,002	\$	1,342	\$ 3	3,158	\$	4,337	\$ 2	2,169	\$	3,022	\$	4,343
Unsecured Notes (No Subsidiary Guarantee	<u>·)</u>																			
Notes	10/01/23	Fixed 7.20%	\$	125	\$	125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes	01/15/28	Fixed 6.65%		200		-		-		-		-		-		200		-		-
Notes - EUR	10/28/29	Fixed 1.00%		653		-		-		-		-		-		-		653		-
Total Unsecured Notes (No Subsidiary	Guarantee)		\$	978	\$	125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200	\$	653	\$	-
Total			\$	32,093	\$	462	\$ 2	,046	\$	2,211	\$ 3	3,194	\$	6,690	\$ 8	8,973	\$	4,174	\$	4,343

Carnival Corporation & plc Debt Schedule As of August 31, 2023 (in U.S. dollars, millions)

	Ou	tstanding							Principal I	Payments			
Summary:	E	Balance	40	2023	_ 2	2024	2025	5	2026	2027	2028	2029	Thereafter
USD Fixed	\$	18,372	\$	269	\$	813	\$ 3	87	\$ 1,749	\$ 4,679	\$ 6,104	\$ 2,820	\$ 1,552
USD Variable		4,159		9		105	1	05	105	1,360	2,236	69	171
EUR Fixed		4,836		25		337	3	44	900	356	356	1,009	1,510
EUR Variable		4,726		159		792	1,3	75	441	296	277	277	1,109
Total	\$	32,093	\$	462	\$	2,046	\$ 2,2	11	\$ 3,194	\$ 6,690	\$ 8,973	\$ 4,174	\$ 4,343
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts		(797)											
Total, net of unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts	\$	31,296											

Note: Debt is denominated in different currencies (USD and EUR). All amounts above are presented in USD and converted based on the following foreign currency exchange rates:

USD to 1:	Aug	ust 31, 2023
EUR	\$	1.09

- (a) The reference rates, together with any applicable credit adjustment spread, for substantially all of our variable debt have 0.0% to 0.75% floors. During 2023, we amended certain of our variable debt instruments to change the reference rate from LIBOR to SOFR.
- (b) This table excludes the impact of any outstanding derivative contracts. The interest rates on some of our debt fluctuate based on the applicable rating of senior unsecured long-term securities of Carnival Corporation or Carnival plc.
- (c) Carnival Corporation and/or Carnival plc is the primary obligor of all our outstanding debt excluding the following:
- \$0.5 billion under a term loan facility of Costa Crociere S.p.A. ("Costa"), a subsidiary of Carnival plc
- \$2.0 billion of senior priority notes (the "2028 Senior Priority Notes") issued by Carnival Holdings (Bermuda) Limited ("Carnival Holdings"), a subsidiary of Carnival Corporation
- \$0.2 billion under an export credit facility of Sun Princess Limited, a subsidiary of Carnival Corporation
- \$0.1 billion under an export credit facility of Sun Princess II Limited, a subsidiary of Carnival Corporation

In addition, Carnival Holdings (Bermuda) II Limited ("Carnival Holdings II") will be the primary obligor under a \$2.1 billion multi-currency revolving facility ("New Revolving Facility") when the New Revolving Facility replaces our Revolving Facility upon its maturity in August 2024.

All our outstanding debt is issued or guaranteed by substantially the same entities with the exception of the following:

- Up to \$250 million of the Costa term loan facility, which is guaranteed by certain subsidiaries of Carnival plc and Costa that do not guarantee our other outstanding debt
- Our 2028 Senior Priority Notes, issued by Carnival Holdings, which does not guarantee our other outstanding debt
- The export credit facilities of Sun Princess Limited and Sun Princess II Limited, which do not guarantee our other outstanding debt

Under deeds of guarantee executed in connection with the DLC arrangement, as well as stand-alone guarantees executed since that time, each of Carnival Corporation and Carnival plc have effectively guaranteed all indebtedness of each other.

Note: As of August 31, 2023, we did not have any outstanding borrowings under our Revolving Facility. We may continue to re-borrow or otherwise utilize available amounts under the Revolving Facility through August 2024, subject to satisfaction of the conditions in the facility. We had \$2.9 billion available for borrowing under our Revolving Facility as of August 31, 2023. The Revolving Facility bears interest at a rate of term SOFR, in relation to any loan in U.S. dollars, EURIBOR, in relation to any loan in euros or daily compounding SONIA, in relation to any loan in sterling, plus a margin based on the long-term credit ratings of Carnival Corporation, and includes an emissions linked margin adjustment whereby, after the initial applicable margin is set per the margin pricing grid, the margin may be adjusted based on performance in achieving certain agreed annual carbon emissions goals. We are required to pay a commitment fee on any unutilized portion.

