## PRODUCT KEY FACTS 產品資料概要



### JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund 摩根亞洲股息基金

April 2023 • 2023年4月

- This statement provides you with key information about this product.
- This statement is a part of the offering document.
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.
- 本概要提供本基金的重要資料,
- 是銷售文件的一部分。
- 請勿單憑本概要作投資決定。

Quick facts 資料便覽			
Manager 經理人:	JPMorgan Funds (Asia) Ltd. 摩根基金(亞洲)有限公司		
Investment Manager 投資經理人:	JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia Pacific) Limited, Hong Kong (internal delegation) 摩根資產管理(亞太)有限公司,香港(同集團委任)		
Sub-Manager 助理經理人:	JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd.^, UK (internal delegation) 英國(同集團委任)  ^ The Sub-Manager is only responsible for the currency management of the Currency Hedged Classes set out in the sub-section "Ongoing charges over a year". For the Currency Hedged Classes with the suffix "(PRC)" which are available to PRC investors, JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia Pacific) Limited (the "Investment Manager"), a company incorporated with limited liability in Hong Kong, is responsible for the day-to-day investment management and currency management decision without any further delegation.  ^ 助理經理人只負責「全年經常性開支比率」分節所載貨幣對沖類別的貨幣管理。就以「(中國)」為後 綴之可提供予中國投資者之貨幣對沖類別而言,摩根資產管理(亞太)有限公司(「投資經理人」,該 公司乃於香港註冊成立之有限公司)負責日常投資管理及貨幣管理決定而並無作任何進一步轉授。		
Trustee 信託管理人:	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 滙豐機構信託服務(亞洲)有限公司		
Ongoing charges over a year 全年經常性開支比率:	vary from year to year.	(累計)港元類別 (累計)人民幣對沖類別 (累計)美元類別 (每月派息)澳元對沖類別 (每月派息)加元對沖類別 (每月派息)歐元對沖類別 (每月派息)英鎊對沖類別 (每月派息)港元類別 (每月派息)紐元對沖類別 (每月派息)人民幣對沖類別 (每月派息)新加坡元對沖類別 (每月派息)新加坡元對沖類別 (每月派息)美元類別 based on expenses for the year ended 30	
Dealing frequency 交易頻率:	Daily 每日		
Base currency 基本貨幣:	USD (The classes offered in Hong Kong are in Australian dollars, Canadian dollars, Euro, Sterling, HK dollars, New Zealand dollars, Renminbi, Singapore dollars and US dollars). Please refer to the section "CLASSES OF UNITS" in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund for details. 美元(在香港銷售之類別分別以澳元、加元、歐元、英鎊、港元、紐元、人民幣、新加坡元及美元計價)。詳情請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「單位類別」一節。		
Dividend policy 派息政策:	(acc) class - Accumulative (income will be retained and reinvested within the corresponding class)/(mth) class - Monthly distribution*  Distributions may be paid out of capital which represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount an investor originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit.		

### Product Key Facts - JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根亞洲股息基金

(累計)類別 - 累計(收益將保留並撥作投資相應類別)/

(每月派息) 類別 - 每月分派\*

分派可能從資本撥款,即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退

回或提取部分金額。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。

#### Financial year end 財政年度終結日:30 September 9月30日

Minimum investment Lump-sum (same amount for initial/additional):

最低投資額: For RMB denominated Classes: RMB16,000 or its equivalent in another currency

For other Classes: USD2,000 or its equivalent in another currency

Regular Investment Plan: HKD1,000 per month

整額(首次及其後每次相同):

就以人民幣計價的類別而言:人民幣16,000元或其他貨幣之等值

就其他類別而言:2,000美元或其他貨幣之等值

定期投資計劃:每月1,000港元

The Manager may apply a different minimum lump sum investment and/or a different minimum monthly investment.

\* Any distributions will be reinvested automatically in the subscription of further units of the corresponding Class of units of the Fund, or paid in cash provided certain conditions are met. Please refer to the section "DISTRIBUTION POLICY" in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund. The Manager has the sole and absolute discretion to amend the distribution policy, subject to the SFC's prior approval and one month's prior notice to the relevant unitholders.

