

PRODUCT KEY FACTS

JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND – ASIAN GROWTH FUND

- This statement provides you with key information about the Asian Growth Fund (the “Sub-Fund”).
- This statement is a part of the offering document and must be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and the Hong Kong Covering Document.
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

Quick facts

Fund Manager:	Henderson Management S.A.		
Investment Manager:	Henderson Global Investors Limited, London, UK (internal delegation)		
Sub-Investment Manager:	Janus Henderson Investors (Singapore) Limited, Singapore (internal delegation)		
Depository:	BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch		
Ongoing charges over a year:		Incorporating performance fees	Without incorporating performance fees
	Class A2 US\$	2.00%	2.00%
	Class A2 EUR	2.00%	2.00%
	The ongoing charges figures are annualized figures calculated based on expenses chargeable to the respective Share Class of the Sub-Fund for the period from 1 July 2019 to 31 December 2019 expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value (“NAV”) of the respective Share Class of the Sub-Fund over the same period. These figures may vary from year to year. The relevant Share Class did not meet the requirements for charging a performance fee for the relevant performance period. The performance fee (if any) to be paid by the relevant Share Class at the end of the relevant performance period may vary subject to the market conditions.		
Dealing frequency:	Daily		
Base currency:	US Dollar		
Distribution policy:	<p>For Accumulation Share Classes (sub-class 2 or Class A2): There is no distribution for Accumulation Share Classes. Any gross income, net realised and unrealised capital gains will be accumulated and reflected in the capital value of the Share Class.</p> <p>The Directors may amend the distribution policy, where necessary, subject to the SFC’s prior approval and by giving not less than one month’s prior notice to investors.</p>		
Financial year end:	30 June		
Minimum investment:			Class A
	US\$	Initial	\$2,500
		Additional	\$500
	EUR	Initial	€2,500
		Additional	€500

What is this product?

The Asian Growth Fund is a sub-fund of the Janus Henderson Horizon Fund, constituted in the form of a mutual fund and domiciled in Luxembourg. Its home regulator is the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier.

Investment objective and investment strategy

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund aims to provide capital growth over the long term.

Investment strategy

The Sub-Fund invests at least two-thirds of its NAV in equities or equity-related instruments of companies in Asian markets (Hong Kong, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, China, India, Philippines, South Korea, Taiwan, Indonesia, Australia and New Zealand amongst others) (i.e. companies that are domiciled in Asia or that derive a significant portion of their revenues and/or profits in Asian markets). The Sub-Fund does not invest in Japan.

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The Sub-Fund may invest in companies of any size, including smaller capitalisation companies, in any industry.

While the Sub-Fund will invest in accordance with the above investment objective and strategy, the Sub-Fund is not subject to any limitation on the portion of its NAV that may be invested in any one country (including emerging market countries) or industry sector.

Equities may include China A-Shares, directly through the Stock Connect Programs and other eligible exchanges or indirectly through derivative instruments. Exposure to China A-Shares will not be more than 20% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

Equity-related instruments may include depository receipts.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivative instruments ("FDIs") (such as futures, forwards, options and warrants) to reduce risk and to manage the Sub-Fund more efficiently. Under no circumstances shall the use of these instruments and techniques cause the Sub-Fund to diverge from its investment policy.

The IM may from time to time consider hedging currency and interest rates exposure, but will not generally enter into contracts involving a speculative position in any currency or interest rate.

No more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's NAV may be invested in units of UCITS or other UCIs.

For the remaining assets, the Investment Manager ("IM") has the flexibility to invest outside the Sub-Fund's principal geographies or asset classes.

On an ancillary basis and for defensive purposes, the Fund may invest in:

- investment grade government bonds and associated derivative instruments;
- cash and money market instruments.

The Sub-Fund may engage in securities lending transactions. Lending transactions may not be carried out on more than 50% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

Currently, the Sub-Fund does not engage in repurchase and/or reverse repurchase agreement transactions.

Performance Target: The Sub-Fund targets to outperform the MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index by at least 2% per annum, before the deduction of charges, over any 5 year period.