In February 2023, Carnival Holdings II entered into the New Revolving Facility. The New Revolving Facility may be utilized beginning on August 6, 2024, and will replace our Revolving Facility upon its maturity in August 2024. The termination date of the New Revolving Facility is August 6, 2025, subject to two, mutual one-year extension options. The new facility also contains an accordion feature, allowing for additional commitments, up to an aggregate of \$2.9 billion, which are the aggregate commitments under our Revolving Facility.

Carnival PLC - Carnival Corporation 3Q 2023 Earnings

PR Newswire

LONDON, United Kingdom, September 29

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC REPORTS ALL-TIME RECORD REVENUE AND DEMONSTRATES STRONG THIRD QUARTER 2023 EARNINGS MOMENTUM

MIAMI, Sept. 29, 2023 /PRNewswire/ -- Carnival Corporation & plc (NYSE/LSE: CCL; NYSE: CUK) reports third quarter 2023 earnings and provides an outlook for the full year and fourth quarter 2023

- U.S. GAAP net income of \$1.07 billion, or \$0.79 diluted EPS, and adjusted net income of \$1.18 billion, or \$0.86 adjusted EPS, exceeded the June guidance range (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" bel
- · Adjusted EBITDA of \$2.22 billion also exceeded the June guidance range (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below).
- . Third quarter revenues hit an all-time high of \$6.9 billion
- . Continued strength in close-in demand enabled the company to increase its net per diems guidance for full year 2023 by one percentage point to up approximately 7.0 percent companed to 2019 (in constant
- . Booking volumes during the third quarter and the month of September continued at significantly elevated levels.
- The company's cumulative advanced booked position for full year 2024 is well above the high end of the historical range at higher prices (in constant currency) than 2023 levels.
- Total customer deposits reached a third quarter record of \$6.3 billion
- The company now expects fuel consumption per available lower berth day ("ALBD") for full year 2023 to be nearly 16 percent lower than 2019, better than previously expected.
- . The company reduced its debt by nearly \$4 billion from its peak in the first quarter of 2023 and ended the third quarter with \$5.7 billion of liquidity.

"We delivered over \$1 billion to the bottom line with revenue reaching an all-time high" commented Carnival Corporation & plc's Chief Executive Officer Josh Weinstein. "Both revenue and earnings significantly exceeded expectations this quarter enabling us to take up expectations for the year."

Weinstein continued, "The outperformance was driven by strength in demand, with both our North America and Australia segment and Europe segment equally outperforming expectations. It is gratifying to see the power of our portfolio deliver, as our continental European brands have stepped up nicely. Our demand generation efforts are working across all regions, as we have consistently been achieving quarterly net per diems well in excess of 2019 levels, while closing the occupancy gap by 11 points over the course of the year."

tein added, "I continue to be encouraged with our revenue trajectory heading into next year as we see no signs of slowing from our consumers."

Third Quarter 2023 Results

- For the first time since the resumption of guest cruise operations, U.S. GAAP net income turned positive, generating \$1.07 billion, or \$0.79 diluted EPS, marking a significant milestone. Adjusted net income of \$1.18 billion, or \$0.86 adjusted EPS, exceeded the June guidance range of \$0.95 billion to \$1.05 billion
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$2.22 billion also exceeded the June guidance range of \$2.05 billion to \$2.15 billion.
- · Third quarter revenues hit an all-time high of \$6.9 billion
- While gross margin yields were down compared to 2019, net yields (in constant currency) exceeded strong 2019 levels (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below).
 Occupancy in the third quarter of 2023 was 109 percent, better than the company's expectations and a return to historical levels.

 - Gross margin per diems were down compared to 2019. Net per diems (in constant currency) exceeded 2019 levels, overcoming headwinds from the removal of St. Petersburg, Russia as a marquee destination and were approximately one percentage point above the midpoint of the June guidance range (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below).
- Cruise costs per ALBD increased 8.9 percent as compared to the third quarter of 2019. Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD (in constant currency) increased 15 percent compared to the third quarter of 2019, in line with June guidance (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below).
- Total customer deposits reached a third quarter record of \$6.3 billion, surpassing the previous third quarter record of \$4.9 billion (as of August 31, 2019), by 28 percent.

Bookings

Booking volumes during the third quarter continued at significantly elevated levels, setting a new third quarter record for total bookings during the quarter. Weinstein noted, "We are maintaining strong momentum and continuing to build demand through our improved commercial execution. Booking volumes during the quarter were running nearly 20 percent above 2019 levels and multiplies of our capacity growth, which has continued into September. This has helped u extend the booking curve even further, with our North American brands exceeding historical highs and our European brands essentially achieving pre-pause levels."

The cumulative advanced booked position for full year 2024 is well above the high end of the historical range at higher prices (in constant currency) than 2023 levels. This aligns with the company's yield management strategy to base load bookings, lengthen the booking curve and optimize net yields. Weinstein added, "Our booked position for 2024 is further out than we have ever seen and at strong prices. With less remaining inventory to sell, despite a five percent increase in capacity, we are well positioned to drive pricing higher and deliver strong yield improvement in 2024."