經理人可設定不同的最低整筆投資額及/或不同的最低每月投資額。

\*任何分派將自動再投資於認購基金相應單位類別的更多單位(或於符合若干特定情況下,以現金分派)。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收益分派政策」一節。經理人可全權酌情決定修改收益分派政策,惟須獲得證監會事先批准,及須給予相關單位持有人一個月的事先通知。

### What is this product? 本基金是甚麼產品?

This is a fund constituted in the form of a unit trust under the laws of Hong Kong.

本基金是一個根據香港法律以單位信託形式組成的基金。

## Objective and investment strategy 目標及投資策略

To aim to provide income and long term capital growth by investing primarily (i.e. at least 70% of its total net asset value) in equity securities of companies in the Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan) that the investment manager expects to pay dividends. The Fund's holding of these equity securities will be selected based on historical records and company announcements on dividends, in addition to their potential for long term capital appreciation. The value of the Fund's holding of equity securities of companies which are based in, listed on stock exchange of or operate principally in the Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan) and are expected to pay dividends shall not be less than 70% of its total net asset value in securities and other investments.

The Fund is not subject to any limitation on the portion of its total net asset value that may be invested in any sector or any limitation on the market capitalisation of the companies in which it may invest.

The Fund may invest less than 30% of its total net asset value in Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") domiciled or investing in Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan).

The Fund's aggregate exposure (direct and indirect) to China A-Shares and B-Shares (including eligible China A-Shares invested via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect) may not exceed 20% of its total net asset value

The Fund may also invest in derivatives as permitted by the SFC from time to time such as options, warrants and futures for investment purposes.

The Fund will have limited RMB denominated underlying investments.

透過主要(即將其總資產淨值至少70%)投資於亞太區(日本除外)內投資經理人預期會派發股息的公司之股票,以期提供收益及長期資本增長。基金所持有的此等股票將根據公司的過往派息紀錄及公布,以及其長期資本增長潛力而挑選。基金所持以亞太區(日本除外)為基地、在當地交易所上市或主要在當地經營及預期會派發股息之公司股票的價值,不得少於其屬於證券及其他投資之總資產淨值的70%。

基金在任何行業可投資的總資產淨值的比例不受任何限制,其可投資的公司市值亦不受任何限制。

基金可將其總資產淨值少於30%投資於在亞太區(日本除外)註冊或投資的房地產投資信託。

基金於中國A股及B股(包括透過「滬港通」及/或「深港通」投資的合資格中國A股)的總投資(直接及間接)不可超過其總資產淨值的20%。

基金亦可為投資目的而投資於證監會不時允許的衍生工具,例如期權、認股權證及期貨。

基金將有限度投資於以人民幣計價相關投資項目。

## Use of derivatives 衍生工具的使用

The Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value. 本基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額可最多達基金資產淨值的50%。

### What are the KEY RISKS? 本基金有哪些主要風險?

Investment involves risk. Please refer to the offering document(s) for details, including the risk factors. 投資涉及風險。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情,包括風險因素。

- Investment risk The Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- Equity risk The Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors. Equity markets may fluctuate significantly with prices rising and falling sharply, and this will have a direct impact on the Fund's net asset value. When equity markets are extremely volatile, the Fund's net asset value may fluctuate substantially and the Fund could suffer substantial loss.
- Dividend-paying equity risk There can be no guarantee that the companies that the Fund invests in and which have historically paid dividends will continue to pay dividends or to pay dividends at the current rates in the future. The reduction or discontinuation of dividend payments may have a negative impact on the value of the Fund's holdings and consequently, the Fund may be adversely impacted.
- Emerging markets risk The Fund invests in emerging markets which may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility. Certain countries in the Asia Pacific region may be considered emerging markets countries. Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards in emerging markets may be less rigorous than international standards. There is a possibility of nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, foreign exchange control, political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments which could affect adversely the economies of emerging markets or the value of the Fund's investments.
- Concentration risk The Fund may concentrate its investments in the Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan). Investors should be aware that the Fund is likely to be more volatile than a more broadly diversified fund. The value of the Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting that geographic area.
- Smaller companies risk The stock prices of small and medium-sized companies may tend to be more volatile than large-sized companies due to a lower degree of liquidity, greater sensitivity to changes in economic conditions and higher uncertainty over future growth prospects.
- Currency risk The assets in which the Fund is invested and the income from the assets will or may be quoted in currency which are different from the Fund's base currency. The performance of the Fund will therefore be affected by changes in exchange rate controls and movements in the exchange rate between the currencies in which the assets are held and Fund's currency of denomination. Investors whose base currency is different (or not in a currency linked to the Fund's currency of denomination) may be exposed to additional currency risk.
- Liquidity risk The Fund may invest in instruments where the volume of transactions may fluctuate significantly depending on market sentiment or which are traded infrequently or on comparatively small markets. There is a risk that investments made by the Fund are less liquid compared to more developed markets or may become less liquid in response to market developments or adverse investor perceptions, particularly in respect of larger transaction sizes. The performance of the Fund may therefore be adversely affected.
- Risk associated with high volatility of the equity market in the Asian region High market volatility and potential settlement difficulties in the markets may also result in significant fluctuations in the prices of the securities traded on such markets and thereby may adversely affect the value of the Fund.
- Chinese variable interest entity (VIE) risk The VIE structure is designed to provide the offshore entity with economic exposure to the Chinese company that replicates equity ownership, without actual direct equity ownership. There is a risk that the PRC government or regulators may intervene in these VIE structures at any time, either generally or with respect to specific issuers. Ownership of the shares in these Chinese VIEs does not give the shareholders any control over the Chinese company. Companies that rely on VIE structures including those listed on U.S. exchanges and American Depositary Receipts, may be adversely impacted. Such legal uncertainties may adversely impact the interest of foreign investors such as the Fund in these Chinese VIEs. The Fund may suffer significant losses as a result.

