Audited Financial Statements 30 June 2020



### **General information**

### Manager

Principal Asset Management (S) Pte. Ltd. 50 Raffles Place #22-03A&B Singapore Land Tower Singapore 048623

### **Directors of the Manager**

Christopher Leow Alejandro Elias Echegorri Rodriguez Chong Chooi Wan Lum Joy Deng

(Appointed on 12 June 2020) (Resigned on 15 June 2020)

### Trustee/Registrar

Citicorp Trustee (Singapore) Limited 5 Changi Business Park Crescent Level 5 Singapore 486027

### Custodian

Citibank N.A., Singapore Branch 5 Changi Business Park Crescent Level 5 Singapore 486027

#### **Auditor**

Ernst & Young LLP One Raffles Quay North Tower, Level 18 Singapore 048583

### **General information**

### Contents

	Page
Manager's investment report	1
Report of the trustee	9
Statement by the manager	10
Independent auditor's report	11
Financial statements	
Statement of total return	14
Statement of financial position	15
Statement of movements of unitholders' funds	16
Statement of portfolio	17
Notes to the financial statements	21

### Manager's investment report

#### About Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF:

Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend (the "Fund") is an exchange traded fund, designed to track the performance of the S&P Ethical Pan-Asia Select Dividend Opportunities Index. Shares of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF have been listed and traded on SGX-ST since 8 March 2012.

### **Details of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF:**

**Fund Currency** United States dollars ("USD") **Trading Currencies** USD. Singapore dollars ("SGD") 8 March 2012 Listing Date of USD counter on SGX-ST Listing Date of SGD counter on SGX-ST 15 June 2012 Stock Codes on SGX-ST P5P (USD counter), QR9 (SGD counter) 100 units **Board Lot** Number of units as at 30 June 2020 16,000,000 NAV per unit as at 30 June 2020 USD0.705 Management Fee 0.65% of NAV per annum

#### Performance:

Cumulative Performance (%) as at 30 June 2020:

From 30/06/2020	<u>Period</u>	Fund's Performance	Index's Performance
3 months	31/3/2020 - 30/6/2020	9.53%	9.99%
6 months	31/12/2019 - 30/6/2020	-19.74%	-19.34%
1 year	30/6/2019 - 30/6/2020	-22.99%	-21.13%
3 years	30/6/2017 - 30/6/2020	-12.92%	-6.94%
Since inception	8/3/2012 - 30/6/2020	11.14%	15.58%

The Fund aims to mirror the performance of the S&P Ethical Pan-Asia Select Dividend Opportunities Index (the "Index"), using full replication strategy, by investing in Securities constituting the Index in substantially the same proportion or weighting as in the Index.

The Index represents the top 40 high-yielding stocks in the Asia Pacific region which meet the criteria for inclusion into the tracked index and is subject to rigorous ground rules such as free float adjustment and liquidity screening to ensure that these stocks are highly investable. The focus of the Index is on both capital growth and dividend income characteristics, thus providing yield and stability. The transparent and freely available index rules are governed and maintained by an independent committee of leading market professionals.

### Manager's investment report

#### Performance (cont'd):

From 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020, the NAV of the Fund decreased by 19.74%, whilst the value of the Index decreased by 19.34%.

In the first half of 2020, Asian economies were battered by the Covid-19 pandemic. Starting out in China, the virus quickly spread to the rest of Asia, inducing border closures and economic lockdowns. Governments and central banks moved swiftly to reduce interest rates and inject fiscal stimuli, but even this was insufficient to stem the worst economic declines in recent history. Markets bottomed in March, as tentative signs of infection rates trending down and improving economic prints lifted sentiment. North Asia was better prepared to handle the public health crisis on top of having the wherewithal to support their economies, and significantly outperformed their South Asian peers.

In the first guarter of 2020, Asian economies started the year on a strong footing with loose monetary policy throughout the region, coupled with improving U.S. and China relations. Not long after, Covid-19 and its devastating impacts began to dominate headlines as, first China, then the rest of Asia, saw massive spikes in infections and were forced to undergo varying degrees of economy-stifling lockdowns. Korea, Taiwan and Hong Kong acted swiftly to combat the virus's spread and hence were spared from the tighter lockdowns experienced by their neighbours who were slower to act. Oil saw its worst monthly declines as global demand concerns from the pandemic were exacerbated by the failure of OPEC and Russia to reach a deal on production cuts; WTI declined by 54% amid the oil price war. China's manufacturing PMI collapsed to 40.3 in February, before staging a strong recovery to 50.1 in March. Thailand, which relies heavily on tourism, especially from China, was amongst the hardest hit as border closures meant no tourist arrivals. Australia's consumer sentiment decline substantially, from 2.3% in February to -3.8% in March, based on a survey by the Westpac Melbourne Institute. Singapore saw its first GDP contraction since the Global Financial Crisis. Most Asian currencies performed poorly against the Dollar due to expectations of weak economic data due to lockdowns and broad-based risk aversion. The Indonesian Rupiah, the Australian Dollar, and the Thai Baht were the weakest currencies in the first quarter.