- Adjusted EBITDA of \$4.1 billion to \$4.2 billion, within the June guidance range, despite the \$125 million net unfavorable impact from fuel price and currency from June guidance
- · Occupancy of 100 percent or higher
- Net per diems (in constant currency) up approximately 7.0 percent compared to 2019, one percentage point higher than the midpoint of June guidance, based on the continued strength in close-in demand
- Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD (in constant currency) at the high end of June guidance range
- · Fuel consumption per ALBD to be nearly 16 percent lower than 2019, better than previously expected

For the fourth quarter of 2023, the company expects

- Adjusted EBITDA of \$800 million to \$900 million
- Net yields (in constant currency) up mid-single digits compared to 2019 with occupancy in line with historical levels and net per diems (in constant currency) up 7.0% to 8.0% compared to 2019

See "Guidance" and "Reconciliation of Forecasted Data" for additional information on the company's 2023 outlook

Carnival Corporation & plc Chief Financial Officer David Bernstein noted, "We are accelerating our debt repayment efforts and aggressively managing down our interest expense. In just the last six months, we have reduced our debt balance by over 10 percent or nearly \$4 billion. With improving performance, growing operating cash flows and \$5.7 billion of liquidity, we are on a path to end the year with less than \$31 billion of debt."

The third quarter generated cash from operations of \$1.8 billion and adjusted free cash flow of \$1.1 billion. The company expects continued growth in adjusted free cash flow to be the driver for paying down debt over time.

The company took the following actions to proactively manage its debt portfolio since May 31, 2023:

- Completed a \$1.3 billion senior secured first lien term loan B facility due 2027 and completed a \$500 million private offering of first-priority Senior Secured Notes due 2029 to repay its existing U.S. dollar first-priority secured term
- · Called \$1.2 billion of its highest cost debt
- Prepaid an additional \$1.1 billion of debt with maturities from 2024 through 2027
- On an annualized basis, saved \$200 million in gross interest expense and approximately \$100 million in net interest expense as a result of lower interest income following these debt prepayments

During the third quarter of 2023, the company reduced its debt by \$2.4 billion and ended the third quarter with \$5.7 billion of liquidity, including cash and borrowings available under the revolving credit facility. In addition, \$0.9 billion of control of the credit card providers as of August 31, 2023. Substantially all of the credit card reserves are expected to be returned by the end

Other Recent Highlights

- . Carnival Corporation was named one of America's Best Employers for Women by Forbes for the second year.
- · Seabourn took delivery of Seabourn Pursuit, sister to Seabourn Venture, the line's second purpose-built ultra-luxury expedition ship
- · Carnival Cruise Line named its new destination in Grand Bahama Island "Celebration Key", which is expected to open in the second half of 2025.
- . Holland America Line had its highest booking day in the brand's 150-year history on July 11.
- · Cunard became the company's fourth brand to enable shore power connection capability across its entire fleet.
- Cunard announced a three-year partnership with the UK's leading film organization, British Film Institute, which will feature short films and beloved blockbusters shown exclusively on the outdoor screen onboard Queen Anne, the lines newest ship expected April 2024.
- Carnival Corporation continues to expand next generation internet across its fleet with the installation of SpaceX's Starlink on Costa Cruises, Cunard and P&O Cruises (UK) ships, with plans for all of the company's capacity to have Starlink capability by the end of the first quarter of 2024.
- P&O Cruises (UK) is delighted to have been chosen by publisher St James's House as the only cruise brand to be featured in King Charles III The Leadership and Vision of a Modern Monarch album.

Guidance							
(See "Reconciliation of Forecasted Data")							
	40	2023			Full	Year 2023	
Change compared to 2019	Current Dollars	Constan	t Currency	Current	Dollars	Constant Cur	rrency
Net per diems	5.5% to 6.5%	7.0%	to 8.0%	Approx	. 5.5%	Approx. 7.	0%
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	8.5% to 9.5%	10.0%	to 11.0%	Approx	. 9.5%	Approx. 11	.0%
			4Q 20	023	Fu	ıll Year 2023	
ALBDs (in millions) (a)				23.3		91.3	
Capacity growth compared to 2019				7.1 %		4.5 %	

Occupancy percentage (a)		10	01% or higher	\perp	100% or high
Fuel consumption in metric tons (in millions)			0.7	Т	2.9
Fuel cost per metric ton consumed		\$	765	\$	700
Fuel expense (in billions)		\$	0.6	\$	2.0
Depreciation and amortization (in billions)		\$	0.6	\$	2.4
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest and interest income (i	n billions)	\$	0.4	\$	1.9
Adjusted EBITDA (in millions)			\$800 to \$900	Т	\$4,100 to \$4,20
Adjusted net income (loss) (in millions)		\$(2	225) to \$(125)	Т	\$(150) to \$(50
Adjusted earnings per share		\$(0.	18) to \$(0.10)	Т	\$(0.12) to \$(0.04
Weighted-average shares outstanding - diluted			1,263		1,262
Currencies (USD to 1)					
AUD		\$	0.64	\$	0.67
CAD		\$	0.74	\$	0.74
EUR		\$	1.06	\$	1.08
GBP		\$	1.22	\$	1.24
(a) See "Notes to Statistical Information"		1			
Sensitivities (impact to adjusted net income (loss) in millions)			4Q 2023		
1% change in net per diems	\$				39
1% change in adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	\$				24
1% change in currency exchange rates	\$				4
10% change in fuel price	\$				55
100 basis point change in variable rate debt (including derivatives) \$				16