The Sub-Fund is actively managed with reference to the MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index, which is broadly representative of the companies in which it may invest, as this forms the basis of the Sub-Fund's performance target and the level above which performance fees may be charged. The IM has discretion to choose investments for the Sub-Fund with weightings different to the index or not in the index, but at times the Sub-Fund may hold investments similar to the index.

The IM seeks to identify quality companies and capture growth in the dynamic and fast-growing Asia Pacific region through different market conditions. The investment process is driven by stock selection, based on in-depth research, resulting in a high-conviction portfolio.

Use of derivatives / Investment in derivatives

The Sub-Fund's Net Derivative Exposure may be up to 50% of the Sub-Fund's NAV.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus and Hong Kong Covering Document for details including the risk factors.

General investment risk

- The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.

Equity and equity-related securities risk

- The value of equity and equity-related securities may be affected by various economic, political, market and issuer-specific factors and changes in investment sentiment. As a result, the value of such securities may be volatile and decline in value

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over short or even extended periods of time as well as rise. A fall in the value of equity and equity-related securities may adversely affect the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

Risks relating to securities lending

- Investors should note that if the borrower of securities lent by the Sub-Fund becomes insolvent or refuses to honour its obligations to return the relevant securities in a timely manner, the Sub-Fund would experience delays in recovering its securities and may possibly incur a capital loss which may adversely impact investors. The collateral received may realise at a value less than the value of the securities lent out, whether due to inaccurate pricing, adverse market movements, a deterioration in the credit rating of the issuers of the collateral, or the illiquidity of the market in which the collateral is traded. Further, delays in the return of securities on loan may restrict the ability of the Sub-Fund to meet delivery obligations under security sales or payment obligations arising from realisation requests.

Currency risk

- Assets of the Sub-Fund may be denominated in a currency other than the base currency (i.e. US Dollar) of the Sub-Fund. Also, a Share Class may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the Sub-Fund. Changes in exchange rate control and changes in the exchange rate between the base currency and these currencies may affect the value of the Sub-Fund's assets as expressed in the base currency. Adverse fluctuations in currency exchange rates can result in a decrease in return and in a loss of capital which may have an adverse impact on the Sub-Fund.

Derivatives risk

- The use of FDIs can involve a higher level of risk. In adverse situations, the Sub-Fund's use of FDIs may become ineffective and the Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses. The leverage element/component of an FDI can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the FDI by the Sub-Fund. The use of FDIs also exposes the Sub-Fund to associated risks including counterparty risk, leverage risk, liquidity risk, volatility risk, valuation risk and over-the-counter transaction risk.

Performance fee risk

- Performance fees may encourage the IM to make riskier investment decisions than in the absence of performance-based incentive systems. The increase in NAV which is used as a basis for the calculation of performance fees, may comprise of both realised gains and unrealised gains as at the end of the calculation period, and as a result, performance fees may be paid on unrealised gains which may subsequently never be realised by the Sub-Fund.
- The Sub-Fund does not apply any equalisation in the calculation of performance fee, therefore there may be circumstances where an investor may either be advantaged or disadvantaged as a result of the performance fee calculation methodology. Specifically, in the event of the Sub-Fund's outperformance, an investor may be subject to a performance fee even if a loss in investment capital has been suffered by the investor.

Market risk

- The value of the investments in the Sub-Fund may go up or down due to changing economic, political, regulatory, social development or market conditions that impact the share price of the companies that the Sub-Fund invests in. A fall in the value of the Sub-Fund's investment may cause a fall in the NAV of the Sub-Fund. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.