Moving to the second quarter, markets were driven by accommodative monetary policy, better-than-expected economic data, reopening of broader markets, and expectations of substantial fiscal stimulus. A new key risk emerged as well, as U.S. and China tensions re-escalated in June, ahead of the U.S. presidential elections in November. Oil prices saw a strong rebound in 2Q as OPEC+reached an agreement to prolong production cuts until end July, benefitting oil-exporters such as Malaysia. Unemployment rates ticked up across all countries, as the after-effects of the lockdowns took hold. China's manufacturing PMI saw a swift rebound to expansionary territory as it was first to re-emerge from the Covid-19 lockdowns. Singapore saw retail sales contract by 31.7% year-on-year due to tight lockdowns in April and May, leading to the worst quarterly GDP contraction on record. The Korean Won rose on global cues and fast macro-economic recovery. Most Asian currencies finished higher against the Dollar in the second quarter, with the Australian Dollar, the Thai Baht, and the Korean Won being the best-performing currencies.

### Manager's investment report

### Investments at market value and as a percentage of NAV as at 30 June 2020 classified by:

		2020		<b>20</b> 1	9
		Market value USD	% of NAV	Market value USD	% of NAV
(i)	Country				
	Australia	2,500,011	22.18	3,242,214	25.50
	China	2,578,181	22.86	2,181,301	17.16
	Hong Kong	2,683,256	23.80	2,558,062	20.12
	Malaysia	599,130	5.32	384,452	3.02
	Singapore	1,415,571	12.54	2,766,711	21.76
	South Korea	645,062	5.72	649,056	5.11
	Thailand	726,376	6.45	651,596	5.13
(ii)	Industry				
	Consumer discretionary	435,628	3.86	356,614	2.80
	Consumer services	, <u> </u>	_	377,922	2.97
	Energy	1,861,289	16.52	1,479,656	11.64
	Financials	2,866,367	25.42	2,930,577	23.05
	Industrials	453,437	4.02	304,195	2.40
	Materials	929,697	8.25	1,061,757	8.35
	Real estate	2,466,336	21.87	3,301,132	25.97
	Communication services/				
	Telecommunication	1,301,308	11.54	1,333,730	10.49
	Utilities	833,525	7.39	1,287,809	10.13
<i>a</i>					
(iii)	Asset class				
	Equities	11,147,587	98.87	12,433,392	97.80
	Other net assets	127,662	1.13	279,666	2.20

### Manager's investment report

### Details of top 10 holdings of the Fund:

As at 30 June 2020	<b>Cost</b> USD	<b>Market value</b> USD	% of total net assets
PCCW Ltd	540,949	518,422	4.60
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp	835,586	500,962	4.44
HKT Trust & HKT Ltd	464,307	496,033	4.40
Alumina Ltd	675,714	490,335	4.35
PTT Global Chemical PCL	622,707	439,362	3.90
China Shenhua Energy Co Ltd	557,618	404,260	3.59
Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust	336,138	396,901	3.52
SK Innovation Co Ltd	458,598	385,428	3.42
Hang Lung Properties Ltd	320,457	329,295	2.92
Sino Land Co Ltd	392,287	317,032	2.81
	5,204,361	4,278,030	37.95
			% of total

As at 30 June 2019	Cost USD	Market value USD	% of total net assets
Fortescue Metals Group Ltd	357,686	687,470	5.41
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp	589,903	512,815	4.03
Singapore Telecommunications Ltd	449,136	470,358	3.70
Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust	373,677	463,341	3.64
PCCW Ltd	466,727	448,841	3.53
Mirvac Group	332,422	427,154	3.36
CapitaLand Mall Trust	334,368	423,429	3.33
APA Group	360,779	417,017	3.28
HKT Trust & HKT Ltd	335,724	414,531	3.26
China Shenhua Energy Co Ltd	433,148	397,089	3.12
	4,033,570	4,662,045	36.66

### **Exposure to derivatives**

The Fund had no exposure to derivatives for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