Capital Expenditures

The company's annual capital expenditures, which include year-to-date actuals for 2023, are as follows:

(in billions)	2023		2024	П	2025	2026					
Contracted newbuild	\$	1.9	\$ 2.4	П	\$ 1.0	\$ —					
Non-newbuild		1.5	1.7	П	1.7	1.7					
Total (a)	\$	3.4	\$ 4.1		\$ 2.7	\$ 1.7					
(a)											

Committed Ship Financings

(in billions)	2023	2024	2025	1
Future export credit facilities at August 31 2023	s –	\$ 22	\$ 0.7	1

Outstanding Debt Maturities

As of August 31, 2023, the company's outstanding debt maturities are as follows

(in billions)	2023	Τ	2024	2025		2026
First Lien	\$ 0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.9	\$ 0.0
Second Lien	_	Т	_		-	_
Export Credits	0.3	Т	1.2		1.2	1.2
All other	0.2	Т	0.8		0.2	2.0
Total Principal payments on outstanding debt	\$ 0.5	\$	2.0	\$	2.2	\$ 3.2

Refer to Financial Information within the Investor Relations section of the corporate website for further details on the company's Debt Maturities: https://www.carnivalcorp.com/financial-information/supplemental-schedules

Conference Cal

The company has scheduled a conference call with analysts at 10:00 a.m. EDT (3:00 p.m. BST) today to discuss its earnings release. This call can be listened to live, and additional information can be obtained, via Carnival Corporation & pic's website at www.carnivalcorp.com and <a href="https://www.car

Carnival Corporation & plc is the largest global cruise company, and among the largest leisure travel companies, with a portfolio of world-class cruise lines – AIDA Cruises, Carnival Cruise Line, Costa Cruises, Cunard, Holland America Line, P&O Cruises (Australia), P&O Cruises (UK), Princess Cruises, and Seabourn.

Additional information can be found

on www.aida.de, www.camival.com, www.pocruises.com, www.princess.com, <a href="https://w

Cautionary Note Concerning Factors That May Affect Future Results

Some of the statements, estimates or projections contained in this document are "forward-looking statements" that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions with respect to us, including some statements concerning future results, operations, outlooks, plans, goals, reputation, cash flows, liquidity and other events which have not yet occurred. These statements are intended to qualify for the safe harbors from liability provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical facts are statements that could be deemed forward-looking. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate and the beliefs and assumptions of our management. We have tried, whenever possible, to identify these statements by using words like "will," "may," "could," "should," "would," "believe," "depends," "expect," "goal," "aspiration," "anticipate," "forecast," "project," "future," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "target," "indicate," "outlook," and similar expressions of future intent or the negative of such terms.

Forward-looking statements include those statements that relate to our outlook and financial position including, but not limited to, statements regarding

Pricing	Adjusted net income (loss)
Booking levels	Adjusted EBITDA
Occupancy	Adjusted earnings per share
Interest, tax and fuel expenses	Adjusted free cash flow
Currency exchange rates	Net per diems
Goodwill, ship and trademark fair values	Net yields
Liquidity and credit ratings	Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD
Investment grade leverage metrics	 Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD
Estimates of ship depreciable lives and residual valu	use . Adjusted return on invested capital

