VISA 2014/94732-3671-0-PC

L'apposition du visa ne peut en aucun cas servir d'argument de publicité Luxembourg, le 2014-05-27 Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier





OFI MULTISELECT

Société d'investissement à capital variable (SICAV)

PROSPECTUS

May 2014

A LUXEMBOURG UNDERTAKING FOR COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT IN TRANSFERABLE SECURITIES



CONTENTS

1.	Important Information	3
2.	The Board of Directors	3
3.	Management and Administration	4
4.	Glossary	5
5 .	Introduction	6
6.	The Management Company	7
7.	Principal Distributor	8
8.	The Investment and Allocation Advisor	9
9.	The Investment Advisor	9
10.	The Investment Multi-Managers	9
11.	The Administration Agent	10
12.	The Custodian	10
13.	Investment Objectives	11
14.	Summary of the Sub-Funds	11
15.	Risk Factors	13
16.	Shares	16
17 . l	How to Subscribe for, Convert, Transfer and Redeem Shares	23
18.	Price Information	26
19.	Dividends	26
20.	Taxation	26
4PPI	ENDIX 1 I. Investment Guidelines and Restrictions	28
	II. Investment Techniques and Instruments	33
	III. Risk Management Process	35
	IV. Pooling	36
	V. Net Asset Value per Share Calculation	36
4PPI	ENDIX 2 A. General Information	40
	B. Documents available for inspection	42
	C. Meetings of, and Reports to Shareholders	42
	D. Charges and Expenses	43
	E. Total Expense Ratio	43
APPI	ENDIX 3 Investment Multi-Managers	44
4PPI	ENDIX 4 Application Form	46

PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

1. IMPORTANT INFORMATION

The Directors have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this Prospectus is, to the best of their knowledge and belief, in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything material to such information.

OFI MULTISELECT ("OMS"), an open-ended investment company with variable capital (société d'investissement à capital variable), is governed by Part I of the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment and qualifies as a UCITS within the meaning of Article 1 (2) of the Directive. Registration of the Company in any jurisdiction does not require any authority to approve or disapprove the adequacy or accuracy of this Prospectus or the securities and portfolios held by the Company.

Subscriptions for Shares of the Company are accepted on the basis of this Prospectus and the most recent audited annual report of the Company and the most recent semi-annual report of the Company (if more recent than such annual report). Subscriptions for Shares are subject to acceptance by the Company.

A KIID for each available class of Shares of each Sub-Fund of the Company shall be made available to investors free of charge prior to their subscription for Shares. Prospective investors must consult the KIID for the relevant class of Shares and Sub-Fund in which they intend to invest.

No dealer, salesperson or any other person is authorized to give any information or make any representations other than those contained in this Prospectus and the other documents referred to herein in connection with the offer made hereby, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Company or its representatives.

Prospective purchasers of Shares should inform themselves as to the legal requirements, exchange control regulations and applicable taxes in the countries of their citizenship, residence or domicile, and should consult with their own financial adviser, stockbroker, solicitor or accountant as to any questions concerning the contents of this Prospectus.

This Prospectus may be translated into other languages. In the event that there is any inconsistency or ambiguity in relation to the meaning of any word or phrase in any translation, the English text shall prevail except to the extent (but only to the extent) required by the law of any jurisdiction where the Shares are sold, that in an action based upon disclosure in a Prospectus in a language other than English, the language of the Prospectus on which such action is based shall prevail and all disputes as to the terms thereof shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Luxembourg law.

The Company has not been registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or any similar or analogous regulatory scheme enacted by any other jurisdiction except as described herein. In addition, the Shares have not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or under any similar or analogous provision of law enacted by any other jurisdiction except as described herein. The Shares may not be and will not be offered for sale, sold, transferred or delivered in the United States of America, its territories or possessions or to any "US Person" (as defined hereafter), except in a transaction which does not violate the securities laws of the United States of America. This Prospectus may not be delivered in the United States of America, its territories or possessions to any prospective investor.

THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR SOLICITATION BY ANY PERSON IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT LAWFUL OR IN WHICH THE PERSON MAKING SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT QUALIFIED TO DO SO. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR SOLICITATION TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION.

2. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Sophie Fiszman Director
- Directeur Général Adjoint OFI Asset Management
- Gérard Bourret Chairman
- Directeur Général OFI Asset Management
- · Jean-Marie Mercadal Director
 - Directeur Général Délégué OFI Asset Management
- Thierry Callault Independent Director
- José Houis-Sulzer Director
- Directeur des Affaires Financières et des Participations Groupe Industriel Marcel Dassault
- · Franck Dussoge Director
- Président du Directoire OFI Mandats
- · Francis Weber Director
- Directeur Financier Groupe Réunica
- Melchior von Muralt Director
 - Associé De Pury Pictet Turrettini & Cie S.A.
- Sabine Castellan-Poquet Director
 - Adjointe du Directeur des Investissements Groupe Macif

PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

3. MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

· Registered Office: 6, route de Trèves

L-2633 Senningerberg

Sponsor: **OFI Asset Management**

20-22, rue Vernier F-75017 Paris

· Management Company: **OFI LUX**

32-36 boulevard d'Avranches

L-1160 Luxembourg

· Board of Directors of the

Gérard BOURRET - Chairman Management Company:

Directeur Général **OFI Asset Management**

Jean-Marie MERCADAL - Director Directeur Général Délégué OFI Asset Management

Vincent RIBUOT - Director Directeur Marketing et Stratégie OFI Asset Management

Christophe LEPITRE - Director Directeur Général Adjoint OFI Asset Management

Nicolas GOMART - Director

Directeur Général Adjoint Comptabilité et Placements

Groupe Matmut

Olivier ARLES - Director Directeur Général Adjoint

Groupe MACIF

Bernard SACAU - Director Président du Directoire OFI Gestion Privée

Charles VAQUIER - Independent Director

· Authorised Auditors of the

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative Management company:

400, route d'Esch

BP 1443

L-1014 Luxembourg

Investment and Allocation

OFI Asset Management 20-22, rue Vernier Advisor:

F - 75017 Paris

· Custodian: J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.

> 6, route de Trèves L-2633 Senningerberg

· Administration, Domiciliation and

Registrar & Transfer Agent: J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.

6, route de Trèves L-2633 Senningerberg



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

• Principal Distributor: OFI Asset Management

20-22, rue Vernier F - 75017 Paris

Authorised Auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative

400, route d'Esch - BP 1443

L-1014 Luxembourg

Legal Advisors: Arendt & Medernach

14, rue Erasme L-2082 Luxembourg

4. GLOSSARY

"2010 Law" means the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment as amended from time to time.

"Business Day" means a bank business day in Luxembourg, unless otherwise stated.

"Class of Shares" means a class of Shares within each Sub-Fund which may differ from other classes of Shares within the same or another Sub-Fund in respect of the type of investor, its distribution policy or such other features as the Directors may determine.

"Company" means OFI MULTISELECT or OMS.

"CSSF Circular 11/512" means the CSSF Circular 11/512 of 30 May 2011 determining the (i) presentation of the main regulatory changes in risk management following the publication of CSSF Regulation 10-4 and ESMA clarifications, (ii) further clarifications from the CSSF on risk management rules and (iii) the definition of the content and format of the risk management process to be communicated to the CSSF.

"Dealing Day" means any Valuation Day on which subscription, redemption or conversion requests are accepted by the Company.

"Directive" means Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS).

"Directors" means the board of directors of the Company.

"EU" means the European Union.

"Group of Companies" means companies belonging to the same body of undertakings and which must draw up consolidated accounts in accordance with Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 on consolidated accounts or according to recognized international accounting rules.

"Institutional Investor" means institutional investors, as defined by guidelines or recommendations issued by the Luxembourg supervisory authority from time to time and referred to in Article 174 of the 2010 Law.

"KIIDs" means key investor information documents, as defined in the 2010 Law.

"Member State" means a member state of the EU.

"Money Market Instruments" means instruments normally dealt in on the money market which are liquid, and have a value which can be accurately determined at any time.

"Net Asset Value per Share" of each class of Shares shall be determined as of any Valuation Day by dividing the net assets of the Company attributable to each class of Shares, being the value of the portion of the assets less the portion of liabilities attributable to such class, on any such Valuation Day, by the number of Shares in the relevant class then outstanding.

"Non-eligible Investors" means, in respect of class I Shares investors who are not Institutional Investors, and in respect of all Shares, US Persons.

"Other Regulated Market" means a market which is regulated, operates regulatory and is recognized and open to the public, namely a market (i) that meets the following cumulative criteria: liquidity; multilateral order matching (general matching of bid and ask prices in order to establish a single price); transparency (the circulation of complete information in order to give clients the possibility of tracking trades, thereby ensuring that their orders are executed on current conditions); (ii) on which the securities are dealt in at a certain fixed frequency, (iii) which is recognized by a state or by a public authority which has been delegated by that state or by another entity which is recognized by that state or by that public authority such as a professional association and (iv) on which the securities dealt are accessible to the public.



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

"Other State" means any State of Europe which is not a Member State, and any State of America, Africa, Asia, Australia and Oceania.

"Regulatory Authority" means the Luxembourg authority or its successor in charge of the supervision of the undertakings for collective investment in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

"Regulated Market" means a regulated market according to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments amending Council Directives 85/611/EEC and 93/6/EEC and Directive 2000/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directive 93/22/EEC ("MiFid Directive"). A list of regulated markets according to MiFid Directive is regularly updated and published by the European Commission.

"Shares" means the shares of any class of the Company issued and outstanding from time to time.

"Sub-Fund" means a specific portfolio of assets which is invested in accordance with a particular investment objective.

"Transferable Securities" means:

- equities and other securities equivalent to equities;
- bonds and other debt instruments;
- any other negotiable securities which carry the right to acquire any such transferable securities by subscription or exchanges, with the exclusion of techniques and instruments.

"Valuation Day" means any day on which banks in Luxembourg are open for banking business (other than days during a suspension of normal dealing).

"UCITS" means an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities within the meaning of the Directive.

"US Person" means (i) any natural person resident in the United States of America, its territories and/or possessions and/or the District of Columbia (herein-after called the "United States"); or (ii) any corporation or partnership organized or incorporated under the laws of the United States or, if formed by one or more US Persons principally for the purpose of investing in the Company, any corporation or partnership organized or incorporated under the laws of any other jurisdiction; or (iii) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the United States; or (iv) any estate of which any executor or administrator is a US Person; or (v) any trust of which any trustee is a US Person; or (vi) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a US Person; or (viii) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the United States; or (ix) any employee plan sponsored by an entity described in clause (ii) or (iii) or including as a beneficiary any person described in clause (i); or (x) any other person whose ownership or purchase of the Company's securities would involve the Company in a public offering within the meaning of Section 7(d) of the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the rules and regulations thereunder and/or the relevant pronouncement of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or informal written advice by its staff.

5. Introduction

> STRUCTURE

The Company is a multi-compartment investment company incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg in the form of a *société anonyme*, organised as a *société d'investissement à capital variable* (SICAV) and qualifying as a UCITS fund under Part I of the 2010 Law. As a multi-compartment company (that is, an "umbrella fund"), the Company provides shareholders with access to a range of separate Sub-Funds. The Sub-Funds invest in a diversified range of Transferable Securities throughout the major markets of the world and/or other financial assets permitted by law and managed in accordance with their specific investment objectives as further set out in Chapter 13 "Investment Objectives". Shareholders are able to switch between Sub-Funds to re-align their investment portfolio to take into account changing market conditions, subject to the provisions of Chapter 17 "How to Subscribe for, Convert, Transfer and Redeem Shares" hereafter.

The Company shall be considered as one single entity. With regard to third parties, in particular towards the Company's creditors, each Sub-Fund shall be exclusively responsible for all liabilities attributable to it.

OFI LUX has been appointed as the Management Company to the Company.

> FORM AND OWNERSHIP OF SHARES

Class R, I, I EUR H and I-XL EUR Shares are issued in registered form only and ownership of Shares will be reflected on the share register of the Company. Confirmation of registration of Shares will be sent to each shareholder.

Where the Principal Distributor or any Sub-Distributor, acting as nominee, subscribes in its name and on behalf of an investor, such an investor shall be entitled at any time to claim direct title to the Shares.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

> SHARE PRICE CALCULATION

The purchase price for all classes of Shares in each Sub-Fund shall be equal to the Net Asset Value per Share of such classes on the applicable Valuation Day, plus a sales charge, if applicable, as set out in Chapter 16 "Shares". The redemption prices for all classes of Shares in each Sub-Fund shall be equal to the Net Asset Value per Share of such classes on the applicable Valuation Day, less a redemption charge, if applicable, as set out in Chapter 16 "Shares". Purchase and redemption prices are calculated as further set out in Chapter 17 "How to Subscribe for, Convert, Transfer and Redeem Shares".

➤ Purchase of Shares

The Company has appointed OFI Asset Management to act as Principal Distributor. The Principal Distributor may undertake to negotiate various distribution contracts with other companies, intermediaries and other appropriate institutions (the "Sub-Distributors").

Applications for Shares in any Sub-Fund which are made through a Sub-Distributor must be sent by the Sub-Distributor to the Registrar & Transfer Agent. The application procedure is set out in Chapter 17 "How to Subscribe For, Convert, Transfer and Redeem Shares", hereafter.

> SETTLEMENT

Settlement for any application must be made within five Business Days following the Dealing Day on which the application has been accepted, as set out in Chapter 17 "How to Subscribe For, Convert, Transfer and Redeem Shares", hereafter, except for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and OMS – Lynx Real Assets. For these specific Sub-Funds, settlement for any application must be made within three Business Days following the applicable Dealing Day.

> CURRENCY OF PURCHASE

Payment can be made in the currency of the selected class of Shares of a Sub-Fund or in any other currency which can be readily exchanged for the currency of the selected class of Shares of a Sub-Fund. The necessary foreign exchange transaction will be arranged on behalf of the investor, and at the expense of the investor by the Registrar & Transfer Agent or the Principal Distributor.

6. THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Company has appointed OFI LUX to serve as its designated management company (the "Management Company") in accordance with the 2010 Law pursuant to a management company services agreement executed with effect as of 28 April 2006 (the "Management Company Services Agreement").

Under this agreement, the Management Company provides (i) investment management services, (ii) advice and allocation services, (iii) administrative agency, corporate and domiciliary agency, registrar and transfer agency services and (iv) marketing, principal distribution and sales services to the Company, subject to the overall supervision and control of the board of directors of the Management Company.

OFI LUX has been incorporated on 26 April 2006 as a public limited company (*société anonyme*) for an unlimited period of time under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg. Its articles have been published in the *Mémorial* on 13 July 2006. Its share capital amounts to Euro 200,000.- and has been fully paid-up. It is registered on the official list of Luxembourg management companies governed by Chapter 15 of the 2010 Law.

OFI LUX has also been appointed to act as Management Company of the SICAV Single Select Platform.

The Management Company is in charge of the day-to-day operations of the Company.

In fulfilling its responsibilities set forth by the 2010 Law and the Management Company Services Agreement, it is permitted to delegate all or a part of its functions and duties to third parties, provided that it retains responsibility and oversight over such delegates. The appointment of third parties is subject to the approval of the Company and the Regulatory Authority. The Management Company's liability shall not be affected by the fact that it has delegated its functions and duties to third parties.

The Management Company has delegated the following functions to third parties: investment management, advice, central administration, marketing and distribution.

The Management Company shall at all times act in the best interests of the shareholders and according to the provisions set forth by the 2010 Law, the Prospectus and the Articles.

The Management Company Services Agreement provides for a term of unlimited duration and may be terminated by either party upon three months' prior written notice. For its services, the Company will pay monthly compensation to the Management Company at the annual rates set forth in the section "Charges and Expenses".



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Subject to the overall responsibility of the Board of Directors, the Management Company will provide or procure for each Sub-Fund investment management services pursuant to the Management Company Services Agreement. Pursuant to such agreement, the Management Company has agreed to provide or procure for the Company the management services necessary for its operations.

In order to implement the investment policies of each Sub-Fund, the Management Company has delegated the management of the assets of each Sub-Fund to the Investment Multi-Managers listed in Appendix 3 pursuant to an Investment Multi-Management Agreement.

Among others, the Management Company shall have the responsibility of the selection of the Investment Multi-Managers, based on their proven expertise and/or strategies in a specific field of asset management, the allocation of assets for investment amongst them and shall perform monitoring functions over the Sub-Funds' assets entrusted to these Investment Multi-Managers, including the compliance by the Company with the overall investment policy and investment restrictions, provided however that the Directors shall also be in charge of ensuring compliance with the overall investment policy and investment restrictions.

The Management Company has requested to be assisted to monitor compliance by the Investment Multi-Managers with the overall investment guidelines and restrictions by J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., which has accepted to perform such monitoring duties on the terms agreed in the Administration Agreement between the Management Company and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., and as may be further agreed between the parties.

The statutory provision relating to the termination of the Management Company Services Agreement and the replacement of the Management Company may only be amended or cancelled by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 3/4 of the Shares of the Company, present or represented at a general meeting of shareholders at which the holders of at least 3/4 of the Shares issued and outstanding in the Company are present or represented and voting.

Such quorum and majority requirements must be met by any general meeting of shareholders convened for such purpose.