Emerging market risk

- Investments in emerging markets may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investments in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/ control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risks and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility. Some of these markets may have relatively unstable governments, economies based on only a few industries and securities markets that trade only a limited number of securities. Many emerging markets do not have well-developed regulatory systems and disclosure standards may be less stringent than those of developed markets. Such risks could adversely affect the value of the Sub-Fund's investments and the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

Risk of investing in China securities

- The Sub-Fund's investment in China securities, i.e. China A-Shares and China A-Shares access products, may subject it to the following risks:

Currency risk - The Renminbi is subject to foreign exchange controls and restrictions and is not a freely convertible currency. Such control of currency conversion and movements in the Renminbi exchange rates may adversely affect the operations and financial results of companies in the PRC. Insofar as the Sub-Fund's assets are invested in the PRC, it will be subject to the risk of the PRC government's imposition of restrictions on the repatriation of funds or other assets out of the country, limiting the ability of the Sub-Fund to satisfy payments to investors which may have an adverse impact on investors.

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Further, there can be no assurance that the Renminbi will not be subject to devaluation. If Renminbi depreciates against the Sub-Fund's base currency (i.e. US Dollar) and/or against the investors' base currencies (for example HK Dollar), the Sub-Fund's investments may be worth less when it exchanges Renminbi back to US Dollar and/or the investors' base currencies. This may adversely affect the NAV of the Sub-Fund and/or the value of investor's investment in the Sub-Fund.

Although offshore Renminbi ("CNH") and onshore Renminbi ("CNY") are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.

Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in Renminbi may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to Renminbi.

Political risk - Any significant change in People's Republic of China (the "PRC") political, social or economic policies may have a negative impact on investments in China securities and may adversely impact the value of the Sub-Fund.

Taxation risk - The tax laws and regulations in the PRC in respect of capital gains realised via the Stock Connect Programs or access products on the Sub-Fund's investments in the PRC, are uncertain and may be expected to change and develop as PRC's economy changes and develops. The application and enforcement of PRC tax laws and regulations may have retrospective effect and could have a significant adverse effect on the Sub-Fund and its investors, particularly in relation to capital gains withholding tax imposed upon foreign investors. Any increased tax liabilities on the Sub-Fund may adversely affect the Sub-Fund's value. Based on professional and independent tax advice, the Sub-Fund does not currently intend to make any accounting provisions for these tax uncertainties because China A-Shares traded by the Funds are temporarily exempt from PRC corporate income tax. So for as long the temporary exemption is in force there are no grounds for making any tax provisions. It is possible that any new PRC tax laws and regulations may be applied and the Company reserves the right to provide for withholding tax on dividends and capital gains tax in the future if it deems appropriate. Any new tax laws and regulations and any new interpretations may be applied retroactively.

Market risk - Chinese accounting standards and practices may deviate significantly from international accounting standards. The settlement and clearing systems of the Chinese securities markets may not be well tested and may be subject to increased risks of error or inefficiency. The China A-Share market may be more volatile and unstable (for example, due to the risk of suspension of a particular stock or government intervention). It is possible that the PRC government, relevant PRC stock exchanges and/or relevant regulatory authorities may from time to time introduce new measures to control the risk of substantial fluctuations in the China A-Share market, such as a circuit breaker mechanism whereby the trading on the stock exchanges in China may be suspended if the trading limit of the relevant benchmark index reaches a specified threshold value under the circuit breaker mechanism. Market volatility and settlement difficulties in the China A-Share markets may also result in significant fluctuations in the prices of the securities traded on such markets and thereby may affect the value of the Sub-Fund.

Risks associated with the Stock Connect Programs

- **Regulatory risk** - The relevant regulations are untested and subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. There is no certainty as to how they will be applied.
- **Quota limitations** - The Stock Connect Programs are subject to a daily quota which does not belong to the Sub-Fund and can only be utilised on a first-come-first-served basis. This may restrict the Sub-Fund's ability to invest in China A-Shares through the program on a timely basis.
- **Suspension risk** - Where a suspension in the trading through the Stock Connect Programs is effected, the Sub-Fund's ability to access the PRC market will be adversely affected. In such event, the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective could be negatively affected.
- **Shenzhen Stock Exchange** - When investing in eligible China A-Shares through the Shenzhen Stock Connect, the Sub-Fund will also be subject to the risks associated with investment in shares listed on the ChiNext Board and/or the Small and Medium Enterprise Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Concentration risk

- The Sub-Fund's instruments are concentrated in the Asia Pacific region (excluding Japan). The Sub-Fund will be more susceptible to and may be adversely affected by any single economic market, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory occurrence affecting this region. Although the Sub-Fund has a regional investment universe, it may at times be concentrated in certain countries or sectors. The value of the Sub-Fund will be more volatile than a sub-fund that has a more diverse portfolio of investments.