Because forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are many factors that could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. This note contains important cautionary statements of the known factors that we consider could materially affect the accuracy of our forward-looking statements and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial position. Additionally, many of these risks and uncertainties are currently, and in the future may continue to be, amplified by our substantial debt balance as a result of the pause of our guest cruise operations. There may be additional risks that we consider immaterial or which are unknown. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Events and conditions around the world, including war and other military actions, such as the war in Ukraine, inflation, higher fuel prices, higher taxes, higher interest rates and other general concerns impacting the ability or desire of people to travel have led, and may in the future lead, to a decline in demand for cruises as well as negative impacts to our operating costs and profitability.
- Pandemics have in the past and may in the future have a significant negative impact on our financial condition and operations.
- Incidents concerning our ships, guests or the cruise industry have in the past and may, in the future, negatively impact the satisfaction of our guests and crew and lead to reputational damage
- Changes in and non-compliance with laws and regulations under which we operate, such as those relating to health, environment, safety and security, data privacy and protection, anti-corruption, economic sanctions, trade protection, labor and employment, and tax have in the past and may, in the future, lead to litigation, enforcement actions, fines, penalties and reputational damage.
- Factors associated with climate change, including evolving and increasing regulations, increasing global concern about climate change and the shift in climate conscious consumerism and stakeholder scrutiny, and increasing frequency and/or severity of adverse weather conditions could adversely affect our business.
- Inability to meet or achieve our sustainability related goals, aspirations, initiatives, and our public statements and disclosures regarding them, may expose us to risks that may adversely impact our business.
- Breaches in data security and lapses in data privacy as well as disruptions and other damages to our principal offices, information technology operations and system networks and failure to keep pace with developments in technology may adversely impact our business operations, the satisfaction of our guests and crew and may lead to reputational damage.
- The loss of key team members, our inability to recruit or retain qualified shoreside and shipboard team members and increased labor costs could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.
- Increases in fuel prices, changes in the types of fuel consumed and availability of fuel supply may adversely impact our scheduled itineraries and costs.
- We rely on supply chain vendors who are integral to the operations of our businesses. These vendors and service providers may be unable to deliver on their commitments, which could negatively impact our business.
- Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may adversely impact our financial results.
- Overcapacity and competition in the cruise and land-based vacation industry may negatively impact our cruise sales, pricing and destination options.
- Inability to implement our shipbuilding programs and ship repairs, maintenance and refurbishments may adversely impact our business operations and the satisfaction of our guests.
- Failure to successfully implement our business strategy following our resumption of guest cruise operations would negatively impact the occupancy levels and pricing of our cruises and could have a material adverse effect on our business. We require a significant amount of cash to service our debt and sustain our operations. Our ability to generate cash depends on many factors, including those beyond our control, and we may not be able to generate cash required to service our debt and sustain our operations.

The ordering of the risk factors set forth above is not intended to reflect our indication of priority or likelihood.

Forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results. Subject to any continuing obligations under applicable law or any relevant stock exchange rules, we expressly disclaim any obligation to disseminate, after the date of this document, any updates or revisions to any such forward-looking statements to reflect any change in expectations or events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statements are based.

Forward-looking and other statements in this document may also address our sustainability progress, plans and goals (including climate change and environmental-related matters). In addition, historical, current and forward-looking sustainability- and climate-related statements may be based on standards and tools for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions and predictions that are subject to change in the future and may not be generally shared.

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLCCONSOLIDATE	D STATEMENTS OF INCOM	E (LOSS)(UNAUDIT	ED)(in millions, exc	ept per share data)								
	Three Months En	Three Months EndedAugust 31, Nine Months EndedAugus										
	2023	2022	2023	2022								
Revenues												
Passenger ticket	\$ 4,546	\$ 2,595	\$ 10,557	\$ 4,753								
Onboard and other	2,308	1,711	5,640	3,577								
	6,854	4,305	16,197	8,329								
Operating Expenses												
Commissions, transportation and other	823	565	2,097	1,141								
Onboard and other	752	537	1,785	1,060								
Payroll and related	585	563	1,768	1,601								

Fuel		468	668	1,492	1,577
Food		364	259	1,000	586
Ship and other impairments		-	-	-	8
Other operating		928	787	2,546	2,118
Cruise and tour operating expenses		3,921	3,379	10,688	8,092
Selling and administrative		713	625	2,162	1,774
Depreciation and amortization		596	581	1,774	1,707
		5,230	4,585	14,624	11,573
Operating Income (Loss)		1,624	(279)	1,572	(3,244)
Nonoperating Income (Expense)					
Interest income		59	24	183	34
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest		(518)	(422)	(1,600)	(1,161)
Debt extinguishment and modification costs		(81)	-	(112)	_
Other income (expense), net		(19)	(81)	(67)	(108)
		(559)	(479)	(1,595)	(1,235)
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		1,065	(759)	(23)	(4,478)
Income Tax Benefit (Expense), Net		9	(11)	(3)	(17)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	1,074	\$ (770)	\$ (26)	\$ (4,495)
Earnings Per Share					
Basic	\$	0.85	\$ (0.65)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (3.89)
Diluted	\$	0.79	\$ (0.65)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (3.89)
Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding - Basic		1,263	1,185	1,262	1,154
Weighted-Average Shares Outstanding - Diluted		1,396	1,185	1,262	 1,154
CARNIVAL CORRORATION 8	BI 00011		 OF OUEEE	 DIFFERNCE	

	August 31, 2023	November 30, 2022
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,842	\$ 4,029
Restricted cash	18	1,988
Trade and other receivables, net	485	395
Inventories	483	428
Prepaid expenses and other	855	652
Total current assets	4,683	7,492
Property and Equipment, Net	39,952	38,687
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets, Net	1,277	1,274
Goodwill	579	579
Other Intangibles	1,168	1,156
Other Assets	2,098	2,515
	\$ 49,756	\$ 51,703
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ -	\$ 200
Current portion of long-term debt	1,780	2,393
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	153	146
Accounts payable	1,103	1,050
Accrued liabilities and other	2,017	1,942
Customer deposits	5,955	4,874
Total current liabilities	11,008	10,605
Long-Term Debt	29,516	31,953
Long-Term Operating Lease Liabilities	1,180	1,189
Other Long-Term Liabilities	1,091	891
Shareholders' Equity		
Common stock of Carnival Corporation, \$0.01 par value; 1,960 shares authorized; 1,250 shares at 2023 and 1,244 shares at 2022 issued	12	12
Ordinary shares of Carnival plc, \$1.66 par value; 217 shares at 2023 and 2022 issued	361	361
Additional paid-in capital	16,699	16,872
Retained earnings	233	269
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,896)	(1,982
Treasury stock, 130 shares at 2023 and 2022 of Carnival Corporation and 73 shares at 2023 and 72 shares at 2022 of Carnival plc, at cos	t (8.449)	(8,468
Total shareholders' equity	6,960	7,065
. ,	\$ 49,756	\$ 51,703