7. PRINCIPAL DISTRIBUTOR

Under a Principal Distribution Agreement executed with effect as of 28 April 2006, OFI Palmarès has been appointed to act as principal distributor of the Shares of each class in each Sub-Fund (the "Principal Distributor"). As from 31 December 2006, OFI Asset Management has taken over the functions of OFI Palmarès, as principal distributor, due to an internal reorganisation of the OFI Group.

OFI Asset Management having its registered office at 20-22, rue Vernier 75017 Paris, France. OFI Asset Management provides investment services to institutional, corporate or third party investors. With Euro 16 billion assets under management, OFI Asset Management offers a full range of investment solutions: traditional and alternative investments, multi-management, fund manager selection, absolute return, credit, discretionary managed accounts. OFI Asset Management benefits from the support of its solid shareholders base composed by the main French Mutual Insurance Companies.

The Principal Distributor may delegate at its own costs such functions as it deems appropriate under the Principal Distribution Agreement to any other Sub-Distributor permitted to be a Sub-Distributor of the Shares by the competent authority in the jurisdiction of the Sub-Distributor.

The Company, the Management Company and the Principal Distributor will at all times comply with any obligations imposed by any applicable laws, rules and regulations with respect to money laundering prevention and, in particular, with the law dated 12 November 2004 on the combat against money laundering and terrorist financing, the Grand-Ducal decree dated 1 February 2010, CSSF Regulation No 12-02 dated 14 December 2012 and CSSF Circular 13/556 on money laundering, as they may be amended or revised from time to time.

The Principal Distributor and the Sub-Distributors may be involved in the collection of subscription, conversion and redemption orders on behalf of the Company and any of the Sub-Funds and may, in that case, subject to local law in countries where Shares are offered and with the agreement of the respective Shareholders, provide a nominee service to investors purchasing Shares through them. The Principal Distributor and the Sub-Distributors may only provide such a nominee service to investors if they are (i) professionals of the financial sector subject to supervision and are resident in (i) a member state of the European Economic Area or (ii) of the European Union or (iii) have adopted money laundering rules equivalent to those imposed by Luxembourg law in order to prevent the use of financial system for the purpose of money laundering or (ii) professionals of the financial sector being a branch or qualifying subsidiary of an eligible intermediary referred to under (i), provided that such eligible intermediary is, pursuant to its national legislation or by virtue of a statutory or professional obligation pursuant to a group policy, obliged to impose the same identification duties on its branches and subsidiaries situated abroad. Investors shall have the possibility, upon request, to invest directly in the Company without using a nominee service. Investors may elect to make use of such nominee service pursuant to which the nominee will hold the Shares in its name for and on behalf of the investors, who shall be entitled at any time to claim direct title to the Shares, and who, in order to empower the nominee to vote at any general meeting of shareholders, shall provide the nominee with specific or general voting instructions to that effect.

The Principal Distributor has the right to transfer Shares held by it for its own account in satisfaction of applications by Shareholders for subscription of Shares and to purchase Shares for its own account in satisfaction of redemption requests received by the Principal Distributor from Shareholders. In such cases, it may not price subscriptions and repurchase orders addressed to it on less favourable terms than those that would be applied to such orders had they been directly processed by the Company or the Registrar & Transfer Agent and it must regularly notify to the Registrar & Transfer Agent the orders executed by them where such orders relate to registered securities, in order to ensure (i) that the data relating to investors are updated in the register of shareholders and (ii) that the confirmations of investment may be forwarded to the new investors.



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

The Principal Distribution Agreement may be terminated by either party at any time, without penalty, on giving 30 days' prior written notice thereof delivered or dispatched by registered mail by the one to the other party.

8. THE INVESTMENT AND ALLOCATION ADVISOR

By an Advice Agreement executed with effect as of 28 April 2006, OFI Palmarès has undertaken to provide investment and allocation advice services to the Company. As from 31 December 2006, OFI Asset Management has taken over the functions of OFI Palmarès, as investment and allocation advisor, due to an internal reorganisation of the OFI Group.

OFI Asset Management, having its registered office at 20-22, rue Vernier, 75017 PARIS, has been incorporated in France on 17 February 1992. As of 31 December 2013, its capital amounted to Euro 3,257,163. Its licensed code is GP 92-12.

For the purpose of diversifying investment styles, the Investment and Allocation Advisor shall advise the Management Company in appointing several investment managers (individually an "Investment Manager" and collectively the "Investment Multi-Managers") to collectively provide investment management services in relation to each Sub-Fund's assets. Pursuant to the above mentioned Advice Agreement, OFI Asset Management shall assist the Management Company in allocating and re-allocating the Sub-Funds' assets to the Investment Multi-Managers. Furthermore, OFI Asset Management, shall assist the Management Company in its responsibility for the compliance by the Investment Multi-Managers with the investment restrictions on a consolidated basis.

In consideration for its services, the Management Company shall pay a service fee to OFI Asset Management, which is payable monthly in arrears and calculated as a percentage figure of the average net assets of the Sub-Funds managed, as determined from time to time in the Advice Agreement, provided that such fee shall not, in relation to each class of Shares, exceed the Maximum Management Charge set out in chapter 16 "Shares" hereinafter.

The Advice Agreement may be terminated by either the Management Company or OFI Asset Management upon 30 days' prior written notice to the other party, given by registered mail with acknowledgement of receipt.

9. THE INVESTMENT ADVISOR

By an Advice Agreement executed with effect as of 21 January 2011, Lepercq Lynx Investment Advisory has undertaken to provide OFI LUX with recommendations in respect of investments by the sub-fund Lynx Real Assets.

Lepercq Lynx Investment Advisory is a Washington, DC based investment consulting firm that has operated since 1992, provides asset allocation and portfolio modeling, investment policy construction, manager searches, performance reporting and other investment consulting services. The firm is also actively engaged in managing multi-manager limited partnerships in the United States and in Europe. The Investment Manager is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Lepercq Lynx Investment Advisory has its registered office at 1100 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20036.

In consideration for its services, Lepercq Lynx Investment Advisory shall receive a service fee from OFI LUX out of its management fee. The Advice Agreement shall be concluded for an unlimited period.

10. THE INVESTMENT MULTI-MANAGERS

The Management Company has entered into Investment Multi-Management Agreements with each of the Investment Multi-Managers listed in Appendix 3. The Investment Multi-Management Agreements were signed for an unlimited duration unless and until terminated by either party upon prior 30 day's notice to the other parties, given by registered mail with acknowledgement of receipt. An Investment Manager may, from time to time, be replaced by another Investment Manager, but the replacing Investment Manager may only be chosen from the listing of Investment Multi-Managers provided in Appendix 3. This Prospectus will be updated prior to any appointment of a new Investment Manager which is not listed in Appendix 3. The identity of each of the Investment Multi-Managers and the name of the Sub-Fund(s) and information on the allocated assets which each of them manages may be obtained at the registered office of the Company and is furthermore disclosed in the financial reports of the Company.

Each of the Investment Multi-Managers has been selected by the Management Company upon its proven expertise and/or strategies in a specific field of professional asset management to manage such part of the Company's and Sub-Funds' assets as are allocated to them from time to time.

Each of the Investment Multi-Managers shall apply to that part of the Company's and Sub-Funds' assets under its management such investment policy, limitations, financial techniques and instruments as specified in this Prospectus or such further restrictions as instructed by an authorised officer from the Management Company, from time to time. The overall investment guidelines and restrictions set forth in Appendix 1 of this Prospectus take precedence over any other guidelines and restrictions agreed from time to time to time to the extent such other guidelines and restrictions are conflicting with the investment guidelines and restrictions set forth in the Prospectus.



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

The management of the assets of the Company is effected under the control and the responsibility of the Management Company.

While the Investment Multi-Managers are at all times subject to the direction of the Management Company, the various Investment Multi-Management Agreements provide that the Investment Multi-Managers are responsible for the management of the assets allocated to them by the Management Company. The responsibility for making decisions to buy, sell or hold a particular asset rests with the Investment Manager concerned. The Investment Multi-Managers, in providing portfolio management for the Company, will consider analysis from various sources, make the necessary investment decisions and place transactions accordingly.

Each Investment Multi-Manager is entitled to receive from the Company, in relation to the management of the assets of each Sub-Fund allocated to it, a fee payable monthly in arrears, calculated as a percentage figure of the average daily Net Asset Value of the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund(s) under its management, as specified from time to time in the relevant Investment Multi-Management Agreement. If any fees are paid to the Investment Multi-Managers out of the net assets of any Sub-Fund, such fees shall be deducted from the Management Company' service fee and may not in the aggregate exceed the Maximum Management Charge in relation to the relevant Class of Shares set out in chapter 16 "Shares" hereinafter.

The Investment Multi-Managers may effect transactions or arrange for the effecting of transactions through brokers with whom they have "soft commission" arrangements. The benefits provided under such arrangements will assist the Investment Multi-Managers in the provision of investment services to the Company. Specifically, the Investment Multi-Managers may agree that a broker shall be paid a commission in excess of the amount another broker would have charged for effecting such transaction as long as the broker agrees to provide "best execution" to the Company and, in the good faith judgment of the Investment Multi-Managers the amount of the commissions is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and other services provided or paid for by such broker. Such services, which may take the form of research services, quotation services, news wire services, portfolio and trade analysis software systems, special execution and clearance capabilities, may, in addition to being used for the Company, also be used by the Investment Multi-Managers in connection with transactions in which the Company will not participate.

The soft commission arrangements are subject to the following conditions: (i) the Investment Multi-Managers will act at all times in the best interest of the Company when entering into soft commission arrangements; (ii) the services provided will be in direct relationship to the activities of the Investment Multi-Managers; (iii) brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Company will be directed by the Investment Multi-Managers to broker-dealers that are entities and not to individuals; and (iv) the Investment Multi-Managers will provide reports to the Directors with respect to soft commission arrangements including the nature of the services it receives.

11. THE ADMINISTRATION AGENT

The Management Company has undertaken under the Management Company Services Agreement to provide the Company with certain administration services, including calculation of the Net Asset Value, assisting in the preparation and filing of financial reports, domiciliation services and registrar and transfer agency services (referred to in this Prospectus for the provision of registrar and transfer agency services as the "Registrar and Transfer Agent").

The Management Company has delegated certain administration services to J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. (the "Administration Agent") pursuant to an Administration Agreement executed with effect as of 28 April 2006 entered into between the Management Company and the Administration Agent.

In consideration for its services, the Administration Agent shall be paid a fee as determined from time to time in the Administration Agreement. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either the Management Company or the Administration Agent upon three months' prior written notice.

12. THE CUSTODIAN

Under a Custodian Agreement dated 12 February 2004, J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. (in such capacity, the "Custodian") has undertaken to provide custodian services for safekeeping the Company's assets. The Custodian is responsible for holding the assets of the Company on behalf of the shareholders in segregated accounts or deposits. The Custodian is also required to:

- a) ensure that the sale, issue, redemption, conversion and cancellation of Shares effected for the account of the Company are carried out in accordance with applicable laws and the Articles of Incorporation;
- b) ensure that in transactions relating to the Company's assets, any consideration is remitted to it within the usual time limits; and
- c) ensure that the Company's income is applied in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation.

In consideration for its services, the Custodian shall be paid a fee as determined from time to time in the Custodian Agreement. The Custodian Agreement may be terminated by either the Company or the Custodian upon three months' prior written notice.

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. is a credit establishment incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. As of 31 December 2013, its share capital and reserves amounted to USD 1,039,453,645.-.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

13. Investment objectives

➤ GENERAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The Company aims to provide a choice of Sub-Funds investing in a range of Transferable Securities and such other financial assets permitted by law. The objective of the Sub-Funds is to achieve a long-term total return by investing principally in a broad range of equities, equity-linked securities, notes and bonds according to the investment policy of each Sub-Fund as set out in Chapter 14 "Summary of the Sub-Funds" hereinafter.

The Directors may, at their discretion, alter investment objectives provided that any material change in the investment objectives is notified to shareholders at least one month prior to effecting such a change in order to enable shareholders to request redemption or conversion of their Shares, free of charge, during such period. In addition, this Prospectus shall be updated accordingly.

For hedging purposes, the Company may seek to protect the asset value of the different Sub-Funds through hedging strategies consistent with the Sub-Funds' investment objectives by utilising techniques and instruments, in particular currency options, forward contracts and futures contracts, within the limits provided in the Appendix 1, Section II "Investment Techniques and Instruments". In addition, each Sub-Fund may hold on an ancillary basis liquid assets.

For the purposes of efficient portfolio management of the assets of the Sub-Funds and investment purposes, the Sub-Funds may use financial derivative instruments as further set out in the investment policy of the relevant Sub-Fund.

Even under unusual circumstances, they should not result in a violation of the investment objectives or in a change of the investment characteristics of a Sub-Fund. The board of directors shall decide whether a Sub-Fund may either make use of an absolute or a relative value-at-risk approach in relation to the limitation of its global exposure. The exposure may further be increased by transitory borrowings not exceeding 10% of the assets of a Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Funds must comply with the limits and restrictions set forth under Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions".

PORTFOLIO RISK MANAGEMENT

In order to protect its present and future assets and liabilities against currency fluctuation, the Sub-Fund may enter into transactions the object of which is the purchase or sale of forward foreign exchange contracts, the purchase or sale of currency call or put options, the forward purchase or sale of currencies or the exchange of currencies on a mutual agreement basis provided that these transactions be made either on exchanges or over-the-counter with first class financial institutions specialising in these types of transactions and being participants of the over-the-counter markets.

Shareholders should understand that all investments involve risk and there can be no guarantee against loss resulting from an investment in any Sub-Fund(s), nor can there be any assurance that the Sub-Fund(s) investment objectives will be attained. The Management Company does not guarantee the performance or any future return of the Company or any of its Sub-Funds.

> Profile of the Typical Investor

OMS - US Equity, OMS - Europe SRI, OMS - BRICA (formerly denominated OMS - BRIC) and OMS - Lynx Real Assets

The Sub-Funds are suitable for retail investors who consider an investment fund as a convenient way of participating in capital market developments. They are also suitable for more experienced investors wishing to attain defined investment objectives. The investor must have experience with volatile products. The investor must be able to accept significant temporary losses, thus the Sub-Funds are suitable for investors who can afford to set aside the capital for at least 5 years. They are designed for the investment objective of building up capital. For investors holding a portfolio of securities, it can play the role of core position.

Class R Shares are offered to retail investors.

Class I Shares are offered to institutional investors.

Class I EUR H Shares are hedged shares offered to institutional investors.

Class I-XL EUR Shares are offered to institutional investors.

14. SUMMARY OF THE SUB-FUNDS

➤ OMS – US EQUITY

The Sub-Fund will seek to achieve capital appreciation by investing in U.S. equity securities, including common stocks, convertible bonds and warrants on equity securities and convertible bonds listed or dealt in on Other Regulated Markets in the U.S. The Sub-Fund's assets will be mainly invested as indicated above. The Sub-Fund's assets will mainly be invested in small to large sized US companies. It is expected that, in relation to securities mentioned above, this Sub-Fund will, on an ancillary basis, invest in new issues for which application for listing on a stock exchange or Other Regulated Market in the U.S. will be sought and achieved within one year of the issue, in accordance with the requirements set out in Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (4).



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

This Sub-Fund will be denominated in Euro.

This Sub-Fund uses the commitment approach to monitor and measure the global exposure.

➤ OMS - EUROPE SRI

The Sub-Fund will seek to achieve capital appreciation by selecting assets in line with sustainability and social responsible investments. To that end the Sub-Fund will principally invest in equity securities, including common stocks, convertible bonds and warrants on equity securities and convertible bonds listed or dealt in on Regulated Markets or Other Regulated Markets in Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom. The securities may be denominated in Euro or any other European currency. The Sub-Fund's assets will be mainly invested as indicated above. In addition and on an ancillary basis, the Sub-Fund may invest its assets in equity securities listed on Other Regulated Markets other than those listed above. It is expected that, in relation to securities mentioned above, this Sub-Fund will, on an ancillary basis, invest in new issues for which application for listing on a Regulated Market will be sought and achieved within one year of the issue, in accordance with the requirements set out in Appendix 1, Section "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (4). All the European transferable securities comprised within the portfolio of this Sub-Fund have been selected on the basis of a twofold analysis, i.e. financial and extra financial. In addition to their interesting stock exchange potential, the selected assets have either a high quality level regarding involvement in "Sustainable Development" or a significant dynamic for their quality development compared to sustainable development criteria.

This Sub-Fund will be denominated in Euro.

This Sub-Fund uses the commitment approach to monitor and measure the global exposure.

> OMS - BRICA

(FORMERLY DENOMINATED OMS - BRIC)

The Sub-Fund will seek to achieve capital appreciation by investing principally in equity securities including common stocks, convertible bonds and warrants on equity securities as well as ADRs and GDRs listed on Regulated Markets or on Other Regulated Markets in Russia, Brazil, India, China and Africa. The investments made by the Sub-Fund in Russia, Brazil, India, China and Africa will at any time amount to more than 50% of its net assets.

Investments in India will be made through access notes or participation notes (i.e. notes issued by credit institutions or similar issuers providing the holder thereof of the performance of the underlying equity securities) and listed on Regulated Markets or on Other Regulated Markets or directly on Regulated Markets in India.