# Product Key Facts - JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund 產品資料概要 - 摩根亞洲股息基金

- Hedging risk The Manager, the Investment Manager and the Sub-Manager are permitted, in their absolute discretion, but
  not obliged, to use hedging techniques to attempt to reduce market and currency risks. There is no guarantee that hedging
  techniques if used, will achieve the desired result nor that hedging techniques will be used, in those cases, the Fund may
  be exposed to the existing market and currency risks and may be adversely impacted. The hedging, if any, against foreign
  exchange risks may or may not be up to 100% of assets of the Fund.
- Derivatives risk Risks associated with derivatives include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. The leverage element/component of a derivative can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the derivatives by the Fund. Exposure to derivatives may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Fund.
- Class currency risk The Class Currency of each Class may be different from the Fund's base currency, the currencies of which the Fund's assets are invested and/or investors' base currencies of investment. If an investor converts its base currency of investment to the Class Currency in order to invest in a particular Class and subsequently converts the redemption proceeds from that Class Currency back to its original base currency of investment, the investor may suffer a loss due to the depreciation of the Class Currency against the original currency. For example, if an investor whose base currency of investment is Hong Kong dollars (i.e. not Australian dollars) and chooses to invest in the AUD Hedged Class, the investor may be exposed to a higher currency risk. The investor may suffer a higher loss as a result of exchange rate fluctuations between Hong Kong dollars and Australian dollars upon the reconversion of its Australian dollars investment back to Hong Kong dollars as compared to an investor whose base currency of investment is originally in Australian dollars.
- Payment of distributions out of capital risk Where the income generated by the Fund is insufficient to pay a distribution as the Fund declares, the Manager may in its discretion determine such distributions may be paid from capital including realised and unrealised capital gains. Investors should note that the payment of distributions out of capital represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount they originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. As a result, the capital that the Fund has available for investment in the future and capital growth may be reduced. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value of units. Also, a positive distribution yield does not imply a positive return on the total investment.
  - The distribution amount and NAV of the Currency Hedged Classes may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the denominated currency of the Currency Hedged Classes and the base currency of the Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-hedged Classes.
- RMB currency risk RMB is subject to a managed floating exchange rate based on market supply and demand with reference to a basket of foreign currencies. RMB exchange rate is also subject to exchange control policies. The daily trading price of the RMB against other major currencies in the inter-bank foreign exchange market is allowed to float within a narrow band around the central parity published by the relevant authorities of the People's Republic of China. As the exchange rates are influenced by government policy and market forces, the exchange rates for RMB against other currencies, including US dollars and HK dollars, are susceptible to movements based on external factors. Accordingly, the investment in Classes denominated in RMB may be adversely affected by the fluctuations in the exchange rate between RMB and other foreign currencies. RMB is currently not freely convertible and RMB convertibility from offshore RMB (CNH) to onshore RMB (CNY) is a managed currency process subject to foreign exchange control policies of and restrictions imposed by the Chinese government.