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLCOTHER INFORMATION							
OTHER BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION (in millions	August 3	1, 2023			November 30, 2022		
Liquidity (a)		\$	5,730		\$ 8,		
Debt (current and long-term)		\$	31,296		\$ 34,		
Customer deposits (current and long-term)		\$	6,261		\$ 5,		
(a) November 30, 2022 liquidity includes restricted cash from the 2028 Senior Priority Notes which became unrestricted in December							
1	hree Months EndedAugust 31,	Nine Mon	hs EndedAugust	31,			
STATISTICAL INFORMATION	2023 2022	2023	2022				

STATISTICAL INFORMATION	2023		2022		2023		2022		
Passenger cruise days ("PCDs") (in millions) (a)	25.8		17.7		67.8		36.4		
ALBDs (in millions) (b)	23.7		21.0		68.1		51.0		
Occupancy percentage (c)	109 %		84 %		100 %		71		
Passengers carried (in millions)	3.6		2.6		9.3		5.2		
Fuel consumption in metric tons (in millions)	0.7		0.7		2.2		1.9		
Fuel consumption in metric tons per thousand ALBDs	31.1		33.4		32.3		37.2		
Fuel cost per metric ton consumed	\$ 636		\$ 958		\$ 681		\$ 836		
Currencies (USD to 1)									
AUD	\$ 0.66		\$ 0.70		\$ 0.67		\$ 0.71		
CAD	\$ 0.75		\$ 0.78		\$ 0.74		\$ 0.78		
EUR	\$ 1.09		\$ 1.03		\$ 1.08		\$ 1.08		
GBP	\$ 1.27		\$ 1.21		\$ 1.24		\$ 1.28		

(a) PCD represents the number of cruise passengers on a voyage multiplied by the number of revenue-producing ship operating days for that voyage.

(b) ALB is a standard measure of passenger capacity for the period that we use to approximate rate and capacity variances, based on consistently applied formulas that we use to perform analyses to determine the main non-capacity driven factors that cause our cruise revenues and expenses to vary. ALBDs assume that each cab new offer is ale accommodates two passengers and is computed by multiplying revenue-producing ship operating days in the period.

(c) Occupancy, in accordance with cruise industry practice, is calculated using a numerator of PCDs and a denominator of ALBDs, which assumes two passengers per capine even though some cabins can accommodate three or more passengers. Percentages in excess of 100% indicate that on average more than two passengers occupied some cabins.

avorage more than two passengers eccapied come of	abilio.									
	CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLCNON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES									
	Three Months EndedAugust 31,				Nine Months EndedAugust 31,					
(in millions)	2023		2022		2023		2022			
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,074		\$ (770)		\$ (26)		\$ (4,495			
(Gains) losses on ship sales and impairments	_		_		(54)					
Debt extinguishment and modification costs	81		_		112		_			
Restructuring expenses	1		_		16		:			
Other	20		82		43		50			
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ 1,176		\$ (688)		\$ 90		\$ (4,439			
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	518		422		1,600		1,16			
Interest income	(59)		(24)		(183)		(34			
Income tax (expense), benefit	(9)		11		3		17			
Depreciation and amortization	596		581		1,774		1,707			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,221		\$ 303		\$ 3,285		\$ (1,58)			
	Three Month	s End	edAugust 31,		Nine Months E	nded	August 31,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022			
Earnings per share (a)	\$ 0.79		\$ (0.65)		\$ (0.02)		\$ (3.89			
(Gains) losses on ship sales and impairments	_		_		(0.04)		_			
Debt extinguishment and modification costs	0.06		_		0.09		_			
Restructuring expenses	_		_		0.01		_			
Other	0.01		0.07		0.03		0.05			
Adjusted earnings per share (a)	\$ 0.86		\$ (0.58)		\$ 0.07		\$ (3.8			
Weighted-average shares outstanding - diluted (in millions)	1 396		1 185		1 262		1 154			

| 1.396 | 1.185 | 1.262 | 1
| Earnings per share and adjusted earnings per share for the three months ended August 31, 2023 includes the add-back of dilutive interest expense related to the company's convertible notes of \$24 million. The add-back expense is anti-dilutive to the nine months ended August 31, 2023 calculations and accordingly has been excluded.

| Three Months EndedAugust 31, 2023 calculations and accordingly has been excluded.
| Three Months EndedAugust 31, | Nine Mo

(in millions)

Cash from (used in) operations

Capital expenditures (Purchases of Property and Equipment)

Proceeds from export credits

Adjusted free cash flow

(See Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Data in the below table is compared against 2019 as it is the most recent year of full operations due to the pause and resumption of guest cruise operations.