Securities acquired on the Russian markets may not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets except if such investments are made on the Russian Trading System Stock Exchange or the Moscow Interbank Currency Exchange.

Investments in Africa may not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets.

The remaining assets of the Sub-Fund may be invested in any other emerging market and, in particular, up to 15% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund may be invested in Latin America countries, up to 15% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund may be invested in European emerging countries as defined by the MSCI EM Europe Index (including Turkey and excluding Russia) or in Ukraine, Baltic countries or republics of the former Soviet Union and up to 5% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund may be invested in Middle East countries as defined by S&P GCC Index.

It is expected that in relation to the securities mentioned above, the Sub-Fund will invest on an ancillary basis in new issues, for which application for listing on Other Regulated Markets in the United States of America will be sought and achieved within one year of the issue, in compliance with the requirements set out in Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (4).

The Sub-Fund will be denominated in Euro.

This Sub-Fund uses the commitment approach to monitor and measure the global exposure.

Investments are considered to be made in the above jurisdictions if they are made in relation to equity securities or the underlying thereof issued by issuers having their registered seat or a significant portion of their activities in these jurisdictions.

> OMS - LYNX REAL ASSETS

The Sub-Fund's investment objective is to achieve capital appreciation by investing in UCITS funds, other open or closed-ended UCIs and open or closed-ended listed exchange traded funds (ETFs), but also in equity securities, including common stocks, ADRs, GDRs, convertible bonds and warrants on equity securities, bonds, convertible bonds, structured financial instruments and exchange traded products (ETPs – such as exchange traded certificates (ETCs), exchange traded notes (ETNs)...) and Money Market Instruments listed or dealt in on Regulated Markets or Other Regulated Markets in the world.

The Sub-Fund's objective is to provide investors with diversified direct (e.g. through the investment in stock of listed companies (of all kind of market capitalization) whose business is related to one or more of the real asset classes, ETPs or bonds...) or indirect (e.g. through investment funds or ETFs...) exposure to real assets, including, but not limited to the following real asset classes: commodities (energy, timber, water, base metals, precious metals, mining....), infra-



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

structure, real estate, agriculture and inflation linked products (e.g. Government Inflation Protected Securities, Inflation ETFs and funds...). The Sub-Fund may however invest in other or additional real asset classes in the sole discretion of the Investment Manager, provided that these investments comply with the investment restrictions contained in Appendix 1 of the prospectus.

The Sub-Fund may invest in aggregate up to 30% of its net assets in units of UCIs (i.e. pooled investment vehicles such as mutual funds or non UCITS European funds....) within the meaning of Article 1, paragraph (2), item a) and b) of the Directive, whether situated in a Member State or in an Other State, provided that:

- such other UCIs are authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the Regulatory Authority to be equivalent to that laid down in Community law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured (currently the EU Member States, Jersey, Guernsey, Liechtenstein, Iceland, Norway, Switzerland, Hong-Kong, Singapore, Isle of Man, United States of America, Canada, Japan);
- the level of protection for unitholders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for unitholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and short sales of Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the Directive;
- the business of the other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
- no more than 10 % of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCIS or other UCIs.

UCITS or other UCIs shall be undertakings (i) the sole object of which is the collective investment in transferable securities and other liquid financial assets of capital raised from the public and which operate on the principle of risk-spreading and (ii) the units of which are, at the request of holders, repurchased or redeemed directly or indirectly, out of those undertakings' assets. UCITS and other UCIs shall comply with the investment restrictions contained in Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (5).

All or any portion of the Sub-Fund's net asset may be held in cash or cash equivalents in order to permit the Sub-Fund to satisfy redemption requests and for temporary defensive purposes during adverse market, economic or political conditions; however it is anticipated that such cash exposure will not generally represent more than 30% of the Sub-Fund's net assets.

It is expected that, in relation to securities mentioned above, the Sub-Fund will, on an ancillary basis, invest in new issues for which application for listing on a stock exchange or Other Regulated Market will be sought and achieved within one year of the issue, in accordance with the requirements set out in Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (4).

The Sub-Fund will invest in financial derivative instruments in accordance with the requirements set out in Appendix 1, Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", A) (7) of this Prospectus. The Sub-Fund will in particular use listed single name options, listed options on ETFs, index futures, Fx swaps and forwards and futures, interest rate futures, inflation linked derivatives such as inflation swaps.

Regarding the currency exchange risk, up to 30% of the Sub-Fund's assets may not be hedged.

The Sub-Fund will be denominated in Euro.

This Sub-Fund uses the commitment approach to monitor and measure the global exposure.

The Directors of the Company have decided that, in respect of all Sub-Funds (except the Sub-Fund OMS – Lynx Real Assets), not more than 10% of the assets of any Sub-Fund may in the aggregate be invested in UCITS or UCIs.

15. RISK FACTORS

➢ GENERAL

An investment in the Company involves certain risks. The investments within each Sub-Fund are subject to the risk that the NAV per Share of each Sub-Fund will fluctuate in response to changes in economic conditions, interest rates, and the market's perception of the securities held by the Sub-Funds; accordingly, no assurance can be given that the investment objectives will be achieved.

➤ INVESTING IN EQUITY SECURITIES

Investing in equity securities may offer a higher rate of return than those in short term and longer term debt securities. However, the risks associated with investments in equity securities may also be higher, because the investment performance of equity securities depends upon factors which are difficult to predict. Such factors include the possibility of sudden or prolonged market declines and risks associated with individual companies. The fundamental risk associated with any equity portfolio is the risk that the value of the investments it holds might decrease in value. Equity security values may fluctuate in response to the activities of an individual company or in response to general market and/or economic conditions. Historically, equity securities have provided greater long-term returns and have entailed greater short-term risks than other investment choices.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

The investment in securities of newer companies may be riskier than the investment in more established companies. The investment in warrants involves a greater degree of risk, as the greater volatility in the prices of warrants may result in greater volatility in the prices of Shares.

Investors shall be aware that the value of Shares may fall as well as rise and a shareholder on transfer or redemption of Shares or liquidation may not get back the amount initially invested. There can be no assurance that the investment objectives of the Sub-Fund will be achieved.

> INVESTMENTS IN DEBT SECURITIES

Debt securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligation (credit risk) and may also be subject to price volatility due to such factors as interest rate sensitivity, market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity (market risk).

➤ INVESTMENT IN MID AND SMALL CAP SECURITIES

To the extent a Sub-Fund invests in securities of medium sized and small capitalization companies, such Sub Funds' investments in smaller, newer companies may be riskier than investments in larger, more established companies. The stocks of medium-size and small companies are usually less stable in price and less liquid than the stocks of larger companies.

> Investment in Emerging Markets

For the Sub-Funds authorised to invest in emerging markets, investors should be aware that some markets in which Sub-Funds may invest are emerging markets subject to periods of growth, instability and change. The activity of custodian banks is not as developed in emerging countries and this may lead to difficulties in the liquidation and registration of transactions. The stock exchanges concerned are smaller and more volatile than the stock markets of more developed countries. A small number of issuers account for a large share of market capitalisation and quotation value of these exchanges. In the past, some of these exchanges have experienced substantial volatility of prices or were closed unexpectedly and for long periods of time. There is no quarantee that such events will not be repeated.

In emerging markets there is the risk of political or economic changes which could unfavourably influence the value of a Sub-Fund's investment.

In these regions, the risk that the main investment objective, i.e. appreciation of capital, will not be achieved is even more substantial.

> Investment in Russia and Ukraine

Equity investments in Russia and Ukraine are currently subject to certain risks with regard to the ownership and custody of securities. This results from the fact that no physical share certificates are issued and ownership of securities is evidenced by entries in the books of a company or its registrar (which is neither an agent nor responsible to the Custodian, other than by the local regulation).

No certificates representing shareholdings in Russian and Ukrainian companies will be held by the Custodian or any of its local correspondents or in an effective central depositary system.

Equity investments in Russia may also be settled using local depositories. Neither the Depository Clearing Company (DCC) nor the National Settlement Depository (NSD) is legally recognized as a central securities depository (CSD) or supported by legislation to protect finality of title. Like local custodians, DCC and NSD still have to register the equity positions with the registrar in their own nominee names. If concerns are raised regarding a specific investor, the whole nominee position in a depository could be frozen for a period of months until the investigation is complete. As a result, there is a risk that an investor could be restricted from trading because of another DCC or NSD account holder. At the same time, should an underlying registrar be suspended, investors settling through registrars cannot trade, but settlement between two depository accounts can take place. Any discrepancies between a registrar and the DCC or NSD records may impact corporate entitlements and potentially settlement activity of underlying clients.

Securities traded on the Moscow Stock Exchange MICEX-RTS (Moscow Stock Exchange) can be treated as investment in securities dealt in on a regulated market.

NSD has submitted to the Federal Service for Financial Markets (FSFM) application for receipt of CSD status along with partial supporting documentation. Once NSD and DCC complete their integration and CSD established and fully operational in the market, risk assessment should be revisited.

► INDIRECT COSTS

If a Sub-Fund invests in other UCITS and/or UCIs, these investments may entail a duplication of certain fees and expenses for the shareholders such as subscription, redemption, custodian, administration and management fees.

> WARRANTS

Investors should be aware of, and prepared to accept, the greater volatility in the prices of warrants which may result in greater volatility in the price of Shares. Thus, the nature of the warrants will involve shareholders in a greater degree of risk than is the case with conventional securities.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

> Investing in Derivatives Instruments

An investment in derivatives may involve additional risks for investors. These additional risks may arise as a result of any or all of the following: (i) leverage factors associated with transactions in the Sub-Funds; and/or (ii) the creditworthiness of the counterparties to such derivative transactions; and/or (iii) the potential illiquidity of the markets for derivative instruments. To the extent that derivative instruments are utilised for speculative purposes, the overall risk of loss of the Sub-Funds may be increased. To the extent that derivative instruments are utilised for hedging purposes, the risk of loss to the Sub-Funds may be increased where the value of the derivative instrument and the value of the security or position which it is hedging are insufficiently correlated.

> Investing in Structured Instruments

The Sub-Funds may invest in structured products. These include interests in entities organised solely for the purpose of restructuring the investment characteristics of certain other investments. These investments are purchased by the entities, which then issue the structured products backed by, or representing interests in, the underlying investments. The cash flow from the underlying investments may be apportioned amongst the newly issued products to create securities with different investment characteristics such as varying maturities, payment priorities or interest rate provisions, and the extent of the payments made with respect to structured investments depends on the amount of the cash flow from the underlying investments.

Structured products are subject to the risks associated with the underlying market or security, and may be subject to greater volatility than direct investments in the underlying market or security. Structured products may entail the risk of loss of principal and/or interest payments as a result of movements in the underlying market or security.

Structured products may be used to gain exposure to specific markets / sectors as deemed appropriate given the prevalent market conditions. Structured products may implement a view of one product / index / market or may express a view of one area versus another. The product may or may not offer an element of principal protection. OFI Asset Management may take advice from OFI Group companies when purchasing structured products; however the issuer may be a third party.

> COUNTERPARTY RISK

The Sub-Fund is subject to the risk of the insolvency of its counterparties.

In accordance with its investment objective and policy, a Sub-Fund may trade 'over-the-counter' (OTC) financial derivative instruments such as non-exchange traded futures and options, forwards, swaps or contracts for difference. Where a Sub-Fund enters into OTC derivative transactions it is exposed to increased credit and counterparty risk, which the relevant Investment Manager will aim to mitigate by the collateral arrangements. Entering into transactions on the OTC markets will expose the Sub-Fund to the credit of its counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of the contracts. In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency of a counterparty, the Sub-Fund could experience delays in liquidating the position and significant losses, including declines in the value of its investments during the period in which the Sub-Fund seeks to enforce its rights, inability to realise any gains on its investments during such period and fees and expenses incurred in enforcing its rights. There is also a possibility that the above agreements and derivative techniques are terminated due, for instance, to bankruptcy, supervening illegality or change in the tax or accounting laws relative to those at the time the agreement was originated.

> RISK RELATED TO THE EURO CURRENCY

Euro requires participation of multiple sovereign States forming the Euro zone and is therefore sensitive to the credit, general economic and political position of each such State including each State's actual and intended ongoing engagement with and/or support for the other sovereign States then forming the European Union, in particular those within the Euro zone. Changes in these factors might materially adversely impact the value of securities that the Company and each Sub-Fund has invested in. In particular, any default by a sovereign State on its Euro debts could have a material impact on any number of counterparties and any Sub-Funds that are exposed to such counterparties.

In the event of one or more countries leaving the Euro zone, Shareholders should be aware of the redenomination risk to the Sub-Fund's assets and obligations denominated in Euro being redenominated into either new national currencies or a new European currency unit. Redenomination risk may be affected by a number of factors including the governing law of the financial instrument in question, the method by which one or more countries leave the Euro zone, the mechanism and framework imposed by national governments and regulators as well as supranational organisations and interpretation by different courts of law. Any such redenomination might also be coupled with payment and/or capital controls and may have a material impact on the ability and/or willingness of entities to continue to make payments in Euro even where they may be contractually bound to do so, and enforcement of such debts may in practice become problematic even where legal terms appear to be favourable.

> SECURITIES LENDING, REPURCHASE OR REVERSE REPURCHASE TRANSACTIONS

The principal risk when engaging in securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions is the risk of default by a counterparty who has become insolvent or is otherwise unable or refuses to honour its obligations to return securities or cash to the Sub-Fund as required by the terms of the transaction. Counterparty risk is mitigated by the transfer or pledge of collateral in favour of the Sub-Fund. However, securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions may not be fully collateralised. Fees and returns due to the Sub-Fund under securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions may not be collateralised. In addition, the value of collateral may decline in between collateral rebalancing dates or may be



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

incorrectly determined or monitored. In such a case, if a counterparty defaults, the Sub-Fund may need to sell non-cash collateral received at prevailing market prices, thereby resulting in a loss to the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund may also incur a loss in reinvesting cash collateral received. Such a loss may arise due to a decline in the value of the investments made. A decline in the value of such investments would reduce the amount of collateral available to be returned by the Sub-Fund to the counterparty as required by the terms of the transaction. The Sub-Fund would be required to cover the difference in value between the collateral originally received and the amount available to be returned to the counterparty, thereby resulting in a loss to the Sub-Fund.

Securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions also entail operational risks such as the non-settlement or delay in settlement of instructions and legal risks related to the documentation used in respect of such transactions.

A Sub-Fund may enter into securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions with other companies in the same group of companies as the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager. Affiliated counterparties, if any, will perform their obligations under any securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions concluded with the Sub-Fund in a commercially reasonable manner. In addition, the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager will select counterparties and enter into transactions in accordance with best execution and at all times in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and its investors. However, investors should be aware that the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager may face conflicts between its role and its own interests or that of affiliated counterparties.

16. SHARES

> FORMS OF HOLDING

Shares of each class have no par value, are freely transferable and, within each class, are entitled to participate equally in the profits arising in the respect of, and in the proceeds of a liquidation of, the Sub-Fund to which they are attributable. All classes of Shares are issued in registered form. Fractions of Shares may be issued up to one hundredth of a Share. Fractions of Shares have no voting rights but are entitled to participate equally in the profits arising in the respect of, and in the proceeds of a liquidation of, the Sub-Fund to which they are entitled. There are currently four classes of Shares available, namely class R, class I, class I EUR H and class I-XL EUR Shares. Class R and Class I Shares shall be denominated in the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund and, where applicable, in US Dollar. Class I EUR H and class I-XL EUR Shares shall be denominated in Euro. The differences between these Share classes relate to the minimum investment, the initial subscription price per Share, the type of investor who is eligible to invest, the charging structure applicable to each of them, their currency of denomination or the use of hedging techniques.

> CLASS R SHARES

Class R Shares will be offered at the applicable Net Asset Value per Share plus a sales charge of up to 5% of the Net Asset Value per Share of the class. The charge will be paid to the Principal Distributor or to the relevant Sub-Distributor. No redemption charge will be applicable to this class of Shares. Class R Shares will be denominated in the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund (class R Euro Share) but may also, as the case may be, be expressed in US Dollars (class R US Dollar Share). The initial minimum amount for which an investor can subscribe is Euro 1,000. In the case of subscription for shares denominated in US Dollars, the initial minimum amount for which an investor can subscribe is US Dollar 1,000.-. Class R Shares have a Maximum Management Charge calculated by reference to the average daily net assets of the relevant class as set out in the chart hereinafter.

➤ CLASS | SHARES

Class I Shares and class I EUR H Shares will be offered to Institutional Investors at the applicable Net Asset Value per Share plus a sales charge of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share of the class. The charge will be paid to the Principal Distributor or to the relevant Sub-Distributor. No redemption charge will be applicable to this class of Shares. As further described below in sub-section "Other Currency Shares", class I Shares will be denominated in the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund (class I Euro Share) but may also, as the case may be, be expressed in US Dollars (class I US Dollar Share). The initial minimum amount for which an investor can subscribe is Euro 50,000. In the case of subscription of Shares denominated in US Dollars, the initial minimum amount for which an investor can subscribe is US Dollar 50,000.-. Subscription to class I Shares and class I EUR H Shares is restricted to Institutional Investors. Class I Shares and class I EUR H Shares have a Maximum Management Charge calculated by reference to the average daily net assets of the relevant class as set out in the chart hereinafter.