### Manager's investment report

### Index constituents' weights:

Constituent name	As at 30 June 2020 %	As at 30 June 2019 %
PCCW Ltd	4.60	3.53
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp	4.44	4.03
HKT Trust & HKT Ltd	4.40	3.26
Alumina Ltd	4.35	_
PTT Global Chemical PCL	3.90	2.95
China Shenhua Energy Co Ltd	3.59	3.12
Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust	3.52	3.64
SK Innovation Co Ltd	3.42	_
Hang Lung Properties Ltd	2.92	2.88
Sino Land Co Ltd	2.81	1.72
APA Group	2.77	3.28
Stockland	2.76	_
New World Development Co Ltd	2.73	2.36
Suntec Real Estate Investment Trust	2.62	2.96
PTT PCL	2.55	2.18
Singapore Telecommunications Ltd	2.54	3.70
CNOOC Ltd	2.52	_
Vicinity Centres	2.50	2.95
Power Assets Holdings Ltd	2.41	2.75
Hyundai Motor Co	2.30	2.81
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	2.21	1.83
NWS Holdings Ltd	2.17	_
CapitaLand Mall Trust	2.01	3.33
China Minsheng Banking Corp Ltd	1.98	_
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd	1.97	1.50
Bank of Queensland Ltd	1.91	1.59
Bank of Communications Co Ltd	1.89	1.40
China Construction Bank Corp	1.87	1.48
ComfortDelGro Corp Ltd	1.85	2.97
Malayan Banking Bhd	1.82	-
BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd	1.76	1.35
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	1.63	1.75
Westpac Banking Corp Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd	1.60 1.57	1.86 1.75
Guangzhou Automobile Group Co Ltd	1.56	1.75
National Australia Bank Ltd	1.55	1.89
Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Ltd	1.54	1.66
China CITIC Bank Corp Ltd	1.52	1.51
Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Ltd	1.52	1.42
CIMB Group Holdings Bhd	1.29	1.19
Fortescue Metals Group Ltd	-	5.41
Mirvac Group	_	3.36
CapitaLand Commercial Trust	_	2.77
Singapore Technologies Engineering Ltd	_	2.39
S-Oil Corp	_	2.30
China Resources Power Holdings Co Ltd	_	2.27
China Cinda Asset Management Co Ltd	_	1.58
China Huarong Asset Management Co Ltd	-	1.12

### Manager's investment report

### Creation/redemption for the financial year ended 30 June 2020:

Total subscription during the year under review amounted to USD1,868,000 (equivalent to 2,500,000 units) (2019: USD1,281,500 (equivalent to 1,500,000 units)) while there were no redemptions during the year under review (2019: Nil).

#### Other information:

During the year, the Fund had no exposure to other unit trusts, mutual funds and collective investment schemes and had no borrowings. There is no other material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the Fund:

	<b>2020</b> %	<b>2019</b> %
Expense ratio (1)	1.26	1.13
Turnover ratio (2)	44.05	43.87

The expense ratio is computed in accordance with the revised IMAS' guidelines on disclosure of expense ratios dated 25 May 2005. Refer to Note 9 to the financial statements for details.

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the "Code on Collective Investment Schemes". Refer to Note 9 to the financial statements for details.

### Manager's investment report

#### Soft dollar commissions:

During the financial year under review, no soft dollar commissions were received from brokers.

### Information on the Manager:

The Manager of the Fund is Principal Asset Management (S) Pte. Ltd. (Company Registration Number 200607208K), a private limited company, incorporated in Singapore on 18 May 2006. The Manager is wholly-owned by Principal Asset Management Berhad in Malaysia, which has been managing discretionary and mutual funds in Malaysia for more than 20 years.

The Manager obtained its capital markets services licence on 24 April 2007 and presently manages the Fund and several other discretionary accounts, with total assets under management of about \$\$3.3 billion as at 30 June 2020.

### **Directors of the Manager:**

#### Christopher Leow

Mr Leow, of 50 Raffles Place, #22-03A & B Singapore Land Tower, Singapore 048623, is the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of the Manager, and is responsible for leading the International Investment team based in Singapore. He joined Principal Asset Management Berhad in December 2003 and was transferred to the Manager in May 2007. He has more than 20 years of experience in the equities and fund management industry. Mr Leow is a Chartered Financial Analyst ("CFA") and a Certified Financial Planner. He has been registered with the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) as a Representative of the Manager in fund management since September 2007. Mr Leow holds a Bachelor of Commerce in Accounting and Finance (Hons) from the University of Western Australia.