Class(es) denominated in RMB will generally be valued with reference to RMB (CNH) rather than RMB (CNY). While RMB (CNH) and RMB (CNY) represent the same currency, they are traded in different and separate markets which operate independently. As such RMB (CNH) does not necessarily have the same exchange rate and may not move in the same direction as RMB (CNY). Any divergence between RMB (CNH) and RMB (CNY) may adversely impact investors. Class(es) denominated in RMB participate in the offshore RMB (CNH) market, which allow investors to freely transact CNH outside of mainland China. Class(es) denominated in RMB will have no requirement to remit CNH to onshore RMB (CNY). Non-RMB based investors (e.g. Hong Kong investors) in Class(es) denominated in RMB may have to convert HK dollars or other currencies into RMB when investing in Class(es) denominated in RMB and subsequently convert the RMB redemption proceeds and/or distributions (if any) back to HK dollars or such other currencies. Investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to HK dollars or such other currencies. Also, there can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation and any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of the investor's investment in the Fund.

Even if the Fund aims at paying redemption monies and/or distributions of RMB denominated Class(es) in RMB, the Manager may, under extreme market conditions when there is not sufficient RMB for currency conversion and with the approval of the Trustee, pay redemption monies and/or distributions in US dollars. There is also a risk that payment of redemption monies and/or distributions in RMB may be delayed when there is not sufficient amount of RMB for currency conversion for settlement of the redemption monies and distributions in a timely manner due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB. In any event, the redemption proceeds will be paid not later than one calendar month after the relevant dealing day on which units are redeemed and the Manager has received a duly completed redemption request in a prescribed format and such other information as the Trustee or the Manager may reasonably require.

# Product Key Facts - JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund 產品資料概要 - 摩根亞洲股息基金

• Currency Hedged Classes risk – Each Currency Hedged Class may hedge the Fund's denominated currency back to its currency of denomination, with an aim to provide a return on investment which correlates with the return of the Class of unit which is denominated in the base currency of the Fund. The costs and resultant profit or loss on the hedging transactions will be reflected in the net asset value per unit for the units of the relevant Currency Hedged Classes. The costs relating to such hedging transactions which may be significant depending on prevailing market conditions shall be borne by that Currency Hedged Class only.

The precise hedging strategy applied to a particular Currency Hedged Class may vary. In addition, there is no guarantee that the desired hedging instruments will be available or hedging strategy will achieve its desired result. In such circumstances, investors of the Currency Hedged Class may still be subject to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis (which means that, for example, if the hedging strategy in respect of the RMB Hedged Class is ineffective, depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to the base currency of the Fund, and/or other currency(ies) of the non-RMB denominated underlying investment of the Fund, (i) investors may still suffer losses even if there are gains or no losses in the value of the non-RMB denominated underlying investments; or (ii) investors may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB denominated underlying investments of the Fund fall in value.) If the counterparties of the instruments used for hedging purposes default, investors of the Currency Hedged Classes may be exposed to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis and may therefore suffer further losses.

While the hedging strategy may protect investors of the Currency Hedged Classes against a decrease in the value of the Fund's base currency relative to the denominated currency of that Currency Hedged Class, the hedging strategy may substantially limit the benefits of any potential increase in the value of a Currency Hedged Class expressed in the Class currency, if the Currency Hedged Class' denominating currency falls against the base currency of the Fund.