The Directors will not give effect to any issue or transfer of Shares that would result in a non-Institutional Investor becoming a Shareholder in the Company.

The Directors may, in their full discretion, prohibit the issue or the transfer of Shares, if there is not sufficient evidence that the person or company to whom the Shares are sold or transferred is an Institutional Investor for the purpose of the 2010 Law.

> CLASS I-XL EUR SHARES

Class I-XL EUR Shares will be offered to Institutional Investors at the applicable Net Asset Value per Share plus a sales charge of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share of the class. The charge will be paid to the Principal Distributor or to the relevant Sub-Distributor. No redemption charge will be applicable to this class of Shares. As further described below in sub-section "Other Currency Shares", class I-XL EUR Shares will be denominated in Euro. The initial mini-



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

mum amount for which an investor can subscribe is Euro 5,000,000.-. In the case of subscription of Shares denominated in US Dollars, the initial minimum amount for which an investor can subscribe is US Dollar 5,000,000.-. Subscription to class I-XL EUR Shares is restricted to Institutional Investors. Class I-XL EUR Shares have a Maximum Management Charge calculated by reference to the average daily net assets of the relevant class as set out in the chart hereinafter.

The Directors will not give effect to any issue or transfer of Shares that would result in a non-Institutional Investor becoming a Shareholder in the Company.

The Directors may, in their full discretion, prohibit the issue or the transfer of Shares, if there is not sufficient evidence that the person or company to whom the Shares are sold or transferred is an Institutional Investor for the purpose of the 2010 Law.

> OTHER CURRENCY SHARES

US Dollar Shares

In circumstances where the reference currency of the Sub-Fund is not US Dollars, as indicated above in chapter 14 "Summary of the Sub-Funds", the Company may make available Shares which are denominated in US Dollars. Subscriptions received in US Dollars shall be converted into the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund at the currency exchange rate prevailing on the Business Day on which the subscription price is calculated. Such rate will be obtained from an independent source. Similarly, redemption requests made in respect of the US Dollar Share class shall be processed by converting such redemption request from the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund at the currency exchange rate prevailing on the Business Day on which the redemption price is calculated. It should be noted that US Dollar Shares are in principle not hedged and that as a result fluctuations in exchange rates may affect the performance of the Shares of that class independent of the performance of the relevant Sub-Fund's investments.

Where Shares of a Sub-Fund are available in a class which is priced in US Dollars rather than in Euro, investors in Shares of that class should note that the net asset value of the Sub-Fund will be calculated in Euro and that for the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value per Share of the US Dollar Shares, the Net Asset Value per Share will be converted from Euro into US Dollar at the current exchange rate between Euro and US Dollar. Fluctuations in that exchange rate may affect the performance of the Shares of that class independent of the performance of the Sub-Fund's investments. The costs of currency exchange transactions in connection with the purchase, redemption and exchange of Shares of that class will be borne by the relevant class of Shares and will be reflected in the net asset value of that class.

At present, it is possible to subscribe for class I Shares denominated in Euro (class I Euro Share) or denominated in US Dollars (class I US Dollar Share) in relation to the Sub-Funds OMS – US Equity and OMS – Lynx Real Assets, and to subscribe for class R Shares denominated in Euro (class R Euro share) or denominated in US Dollars (class R US Dollar share) in relation to the Sub-Fund OMS – US Equity.

At present, it is possible to subscribe for class I Shares denominated in Euro (class I Euro Share) in relation to the Sub-Funds OMS – Europe SRI and OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRICA), and to subscribe for class R Shares denominated in Euro (class R Euro share) in relation to the sub-funds OMS – Europe SRI and OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC).

It is possible to subscribe for class I-XL EUR Shares denominated in Euro (Class I-XL EUR Shares) in relation to the Sub-Fund OMS – Lynx Real Assets and OMS – BRICA as described in Section 17 hereof.

➤ HEDGE SHARE CLASSES

The Company will seek to hedge the Class I EUR H Shares back from the relevant sub-fund's investments to the currency denomination of such sub-fund by employing a variety of instruments described in Appendix 1 including, but not limited to, currency forwards, currency futures, currency option transactions and currency swaps. The Company will endeavour that the class I EUR H shares are at any time hedged at least up to 95%, having as objective to fully hedge this share class; there is however no assurance or guarantee that such hedging will be effective. Any expenses arising from such hedging transactions will be borne by the relevant hedged share class.

At present, it is possible to subscribe for a hedged share class denominated in Euro ("Class I EUR H") within the sub-fund OMS – US Equity.

➤ CHARGES

CLASS R	CHARGES			
Sub-Funds	Sales	Conversion	Management	Outperfor- mance fees
OMS - US Equity	Up to 5%	Up to 1%	1.90%	10% above S&P 500 Total Return EUR. (SPXT Index)
OMS – Europe SRI	Up to 5%	Up to 1%	1.90%	10% above DJ STOXX 600 Total Return

PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

				EUR. (SXXR Index)
OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC)	Up to 5 %	Up to 1%	2.40%	15% above MSCI BRIC
CLASSI		CHARGES		
Sub-Funds	Sales	Conversion	Management	Outperfor- mance fees
OMS - US Equity	Up to 1%	Nil	1.10%	10% above S&P 500 Total Returr EUR. (SPXT Index)
OMS – Europe SRI	Up to 1%	Nil	1.10%	10% above DJ STOXX 600 Total Return EUR. (SXXR Index)
OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC)	Up to 1%	Nil	1.80%	15% above MSCI BRIC
OMS – Lynx Real Assets	Up to 1%	Nil	1.50%	10% above Eurostat Harmonisec Index of Consumer Prices – Excluding Tobacco & Non Seasonally increased by 3% per annum
CLASS I EUR H	(CHARGES		
Sub-Funds	Sales	Conversion	Management	Outperfor- mance fees
OMS - US Equity	Up to 1%	Nil	1.10%	10% above S&P 500 Total Return EUR. (SPXT Index)
CLASS I-XL EUR CHARGES				
Sub-Funds	Sales	Conversion	Management	Outperfor- mance fees
OMS-Lynx Real Assets	Up to 1%	Nii	1.10%	10% above Eurostat Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices – Excluding Tobacco & Non Seasonally increased by 3% per annum
OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC)	Up to 1%	Nil	1.30%	15% above MSCI BRIC

The Maximum Management Charge is the aggregate maximum of all fees that are payable monthly in arrears to the Management Company as well as to the Investment Multi-Managers.

The fees paid directly to the Investment Multi-Managers by the Company in relation to the relevant Class of Shares are deducted from the fees paid to the Management Company.

The Sales Charge is the subscription fee which is paid by investors to the Principal Distributor or to the relevant Sub-Distributor in order to subscribe for Shares in the Company.

The Conversion Charge is a charge which may be levied at discretion by the Principal Distributor or the relevant Sub-Distributor (if authorised by the Principal Distributor) upon investors requesting conversion of their Shares, within the limits set out in the chart above.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Indirect Fees to be paid by the OMS - Lynx Real Assets:

No subscription or redemption fee may be charged on account of the Sub-Fund's investment in the units of other UCITS and/or UCIs that are managed directly or by delegation by the Investment Multi-Manager or by any other company with which the Investment Multi-Manager is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding. If and when the Sub-Fund invests a substantial proportion of its assets in UCITS and/or UCIs, the maximum level of cumulated management fees of both the Sub-Fund and the target UCITS and/or UCIs shall be 4%.

In addition, an outperformance fee will be paid to the Management Company in respect of the sub-funds OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and OMS – Lynx Real Assets.

A) OMS - Europe SRI

An outperformance fee is charged above the performance of DJ STOXX 600 Total Return calculated in euro (the "Benchmark Index" – SXXR Index) in respect of this Sub-Fund.

Introduction:

The Management Company will charge an outperformance fee when there is a positive return compared to the Benchmark Index; then the fee is calculated as follows:

For each valuation period during which the calculated return is greater than that of the Benchmark Index, a fee equal to 10% of the outperformance is deducted as set out in the chart above.

When calculating this return, by "valuation period" the Sub-Fund's fiscal year is taken into consideration. The calculation is reset to zero at the beginning of each fiscal year.

As an exception, to the extent the outperformance fees are newly set-up, the first valuation period begins on the Sub-Fund's first NAV calculated with outperformance fees, and ends on the last day of the fiscal year in progress.

Outperformance calculation:

The outperformance in the reference currency represents the difference between:

- the Net Asset Value (NAV) on a particular day, including fixed fees (management fees, administration fees, subscription fees, etc. as listed in the Sub-Fund's description), but not including any provisions for cumulated previous outperformance fees; noted by *NAVex* and
- the theoretical benchmarked NAV on that same day including the Benchmark Index's performance and the effects of subscriptions and redemptions; noted by *NAVind*.

Therefore, the outperformance in the reference currency is determined on each NAV calculation day as follows:

Pf (i) = NAVex (i) - NAVind (i)

Where:

Pf (i) = the difference in the fund's return on day i between NAVex (i) and NAVind (i), in the reference currency NAVex (i) = NAVex on day i
NAVind (i) = NAVind on day i

Outperformance fee:

The outperformance fee is provisioned for on each NAV calculation date. Accounting for outperformance fee provisions includes both allocations and reversals, as a reversal could occur if the return difference calculated on a particular day, *Pf (i)*, is negative. Provisions are limited to a maximum of 0,50% of the NAV when performance is negative.

When performance is negative, provisions for outperformance fees is limited to a maximum of 0,50% of the NAV.

For partial redemptions made during the fiscal year, the amount of the provisions for the daily outperformance fee that is retained by the Management Company is proportional to the number of shares redeemed. This retained fee will then become a definitive charge in the NAV on the day following the redemption.

When accounting for outperformance fees retained on partial redemptions during the fiscal year, the NAVind is also reduced by this retained outperformance fee.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Apart from partial redemptions occurring during the fiscal year, the outperformance fee is collected by the Management Company on the fiscal year closing date. The final value of this fee, deducted at the end of the fiscal year, is the cumulated provision prevailing on the last day of the fiscal year, denominated in the reference currency.

For the avoidance of doubt, any reference to a benchmark in relation to the performance fee calculation should under no circumstances be considered indicative of a specific investment style. It should be noted that as the total Net Asset Value may differ between Classes, separate performance fee calculations will be carried out for separate Classes, which therefore may become subject to different amounts of performance fees.

B) OMS – US Equity

An outperformance fee is charged above the performance of S&P 500 Total Return Index (the "Benchmark Index" – SPXT Index) for the USD and EUR H share classes and the Benchmark Index calculated in euro for the EUR share classes, in respect of this Sub-Fund.

Introduction:

The Management Company will charge an outperformance fee when there is a positive return compared to the Benchmark Index; then the fee is calculated as follows:

For each valuation period during which the calculated return is greater than that of the Benchmark Index, a fee equal to 10% of the outperformance is deducted as set out in the chart above.

When calculating this return, by "valuation period" the Sub-Fund's fiscal year is taken into consideration. The calculation is reset to zero at the beginning of each fiscal year.

As an exception, to the extent the outperformance fees are newly set-up, the first valuation period begins on the Sub-Fund's first NAV calculated with outperformance fees, and ends on the last day of the fiscal year in progress.

Outperformance calculation:

The outperformance in the reference currency represents the difference between:

- the Net Asset Value (NAV) on a particular day, including fixed fees (management fees, administration fees, subscription fees, etc. as listed in the Sub-Fund's description), but not including any provisions for cumulated previous outperformance fees; noted by *NAVex* and
- the theoretical benchmarked NAV on that same day including the Benchmark Index's performance and the effects of subscriptions and redemptions; noted by *NAVind*.

Therefore, the outperformance in the reference currency is determined on each NAV calculation day as follows:

Pf (i) = NAVex (i) - NAVind (i)

Where:

Pf (i) = the difference in the fund's return on day i between NAVex (i) and NAVind (i), in the reference currency NAVex (i) = NAVex on day i
NAVind (i) = NAVind on day i

Outperformance fee:

The outperformance fee is provisioned for on each NAV calculation date. Accounting for outperformance fee provisions includes both allocations and reversals, as a reversal could occur if the return difference calculated on a particular day, *Pf (i)*, is negative. Provisions are limited to a maximum of 0,50% of the NAV when performance is negative.

For partial redemptions made during the fiscal year, the amount of the provisions for the daily outperformance fee that is retained by the Management Company is proportional to the number of shares redeemed. This retained fee will then become a definitive charge in the NAV on the day following the redemption.

When accounting for outperformance fees retained on partial redemptions during the fiscal year, the NAVind is also reduced by this retained outperformance fee.

Apart from partial redemptions occurring during the fiscal year, the outperformance fee is collected by the Management Company on the fiscal year closing date. The final value of this fee, deducted at the end of the fiscal year, is the cumulated provision prevailing on the last day of the fiscal year, denominated in the reference currency.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

For the avoidance of doubt, any reference to a benchmark in relation to the performance fee calculation should under no circumstances be considered indicative of a specific investment style. It should be noted that as the total Net Asset Value may differ between Classes, separate performance fee calculations will be carried out for separate Classes, which therefore may become subject to different amounts of performance fees.

C) OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC)

An outperformance fee is charged above the performance of the MSCI BRIC in respect of this sub-fund.

Introduction:

The Management Company will charge an outperformance fee when there is a positive return compared to the above benchmark; then the fee is calculated as follows:

For each valuation period during which the calculated return is greater than that of the benchmark, a fee equal to 15% of the outperformance is deducted as set out in the chart above.

When calculating this return, by "valuation period" the sub-fund's fiscal year is taken into consideration. The calculation is reset to zero at the beginning of each fiscal year.

As an exception, to the extent the sub-fund is newly created, the first valuation period begins on the sub-fund's first NAVPS calculation date, and ends on the last day of the fiscal year in progress.

Outperformance calculation:

The outperformance in the reference currency represents the difference between:

- the Net Asset Value per Share (NAVPS) on a particular day, including fixed fees (management fees, administration fees, subscription fees, etc. as listed in the sub-fund's description), but not including any provisions for cumulated previous outperformance fees; noted by *NAVex*

and

- the theoretical benchmarked NAVPS on that same day including the benchmark's performance and the effects of subscriptions and redemptions; noted by *NAVind*.

Therefore, the outperformance in the reference currency is determined on each NAVPS calculation day as follows:

Pf (i) = NAVex (i) - NAVind (i)

Where:

Pf (i) = the difference in the fund's return on day i between NAVex (i) and NAVind (i), in the reference currency NAVex (i) = NAVex on day i
NAVind (i) = NAVind on day i

Outperformance fee:

The outperformance fee is provisioned for on each NAVPS calculation date. Accounting for outperformance fee provisions includes both allocations and reversals, as a reversal could occur if the return difference calculated on a particular day, Pf(i), is negative. Provisions are limited at zero (no negative provisions).

No provisions for outperformance fees are made if the NAVPS is less than the NAVPS at the start of the valuation period.

For partial redemptions made during the fiscal year, the amount of the provisions for the daily outperformance fee that is retained by the Management Company is proportional to the number of shares redeemed. This retained fee will then become a definitive charge in the NAVPS on the day following the redemption.

When accounting for outperformance fees retained on partial redemptions during the fiscal year, the NAVind is also reduced by this retained outperformance fee.

A majorant fee is the maximum fee that could be deducted or provisioned for, such that the NAVPS is not less than its minimal reference value (i.e., the NAVPS at the start of the fiscal year) after deducting these fees.

Apart from partial redemptions occurring during the fiscal year, the outperformance fee is collected by the Management Company on the fiscal year closing date. The final value of this fee, deducted at the end of the fiscal year, is the cumulated provision prevailing on the last day of the fiscal year, denominated in the reference currency.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

D) OMS - Lynx Real Assets

An outperformance fee is charged above the performance of the Eurostat Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices – excluding Tobacco and non-seasonally increased by 3% per annum in respect of this sub-fund.

Introduction:

The Management Company will charge an outperformance fee when there is a positive return compared to the above benchmark increased by 3% per annum; then the fee is calculated as follows:

For each valuation period during which the calculated return is greater than that of the benchmark increased by 3% per annum, a fee equal to 10% of the outperformance is deducted as set out in the chart above.

When calculating this return, by "valuation period" the sub-fund's fiscal year is taken into consideration. The calculation is reset to zero at the beginning of each fiscal year.

As an exception, to the extent the sub-fund is newly created, the first valuation period begins on the sub-fund's first NAVPS calculation date, and ends on the last day of the fiscal year in progress.

Outperformance calculation:

The outperformance in the reference currency represents the difference between:

- the Net Asset Value per Share (NAVPS) on a particular day, including fixed fees (management fees, administration fees, subscription fees, etc. as listed in the sub-fund's description), but not including any provisions for cumulated previous outperformance fees; noted by *NAVex*

and

- the theoretical benchmarked NAVPS on that same day including the benchmark's performance and the effects of subscriptions and redemptions; noted by *NAVind*.