### Alejandro Elias Echegorri Rodriguez

Mr Echegorri, of One Raffles Quay, North Tower #19-01/04, Singapore 048583, is a Director of the Manager and Chief Investment Officer for Principal Global Asset Management in Asia and as such he is responsible for the overall investment strategy and the investment process for the group and for overseeing the management of pension, mutual funds and general accounts in the Asia as well as for supporting the overall development of the asset management business in the region. Prior to that Mr. Echegorri was Chief Executive Officer, ASEAN Region of Principal Asset Management Berhad, with responsibilities over Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand and Singapore. Previously he was the Chief Investment Officer for Principal International (PIA) in Latin America. He joined PIA in 2003 as Head of Institutional Asset Management and Chief Investment Officer for Principal Financial Group in Mexico. Prior to that, he was the Senior Investment Officer for Citibank's Pension Fund Business in Latin America. He had also held different positions in the investment area in countries such as Uruguay, Argentina, Chile, Mexico and the United Kingdom. Mr Echegorri holds a degree in Economics from the Universidad Mayor de la Republica, Uruguay, and a Master in Economics from Universidad Centro de Estudios Macroeconomics de Argentina.

### Manager's investment report

#### Directors of the Manager (cont'd):

Chong Chooi Wan

Ms Chong, of 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bangunan CIMB, Jalan Semantan, 50490 Damansara Heights, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, is a Director of the Manager and has more than 20 years of experience in strategic planning and investment, corporate developments, mergers and acquisitions in various industries ranging from the financial sector to the energy sector. In 2020, she joined CIMB as the Director of Group Ventures and Partnerships where she is tasked to oversee business optimisation projects as well as portfolio management for CIMB. Ms Chong graduated with a Bachelor Degree in Finance, a Summa Cum Laude honours, from the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, U.S.A.

### Key Executives of the Manager / Appointed Portfolio Managers of the Fund:

The appointed individual/principal portfolio manager of the Fund who will be primarily performing the investment management functions for the Fund is Mr Christopher Leow, who is also one of the directors of the Manager. Please see his write-up above for more information on his qualification, experience and employment history. Mr Leow is assisted by Ms Zhang Yuzheng, Mr Jonathan Yeoh and Ms Seng Jing Xin.

Yuzheng joined the Manager in 2017 and focuses primarily on asset allocation models. Yuzheng holds a Masters of Economics from Columbia University and is a CFA charter holder.

Jonathan joined the Manager in 2018 and focuses primarily on analysing companies listed on the Singapore equities market. Jonathan holds a Bachelor of Economics from the National University of Singapore.

Jing Xin joined the Manager in 2019 and focuses primarily on quantitative strategy. Jing Xin holds a Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) from the University of Malaya.

Report of the Trustee For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

The Trustee is under a duty to take into custody and hold the assets of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF (the "Fund") in trust for the unitholders. In accordance with the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289), its subsidiary legislation and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Trustee shall monitor the activities of the Manager for compliance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers as set out in the Trust Deed in each financial year and report thereon to unitholders in an annual report.

To the best knowledge of the Trustee, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed the Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements, in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed.

For and on behalf of the Trustee, Citicorp Trustee (Singapore) Limited:

Authorised signatories

28 September 2020

Statement by the Manager For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

In the opinion of the directors of Principal Asset Management (S) Pte. Ltd., the accompanying financial statements, comprising the statement of total return, statement of financial position, statement of movements of unitholders' funds, statement of portfolio and notes to the financial statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the portfolio holdings of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF (the "Fund") as at 30 June 2020 and the financial performance and movements in unitholders' funds for the financial year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.

For and on behalf of the directors of Principal Asset Management (S) Pte. Ltd.:

Christopher Leow

Director/Chief Executive Officer

28 September 2020

Independent auditor's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

To the Unitholders of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position and statement of portfolio as at 30 June 2020, and the statement of total return and statement of movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Fund are properly drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" ("RAP 7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants so as to present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2020 and of the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds of the Fund for the financial year ended on that date.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to report.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the General information, Manager's investment report, Report of the trustee and Statement by the manager, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

#### To the Unitholders of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF

### Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Fund's Manager (the "Manager") is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager's responsibilities include overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

Independent auditor's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### To the Unitholders of Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yap Swee Gek.

Ernot a young LLP

Ernst & Young LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

28 September 2020

# Statement of total return For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020	2019
		USD	USD
Investment income			
Dividends Interest		605,065 1,362	668,774 3,882
Total income		606,427	672,656
Expenses			
Management fee Administration fee Custodian fee Other operating expenses	3 8	(75,528) (18,051) (13,944) (52,225)	(74,440) (18,001) (11,615) (38,151)
Total expenses		(159,748)	(142,207)
Net investment income		446,679	530,449
Net (losses)/gains on value of investments			
Net realised gains/(losses) on investments Net change in unrealised (losses)/gains on fair value		119,269	(268,817)
of investments Net foreign exchange losses		(3,343,358) (31,477)	731,968 (19,720)
		(3,255,566)	443,431
Total (deficit)/return for the financial year before			
income tax and distribution		(2,808,887)	973,880
Less: Income tax	4	(34,922)	(36,991)
Total (deficit)/return for the financial year after income tax before distribution		(2,843,809)	936,889
Less: Distribution	5	(462,000)	(408,000)
Total (deficit)/return for the financial year after income tax and distribution		(3,305,809)	528,889