- ◆ 投資風險 基金的投資組合之價值或會因以下任何主要風險因素而下跌,閣下於基金之投資或會因而蒙受損失。概無保證本金將獲償還。
- **股票風險** 一 基金於股票證券之投資須承受一般市場風險,股票證券的價值或會因多項因素而波動,例如投資氣氛、政治及經濟狀況及發行人特定因素的變動。股票市場可能大幅波動,而股價可能急升急跌,並將直接影響基金的資產淨值。當股票市場極為反覆時,基金的資產淨值可能大幅波動,而基金可能需蒙受重大損失。
- **派息股票風險** 一 概無保證本基金所投資並於以往曾派息的公司將於未來繼續派息或以現時比率派息。減少或終止派息可能對本基金的持股價值構成負面影響,因此本基金可能受到不利影響。
- 新興市場風險 基金投資於新興市場,或會涉及更高風險以及投資於較成熟的市場時一般不會涉及之特殊考慮因素,例如流通性風險、貨幣風險/管制、政治及經濟不明朗因素、法律及稅務風險、結算風險、託管風險,以及可能出現大幅波動。若干於亞太區之國家可能被視作新興市場國家。新興市場的會計、審計及財務申報標準可能不如國際標準嚴格。國有化、徵用私產或充公性稅項、外匯管制、政治變動、政府規例、社會不穩定或外交發展均有可能對新興市場經濟或本基金之投資價值構成不利影響。
- 集中風險 本基金可能集中投資於亞太區(日本除外)。投資者應注意本基金相比更廣泛分散投資的基金較為波動。本基金的價值可能較容易受到影響該地區的不利經濟、政治、政策、外匯、流通性、稅務、法律或監管事件所影響。
- 小型公司風險 由於中小型公司的流通性較低、較容易受經濟狀況轉變影響,以及未來增長前景亦較為不確定,所以股價可能會較大型公司更為波動。
- 貨幣風險 本基金投資之資產及其收益將或可能以與本基金之基本貨幣不同之貨幣計價。因此,本基金之表現將受外匯管制變動及所持資產之貨幣兌本基金之結算貨幣之匯率變動所影響。基本貨幣有所不同(或並非與本基金之結算貨幣掛鈎之貨幣)之投資者可能會承受額外之貨幣風險。
- 流通性風險 本基金可投資於其交易量或會因市場情緒而顯著波動之工具,或不經常買賣或在相對較小的市場買賣的工具。本基金作出之投資或會面對流通性不及較成熟的市場之風險,或因應市場發展及投資者之相反看法而變得流通性不足之風險,特別是就較大規模的交易而言尤甚。基金之表現可能因而會受不利影響。
- 與亞洲地區股市的較高波幅相關的風險 該等市場的較高市場波幅及潛在結算困難亦可能導致在該等市場交易的證券之價格出現大幅波動,因此可能對基金的價值造成不利影響。
- 中國可變利益實體 (VIE) 風險 VIE結構旨在透過在並無實際直接股權所有權的情況下複製有關股權所有權,從而為境外實體提供對中國公司的經濟參與。存在中國政府或監管機構可能隨時干預該等VIE結構(不論是整體而言或就特定發行人)的風險。於該等中國VIE的股份所有權並無賦予股東對中國公司的任何控制權。依賴VIE結構的公司(包括在美國證券交易所上市的公司及美國預託證券)可能受到不利影響。該等法律上的不確定性可能對境外投資者(例如基金)於該等中國VIE的利益構成不利影響。基金可能因此蒙受重大損失。
- **對沖風險** 一 經理人、投資經理人及助理經理人獲准有絕對酌情權(但並非必須)採用對沖方法以嘗試減低市場及貨幣風險。概無保證該等對沖方法(如採用)將會達到預期之效果或該等對沖方法將獲得採用,在該等情形下,基金可能需承受現有之市場及貨幣風險,並可能受到不利影響。對匯率風險所作出的對沖(如有)可能或未必高達基金資產之100%。
- **衍生工具風險** 與衍生工具相關的風險包括交易對象/信貸風險、流通性風險、估值風險、波動風險及場外交易風險。衍生工具的 槓桿元素/成分可能導致虧損大幅高於本基金投資於衍生工具的金額。投資於衍生工具可能導致本基金蒙受大幅虧損的高風險。
- 類別貨幣風險 各類別之類別貨幣可能不同於基金之基本貨幣及其所投資的資產之貨幣及/或投資者之投資的基本貨幣。倘若投資者將其投資之基本貨幣轉換為類別貨幣以投資於一特定類別,及於其後將贖回所得由該類別貨幣轉換至其原有之投資基本貨幣,投

資者可能因該類別貨幣對該原有貨幣貶值而蒙受損失。舉例而言,倘投資者之投資基本貨幣為港元(即非澳元)而選擇投資於澳元 對沖類別,則該投資者可能承受較高的貨幣風險。與以澳元為原有之投資基本貨幣的投資者相比,該投資者可能因在將其澳元投資 再轉換回港元時,港元與澳元之匯率波動而蒙受較高損失。

● **從資本撥款作出分派之風險** 一 當基金所產生之收入並不足夠支付基金宣佈之分派時,經理人可酌情決定該等分派可能由資本(包括實現與未實現資本收益)撥款支付。投資者應注意,從資本撥款支付分派即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。因此,基金未來可用作投資的資本及資本增值或會減少。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。此外,正分派收益並不代表總投資的正回報。

貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及資產淨值可能受到貨幣對沖類別的計價貨幣與基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響,導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加,繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他非對沖類別為高。

● 人民幣貨幣風險 — 人民幣匯率為一個受管理的浮動匯率,匯率基於市場供求及參考一籃子外國貨幣而釐定。人民幣匯率亦受制於外匯管制政策。於銀行間外匯市場中人民幣兌其他主要貨幣可按中華人民共和國之有關主管機構發佈的中央平價窄幅上落。由於匯率受政府政策及市場力量影響,人民幣兌包括美元及港元在內的其他貨幣的匯率將容易因外圍因素而變動。因此,投資於以人民幣計價的類別可能會因人民幣與其他外幣之間的匯率波動而受到不利的影響。人民幣現時不可自由兌換。將境外人民幣(CNH)兌換為境內人民幣(CNY)是一項貨幣管理程序,須遵守由中國政府實施的外匯管制政策及限制。

人民幣類別一般參考境外人民幣(CNH)而非境內人民幣(CNY)計價。境外人民幣(CNH)及境內人民幣(CNY)雖屬相同貨幣,但有關貨幣在獨立運作的不同和個別市場上買賣。因此,境外人民幣(CNH)與境內人民幣(CNY)的匯率未必相同,匯率走勢亦可能不一樣。境外人民幣(CNH)與境內人民幣(CNY)間出現任何差異,可能對投資者造成不利影響。以人民幣計價的類別參與境外人民幣(CNH)市場,可在中國大陸境外自由交易境外人民幣(CNH)。以人民幣計價的類別毋須將境外人民幣(CNH)匯成境內人民幣(CNY)。並非以人民幣為基本貨幣的投資者(如香港投資者),在投資以人民幣計價的類別時可能須將港元或其他貨幣兌換為人民幣,其後亦須將人民幣贖回所得款項及/或人民幣分派(如有)兌換為港元或該等其他貨幣。投資者將招致匯兌成本,並可能蒙受損失,視乎人民幣相對於港元或該等其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定。此外,不能保證人民幣不會貶值,而人民幣貶值可對投資者於基金的投資價值產生不利影響。

即使基金打算以人民幣支付贖回款項及/或以人民幣計價的類別的分派,惟在極端市況下市場未能提供足夠人民幣作貨幣兌換時及獲信託管理人批准後,經理人可以美元支付贖回款項及/或分派。如因人民幣適用的外匯管制政策及限制而未能及時具備足夠的人民幣供結算贖回款項及/或分派,亦存在以人民幣支付的贖回款項及/或分派或會被延誤的風險。無論如何,贖回所得款項將於單位被贖回及經理人已接獲以指定格式正式填妥之贖回要求及信託管理人或經理人可能合理要求之其他資料之有關交易日後一個曆月內支付。

● **貨幣對沖類別風險** 一 各貨幣對沖類別可將基金之計價貨幣對沖回其計價貨幣,旨在提供與以基金之基本貨幣計價的類別相關的投資回報。對沖交易的成本及所得盈虧將會反映於有關貨幣對沖類別單位之每單位資產淨值內。有關該等對沖交易的任何成本視乎當前市況而定可屬重大,將只由該貨幣對沖類別承擔。

應用於某特定貨幣對沖類別之確切對沖策略或會不同。此外,概不保證能夠獲得預期的對沖工具或對沖策略將會達到預期效果。在該等情況下,貨幣對沖類別之投資者可能仍需承受未對沖之貨幣兌換風險(舉例而言,如人民幣對沖類別之對沖策略無效,視乎人民幣相對於基金的基本貨幣,及/或該基金的非人民幣計價相關資產的其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定:(i)即使非人民幣計價的相關資產的價值上有收益或並無虧損,投資者仍可能蒙受損失;或(ii)如基金的非人民幣計價相關資產的價值下跌,投資者可能蒙受額外損失)。倘若用作對沖目的之工具之交易對象違約,貨幣對沖類別的投資者可能承受未對沖的貨幣兌換風險及可能因此承受進一步損失。

儘管對沖策略可能保護貨幣對沖類別的投資者免受基金的基本貨幣相對於貨幣對沖類別之計價貨幣之價值下跌所影響,惟倘若貨幣 對沖類別之計價貨幣對基金之基本貨幣下跌,則該對沖策略可能大幅限制以類別貨幣列值的貨幣對沖類別之任何潛在升值的利益。



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the last valuation day of the calendar year, NAV to NAV, with dividend reinvested.