Gross margin per diems and net per diems were computed by dividing the gross margin and adjusted gross margin by PCDs. Gross margin yields and net yields were computed by dividing the gross margin and adjusted gross margin by ALBDs as follows:

	Th	ree Months Ended Augu	Nine Months Ended August 31,				
(in millions, except per diems and yields data)	2023	2023ConstantCurrency	2019	2023	2023ConstantCurrency		2019
Total revenues	\$ 6,854		\$ 6,533	\$ 16,197		\$	16,043
Less: Cruise and tour operating expenses	(3,921)		(3,532)	(10,688)			(9,833)
Depreciation and amortization	(596)		(548)	(1,774)			(1,607)
Gross margin	2,337		2,453	3,734		П	4,604
Less: Tour and other revenues	(172)		(200)	(216)			(299
Add: Payroll and related	585		548	1,768			1,671
Fuel	468		401	1,492			1,204
Food	364		284	1,000			821
Ship and other impairments	_		-	_			_
Other operating	928		828	2,546			2,390

Depreciation and amortization	596		Т	548	1,774		Т	1,607
Adjusted gross margin	\$ 5,107	\$ 5,133	\$	4,862	\$ 12,099	\$ 12,281	\$	11,999
PCDs	25.8	25.8	Т	25.7	67.8	67.8	Т	70.8
Gross margin per diems (per PCD) Net per diems (per PCD)	\$ 90.45 \$ 197.64	\$ 198.66	\$	95.54 189.37	\$ 55.04 \$ 178.36	\$ 181.05	\$ \$	65.05 169.53
ALBDs	23.7	23.7		22.7	68.1	68.1		65.7
Gross margin yields (per ALBD) Net yields (per ALBD)	\$ 98.50 \$ 215.22	\$ 216.33	\$	107.92 213.91	\$ 54.85 \$ 177.73	\$ 180.40	\$ \$	70.11 182.71
(0 11 0110 5: 1111		 				 		

CARNIVAL CORPORATION & PLC

Data in the below table is compared against 2019 as it is the most recent year of full operations due to the pause and resumption of guest cruise operations.

Cruise costs per ALBD, adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD were computed by dividing cruise costs, adjusted cruise costs and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel by ALBDs as follows:

	1	Three Months Ended Augus	st 31,		Nine Months Ended August	31,
(in millions, except costs per ALBD data)	2023	2023ConstantCurrency	2019	2023	2023ConstantCurrency	2019
Cruise and tour operating expenses	\$ 3,921		\$ 3,532	\$ 10,688		\$ 9,833
Selling and administrative expenses	713		563	2,162		1,813
Less: Tour and other expenses	(112)		(117)	(190)		(220
Cruise costs	4,522		3,978	12,660		11,426
Less: Commissions, transportation and other	(823)		(803)	(2,097)		(2,125
Onboard and other costs	(752)		(668)	(1,785)		(1,620
Gains (losses) on ship sales and impairments			(3)	54		11
Restructuring expenses	(1)		_	(16)		_
Other	_		(23)			(43
Adjusted cruise costs	2,946	2,965	2,480	8,817	8,933	7,648
Less: Fuel	(468)	(468)	(401)	(1,492)	(1,492)	(1,204
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel	\$ 2,478	\$ 2,497	\$ 2,079	\$ 7,325	\$ 7,441	\$ 6,444
ALBDs	23.7	23.7	22.7	68.1	68.1	65.7
Cruise costs per ALBD	\$ 190.58		\$ 175.01	\$ 185.97		\$ 173.98
% increase (decrease) vs 2019	8.9 %			6.9 %		
Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD	\$ 124.16	\$ 124.98	\$ 109.12	\$ 129.51	\$ 131.22	\$ 116.46
% increase (decrease) vs 2019	14 %	15 %		11 %	13 %	
Adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALB	D \$ 104.42	\$ 105.25	\$ 91.49	\$ 107.59	\$ 109.31	\$ 98.12
% increase (decrease) vs 2019	14 %	15 %	,	9.7 %	11 %	-
(See Non-GAAP Financial Measures)			· -			

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use non-GAAP financial measures and they are provided along with their most comparative U.S. GAAP financial measures

Non-GAAP Measure	U.S. GAAP Measure	Use Non-GAAP Measure to Assess
Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA	Net income (loss)	Company Performance
Adjusted earnings per share	 Earnings per share 	Company Performance
Adjusted free cash flow	 Cash from (used in) operations 	Impact on Liquidity Level
Net per diems	 Gross margin per diems 	Cruise Segments Performance
Net yields	 Gross margin yields 	Cruise Segments Performance
Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD	Gross cruise costs per ALBD	Cruise Segments Performance
Adjusted return on invested capital ("ROIC")	_	Company Performance

The presentation of our non-GAAP financial information is not intended to be considered in isolation from, as a substitute for, or superior to the financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. It is possible that our non-GAAP financial measures may not be exactly comparable to the like-kind information presented by other companies, which is a potential risk associated with using these measures to compare us to other companies.