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory information form an integral part of the financial statements

# Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2020

	Note	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Assets			
Portfolio of investments (cost: USD14,522,986; 2019: USD12,465,433) Dividend and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets	6 -	11,147,587 95,399 244,673 11,487,659	12,433,392 116,048 238,060 12,787,500
Liabilities	_		
Amounts due to a broker Other payables		102,065 110,345	- 74,442
Total liabilities	_	212,410	74,442
Equity			
Net assets attributable to unitholders	7 _	11,275,249	12,713,058

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory information form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statement of movements of unitholders' funds For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Net assets attributable to unitholders at beginning of financial year		12,713,058	10,902,669
Operations			
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations		(2,843,809)	936,889
Unitholders' contributions			
Creation of units Cancellation of units		1,868,000 -	1,281,500 –
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from net creation and cancellation of units Distribution	5	1,868,000 (462,000)	1,281,500 (408,000)
Total (decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		(1,437,809)	1,810,389
Net assets attributable to unitholders at end of financial year	7	11,275,249	12,713,058

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory information form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statement of portfolio As at 30 June 2020

Primary	Holdings at 30 June 2020	Fair value at 30 June 2020 USD	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020
By geography			
Equities			
Quoted			
Australia			
Alumina Ltd APA Group Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd Bank of Queensland Ltd Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Ltd Commonwealth Bank of Australia National Australia Bank Ltd Stockland Vicinity Centres Westpac Banking Corp	441,276 41,048 13,858 50,986 36,276 3,869 14,052 137,625 287,863 14,659	490,335 312,404 176,635 215,112 173,887 183,659 175,072 311,497 281,482 179,928 2,500,011	4.35 2.77 1.57 1.91 1.54 1.63 1.55 2.76 2.50 1.60
China			
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd Bank of Communications Co Ltd China CITIC Bank Corp Ltd China Construction Bank Corp China Minsheng Banking Corp Ltd China Petroleum & Chemical Corp China Shenhua Energy Co Ltd CNOOC Ltd Guangzhou Automobile Group Co Ltd Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Ltd	552,000 346,000 394,000 261,000 325,000 1,202,000 258,500 255,000 244,000 283,000	222,224 213,403 171,835 211,157 223,096 500,962 404,260 283,625 175,994 171,625	1.97 1.89 1.52 1.87 1.98 4.44 3.59 2.52 1.56 1.52
Total China		2,578,181	22.86

# Statement of portfolio As at 30 June 2020

Primary (cont'd)	Holdings at 30 June 2020	Fair value at 30 June 2020 USD	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020
By geography (cont'd)			
Equities (cont'd)			
Quoted (cont'd)			
Hong Kong			
BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd Hang Lung Properties Ltd HKT Trust & HKT Ltd New World Development Co Ltd NWS Holdings Ltd PCCW Ltd Power Assets Holdings Ltd Sino Land Co Ltd  Total Hong Kong  Malaysia	62,500 139,000 339,000 64,750 283,000 909,000 50,000 252,000	198,790 329,295 496,033 307,457 244,292 518,422 271,935 317,032 2,683,256	1.76 2.92 4.40 2.73 2.17 4.60 2.41 2.81
CIMB Group Holdings Bhd Malayan Banking Bhd	174,403 116,800	145,037 204,907	1.29 1.82
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	91,800	249,186	2.21
Total Malaysia		599,130	5.32
Singapore			
Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust CapitaLand Mall Trust ComfortDelGro Corp Ltd Singapore Telecommunications Ltd Suntec Real Estate Investment Trust	174,912 161,900 201,500 162,900 292,800	396,901 227,147 209,145 286,853 295,525	3.52 2.01 1.85 2.54 2.62
Total Singapore		1,415,571	12.54

# Statement of portfolio As at 30 June 2020

Primary (cont'd)	Holdings at 30 June 2020	Fair value at 30 June 2020 USD	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020
By geography (cont'd)			
Equities (cont'd)			
Quoted (cont'd)			
South Korea			
Hyundai Motor Co SK Innovation Co Ltd	5,487 3,538	259,634 385,428	2.30 3.42
Total South Korea		645,062	5.72
Thailand			
PTT Global Chemical PCL (NVDR) (1) PTT PCL (NVDR) (1)	293,500 234,900	439,362 287,014	3.90 2.55
Total Thailand		726,376	6.45
Portfolio of investments		11,147,587	98.87
Other net assets		127,662	1.13
Net assets attributable to unitholders		11,275,249	100.00