Therefore, the outperformance in the reference currency is determined on each NAVPS calculation day as follows:

Pf (i) = NAVex (i) - NAVind (i)

Where:

Pf (i) = the difference in the fund's return on day i between NAVex (i) and NAVind (i), in the reference currency NAVex (i) = NAVex on day i
NAVind (i) = NAVind on day i

Outperformance fee:

The outperformance fee is provisioned for on each NAVPS calculation date. Accounting for outperformance fee provisions includes both allocations and reversals, as a reversal could occur if the return difference calculated on a particular day, Pf(i), is negative. Provisions are limited at zero (no negative provisions).

No provisions for outperformance fees are made if the NAVPS is less than the NAVPS at the start of the valuation period.

For partial redemptions made during the fiscal year, the amount of the provisions for the daily outperformance fee that is retained by the Management Company is proportional to the number of shares redeemed. This retained fee will then become a definitive charge in the NAVPS on the day following the redemption.

When accounting for outperformance fees retained on partial redemptions during the fiscal year, the NAVind is also reduced by this retained outperformance fee.

A majorant fee is the maximum fee that could be deducted or provisioned for, such that the NAVPS is not less than its minimal reference value (i.e., the NAVPS at the start of the fiscal year) after deducting these fees.

Apart from partial redemptions occurring during the fiscal year, the outperformance fee is collected by the Management Company on the fiscal year closing date. The final value of this fee, deducted at the end of the fiscal year, is the cumulated provision prevailing on the last day of the fiscal year, denominated in the reference currency.

► LISTING

The Shares of the Sub-Fund are not presently listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

The Directors retain however the right to seek in the future a listing of the Shares on any Stock Exchange, in which case the Prospectus will be updated accordingly to reflect the relevant Stock Exchange(s).

17. How to subscribe for, convert, transfer and redeem shares

> How to Subscribe

Initial application for Shares must be made to the Registrar & Transfer Agent, the Principal Distributor or a Sub-Distributor on the application form enclosed with this Prospectus. Subsequent applications for Shares may be made in writing or, by fax.

Subscriptions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value.

The Directors or the Principal Distributor, as the case may be, may refuse subscriptions at their sole discretion.

Settlement for any application must be made within five Business Days following the applicable Dealing Day, except for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and OMS – Lynx Real Assets. For these specific sub-funds, settlement for any application must be made within three Business Days following the applicable Dealing Day. The Directors retain the right to request that investment monies receive bank clearance prior to the application being accepted.

After the Initial Subscription Period, applications for Shares received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day, will if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the same day calculated on the following Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable, except for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and for OMS – Lynx Real Assets.

For OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC), applications for Shares received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day calculated on the day following that Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable.

For OMS – Lynx Real Assets, applications for Shares received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day calculated on two days following that Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable.

Applications which are received after 12.00 CET will be dealt with as if received the following Dealing Day

Applications must include the following information:

- 1) Name of the Sub-Fund(s) and the class and number of Shares applied for in the Sub-Fund(s).
- 2) Indicate how payment has been or will be made.
- 3) The investor must acknowledge receipt of the Prospectus and confirm that the application being made is based on an understanding of the information contained in the documentation provided.
- 4) The investor must provide appropriate personal details.

➤ Money Laundering Prevention

In order to contribute to the fight against money laundering of funds, subscription requests must include a certified copy (by one of the following authorities: embassy, consulate, notary, police, commissioner) of (i) the subscriber's identity card in the case of individuals, (ii) the articles of incorporation as well as an extract of the register of commerce for corporate entities in the following cases:

- 1. direct subscription addressed to the Registrar and Transfer Agent,
- 2. subscription via a professional of the financial sector who is domiciled in a country which is not legally compelled to an identification procedure equal to the Luxembourg standards in the fight against laundering monies through the financial system.

Moreover, the Registrar & Transfer Agent is legally responsible for identifying the origin of funds transferred from banks not subject to an identification procedure equal to the one required by the Luxembourg law. Subscriptions may be temporarily suspended until such funds have been correctly identified.

It is generally accepted that professionals of the financial sector subject to supervision residing in (i) a member state of the European Economic Area or (ii) of the European Union are considered to be subject to an identification procedure equal to that required by Luxembourg law.

The Registrar & Transfer Agent may require at any time additional documentation relating to an application for Shares. If an applicant is in any doubt with regard to this legislation, the Registrar & Transfer Agent will provide them with a money laundering checklist. Failure to provide additional information may result



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

in an application not being processed. Also should documentation not be forthcoming with regard to the redemption of Shares then such redemption may not proceed.

> CONTRIBUTIONS IN KIND

The Company may, if a prospective shareholder requests and the Directors so agree, satisfy any application for subscription of Shares which is proposed to be made by way of contribution in kind. The nature and type of assets to be accepted in any such case shall be determined by the Directors and must correspond to the investment policy and restrictions of the Sub-Fund being invested in. A valuation report relating to the contributed assets must be delivered to the Directors by the Auditor of the Company. The costs of any such transfer, including the costs of production of any necessary valuation report, shall be borne by the prospective shareholder requesting the transfer.

➤ REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Shareholders may redeem all or any of their Shares they hold in a class. Where a redemption causes a Shareholder's position to fall below the minimum level of investment specified in chapter 16 "Shares", the Shareholder may be requested to make an additional investment sufficient to meet or exceed the relevant limit. Where the Shareholder does not act on this request within five Business Days and, for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and for OMS – Lynx Real Assets, within three Business Days, a full redemption of the outstanding Share position will be effected by the Company.

Redemptions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value.

The redemption price is the relevant Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of Shares calculated on the applicable Valuation Day.

In addition, if on a Dealing Day, requests for redemption and requests for conversion would exceed 10% of the net assets of Shares in any Sub-Fund/class, the Directors may decide that the redemption of all or part of such Shares be postponed to the following Dealing Day considering the same limit of 10% described here above. These redemption requests shall be dealt with on the following Dealing Day, in priority to any other redemptions or conversions requested and received after such Dealing Day.

Requests for the redemption of Shares should be made by completing the redemption form which accompanied the initial contract note, additional copies of which are available from the Registrar & Transfer Agent. Redemption applications may also be made by fax provided that the notification is followed by confirmation in writing. An application for redemption should indicate the number, the class and the name of the Sub-Fund of the Shares to be redeemed, and full settlement instructions. The redemption proceeds will normally be paid within five Business Days following the Dealing Day and, for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and OMS – Lynx Real Assets, within three Business Days. Payment will be made in the reference currency of the Sub-Fund or class by wire transfer to an account specified by the shareholder or upon request by cheque to an address specified by the Shareholder less the cost of such transfer or cheque. On written request to the Registrar & Transfer Agent payment may be made in such other currency as may be freely purchased by the Registrar & Transfer Agent at the Shareholder's cost.

Requests for redemptions received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day, will if accepted, be dealt with at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the same day calculated on the following Valuation Day, except for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC) and for OMS – Lynx Real Assets. For OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC), requests for redemptions received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day calculated on the day following that Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable. For OMS – Lynx Real Assets, requests for redemptions received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable. Applications which are received after 12.00 CET will be dealt with as if received the following Dealing Day.

➤ How to convert Shares

Shareholders may request the conversion of Shares from one Sub-Fund to another Sub-Fund on the basis of the relevant Net Asset Values of the classes and/or Sub-Funds concerned. However, shareholders should note that they cannot convert Shares of one class in a Sub-Fund to Shares of another class in the same or a different Sub-Fund without the prior approval of the Company.

Conversions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value.

In addition, if on a Dealing Day, requests for conversion and requests for redemption would exceed 10 % of the net assets of any one class of Shares/Sub-Fund, the Directors may decide that the conversion of all or part of such Shares be postponed to the following Dealing Day considering the same limit of 10 % described here above. These conversion requests shall be dealt with on the following Dealing Day, in priority to any other redemptions or conversions requested and received after such Dealing Day.

Instructions for the conversion of Shares should normally be made by providing the appropriate form which accompanies the contract note and is also available from the Registrar & Transfer Agent. Instructions may also be provided by fax provided that the notification is followed by confirmation in writing. Information provided must include full name and address of the holder, the name and class of Shares of the Sub-Fund and number of Shares to be converted and the Sub-Fund and class to be converted into before conversion is undertaken.



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Requests for conversion received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day, will if accepted, be dealt with at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the same day calculated on the following Valuation Day, except for OMS – BRICA (formerly denominated OMS – BRIC), requests for conversion received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day calculated on the day following that Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable. For OMS – Lynx Real Assets, requests for conversion received by the Company up to 12.00 CET on any Dealing Day will, if accepted, be dealt at the price fixed by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class of the following Valuation Day calculated on two days following that Valuation Day on the basis of the last available price being the closing price on that Valuation Day, plus the sales charges if applicable. Applications which are received after 12.00 CET will be dealt with as if received on the following Dealing Day.

The Principal Distributor may at its discretion authorise a Conversion Charge in respect of class R Shares, which shall not exceed 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share of the Shares being requested for conversion i.e. such fee being taken into account in order to determine the conversion ratio of the shares to be converted. The Conversion Charge shall be paid to the Principal Distributor or to the relevant Sub-Distributor.

Conversion between Shares of one Sub-Fund into Shares of another Sub-Fund will not be available if it is not possible to determine the Net Asset Value per Share of either Sub-Fund due to temporary suspension of calculation of that Sub-Fund. Requests for conversion once made may not be withdrawn except in the event of any such suspension or deferral.

In some jurisdictions a conversion of Shares of one Sub-Fund for Shares of another Sub-Fund may be a disposal of Shares of the original class for the purposes of taxation (generally, capital gains taxation).

Where Shares are registered in the names of joint holders, the Company will accept instructions only from the attorney designated to represent such Shares towards the Company.

➤ SUSPENSION OF ISSUE, CONVERSION AND REDEMPTION

There are circumstances under which the issue, conversion and redemption may be suspended. Details of these are given in the Appendix 1, Section "Net Asset Value per Share Calculation".

> REPORTING

On acceptance of the application or request, all subscriptions, conversions and redemptions will be confirmed to the Shareholder by contract note, providing full details of the transaction.

> How to transfer Shares

Shareholders wishing to transfer some or all of the Shares registered in their names should submit to the Registrar & Transfer Agent a share transfer agreement or other appropriate documentation. No stamp duty is payable in Luxembourg on transfer.

➤ MINIMUM HOLDING

Except as otherwise agreed by the Company, no redemption, transfer or conversion may be made which would result in any Shareholder remaining or being registered as the holder of Shares in a Sub-Fund or class where the net assets of such holding would be below the minimum subscription level.

If as a result of any request for redemption, transfer or conversion, the aggregate net assets of the Shares held by any Shareholder would fall below the minimum subscription level specified in Chapter 16 "Shares", the shareholder may be requested to make an additional investment sufficient to meet or exceed the relevant limit. Where the shareholder does not act on this request, a full redemption of the outstanding Share position will be effected by the Company.

➤ MARKET TIMING

Subscriptions, redemptions and conversions of Shares should be made for investment purposes only. The Company does not permit market-timing or other excessive trading practices. Excessive, short-term (market-timing) trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm fund performance. To minimise harm to the Company and the Shareholders, the Directors, the Management Company or the Administration Agent on its behalf have the right to reject any subscription or conversion order, or levy a fee of up to 2% of the value of the order for the benefit of the Company from any investor who is engaging in excessive trading or has a history of excessive trading or if an investor's trading, in the opinion of the Directors, has been or may be disruptive to the Company or any of the Sub-Funds. In making this judgment, the Directors may consider trading done in multiple accounts under common ownership or control. The Directors also have the power to redeem all Shares held by a Shareholder who is or has been engaged in excessive trading. Neither the Directors nor the Management Company or the Company will be held liable for any loss resulting from rejected orders or mandatory redemptions.

➤ COMPULSORY REPURCHASE OF SHARES HELD BY NON-ELIGIBLE INVESTORS

The Articles of Incorporation provide that, when the Company believes any of its Shares are held by any US Person, either alone or in conjunction with any other person, it may compulsorily repurchase all such Shares at the price defined in the Articles of Incorporation. In addition, the Articles of Incorporation provide



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

that, the Company may restrict or prevent the ownership of Shares in the Company by any legal person, firm or corporate body, if in the opinion of the Company such holding may be detrimental to the Company. Accordingly, the Company will compulsorily repurchase all Class I Shares held by investors who are not Institutional Investors at the price defined in the Articles of Incorporation.

➤ DATA PROTECTION

In accordance with the provisions of the Luxembourg law of 2 August 2002 on the protection of persons with regard to the processing of Personal Data, as amended (hereafter the "Luxembourg Data Protection Law"), the Shareholders are informed that the Company, as data controller, collects, stores and processes by electronic or other means the data supplied by Shareholders at the time of their subscription for the purpose of fulfilling the services required by the Shareholders and complying with its legal obligations.

The data processed includes, in particular, the Shareholder's name, address, contact details and invested amount (the "Personal Data").

The Shareholder may, at his/her/its discretion, refuse to communicate the Personal Data to the Company. In this event the Directors may reject his/her/its request for subscription for Shares in the Company.

In particular, the Personal Data supplied by Shareholders is processed for the purpose of (i) maintaining the register of Shareholders, (ii) processing subscriptions, redemptions and conversions of Shares and payments of distributions to Shareholders, (iii) maintaining controls in respect of late trading and market timing practices, (iv) complying with applicable anti-money laundering rules and (v) marketing.

A shareholder may object to the use of his/her/its Personal Data for marketing purposes. This objection must be made in writing to the Company at the following address:

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. 6, route de Trèves L-2633 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

The Company may delegate the processing of the Personal Data to one or several entities ("Processors") which are located in the European Union (such as the Administrative Agent or the Registrar and Transfer Agent...) or outside the European Union. Further information regarding the processing of the Personal Data and the delegation, including sub-delegation, of the processing of the Personal Data to Processors which are located in the European Union or outside the European Union, including, as the case may be, in countries which do not offer an adequate level of protection, are set out in the Subscription Agreement, which the investors are required to read in detail.

Each Shareholder has a right to access his/her/its Personal Data and may ask for a rectification thereof in cases where such Personal Data is inaccurate and/or incomplete. For these purposes, the Shareholder may contact the Company in writing at the address indicated above.

18. PRICE INFORMATION

Prices of Shares will be available on the Internet site of OFI Asset Management (www.ofi-am.fr) and from the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg. Such prices shall relate to the Net Asset Value per Share for the previous Valuation Day and are published for information only. It is not an invitation to subscribe for, redeem or convert Shares at that Net Asset Value. Neither the Company nor the distributors accept responsibility for any error in publication or for non-publication of prices provided that correct information and instructions have been given to the entities/persons in charge of such publications.

19. DIVIDENDS

It is the intention of the Company to accumulate all of the income in respect of each Sub-Fund.

20. TAXATION

The following information is of a general nature only and is based on the Company's understanding of certain aspects of the laws and practice in force in Luxembourg as of the date of this Prospectus. It does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that might be relevant to an investment decision. It is included herein solely for preliminary information purposes. It is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice. It is a description of the essential material Luxembourg tax consequences with respect to the Shares and may not include tax considerations that arise from rules of general application or that are generally assumed to be known to shareholders. This summary is based on the laws in force in Luxembourg on the date of this Prospectus and is subject to any change in law that may take effect after such date. Prospective shareholders should consult their professional advisors with respect to particular circumstances, the effects of state, local or foreign laws to which they may be subject and as to their tax position.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

➤ LUXEMBOURG TAXATION

Under current Luxembourg law, there are no Luxembourg ordinary income, capital gains, estate or inheritance taxes payable by the Company or its shareholders in respect of their Shares in the Company, except by shareholders who are domiciled in, residents of, or maintain a permanent establishment in, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, and by certain shareholders who were former Luxembourg residents. Class R Shares of the Company are subject to the taxes on Luxembourg undertakings for collective investment at the rate of 0.05% per annum of the value of the total net assets of such class on the last day of each calendar quarter. Class I Shares of the Company are subject to the taxes on Luxembourg undertakings for collective investment at the rate of 0.01% per annum of the value of the total net assets of such classes on the last day of each calendar quarter.

No stamp duty or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares in the Company against cash, except a fixed registration duty of Euro 75.- if the articles of incorporation of the Company are amended.

➢ GENERAL

The Company will use its best efforts to conduct its operations in such a manner that it will not be subject to taxation in any jurisdiction other than Luxembourg and to invest primarily in investments not subject to any withholding tax on interest or discounts.

Income derived from the Company's investments in securities held in certain Sub-Funds may be subject to withholding taxes withheld at source in the countries of the issuers of such securities and which may not always be recoverable.