Adjusted net income. (loss) and adjusted earnings per share provide additional information to us and investors about our future earnings performance by excluding certain gains, losses and expenses that we believe are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance. We believe that gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, debt extinguishment and modification costs, restructuring costs and certain other gains and losses are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance.

Adjusted EBITDA provides additional information to us and investors about our core operating profitability by excluding certain gains, losses and expenses that we believe are not part of our core operating business and are not an indication of our future earnings performance as well as excluding interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization. In addition, we believe that the presentation of adjusted EBITDA provides additional information to us and investors about our ability to operate our business in compliance with the covenants set forth in our debt agreements. We define adjusted EBITDA as adjusted ret income (loss) adjusted of (i) interest, (ii) taxes and (iii) depreciation and amortization. There are material limitations to using adjusted EBITDA does not take into account certain significant items that directly affect our net income (loss). These limitations are best addressed by considering the economic effects of the excluded items independently and by considering adjusted EBITDA in conjunction with net income (loss) as calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Adjusted free cash flow provides additional information to us and investors to assess our ability to repay our debt after making the capital investments required to support ongoing business operations and value creation as well as the impact on the company's liquidity level. Adjusted free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities adjusted for capital expenditures (purchases of property and equipment) and proceeds from export credits that are provided for related capital expenditures. Adjusted free cash flow does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures as it excludes certain mandatory expenditures such

Net per diems and net yields enable us and investors to measure the performance of our cruise segments on a per PCD and per ALBD basis. We use adjusted gross margin rather than gross margin to calculate net per diems and net yields. We believe that adjusted gross margin is a more meaningful measure in determining net per diems and net yields than gross margin because it reflects the cruise revenues earned net of only our most significant variable costs, which are travel agent commissions, cost of air and other transportation, certain other costs that are directly associated with onboard and other revenues and credit and debit card fees.

Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD enable us and investors to separate the impact of predictable capacity or ALBD changes from price and other changes that affect our business. We believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to us and investors and expanded insight to measure our cost performance. Adjusted cruise costs per ALBD and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD are the measures we use to monitor our ability to control our cruise segments' costs rather than cruise costs per ALBD. We exclude gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, restructuring costs and certain other gains and losses that we believe are not part of our core operating business as well as excluding our most significant variable costs, which are travel agent commissions, cost of air and other costs that are directly associated with onboard and other revenues and credit and debit card fees. We exclude fuel expense to calculate adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel. The price of fuel, over which we have no control, impacts the comparability of period-to-period cost performance. The adjustment to exclude fuel provides us and investors with supplemental information to understand and assess the company's non-fuel adjusted cruise cost performance. Substantially all of our adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel are largely fixed, except for the impact of changing prices once the number of ALBDs has been determined.

Adjusted ROIC provides additional information to us and investors about our operating performance relative to the capital we have invested in the company. We define adjusted ROIC as the twelve-month adjusted net income (loss) before interest expense and interest income divided by the monthly average of debt plus equity minus construction-in-progress, excess cash, goodwill and intangibles.

Reconciliation of Forecasted Data

We have not provided a reconciliation of forecasted non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures because preparation of meaningful U.S. GAAP forecasts would require unreasonable effort. We are unable to predict, without unreasonable effort, the future movement of foreign exchange rates and fuel prices. We are unable to determine the future impact of gains and losses on ship sales, impairment charges, debt extinguishment and modification costs, restructuring costs and certain other non-core gains and losses.

Constant Currency

Our operations primarily utilize the U.S. dollar, Australian dollar, euro and sterling as functional currencies to measure results

and financial condition. Functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar subject us to foreign currency translational risk. Our operations also have revenues and expenses that are in currencies other than their functional currency, which subject us to foreign currency transactional risk.

Constant currency reporting removes the impact of changes in exchange rates on the translation of our operations plus the transactional impact of changes in exchange rates from revenues and expenses that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency

We report adjusted gross margin, net per diems, adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel and adjusted cruise costs excluding fuel per ALBD on a "constant currency" basis assuming the 2023 periods' currency exchange rates have remained constant with the 2019 periods' rates. These metrics facilitate a comparative view for the changes in our business in an environment with fluctuating exchange rates.

Examples:

- The translation of our operations with functional currencies other than U.S. dollar to our U.S. dollar reporting currency results in decreases in reported U.S. dollar revenues and expenses if the U.S. dollar strengthens against these foreign currencies and increases in reported U.S. dollar revenues and expenses if the U.S. dollar weakens against these foreign currencies.
- Our operations have revenue and expense transactions in currencies other than their functional currency. If their functional currency strengthens against these other currencies, it reduces the functional currency revenues and expenses. If the functional currency weakens against these other currencies, it increases the functional currency revenues and expenses.

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