<sup>(1)</sup> Non-voting Depository Receipts

# Statement of portfolio As at 30 June 2020

Primary (cont'd)		Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019
By geography (Summary)			
Quoted equities			
Australia China Hong Kong Malaysia Singapore South Korea Thailand		22.18 22.86 23.80 5.32 12.54 5.72 6.45	25.50 17.16 20.12 3.02 21.76 5.11 5.13
Portfolio of investments		98.87	97.80
Other net assets		1.13	2.20
Net assets attributable to unitholders		100.00	100.00
Secondary	Fair value at 30 June 2020 USD	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019
Secondary By industry	at 30 June 2020	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019
·	at 30 June 2020	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019
By industry  Consumer discretionary Consumer services Energy Financials Industrials Materials Real estate Communication services/ Telecommunication	435,628 	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2020 %  3.86	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019 %  2.80 2.97 11.64 23.05 2.40 8.35 25.97
By industry  Consumer discretionary Consumer services Energy Financials Industrials Materials Real estate Communication services/ Telecommunication Utilities	435,628 	3.86 	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2019 %  2.80 2.97 11.64 23.05 2.40 8.35 25.97 10.49 10.13

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory information form an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 1. Corporate information

Principal S&P Ethical Asia Pacific Dividend ETF (the "Fund") is a unit trust constituted by a Trust Deed dated 21 February 2012, and the various Supplemental Deeds of Trust between Principal Asset Management (S) Pte. Ltd. (the "Manager") and Citicorp Trustee (Singapore) Limited (the "Trustee/Registrar"). The Trust Deed is governed by the laws of the Republic of Singapore. The Trustee appointed Citibank N.A., Singapore Branch (the "Custodian") as the Custodian of the Fund.

The Fund was listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") on 8 March 2012.

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investment results that, before expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the S&P Ethical Pan Asia Select Dividend Opportunities Index (the "Index").

The Manager will generally invest the Fund's assets in all of the Index securities in the same approximate proportion as their weightings within the Index. However, various circumstances may make it impossible or impracticable to purchase each component index security in such weightings. In those circumstances, the Manager may employ, alone or in combination with, other investment techniques in seeking to closely track the performance of the Index.

There is no change in the principal activity of the Fund during the year.

The Manager is a private limited company incorporated in Singapore and its immediate holding company is Principal Asset Management Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia. The Manager is principally engaged in the business of fund management and investment advisory.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund which are expressed in United States dollar ("USD" or "US\$"), have been prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of financial investments at fair value, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" ("RAP 7") revised and issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

### 2.2 Income recognition

Dividend income is recognised and credited to income when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### 2.3 Distribution policy

The Manager on behalf of the Trustee shall determine whether a distribution is to be made. In such an event, an appropriate amount will be transferred to a distribution account to be paid out on the distribution date. This amount shall not be treated as part of the property of the Fund.

### 2.4 Financial assets and financial liabilities

#### Classification

### (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The Fund classifies its portfolio of investments as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as held-for-trading or designated by the Manager at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

A financial asset or financial liability is classified as held-for-trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term or is part of a portfolio of identifiable financial investments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking.

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Manager to evaluate the information on these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

### (b) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

Non-derivative financial assets carried at amortised cost that are not quoted in an active market include cash and cash equivalents, dividend and other receivables.

#### Recognition/derecognition

Purchases and sales of investments in the Fund are recognised at fair value on the trade date - the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the investments. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

### 2.4 Financial assets and financial liabilities (cont'd)

#### Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss category are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets is the last traded price, where it falls within the bid-ask spread.

#### 2.5 Investments

Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Unrealised gains or losses on quoted investments are taken to the statement of total return. The realised gains or losses are taken to the statement of total return upon the disposal of investments and are computed using the weighted average cost method.

### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments, if any, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2.7 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD at exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Transactions arising in foreign currencies during the year are translated at exchange rates prevailing at transaction dates. All exchange differences are taken to the statement of total return.

### 3. Expenses

The management fee for the Fund is currently set at 0.65% of its net asset value per annum (maximum 1.00% per annum).

Fees paid to the Trustee, index providers and auditors are borne by the Manager.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

#### 4. Income tax

The Fund was granted the status of a Designated Unit Trust by the Inland Revenue of Singapore. In accordance to Section 35(12) and (12A) of the Income Tax Act (Chapter 134) of Singapore, subject to certain conditions, the following income shall not form part of the statutory income of the Fund and is thus not taxable for the year of assessment:

- (a) gains or profits derived from Singapore or elsewhere from the disposal of securities;
- (b) interest (other than interest for which tax has been deducted under Section 45 of the Income Tax Act);
- (c) dividends derived from outside Singapore and received in Singapore;
- (d) gains or profits derived from foreign exchange transactions; transactions in future contracts, transactions in interest rate or currency forwards, swaps or option contracts and transactions in forwards, swaps or option contracts relating to any securities of financial index, and
- (e) distributions from foreign unit trusts derived from outside Singapore and received in Singapore.