EU SAVINGS DIRECTIVE

Non-resident Shareholders should also note that under the Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (the "EU Savings Directive"), interest payments made by the Company or its Luxembourg Paying Agent to individuals and residual entities (i.e. entities (a) without legal personality (save for (1) a Finnish avoin yhtiö and kommandiittiyhtiö / öppet bolag and kommanditbolag and (2) a Swedish handelsbolag and kommanditbolag) and (b) whose profits are not taxed under the general arrangements for the business taxation and (c) that are not, or have not opted to be considered as, UCITS recognized in accordance with the Directive) resident or established in the EU or an associated or dependent territory (i.e. Aruba, British Virgin Islands, Guernsey, Isle of Man, Jersey, Montserrat as well as the former Netherlands Antilles, i.e. Bonaire, Curaçao, Saba, Sint Eustatius and Sint Maarten) may be subject to a withholding tax in Luxembourg unless the beneficiary opts for an exchange of information whereby the tax authorities of the state of residence are informed of the payment thereof. The rate of such withholding tax is currently 35% as from 1 July 2011. This withholding tax applies to (i) distributions of profits by the Company derived from interest payments (unless the Company's investment in debt claims does not exceed 15%) and (ii) income realised upon the sale, refund or redemption of the Shares if the Company invests directly or indirectly more than 25% of its net assets in debt claims and to the extent such income corresponds to gains directly or indirectly derived from interest payments. The current revision draft of the EU Savings Directive extends the provisions of the EU Savings Directive notably to interest payments made under certain innovative financial products. Shareholders should inform themselves of, and where appropriate take advice on, the impact of the EU Savings Directive, once amended, on their investment. Furthermore, Luxembourg has announced that i



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

APPENDIX 1

I. Investment guidelines and restrictions

A. Investments in the Sub-Funds shall consist solely of:

- (1) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments listed or dealt in on a Regulated Market;
- (2) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments dealt in on an Other Regulated Market in a Member State;
- (3) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments admitted to official listing on a stock exchange in an Other State or dealt in on an Other Regulated Market in an Other State;
- (4) Recently issued Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments, provided that:
 - the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to official listing on a Regulated Market or on an Other Regulated Market as described under (1)-(3) above;
 - such admission is secured within one year of issue;
- (5) Units of UCITS authorised according to the Directive and/or other UCIs within the meaning of the Article 1, paragraph (2), items a) and b) of the Directive, whether or not established in a Member State or in an Other State, provided that:
 - such other UCIs are authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the Regulatory Authority to be equivalent to that laid down in Community law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured (currently the EU Member States, Jersey, Guernsey, Liechtenstein, Iceland, Norway, Singapore, Isle of Man, United States of America, Canada, Switzerland, Hong Kong and Japan);
 - the level of protection for unitholders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for unitholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and short sales of Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the Directive;
 - the business of the other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
 - no more than 10 % of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs;
- (6) deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in an Other State, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the Regulatory Authority as equivalent to those laid down in Community law;
- (7) financial derivative instruments, i.e. in particular options, futures, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on a Regulated Market or on an Other Regulated Market referred to in (1), (2) and (3) above, and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in over-the-counter ("OTC derivatives"), provided that:
- (i) the underlying consists of instruments covered by this Section A, financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Sub-Fund may invest according to its investment objectives;
 - the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the Regulatory Authority, and
 - the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative;
- (ii) Under no circumstances shall these operations cause the Sub-Fund to diverge from its investment objectives.
- (8) Money Market Instruments other than those dealt in on a Regulated Market or on an Other Regulated Market, to the extent that the issue or the issuer of such instruments is itself regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:
 - issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or by a central bank of a Member State, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, an Other State or, in case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more Member States are members, or
 - issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on Regulated Markets or on Other Regulated Markets referred to in (1), (2) or (3) above; or
 - issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined by Community law, or by an establishment which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the Regulatory Authority to be at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law; or



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

• issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the Regulatory Authority provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, the second or the third indent and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least ten million Euro (10,000,000.- Euro) and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity which, within a Group of Companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

B. Each Sub-Fund may however:

- (1) Invest up to 10% of its net assets in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments other than those referred to above under A (1) through (4) and (8).
- (2) Hold cash and cash equivalents on an ancillary basis; such restriction may exceptionally and temporarily be exceeded if the Directors consider this to be in the best interest of the shareholders.
- (3) Borrow up to 10% of its net assets, provided that such borrowings are made only on a temporary basis. Collateral arrangements with respect to the writing of options or the purchase or sale of forward or futures contracts are not deemed to constitute "borrowings" for the purpose of this restriction.
- (4) Acquire foreign currency by means of a back-to-back loan.
- C. In addition, the Company shall comply in respect of the net assets of each Sub-Fund with the following investment restrictions per issuer:

(a) Risk Diversification Rules

For the purpose of calculating the restrictions described in (1) to (5) and (8), (9), (13) and (14) hereunder, companies which are included in the same Group of Companies are regarded as a single issuer.

To the extent an issuer is a legal entity with multiple sub-funds where the assets of a sub-fund are exclusively reserved to the investors in such sub-fund and to those creditors whose claim has arisen in connection with the creation, operation and liquidation of that sub-fund, each sub-fund is to be considered as a separate issuer for the purpose of the application of the risk spreading rules described under items (1) to (5), (7) to (9) and (12) to (14) hereunder.

Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments

- (1) No Sub-Fund may purchase additional Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments of any single issuer if:
 - (i) upon such purchase more than 10% of its net assets would consist of Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments of one single issuer; or
 - (ii) the total value of all Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments of issuers in each of which it invests more than 5% of its net assets would exceed 40% of the value of its net assets. This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision.
- (2) A Sub-Fund may invest on a cumulative basis up to 20% of its net assets in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued by the same Group of Companies.
- (3) The limit of 10% set forth above under (1) (i) is increased to 35% in respect of Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its local authorities, by any Other State or by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s).
- (4) The limit of 10% set forth above under (1) (i) is increased up to 25% in respect of qualifying debt securities issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in a Member State and which, under applicable law, is submitted to specific public supervision in order to protect the holders of such qualifying debt securities.
 - For the purposes hereof, "qualifying debt securities" are securities the proceeds of which are invested in accordance with applicable law in assets providing a return which will cover the debt service through to the maturity date of the securities and which will be applied on a priority basis to the payment of principal and interest in the event of a default by the issuer. To the extent that a relevant Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its net assets in qualifying debt securities issued by such an issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the net assets of such Sub-Fund.
- (5) The securities specified above under (3) and (4) are not to be included for purposes of computing the ceiling of 40% set forth above under (1) (ii).
- (6) Notwithstanding the ceilings set forth above, each Sub-Fund is authorized to invest, in accordance with the principle of risk spreading, up to 100% of its net assets in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its local authorities, by any other member state of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) such as the U.S. or by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s), provided that (i) such securities are part of at least six different issues and (ii) the securities from any such issue do not account for more than 30% of the net assets of such Sub-Fund.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

- (7) Without prejudice to the limits set forth hereunder under (b), the limits set forth in (1) are raised to a maximum of 20% for investments in shares and/or bonds issued by the same body when the aim of the Sub-Fund's investment policy is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or bond index which is recognised by the Regulatory Authority, on the following basis:
 - the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified.
 - the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers,
 - it is published in an appropriate manner.

The limit of 20% is raised to 35% where that proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions in particular in Regulated Markets where certain Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments are highly dominant. The investment up to this limit is only permitted for a single issuer.

Bank Deposits

(8) A Sub-Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in deposits made with the same body.

Financial Derivative Instruments

- (9) The risk exposure to a counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction may not exceed 10 % of the Sub-Fund's net assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in A (6) above or 5 % of its net assets in other cases.
- (10) Investment in financial derivative instruments shall only be made, and within the limits set forth in (2), (5) and (14), provided that the exposure of the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits set forth in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14). When the Sub-Fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not necessarily have to be combined to the limits set forth in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).
- (11) When a Transferable Security or Money Market Instrument embeds a financial derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of (A) (7) (ii) above (C) (a) (10) and (D) hereunder as well as with the risk exposure and information requirements laid down in the present Prospectus.

To the extent the Sub-Funds do not have for main strategy to use *total return swaps* or *other financial derivative instruments with the same characteristics*, no information on the underlying strategy and composition of the investment portfolio or index has been disclosed. However, should one or several Sub-Funds contemplate to use primarily such instruments, appropriate disclosures will be added according to the ESMA Guidelines 2012/832.

The Company, the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager have OTC derivatives relationships with several counterparties. A list of these counterparties may be obtained free of charge from the Company or the Management Company.

None of these counterparties has a discretionary power over the composition or the management of the Sub-Funds' portfolios. To the best of the Company, the Management Company, and the relevant Investment Manager's knowledge and belief, none of these counterparties has a discretionary power over the underlying assets of the financial derivative instruments traded by the Sub-Funds. None of these counterparties has to approve any transaction relating to the Sub-Funds' portfolios. None of these counterparties acts as an investment manager.

Units of Open-Ended Funds

(12) No Sub-Fund may invest more than 20% of its net assets in the units of a single UCITS or other UCI unless a more restrictive limit is provided for in Section 14 "Summary of the Sub-Funds" or any specific Sub-Fund. For the purpose of the application of this investment limit, each compartment of a UCI with multiple compartments within the meaning of Article 181 of the 2010 Law is to be considered as a separate issuer provided that the principle of segregation of the obligations of the various compartments vis-à-vis third parties is ensured. Investments made in units of UCIs other than UCITS may not in aggregate exceed 30 % of the net assets of a Sub-Fund.

When a Sub-Fund has acquired units of UCITS and/or other UCIs, the assets of the respective UCITS or other UCIs do not have to be combined for the purposes of the limits laid down in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).

When a Sub-Fund invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the same management company or by any other company with which the management company is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, that management company or other company may not charge subscription or redemption fees on account of the Sub-Fund's investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs.

A Sub-Fund that invests a substantial proportion of its assets in other UCITS and/or other UCIs shall disclose in this prospectus the maximum level of the management fees that may be charged both to the Sub-Fund itself and to the other UCITS and/or other UCIs in which it intends to invest. In its



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

annual report the Company shall indicate the maximum proportion of management fees charged both to the Sub-Fund itself and to the UCITS and/or other UCIs in which it invests.

Combined limits

- (13) Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in (1), (8) and (9) above, a Sub-Fund may not combine:
 - investments in Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments issued by,
 - · deposits made with, and/or
 - exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with a single body in excess of 20 % of its net assets.
- (14) The limits set out in (1), (3), (4), (8), (9) and (13) above may not be combined, and thus investments in Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments issued by the same body, in deposits or derivative instruments made with this body carried out in accordance with (1), (3), (4), (8), (9) and (13) above may not exceed a total of 35 % of the net assets of a Sub-Fund.

(b) Limitations on Control

- (15) No Sub-Fund may acquire such amount of shares carrying voting rights which would enable the Fund to exercise a significant influence over the management of the issuer.
- (16) The Company may not acquire (i) more than 10% of the outstanding non-voting shares of any one issuer; (ii) more than 10% of the outstanding debt securities of any one issuer; (iii) more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments of any one issuer; or (iv) more than 25% of the outstanding shares or units of any one UCITS and/or other UCI.

The limits set forth in (ii) to (iv) may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of bonds or of the Money Market Instruments or the net amount of the instruments in issue cannot be calculated.

The ceilings set forth above under (15) and (16) do not apply in respect of:

- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State or by its local authorities;
- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any Other State;
- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s); and
- shares in the capital of a company which is incorporated under or organized pursuant to the laws of an Other State provided that (i) such company invests its assets principally in securities issued by issuers of that State, (ii) pursuant to the laws of that State a participation by the relevant Sub-Fund in the equity of such company constitutes the only possible way to purchase securities of issuers of that State, and (iii) such company observes in its investment policy the restrictions set forth under C, items (1) to (5), (8), (9) and (12) to (16);
- shares in the capital of subsidiary companies which, exclusively on behalf of the Company carry on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country where the subsidiary is located, in regard to the redemption of shares at the request of shareholders.

Master-Feeder structure

Each Sub-Fund may act as a feeder fund (the "Feeder") of a master fund. In such case, the relevant Sub-Fund will invest at least 85% of its assets in shares/units of another UCITS or of a sub-fund of such UCITS (the "Master"), which is not itself a Feeder nor holds units/shares of a Feeder. The Sub-Fund, as Feeder, may not invest more than 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- ancillary liquid assets in accordance with Article 41 second indent of second paragraph of the 2010 Law;
- financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes, in accordance with Article 41 first indent, point g) and Article 42 second and third indents of the 2010 Law;
- movable and immovable property which is essential for the direct pursuit of the Fund's business.

When a Sub-Fund invests in the shares/units of a Master which is managed, directly or by delegation, by the same management company or by any other company with which the management company is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, that management company or other company may not charge subscription or redemption fees on account of the Sub-Fund's investment in the shares/units of the Master.

A Feeder that invests into a Master will disclose in the portion of the Prospectus relating to such Sub-Fund the maximum level of the management fees that may be charged both to the Feeder itself and to the Master in which it intends to invest. In its annual report, the Company will indicate the maximum proportion of management fees charged both to the Sub-Fund itself and to the Master. The Master will not charge subscription or redemption fees for the investment of the Feeder into its shares/units or the divestment thereof.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

D. In addition, the Company shall comply in respect of its net assets with the following investment restrictions per instrument:

Each Sub-Fund shall ensure that its global risk exposure relating to derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio. The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, foreseeable market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

E. Finally, the Company shall comply in respect of the assets of each Sub-Fund with the following investment restrictions:

- (1) No Sub-Fund may acquire precious metals or certificates representative thereof.
- (2) No Sub-Fund may invest in real estate provided that investments may be made in securities secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein.
- (3) No Sub-Fund may use its assets to underwrite any securities.
- (4) No Sub-Fund may issue warrants or other rights to subscribe for Shares in such Sub-Fund.
- (5) A Sub-Fund may not grant loans or guarantees in favour of a third party, provided that such restriction shall not prevent each Sub-Fund from investing in non fully paid-up Transferable Securities, Money Market Instruments or other financial instruments, as mentioned under A, items (5), (7) and (8).
- (6) The Company may not enter into short sales of Transferable Securities, Money Market Instruments or other financial instruments as listed under A, items (5), (7) and (8).

F. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained:

- (1) The ceilings set forth above may be disregarded by each Sub-Fund when exercising subscription rights attaching to transferable securities or money market instruments in such Sub-Fund's portfolio. While ensuring observance of the principle of risk-spreading, recently authorized UCITS may derogate from the limits under items C (a) (1)-(5), C (a) (7), C (a) (6) and C (a) (12) for a period of six months following the date of their authorization.
- (2) If such ceilings are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of a Sub-Fund or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, such Sub-Fund must adopt as its priority objective in its sale transactions the remedying of such situation, taking due account of the interests of its shareholders.

The Directors has the right to determine additional investment restrictions to the extent that those restrictions are necessary to comply with the laws and regulations of countries where Shares of the Company are offered or sold.

Investments from one Sub-Fund into another Sub-Fund:

A Sub-Fund may subscribe, acquire and/or hold units to be issued or issued by one or more Sub-Funds of the Fund under the conditions that:

- the target Sub-Fund does not, in turn, invest in the Sub-Fund Invested in this target Sub-Fund; and
- no more than 10% of the assets of the target Sub-Funds whose acquisition is contemplated, may be invested in aggregate in units of other UCIs; and
- voting rights, if any, attaching to the instruments in the target Sub-Fund are suspended for as long as they are held by the Sub-Fund concerned, but without prejudice to the appropriate processing in the accounts and the periodic reports; and
- in any event, for as long as interests in one Sub-Fund are held by another, their value will not be taken into consideration for the calculation of the net assets of the Company for the purposes of verifying the minimum threshold of the net assets imposed by the 2010 Law; and there is no duplication of management/subscription or redemption fees between those at the level of the Sub-Fund having invested in the target Sub-Fund, and the target Sub-Fund.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

II. INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTS

A. General

The Company may employ techniques and instruments relating to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments provided that such techniques and instruments are used for the purposes of efficient portfolio management within the meaning of, and under the conditions set out in, applicable laws, regulations and circulars issued by the CSSF from time to time. In particular, those techniques and instruments should not result in a change of the declared investment objective of the Sub-Fund or add substantial supplementary risks in comparison to the stated risk profile of the Sub-Fund.

The risk exposure to a counterparty generated through efficient portfolio management techniques and OTC financial derivatives must be combined when calculating counterparty risk limits referred to under the above section I. "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions".

All revenues arising from efficient portfolio management techniques, net of direct and indirect operational costs and fees, will be returned to the Sub-Fund. In particular, fees and cost may be paid to agents of the Company and other intermediaries providing services in connection with efficient portfolio management techniques as normal compensation of their services. Such fees may be calculated as a percentage of gross revenues earned by the Sub-Fund through the use of such techniques. Information on direct and indirect operational costs and fees that may be incurred in this respect as well as the identity of the entities to which such costs and fees are paid – as well as any relationship they may have with the Custodian or the Management Company – will be available in the annual report of the Company.

B. Securities lending transaction

The Company may more specifically enter into securities lending transactions provided that the following rules are complied with in addition to the above mentioned conditions:

- (i) The borrower in a securities lending transaction must be subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those prescribed by EU law;
- (ii) The Company may only lend securities to a borrower either directly or through a standardised system organised by a recognised clearing institution or through a lending system organised by a financial institution subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those provided by EU law and specialised in this type of transaction;
- (iii) The Company may only enter into securities lending transactions provided that it is entitled at any time under the terms of the agreement to request the return of the securities lent or to terminate the agreement.

C. Repurchase Agreement Transactions

The Company may enter into repurchase agreements that consist of forward transactions at the maturity of which the Company (seller) has the obligation to repurchase the assets sold and the counterparty (buyer) the obligation to return the assets purchased under the transactions. The Company may further enter into reverse repurchase agreements that consist of forward transactions at the maturity of which the counterparty (seller) has the obligation to repurchase the asset sold and the Company (buyer) the obligation to return the assets purchased under the transactions. The Company may also enter into transactions that consist of the purchase/sale of securities with a clause reserving for the counterparty/Company the right to repurchase the securities from the Company/counterparty at a price and term specified by the parties in their contractual arrangements.