Liquidity risk

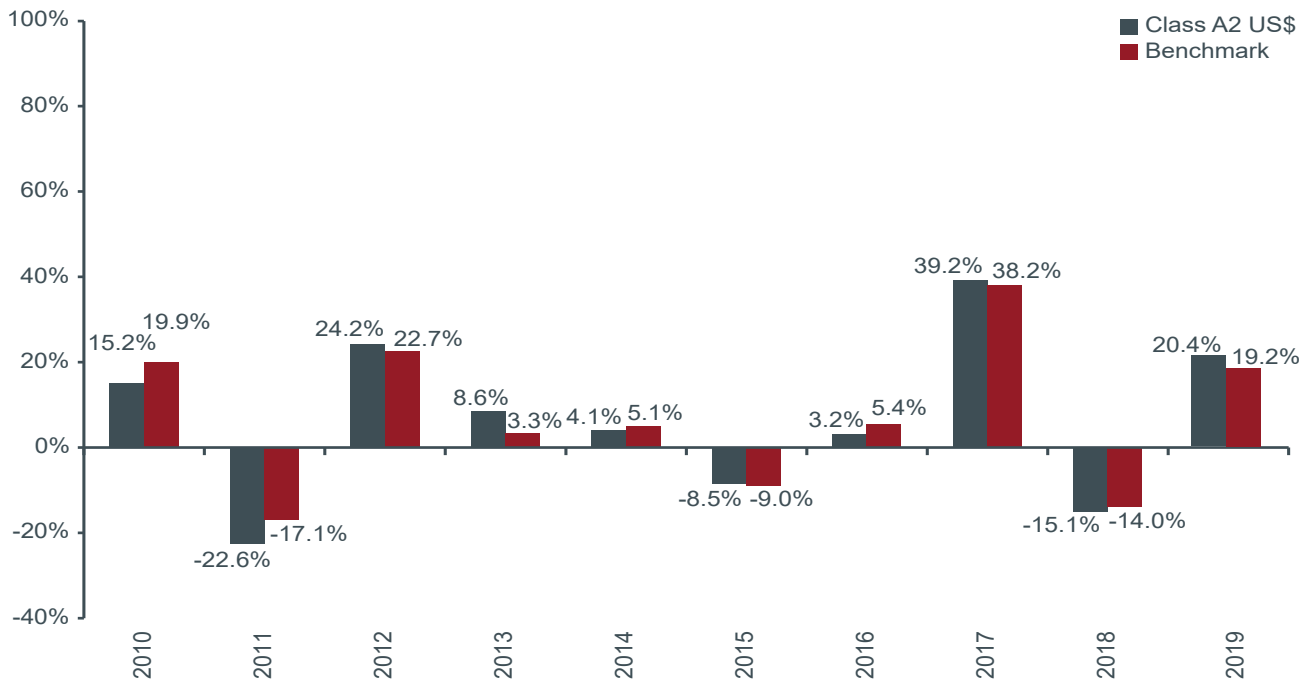
- Any security could become hard to value or to sell at a desired time and price, increasing the risk of investment losses.

Hedging risk

- Any attempts to reduce certain risks may not work as intended. Any measures that the Sub-Fund takes that are designed to offset specific risks may work imperfectly, may not be feasible at times, or may fail completely. To the extent that no hedge exists, the Sub-Fund or Share Class will be exposed to all risks that the hedge would have protected against.