	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Overseas income tax	34,922	36,991

The overseas income tax represents tax deducted at source on dividends and interests derived from outside Singapore.

#### 5. Distribution

	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Final USD0.033 (2019: USD0.034) per unit	462,000	408,000

Notes to the financial statements For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:

	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Bank balances	244,673	238,060

The bank balances are placed with a financial institution that is related to the Trustee.

### 7. Units in issue

During the financial year ended 30 June, the numbers of units created, cancelled and outstanding were as follows:

	2020	2019
Units at beginning of financial year Units created Units cancelled	13,500,000 2,500,000 -	12,000,000 1,500,000 –
Units at end of financial year	16,000,000	13,500,000
		10 710 070
Net assets attributable to unitholders - USD	11,275,249	12,713,058
Net asset value ("NAV") per unit - USD	0.705	0.942

### 8. Related party transactions

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions took place during the financial year between the Fund and its related parties on terms agreed between the parties concerned and were written in the provisions of the Trust Deed:

	<b>2020</b> USD	<b>2019</b> USD
Management fee paid and payable to the Manager Custodian fee paid and payable to the Custodian Prokorage fee paid and payable to efficience parties of	75,528 13,944	74,440 11,615
Brokerage fee paid and payable to affiliated parties of the Manager	5,829	5,498

Fees that are borne by the Manager are set out in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

#### 9. Financial ratios

	<b>2020</b> %	<b>2019</b> %
Expense ratio <sup>(1)</sup> Turnover ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	1.26 44.05	1.13 43.87

- The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). The calculation of the expense ratio was based on total operating expenses of USD146,383 (2019: USD129,662) divided by the average daily NAV of USD11,609,563 (2019: USD11,445,730) for the financial year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transaction costs, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average NAV is based on the daily balances.
- The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of purchases or sales of the underlying investments, being sales of USD5,114,412 (2019: sales of USD5,020,772) divided by the average daily NAV of USD11,609,563 (2019: USD11,445,730).

### 10. Financial risk management

The Manager continually monitors the Fund's exposure to risk and that appropriate procedures are in place to manage the risks.

#### (a) Liquidity risk

The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions and disbursements for the settlements of purchases. The Manager therefore ensures that the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and that it is able to obtain cash from the sale of investments held to meet its liquidity requirements.

The Fund's investments in listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are listed on recognised regional stock exchanges.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (a) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The tables below analyse the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant:

00 luna 0000	<b>Due on</b> <b>demand</b> USD	Less than 3 months USD
30 June 2020		
Payables and accrued expenses Net assets attributable to unitholders	11,275,249	212,410 _
30 June 2019		
Payables and accrued expenses Net assets attributable to unitholders	_ 12,713,058	74,442 _

### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of potential adverse changes to the value of investments because of changes in market conditions like interest and currency rate movements and volatility in security prices. The Fund is designated to track the performance of the Index, therefore the exposure to market risk in the Fund will be substantially the same as the Index. As an indexed fund, the Manager manages the Fund's exposure to market risk by ensuring that the key characteristics of the portfolio, such as security weight and industry weight, are closely aligned to the Index characteristics.

### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are largely non-interest bearing. Hence, the Fund is not subject to significant risk of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

### (ii) Market price risk

The Fund's market risk is affected by changes in actual market prices. If the Index in fund currency ("USD") had increased/decreased by 5% (2019: 5%) with all other variables held constant, this would have increased/decreased the NAV of the Fund by approximately USD564,000 (2019: USD636,000) for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 ("being 5% of the year end NAV").