The Company's involvement in such transactions is, however, subject to the additional following rules:

- (i) The counterparty to these transactions must be subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those prescribed by EU law;
- (ii) The Company may only enter into reverse repurchase agreement and/or repurchase agreement transactions provided that it is able at any time (a) to recall the full amount of cash in a reverse repurchase agreement or any securities subject to a repurchase agreement or (b) to terminate the agreement in accordance with applicable regulations. However, fixed-term transactions that do not exceed seven days should be considered as arrangements on terms that allow the assets to be recalled at any time by the Company.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Management of collateral and collateral policy

General

In the context of OTC financial derivatives transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques, each Sub-Fund may receive collateral with a view to reduce its counterparty risk. This section sets out the collateral policy applied by the Fund in such case. All assets received by a Sub-Fund in the context of efficient portfolio management techniques (securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements) shall be considered as collateral for the purposes of this section.

Eligible collateral

Collateral received by the relevant Sub-Fund may be used to reduce its counterparty risk exposure if it complies with the criteria set out in applicable laws, regulations and circulars issued by the CSSF from time to time notably in terms of liquidity, valuation, issuer credit quality, correlation, risks linked to the management of collateral and enforceability. In particular, collateral should comply with the following conditions:

- (a) Any collateral received other than cash should be of high quality, highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation;
- (b) It should be valued on at least a daily basis and assets that exhibit high price volatility should not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place;
- (c) It should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty;
- (d) It should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers with a maximum exposure of 20% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value to any single issuer on an aggregate basis, taking into account all collateral received;
- (e) It should be capable of being fully enforced by the relevant Sub-Fund at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.

Subject to the abovementioned conditions, collateral received by the Sub-Funds may consist of:

- (a) Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term bank certificates and Money Market Instruments;
- (b) Bonds issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the OECD or by their local public authorities or by supranational institutions and undertakings with EU, regional or worldwide scope;
- (c) Shares or units issued by money market UCIs calculating a daily net asset value and being assigned a rating of AAA or its equivalent;
- (d) Shares or units issued by UCITS investing mainly in bonds/shares mentioned in (e) and (f) below;
- (e) Bonds issued or guaranteed by first class issuers offering adequate liquidity;
- (f) Shares admitted to or dealt in on a regulated market of a Member State of the EU or on a stock exchange of a Member State of the OECD, on the condition that these shares are included in a main index.

Level of collateral

Each Sub-Fund will determine the required level of collateral for OTC financial derivatives transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques by reference to the applicable counterparty risk limits set out in this Prospectus and taking into account the nature and characteristics of transactions, the creditworthiness and identity of counterparties and prevailing market conditions.

With respect to securities lending, the relevant Sub-Fund will generally require the borrower to post collateral representing, at any time during the lifetime of the agreement, at least 100% of the total value of the securities lent. Repurchase agreement and reverse repurchase agreements will generally be collateralised, at any time during the lifetime of the agreement, at a minimum of 100% of their notional amount.

OTC financial derivative transactions: the Fund may require the counterparty to an OTC derivative to post collateral in favour of the Sub-Fund representing, at any time during the lifetime of the agreement, at least 100% of the Sub-Fund's exposure under the transaction.

Haircut policy applicable to the securities lending

Collateral will be valued, on a daily basis, using available market prices and taking into account appropriate discounts which will be determined by the Fund for each asset class based on its haircut policy. The policy takes into account a variety of factors, depending on the nature of the collateral received, such as the issuer's credit standing, the maturity, currency, price volatility of the assets and, where applicable, the outcome of liquidity stress tests carried out by the Fund under normal and exceptional liquidity conditions.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Collateral Instrument Type	Haircut
Cash for same currency loans	Minimum 2%
Cash for cross-currency loans	Minimum 5%
Government Bonds for same currency loans	Minimum 2%
Government Bonds for cross-currency loans	Minimum 5%
Other	Not Applicable, other collateral type are not accepted.

The level of haircut can slightly vary due to operational aspects including:

- Impact of transaction settlement cycles usually 2 days -;
- De mimimus level of cash that can be applied in order to avoid inefficient daily adjustments.

Reinvestment of collateral

Non-cash collateral received by the Sub-Funds may not be sold, re-invested or pledged.

Cash collateral received by the Sub-Funds can only be:

- (a) placed on deposit with credit institutions which have their registered office in an EU Member State or, if their registered office is located in a third-country, are subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in EU law;
- (b) invested in high-quality government bonds;
- (c) used for the purpose of reverse repo transactions provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the relevant Sub-Fund is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on accrued basis; and/or
- (d) invested in short-term money market funds as defined in the Guidelines on a Common Definition of European Money Market Funds.

Re-invested cash collateral should be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirements applicable to non-cash collateral as set out above.

The Sub-Funds may incur a loss in reinvesting the cash collateral it receives. Such a loss may arise due to a decline in the value of the investment made with cash collateral received. A decline in the value of such investment of the cash collateral would reduce the amount of collateral available to be returned by the relevant Sub-Fund to the counterparty at the conclusion of the transaction. The relevant Sub-Fund would be required to cover the difference in value between the collateral originally received and the amount available to be returned to the counterparty, thereby resulting in a loss to this Sub-Fund.

III. RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

In accordance with the 2010 Law and other applicable regulations, in particular CSSF Circular 11/512, the Company uses a risk management process which enables it to assess the exposure of the Company to market, liquidity and counterparty risks, and to all other risks, including operation risks, which are material for the Company.

In relation to financial derivative instruments the Company must employ a process for accurate and independent assessment of the value of OTC derivatives and the Company ensures for each Sub-Fund that its global risk exposure relating to financial derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio.

The global risk exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

Each Sub-Fund may invest, according to its investment policy and within the limits laid down in Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions" and Section II "Investment Techniques and Instruments" (i.e. for the time being for hedging efficient portfolio management and investment purposes), in financial derivative instruments

When a Sub-Fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not necessarily have to be combined to the limits laid down in Section I "Investment Guidelines and Restrictions", item C a) (1)-(5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

When a Transferable Security or Money Market Instrument embeds a financial derivative instrument, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of this Section.

IV. POOLING

For the purpose of an efficient management of its portfolios, the Company may manage all or part of the assets in two or more Sub-Funds on the basis of pooling, in compliance with the investment policy of each participating Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund may in this way participate in pools in proportion to the assets which they contribute to them.

Such pools may not, under any circumstances, be considered as separate legal entities and any notional units of account of a pool are not to be considered as Shares. Shares in the Company are not issued in relation to such pools but solely in relation to each Sub-Fund concerned which may participate in that pool with certain of its assets, for the purpose referred to above.

Pooling may have the effect of reducing as well as increasing the net assets of a Sub-Fund which participates in a pool: losses as well as gains attributable to a pool will be attributed proportionally to Sub-Funds holding notional units of account in that pool, thereby altering the net asset value of a participating Sub-Fund even if the value of the assets contributed by that Sub-Fund to the pool has not fluctuated.

Pools will be created by the transfer from time to time of transferable securities, liquid assets and other permitted assets from participating Sub-Funds to such pools (subject to such assets being suitable in terms of the objectives and investment policies of the participating Sub-Funds). The Directors of the Company or the Investment and Allocation Advisor may then make additional transfers to each pool from time to time. Assets may also be withdrawn from a pool and transferred back to the participating Sub-Fund to the extent of its participation in the pool. Such participation will be calculated with reference to notional units of account in the pool or pools.

Upon creation of a pool these notional units of account will be currently expressed in either USD or EUR or such other currency as the Directors of the Company shall consider appropriate in the future and shall be attributed to each Sub-Fund participating in the pool, to a value equal to that of the transferable securities, liquid assets and/or other permitted assets contributed to it. The value of the notional units of account of a pool will be calculated each Valuation Day (as more specifically defined under "V Net Asset Value per Share Calculation" hereinafter) by dividing its net assets by the number of notional units of account issued and/or outstanding.

When additional liquid assets or other assets are transferred to or withdrawn from a pool, the allocation of units made to the participating Sub-Fund in question will be increased or decreased, as the case may be, by a proportionate number of units which is calculated by dividing the amount of the liquid assets or the value of the assets transferred or withdrawn by the current value of one unit. A contribution in kind will be treated for the purposes of these calculations as being reduced by such amount as the Directors of the Company considers appropriate to reflect the tax liabilities or transaction and investment costs likely to be incurred on the investment of those liquid or other assets. When liquid or other assets are withdrawn, the withdrawal will also include any amounts corresponding to the costs likely to be incurred on the realisation of such liquid and other assets in the pool. The entitlements of each Sub-Fund participating in the pool apply to each and every line of the investments of the pool.

Dividends, interest and other distributions of an income nature received in relation to the assets in a pool shall be credited to the Sub-Funds participating in that pool in proportion to their respective interests in the pool at the time they are credited. Upon dissolution of the Company, assets in a pool will (subject to the rights of creditors) be attributed to the participating Sub-Funds in proportion to their respective interests in the pool.

V. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE CALCULATION

The reporting currency of the Company is Euro. The financial statements of the Company will be prepared in relation to each Sub-Fund in the denominated currency of such Sub-Fund.

Calculation of NAV per Share

Pursuant to Article 11 of the Articles of Incorporation, the Net Asset Value per Share shall be calculated as follows.

The Net Asset Value per Share of each class of Shares shall be determined as of any Valuation Day by dividing the net assets of the Company attributable to each class of Shares, being the value of the portion of assets less the portion of liabilities attributable to such class, on any such Valuation Day, by the number of Shares in the relevant class then outstanding, in accordance with the valuation rules set forth below. The Net Asset Value per Share of each class may



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

be rounded up or down to the nearest unit of the relevant currency as the Directors shall determine. If since the time of determination of the Net Asset Value per Share there has been a material change in the quotations in the markets on which a substantial portion of the investments attributable to the relevant class of Shares are dealt in or quoted, the Company may, in order to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company, cancel the first valuation and carry out a second valuation. In such a case, instructions for subscription, redemption or conversion of Shares shall be executed on the basis of the second Net Asset Value per Share calculation.

For a Share class which is expressed in a currency other than the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund, the Net Asset Value per Share of that class shall be the net asset value attributable to the Shares of the class of that Sub-Fund calculated in the reference currency of the Sub-Fund and converted into the other relevant currency at the current currency exchange rate between the reference currency and such other currency. The costs associated with the conversion of monies in connection with the purchase, redemption and exchange of Shares of a Sub-Fund denominated in one currency but also stated in another currency will be borne by the relevant class and will be reflected in the net asset value of such class of Shares. Consequently, the Net Asset Value per Share of each Sub-Fund and of different classes of a single Sub-Fund, if appropriate, is expected to differ.

The valuation of the net assets of the different classes of Shares shall be made in the following manner:

I. The assets of the Company shall include:

- 1) all cash on hand or on deposit, including any interest accrued thereon;
- 2) all bills and demand notes payable and accounts receivable (including proceeds of securities sold but not delivered);
- all bonds, time notes, shares, stock, debenture stocks, subscription rights, warrants, options and other investments and securities owned or contracted for by the Company;
- 4) all stock dividends, cash dividends and cash distributions receivable by the Company to the extent information thereon is reasonably available to the Company;
- 5) all interest accrued on any interest-bearing securities owned by the Company except to the extent that the same is included or reflected in the principal amount of such securities;
- 6) the primary expenses of the Company insofar as the same have not been written off;
- 7) all other assets of any kind and nature including pre-paid expenses.

The value of such assets shall be determined as follows:

- (a) The value of any cash on hand or on deposit, bills and demand notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received is deemed to be the full amount thereof, unless in any case the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full, in which case the value thereof is arrived at after making such discount as may be considered appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof.
- (b) The value of assets listed or dealt in on any Regulated Market and/or Other Regulated Market is based on the last available price.
- (c) The value of assets which are listed or dealt in on any stock exchange in an Other State is based on the last available price on the stock exchange which is normally the principal market for such assets.
- (d) In the event that any assets are not listed or dealt in on any Regulated Market, any stock exchange in an Other State or on any Other Regulated Market, or if, with respect to assets listed or dealt in on any such stock exchange, or Other Regulated Market and/or Regulated Market as aforesaid, the price as determined pursuant to sub-paragraphs (b) or (c) is not representative of the fair market value of the relevant assets, the value of such assets will be based on the reasonably foreseeable sales price determined prudently and in good faith.
- (e) The liquidating value of options contracts not traded on exchanges or on Other Regulated Markets and/or Regulated Markets shall mean their net liquidating value determined, pursuant to the policies established in good faith by the Directors, on a basis consistently applied for each different variety of contracts. The liquidating value of futures, forward and options contracts traded on exchanges or on Other Regulated Markets and/or Regulated Markets shall be based upon the last available settlement prices of these contracts on exchanges and Regulated Markets and/or Other Regulated Markets on which the particular futures, forward or options contracts are traded by the Company; provided that if a futures, forward or options contract could not be liquidated on the day with respect to which net assets are being determined, the basis for determining the liquidating value of such contract shall be such value as the Directors may deem fair and reasonable. Swaps will be valued at their market value.
- (f) The value of Money Market Instruments not listed or dealt in on any stock exchange or any Other Regulated Market and/or Regulated Market and with remaining maturity of less than 12 months and of more than 90 days is deemed to be the nominal value thereof, increased by any interest accrued thereon. Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity of 90 days or less will be valued by the amortized cost method, which approximates market value.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

- (g) Units or shares of open-ended UCI will be valued at their last determined and available net asset value or, if such price is not representative of the fair market value of such assets, then the price shall be determined by the Directors on a fair and equitable basis. Units or shares of a closed-ended UCI will be valued at their last available stock market value.
- (h) All other securities and other assets will be valued at fair market value, as determined in good faith pursuant to procedures established by the Directors.

The value of all assets and liabilities not expressed in the Reference Currency of a Class or Sub-Fund will be converted into the Reference Currency of such Class or Sub-Fund at rates last quoted by major banks. If such quotations are not available, the rate of exchange will be determined in good faith by or under procedures established by the Directors.

The Directors, in their discretion, may permit some other method of valuation to be used if it considers that such valuation better reflects the fair value of any asset of the Company.

The NAV per Share and the issue, redemption and conversion prices per Share of each Class within each Sub-Fund may be obtained during business hours at the Registered Office.

II. The liabilities of the Company shall include:

- 1) all loans, bills and accounts payable;
- 2) all accrued or payable administrative expenses, including investment advisory and management fees, Custodian fees, and corporate agent fees;
- 3) all known liabilities, present and future, including all matured contractual obligation for payments of money or property, including the amount of any unpaid dividends declared by the Company where the Valuation Day falls on the record Day for determination of the person entitled thereto or is subsequent thereto;
- 4) an appropriate provision for future taxes based on capital and income to the Valuation Day, as determined from time to time by the Company, and other reserves, if any, authorised and approved by the Directors; and
- 5) all other liabilities of the Company of whatsoever kind and nature except liabilities represented by shares in the Company. In determining the amount of such liabilities the Company shall take into account all expenses payable by the Company which shall comprise of formation expenses, fees payable to its Management Company, its Investment and Allocation Advisor, to its Investment Manager(s), accountants, Custodian and correspondents, administration, domiciliary, registrar and transfer agents and paying agents, its Distributor(s) and permanent representatives in places of registration and any other agent employed by the Company, fees for legal and auditing services, promotion, printing, reporting and publishing expenses, including the cost of advertising or preparing and printing of prospectuses, explanatory memoranda, key investor information documents or registration statements, annual and semi-annual reports, taxes or governmental charges, and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets, interest, bank charges and brokerage, postage, telephone and telex. The Company may calculate administrative and other expenses of a regular or recurring nature on an estimated figure for yearly or other periods in advance and may accrue the same in equal proportions over any such period.