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How has the Sub-Fund performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with distributions reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Share Class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in US\$ including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Benchmark of the Sub-Fund:
1 December 2009 to 1 May 2017: MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index. The benchmark was changed to MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index with effect from 1 December 2009 because the Directors considered that the new benchmark would be a more appropriate benchmark for the Sub-Fund in connection with the change in the name and investment objective of the Sub-Fund with effect from 1 December 2009.
From 2 May 2017: MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index. The benchmark was changed with effect from 2 May 2017 because the Directors considered that the new benchmark would be a more appropriate benchmark for the Sub-Fund to better reflect the investment objective of the Sub-Fund.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 1985
- Share Class A2 US\$ launch date: 1985
- The Investment Manager views Class A2 US\$, being the retail Share Class denominated in the base currency of the Sub-Fund, as the most appropriate representative Share Class.

Is there any guarantee?

This Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

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What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund. A minimum prior notice period of 1 month except for management fee, will be provided to you in the event of a fee revision.

Fee	What you pay
Subscription fee (Initial charge):	Class A: up to 5% of the total amount invested by an investor.
Switching fee:	Up to 1% of the gross amount being switched between all sub-funds.
Redemption fee:	Nil
Trading fee:	Up to 1% of the gross amount being redeemed which is redeemed up to 90 calendar days after such shares have been purchased.

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

	Annual rate (as a % of the Sub-Fund's total net assets) except for performance fee
Management fee:	Class A: 1.20% The management fee may be increased, to a maximum rate of 1.5%, subject to three months' notice to investors.
Depositary fee:	The Sub-Fund will pay to the Depositary a fee for fiduciary services, which is set at a rate of 0.006%, subject to a minimum fee of GBP1,200 (USD1,800).
Custody fees:	The Sub-Fund will pay to the Depositary custody fees of up to 0.65% (inclusive of the asset-based fees and the transaction-based fees), depending on the markets in which the Sub-Fund invests.
Performance fee:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The performance fee to be paid by the Sub-Fund is 10% of the amount by which the increase in total NAV per share during the relevant performance period exceeds the increase in the relevant benchmark over the same period, in accordance with the "high water mark" principle.▪ The performance fee for the Sub-Fund accrued on each Dealing Day = Outperformance per Share x Average number of Shares in issue during the performance period x 10%▪ The "Outperformance per Share" is NAV per Share (before deduction of any provision for the performance fee) - the greater of the High Water Mark or the Target NAV per Share.▪ The "High Water Mark" is the initial NAV per share or if higher, the NAV per share as at the end of the last performance period in which a performance fee was payable.▪ The "Target NAV per Share" is a hypothetical NAV per Share determined by increasing/decreasing NAV per Share (as at the last time that a performance fee was paid or, if none has been paid, the date of introduction of the performance fee in relation to the Sub-Fund) in proportion to the percentage change in the relevant benchmark up to the date as at which the calculation is being made.▪ Performance fee accrues on each dealing day if the NAV per share exceeds the High Water Mark or the Target NAV per Share (whichever is higher). On each dealing day, the performance fee accrual made on the previous dealing day will be adjusted to reflect the Sub-Fund's performance, positive or negative.▪ If the NAV per share decreases or underperforms the benchmark, no performance fee will be accrued until such decrease or underperformance is made good in full.▪ The performance period is normally 1 July of the current year to 30 June of the next year.▪ The relevant benchmark of the Sub-Fund is MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index.▪ Please refer to the Prospectus and Hong Kong Covering Document for details and illustrative examples of the performance fee calculation.

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Administration fee:	Up to 0.18%
Registrar and Transfer Agency fee:	Up to 0.12%

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the shares of the Sub-Fund.

Shareholder servicing fee:	0.50%.
	Calculated daily on the Sub-Fund's average total net assets.

Additional information

- You generally buy and redeem shares at the Sub-Fund's next-determined NAV after the Hong Kong Representative receives your request in good order on or before 4:30 P.M. being the dealing cut-off time.
- Please note that the cut-off time for placing an order with the authorised distributors may be different from that of the Hong Kong Representative, please check with the authorised distributor who handles your application.
- The NAV of the Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of shares published each business day online at www.janushenderson.com.
- You may obtain the past performance information of other share classes offered to Hong Kong investors from www.janushenderson.com.

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

Note: The website: www.janushenderson.com, has not been reviewed or authorised by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorised by the SFC.