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

### (iii) Foreign currency risk

The Fund holds assets denominated in currencies other than USD, the functional currency. The Fund is therefore exposed to currency risk, as the value of the securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Fund's policy is not to enter into any currency hedging transactions.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to currency risks:

30 June 2020	USD USD	AUD USD	CNY USD	HKD USD	<b>KRW</b> USD	MYR USD	SGD USD	THB USD	<b>Total</b> USD
ASSETS									
Portfolio of investments Dividend and other	-	2,500,011	_	5,261,437	645,062	599,130	1,415,571	726,376	11,147,587
receivables	_	19,988	50,417	24,994	_	_	_	_	95,399
Cash and cash equivalents	190,972	28,012	_	5,596	_	_	20,093	_	244,673
Total assets	190,972	2,548,011	50,417	5,292,027	645,062	599,130	1,435,664	726,376	11,487,659
LIABILITIES									
Amounts due to brokers Payables and accrued	-	21,856	-	50,457	5,761	5,293	12,436	6,262	102,065
expenses Net assets attributable to	110,345	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	110,345
unitholders	11,275,249	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,275,249
Total liabilities	11,385,594	21,856	_	50,457	5,761	5,293	12,436	6,262	11,487,659

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

### (iii) Foreign currency risk (cont'd)

30 June 2019	USD USD	AUD USD	CNY USD	HKD USD	<b>KRW</b> USD	MYR USD	SGD USD	THB USD	<b>Total</b> USD
ASSETS									
Portfolio of investments Dividend and other	-	3,242,214	_	4,739,363	649,056	384,452	2,766,711	651,596	12,433,392
receivables Cash and cash equivalents	_ 183,846	44,281 28,621	31,277 -	40,490 5,555	_ _	- -	_ 20,038	- -	116,048 238,060
Total assets	183,846	3,315,116	31,277	4,785,408	649,056	384,452	2,786,749	651,596	12,787,500
LIABILITIES									
Payables and accrued expenses Net assets attributable to	74,442	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	74,442
unitholders	12,713,058	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,713,058
Total liabilities	12,787,500		_	_	_	_	_	_	12,787,500

<sup>&</sup>quot;Portfolio of investments", which is a significant item in the statement of financial position, is exposed to currency risk. The Manager has considered the impact of currency risk sensitivity on non-monetary assets as part of the price risk sensitivity analysis.

Notes to the financial statements For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

### (iii) Foreign currency risk (cont'd)

The analysis below calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the USD on the net assets attributable to unitholders, with all other variables held constant:

Foreign exchange ("FX") position	Net assets attributable to unitholders impact of a 5% increase/(decrease) in FX rate
2020	
AUD/USD HKD/USD KRW/USD MYR/USD SGD/USD CNY/USD THB/USD	±1.12 ±2.32 ±0.28 ±0.26 ±0.63 ±0.02 ±0.32
2019	
AUD/USD HKD/USD KRW/USD MYR/USD SGD/USD THB/USD	±1.30 ±1.88 ±0.26 ±0.15 ±1.10 ±0.26

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (c) Credit risk

The Fund takes on credit risk, which is the risk that the counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due, including transactions with counterparties such as participating dealers, brokers, custodians and banks.

Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by ensuring that:

- counterparties, together with the respective credit limits, are approved; and
- the securities transactions are undertaken on recognised exchanges.

As such, the Fund does not have a concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty. Furthermore, the Fund does not have a material exposure to a group of counterparties which are expected to be affected similarly by changes in economic or other conditions.

The Fund invests in financial assets, which have an investment grade as rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's. The credit ratings are reviewed regularly.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as for sales transaction, delivery of securities is only made once the broker has made payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received from the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and investments held with financial institutions. The tables below summarise the credit rating of banks and custodians in which the Fund's assets are held as at 30 June 2020 and 2019:

	Amount USD	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
As at 30 June 2020			
Custodian			
Citibank N.A., Singapore Branch	11,392,260	A+	Standard & Poor's
As at 30 June 2019			
Custodian			
Citibank N.A., Singapore Branch	12,671,452	A+	Standard & Poor's

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. The Manager has in place procedures for proper credit screening and monitoring of credit risk.

Notes to the financial statements
For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

### 10. Financial risk management (cont'd)

### (d) Fair value estimation

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (i.e., unobservable inputs).

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 30 June 2020 and 2019:

	<b>Level 1</b> USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	<b>Total</b> USD
30 June 2020				
Assets				
Equity securities	11,147,587	_	_	11,147,587
30 June 2019				
Assets				
Equity securities	12,433,392	_	_	12,433,392

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equities and exchange traded derivatives. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2.

Investments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently.

The Fund does not invest in any Level 2 and 3 investments.

### (e) Capital management

The Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Fund's investment objectives while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholders' redemptions.

Notes to the financial statements For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

#### 11. Impact of Covid-19

The extent of the impact of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak on the financial performance of the Fund's investments will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and related advisories and restrictions and the impact of COVID-19 on the financial markets and the overall economy, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. If the financial markets and/or the overall economy are impacted for an extended period, the carrying value of the investments and the Fund's investments results may be materially adversely affected.

The Fund Manager has a program of measures in place to manage and respond to the risks as the situation evolves.

#### 12. Authorisation on financial statements

The financial statements of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 were authorised for issue by the Trustee on 28 September 2020.