III. The assets shall be allocated as follows:

The Directors shall establish a Sub-Fund in respect of each class of Shares and may establish a Sub-Fund in respect of two or more classes of Shares in the following manner:

- a) If two or more classes of Shares relate to one Sub-Fund, the assets attributable to such classes shall be commonly invested pursuant to the specific investment policy of the Sub-Fund concerned. Within a Sub-Fund, classes of Shares may be defined from time to time by the board so as to correspond to (i) a specific distribution policy, such as entitling to distributions ("distribution shares") or not entitling to distributions ("capitalization shares") and/or (ii) a specific sales and redemption charge structure and/or (iii) a specific management or advisory fee structure, and/or (iv) a specific assignment of distribution, shareholder services or other fees; and/or (v) a specific type of investor; (vi) the currency or currency unit in which the class may be quoted and based on the rate of exchange between such currency or currency unit and the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund and/or (vii) such other features as may be determined by the Directors from time to time in compliance with applicable law;
- b) The proceeds to be received from the issue of Shares of a class shall be applied in the books of the Company to the Sub-Fund corresponding to that class of Shares, provided that if several classes of Shares are outstanding in such Sub-Fund, the relevant amount shall increase the proportion of the net assets of such Sub-Fund attributable to the class of Shares to be issued;
- c) The assets and liabilities and income and expenditure applied to a Sub-Fund shall be attributable to the class or classes of Shares corresponding to such Sub-Fund;
- d) Where any asset is derived from another asset, such derivative asset shall be applied in the books of the Company to the same Sub-Fund as the assets from which it was derived and on each revaluation of an asset, the increase or decrease in value shall be applied to the relevant Sub-Fund;



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

- e) Where the Company incurs a liability which relates to any asset of a particular Sub-Fund or to any action taken in connection with an asset of a particular Sub-Fund, such liability shall be allocated to the relevant Sub-Fund;
- f) In the case where any asset or liability of the Company cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular Sub-Fund, such asset or liability shall be allocated to all the Sub-Funds prorata to the net asset values of the relevant classes of Shares or in such other manner as determined by the Directors acting in good faith; and
- g) Upon the payment of distributions to the holders of any class of Shares, the net assets of such class of Shares shall be reduced by the amount of such distributions. All valuation regulations and determinations shall be interpreted and made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 In the absence of bad faith, gross negligence or manifest error, every decision in calculating the Net Asset Value per Share taken by the Directors or by any bank, company or other organization which the Directors may appoint for the purpose of calculating the net asset value, shall be final and binding on the Company and present, past or future shareholders.

Suspension of NAV per Share Calculation

The Company may suspend temporarily the issue and redemption of any class of Shares relating to all or any of the Sub-Funds as well as the right to convert Shares of a Sub-Fund (or a class, if applicable) into Shares of another Sub-Fund (or of another class if applicable) and the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of any class relating to any Sub-Fund:

- i) during any period when any principal Stock Exchanges on which a substantial proportion of the investments of the Company attributable to such Sub-Fund are quoted are closed otherwise then for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings thereon are restricted or suspended; or
- ii) during the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposals or valuation of assets owned by the Company attributable to such Sub-Fund would be impractical; or
- iii) during any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments attributable to any particular Sub-Fund or the currency price or values on any such stock exchange; or
- iv) during any period when the Company is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making repayments due to large requests for the redemption of such Shares or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due to the redemption of such Shares cannot in the opinion of the Directors be effected at normal rates of exchange; or
- during any period when for any other reason the prices of any investments owned by the Company attributable to such Sub-Fund cannot promptly or accurately be ascertained;
- vi) from the time of publication of a notice convening an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders for the purpose of winding up the Company, any Sub-Funds, or informing the shareholders of the decision of the Directors to terminate Sub-Funds; or
- vii) following the suspension of the calculation of the net asset value per share / unit at the level of a master fund in which the Company invests in its quality as feeder fund of such master fund, to the extent applicable.

The Company may suspend the issue and redemption of its shares from its shareholders as well as the conversion from and to shares of each class following the suspension of the issue, redemption and/or the conversion at the level of a master fund in which the Company invests in its quality as feeder fund of such master fund, to the extent applicable.

Any such suspension shall be published, if appropriate, by the Company and shall be notified to shareholders having made an application for subscription, redemption and conversion of Shares for which the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share has been suspended.

Such suspension as to any class or Sub-Fund shall have no effect on the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share, the issue, redemption and conversion of Shares of any other class or Sub-Fund.

Any request for subscription, redemption or conversion shall be irrevocable except in the event of a suspension of the calculation of the Net Asset Value.

PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

APPENDIX 2 A. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated in Luxembourg under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg in the form of a société anonyme and qualifies as a société d'investissement à capital variable. It was incorporated on 12 February 2004 for an unlimited duration. The initial subscribed share capital of the Company was Euro 31,000.-. The Articles of Incorporation of the Company have been published in the Mémorial C on 10 March 2004. The Articles have been amended for the last time on 29 May 2012. Such amendment has been published in the Mémorial C on 12 July 2012. The Company is registered with the Registre de Commerce, Luxembourg, under number B 99 004. Copies of the Articles of Incorporation are available for inspection upon request.

The minimum capital of the Company, which must be attained within six months of its authorisation, is Euro 1,250,000.-.

The Company may at any time be dissolved by a resolution of an extraordinary general meeting of its shareholders.

In the event of a dissolution of the Company, liquidation shall be carried out by one or several liquidators, who may be physical persons or legal entities represented by physical persons, designated by the general meeting of shareholders which shall determine their powers and their compensations.

If the capital of the Company falls below two thirds of the minimum legal capital, the directors must submit the question of the dissolution of the Company to the general meeting for which no quorum shall be prescribed and which shall decide by simple majority of the Shares present or represented at the meeting. If the capital falls below one fourth of the minimum legal capital, no quorum shall be prescribed but the dissolution may be resolved by shareholders holding one fourth of the Shares present or represented at the meeting.

The meeting must be convened so that it is held within a period of forty days from ascertainment that the net assets have fallen below respectively two thirds or one fourth of the minimum capital.

The net proceeds of liquidation shall be distributed by the liquidators to the holders of Shares of each Sub-Fund in proportion of the rights attributable to the relevant class of Shares.

Dissolution of Sub-Funds

In the event that for any reason the value of the total net assets in any Sub-Fund has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Directors to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund to be operated in an economically efficient manner, which amount shall not exceed 10 million Euro, or in case of a substantial modification in the political, economic or monetary situation or as a matter of economic rationalization, the Directors may decide to redeem all the Shares of the relevant Sub-Fund at the Net Asset Value per Share (taking into account actual realization prices of investments and realization expenses) calculated on the Valuation Day at which such decision shall take effect. The Company shall serve a notice to the holders of the relevant Shares prior to the effective date for the compulsory redemption, which will indicate the reasons of and the procedure for the redemption operations: registered holders shall be notified in writing. Unless it is otherwise decided in the interests of, or to keep equal treatment between, the shareholders, the shareholders of the Sub-Fund concerned may continue to request redemption of their Shares free of charge (but taking into account actual realization prices of investments and realization expenses) prior to the date effective for the compulsory redemption.

Notwithstanding the powers conferred to the Directors by the preceding paragraph, the general meeting of shareholders of any one or all classes of shares issued in any Sub-Fund will, in any other circumstances, have the power, upon proposal from the Directors, to redeem all the shares of the relevant class or classes and refund to the shareholders the Net Asset Value per Share of their shares (taking into account actual realization prices of investments and realization expenses) calculated on the Valuation Day at which such decision shall take effect. There shall be no quorum requirements for such general meeting of shareholders which shall decide by resolution taken by simple majority of the votes validly cast.

Assets which may not be distributed to the relevant beneficiaries upon the implementation of the redemption will be deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* on behalf of the persons entitled hereto.

The liquidation of a Sub-Fund shall have no influence on any other Sub-Fund. The liquidation of the last remaining Sub-Fund will result in the Company's liquidation.

All redeemed Shares shall be cancelled.



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Mergers

(i) Mergers decided by the board of directors

a) The Company

The Directors may decide to proceed with a merger (within the meaning of the 2010 Law) of the Company, either as receiving or absorbed UCITS, with:

- another Luxembourg or foreign UCITS (New UCITS); or
- a sub-fund thereof,

and, as appropriate, to redesignate the shares of the Company concerned as shares of this New UCITS, or of the relevant sub-fund thereof as applicable.

In case the Company involved in a merger is the receiving UCITS (within the meaning of the 2010 Law), solely the Directors will decide on the merger and effective date thereof.

In the case the Company involved in a merger is the absorbed UCITS (within the meaning of the 2010 Law), and hence ceases to exist, the general meeting of the shareholders, rather than the Directors, has to approve, and decide on the effective date of, such merger by a resolution adopted with no quorum requirement and at a simple majority of the votes validly cast at such meeting.

Such a merger shall be subject to the conditions and procedures imposed by the 2010 Law, in particular concerning the merger project and the information to be provided to the shareholders.

b) The Sub-Funds

The Directors may decide to proceed with a merger (within the meaning of the 2010 Law) of any Sub-Fund, either as receiving or absorbed Sub-Fund, with:

- another existing or new Sub-Fund within the Company or another sub-fund within a New UCITS (New Sub-Fund); or
- a New UCITS,

and, as appropriate, to redesignate the shares of the Sub-Fund concerned as shares of the New UCITS, or of the New Sub-Fund as applicable.

Such a merger shall be subject to the conditions and procedures imposed by the 2010 Law, in particular concerning the merger project and the information to be provided to the shareholders.

(ii) Mergers decided by the shareholders

a) The Company

Notwithstanding the powers conferred to the Directors by the preceding section, a merger (within the meaning of the 2010 Law) of the Company, either as receiving or absorbed UCITS, with:

- a New UCITS; or
- a sub-fund thereof,

may be decided by a general meeting of the shareholders for which there shall be no quorum requirement and which will decide on such a merger and its effective date by a resolution adopted at a simple majority of the votes validly cast at such meeting.

Such a merger shall be subject to the conditions and procedures imposed by the 2010 Law, in particular concerning the merger project and the information to be provided to the shareholders.

b) The Sub-Funds

The general meeting of the shareholders of a Sub-Fund may also decide a merger (within the meaning of the 2010 Law) of the relevant Sub-Fund, either as receiving or absorbed Sub-Fund, with:

- any New UCITS; or
- a New Sub-Fund,

by a resolution adopted with no quorum requirement at a simple majority of the votes validly cast at such meeting.

Such a merger shall be subject to the conditions and procedures imposed by the 2010 Law, in particular concerning the merger project and the information to be provided to the shareholders.

General

Shareholders will in any case be entitled to request, without any charge other than those retained by the Company or the Sub-Fund to meet disinvestment costs, the repurchase or redemption of their shares, in accordance with the provisions of the 2010 Law.



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

B. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

PROSPECTUS, ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, AGREEMENTS AND PERIODICAL REPORTS.

The following documents are available for inspection at the registered office of the Company as well as on the Sponsor's website at www.ofi-am.fr:

- 1. the Articles of Incorporation, and any amendments thereto;
- 2. the following Agreements:
 - the Management Company Services Agreement between the Company and the Management Company;
 - the Advice Agreement between the Management Company and OFI Asset Management;
 - the Principal Distribution Agreement between the Management Company and OFI Asset Management, as Principal Distributor;
 - the Custodian Agreement between the Company and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., as Custodian;
 - the Administration Agreement between the Management Company and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.;
 - the Investment Multi-Managers Agreements between the Management Company and the selected Investment Multi-Managers listed in Appendix 3 of this Prospectus.

The Agreements referred to above may be amended from time to time by mutual consent of the parties thereto.

A copy of the Articles of Incorporation, of the KIIDs, and of the most recent annual or semi-annual report of the Company may be obtained free of charge from the Company and are also available free of charge in English at the following website: www.ofi-am.fr.

Complaints Handling

A person having a complaint to make about the operation of the Company may submit such complaint in writing to Mr. Arnaud Hirsch, at AHIRSCH@ofilux.lu, Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg. The details of the Company's complaint handling procedures may be obtained free of charge during normal office hours at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg.

Best Execution

The Company's best execution policy sets out the basis upon which the Company will effect transactions and place orders in relation to the Company whilst complying with its obligations under the CSSF Regulation No. 10-4 and the CSSF Circular 12/546 to obtain the best possible result for the Company and its Shareholders. Details of the Company's best execution policy may be obtained free of charge during normal office hours at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg.

Strategy for the Exercise of Voting Rights

The Company has a strategy for determining when and how voting rights attached to ownership of the Company's investments are to be exercised for the exclusive benefit of the Company. A summary of this strategy as well as the details of the actions taken on the basis of this strategy in relation to each Sub-Fund may be obtained free of charge during normal office hours at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg and is available on the Sponsor's website at www.ofi-am.fr.

C. MEETINGS OF, AND REPORTS TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg on the twenty-sixth of the month of May at 5.00 p.m. (local time). If such day is not a Business Day, the meeting will be held on the following Business Day. The shareholders of any class or Sub-Fund may hold, at any time, general meetings to decide on any matters which relate exclusively to such class or Sub-Fund. Notice to shareholders will be given in accordance with Luxembourg law. The notice will specify the place and time of the meeting, the conditions of admission, the agenda, the quorum and the voting requirements. The accounting year of the Company will end on the last day of December. The consolidated financial accounts of the Company will be expressed in Euro. Financial accounts of each Sub-Fund will be expressed in the denominated currency of the relevant Sub-Fund.

The Company draws the investors' attention to the fact that any investor will only be able to fully exercise his/her/its investor rights directly against the Company, notably the right to participate in general shareholders' meetings, if the investor is registered himself/herself/itself and in his/her/its own name in the Shareholders' register of the Company. In cases where an investor invests in the Company through an intermediary investing into the Company in his/her/its own name but on behalf of the investor, it may not always be possible for the investor to exercise certain



PROSPECTUS – May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Shareholder rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take advice on their rights.

The annual report containing the audited financial accounts of the Company and of each of the Sub-Funds in respect of the preceding financial period will be sent to shareholders at their address appearing on the register, at least 15 days before the Annual General Meeting. An unaudited half yearly report will be sent to shareholders within two months of the end of the relevant half year. Annual reports will be sent to shareholders within four months of the end of the relevant year.

Any other information intended for the shareholders will be provided to them by notice.

D. CHARGES AND EXPENSES

The Principal Distributor is entitled to receive in respect of class R and I Shares the sales charge as specified for the Share classes in chapter 16 "Shares". The charge shall in no case exceed the maximum permitted by the laws and regulations of any country where the Shares are sold. The Principal Distributor may in conjunction with Sub-Distributors agree the proportion of the sales charge to be retained by the Sub-Distributor.

The Management Company will receive from the Company a total fee, the management charge, payable in arrears at the end of each calendar month, calculated and accrued on each Valuation Day at the appropriate rate for the class concerned. This fee shall be equal to a percentage of the average Net Asset Value per Share per class. The Directors retain the right to agree an appropriate management charge dependant on the class of Shares and the particular Sub-Fund concerned. The aggregate of the agreed management charges will not exceed the Maximum Management Charge specified in Chapter 16 "Shares" in this Prospectus.

The Management Company shall be responsible for paying the remuneration due to the Investment and Allocation Advisor and the Investment Advisor.

The Company pays to the Custodian by way of remuneration a custodian fee and transaction fees up to a maximum of 0.30% per annum of assets under custody based on custody in the Polish market. Other markets are based on a lower percentage figure reflecting the cost of custody in the relevant market. Such fees may be accrued and paid to the Custodian monthly in arrears. The custodian fee is in accordance with normal practice in Luxembourg and is calculated on the basis of a percentage of the net assets of the Company together with a fixed amount per transaction.

The Administration Agent receives fees calculated on the basis of the net assets of the Company. These fees which amount to a maximum of 0.07% per annum are payable monthly in arrears. In addition, the Administration Agent receives fees calculated on the basis of transactions related to shareholder transaction processing. The maximum fees are Euro 17 per transaction, Euro 8,000 p.a. for share class maintenance and Euro 20 p.a. for shareholder account.

The Company bears its other operational costs not already mentioned here above as described in Appendix 1. under the Section V "Net Asset Value per Share Calculation", sub-section II 5.

The Company will bear the costs and expenses of its formation and the initial issue of its Shares which do not exceed Euro 100,000 in total and will be amortised over the first five years. In addition, each new Sub-Fund will bear its own formation costs and expenses which will be amortised over five years.

E. Total Expense Ratio

The "Total Expense Ratio" is the ratio between the aggregate expenses to be charged to the assets of each class of Shares of a Sub-Fund of the Company and the average net assets of each class of Shares of a Sub-Fund of the Company exclusive of any due transaction costs. The final Total Expense Ratio per class of Shares per Sub-Fund (exclusive of any subscription, redemption or conversion fee) will be calculated at a later stage and will be published in the annual and the semi-annual reports of the Company.

PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

APPENDIX 3

INVESTMENT MULTI-MANAGERS

OMS - US EQUITY

Kinetics Asset Management, Inc.

1311 Mamaroneck Avenue Suite 130 White Plains New York 10605 USA

Bamco, Inc.

767, Fifth Avenue, 49th floor New York, NY 10153 USA

Edgewood Management LLC

350 Park Avenue, 18th Floor New York 10022-6022 USA

OMS - EUROPE SRI

OFI Asset Management

20-22, rue Vernier F-75017 Paris France

Kempen Capital Management (UK)

41, Melville Street Edinburgh EH3 7JF Scotland

De Pury Pictet Turrettini & Cie SA

12, rue de la Corraterie C.P. 5335 CH- 1211 Genève 11 Switzerland

OMS - BRICA

(formerly denominated OMS - BRIC)

Charlemagne Capital (IOM) Limited

Regent House 16-18 Ridgeway Street Douglas Isle of Man

East Capital AB

Norra Kungstornet Kungsgatan 30 Box 1364 SE-11193 Stockholm Sweden

F&C Management Limited

8th Floor Exchange House Primrose Street London EC2A 2NY United Kingdom

OFI Asset Management

20-22, rue Vernier F-75017 Paris France



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

Silk Invest Limited 4 Lombard Street London EC3V 9HD United Kingdom

OMS - LYNX REAL ASSETS

OFI Asset Management 20-22, rue Vernier F- 75017 Paris France



PROSPECTUS - May 2014 OFI MULTISELECT

APPENDIX 4 APPLICATION FORM