### Product Key Facts - JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根亞洲股息基金

- These figures show by how much the class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance
  data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have
  to pay.
- Where no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- The Manager views "(mth) USD class" being the focus class available to retail investors in Hong Kong as the most appropriate representative class.
- Fund launch date: 2013
- Class launch date: 2013
- 過去業績資料並不代表將來表現。投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。
- 業績表現以曆年之最後一個估值日的資產淨值作為基礎,股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示單位類別價值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。業績表現以美元計算,當中包括基金的經常性開支,但不包括基金可能向閣下收取的認購費及贖回費。
- 如年內沒有顯示有關的業績表現,即代表當年沒有足夠數據用作提供業績表現之用。
- 經理人視「(每月派息)美元類別」作為本基金可供香港零售投資者認購的核心單位類別為最合適的代表單位類別。
- 本基金成立日期:2013單位類別成立日期:2013

## Is there any guarantee? 本基金有否提供保證?

This Fund does not provide any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

本基金並不提供任何保證。閣下未必能取回全數投資本金。

## What are the fees and charges? 投資本基金涉及哪些費用及收費?

◆ Charges which may be payable by you<sup>‡</sup> 閣下或須繳付的收費<sup>‡</sup>

You may have to pay the following fees up to the rate listed below when dealing in the units of the Fund:

閣下買賣基金單位時或須繳付最高可達之費用如下:

Subscription fee (Initial charge) 認購費:5.0% of NAV 資產淨值之5.0%Switching fee 轉換費:1.0% of NAV 資產淨值之1.0%

Redemption fee 贖回費: Currently 0% (up to 0.5% of NAV) 現時為0%(最高可達資產淨值之0.5%)

- † Please refer to the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund for the calculation methodology of the relevant charges.
- ‡請參閱本基金的基金說明書,了解有關收費的計算方法。

#### ◆ Ongoing fees payable by the Fund 本基金須持續繳付的費用

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments. 以下費用將從基金中扣除,閣下的投資回報將會因而減少。

Management fee 管理費: 1.5% of NAV p.a. (maximum 2.5%) 每年資產淨值之1.5%(最高可達2.5%) Trustee fee 信託管理人費用: 0.025%-0.06% of NAV p.a. (maximum 0.2%, subject to the NAV)

每年資產淨值之0.025%-0.06%(最高可達0.2%,根據基金資產淨值)

Performance fee 表現費:N/A 不適用Administration fee 行政費:N/A 不適用

◆ Other fees 其他費用

The Fund may charge other fees. Please refer to the 'FEES, CHARGES AND LIABILITIES' section in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund

本基金或會收取其他費用。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收費、開支及責任」一節。

### Additional information 其他資料

- You generally buy, redeem or switch units at the Fund's next-determined net asset value after the Manager or Intermediaries receive your request in good order at or before 5.00pm (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time. The Manager or Intermediaries may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The net asset value of this Fund is calculated and published on each "dealing day". They are available online at am.jpmorgan.com/hk<sup>1</sup>.
- Composition of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months are available from the Manager upon request and at the website am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other classes offered to Hong Kong investors from am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.

# Product Key Facts - JPMorgan Asia Equity Dividend Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根亞洲股息基金



- 在交易截止時間即下午5時正(香港時間)或之前由經理人或中介人收妥的單位認購、贖回及轉換要求,一般按基金隨後釐定的資產 淨值執行。經理人或中介人設定的交易截止時間可能各有不同,投資者應注意提交要求的截止時間。
- 本基金在每一「交易日」計算及公布資產淨值。詳情請瀏覽 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 最近12個月的分派成分(即從(i)可分派收入淨額及(ii)資本所派發的相對金額),可向經理人索取及於以下網頁查閱: am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 投資者可於 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹取得其他向香港投資者銷售的單位類別之過往業績資料。
- The website has not been reviewed by the SFC.
- 1 此網頁並未經證監會審閱。

## Important 重要提示

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness. 閣下如有疑問,應諮詢專業意見。

證監會對本概要的內容並不承擔任何責任,對其準確性及完整性亦不作出任何陳述。