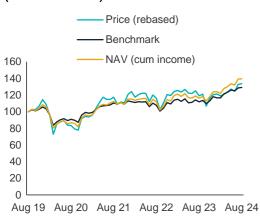
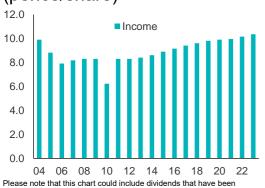
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Share price performance (total return)



Dividend history (pence/share)



Performance over (%)	6m	1y	Зу	5у	10y
Share price (Total return)	12.4	12.2	13.8	33.7	66.0
NAV (Total return)	14.3	19.9	24.2	39.5	87.4
Benchmark (Total return)	10.7	15.5	17.0	29.2	69.7
Relative NAV (Total return)	3.6	4.4	7.2	10.3	17.7

Discrete year performance (%	Share price) (total return)	NAV (total return)
30/6/2023 to 30/6/2024	2.3	13.5
30/6/2022 to 30/6/2023	8.3	7.7
30/6/2021 to 30/6/2022	-2.2	0.2
30/6/2020 to 30/6/2021	28.8	21.4
30/6/2019 to 30/6/2020	-13.0	-11.0

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Source: at 31/08/24. © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance does not predict future returns.

Commentary at a glance

Performance

In the month under review the Company's NAV total return was 0.2% and the 80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index total return was 0.4%.

Contributors/detractors

Holdings in Vesuvius, Schroders and PageGroup were negative for performance.

Outlook

Although risks remain, we think the UK economic outlook should improve this year, while we believe valuations in the UK market are attractive on a longterm view.

See full commentary on page 3.

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Company overview

Objective

The Company invests in a prudently diversified selection of both well known and smaller companies to provide investors with a high dividend income stream while also maintaining the prospect of capital growth.

Highlights

A Company providing investors with a high dividend income stream while also maintaining the prospect of capital growth.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	185.1p
NAV (ex income)	182.5p
Share price	168.0p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	-9.2%
Yield	6.3%
Net gearing	22%
Net cash	-
Total assets Net assets	£390m £319m
Market capitalisation	£289m
Total voting rights	172,141,700
Total number of holdings	102
Ongoing charges (year end 31 Dec 2023)	0.86%
Benchmark	80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index

Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

declared but not yet paid

Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Find out more

Go to www.hendersonhighincome.com

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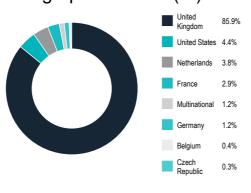
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Top 10 holdings	(%)
British American Tobacco	4.5
Unilever	4.2
HSBC	3.1
Rio Tinto	2.9
Imperial Brands	2.6
RELX	2.6
Shell	2.5
BP	2.5
Tesco	2.4
3i Group	2.3

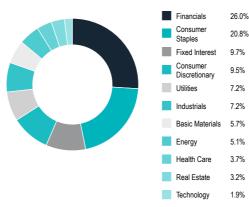
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Geographical focus (%)



The above geographical breakdown may not add up to 100% as this only shows the top 10.

Sector breakdown (%)



The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

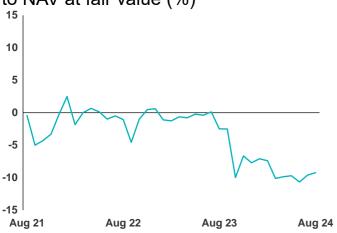
Key information

Stock code	HHI		
AIC sector	AIC UK Equity & Bond Income		
Benchmark	80% FTSE All-Share Index/20% ICE BofA Sterling Non-Gilts Index		
Company type	Conventional (Ords)		
Launch date	1989		
Financial year	31-Dec		
Dividend payment	April, July, October, January		
Management fee	0.50% of adjusted average gross assets up to £325m and 0.45% above £325m.		
Performance fee	No		
(See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)			
Regional focus	UK		
Fund manager appointment	David Smith 2014		



David Smith, CFA Portfolio Manager

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)



10 year total return of £1,000



All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

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Fund Manager commentary Investment environment

Although the FTSE All-Share Index was up 0.5% in August, this masked increased volatility during the month.

Global equities generally fell early on in the month as a weaker-than-expected US jobs report sparked investors' fears that the world's largest economy could enter a recession.

However, share prices quickly rebounded as more favourable economic data and dovish comments from the US Federal Reserve (Fed) about interest rate cuts calmed investors' nerves globally.

In the UK, the Bank of England (BoE) announced its first interest rate cut since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, lowering its benchmark rate by 25 basis points (bps) to 5.0%.

Given the market volatility, shares in large-cap companies outperformed. The FTSE 100 Index returned 0.9% versus the FTSE 250 Index which fell 2.0%.

Defensive sectors performed best with healthcare, consumer staples and telecommunications outperforming. Cyclical sectors (those typically more dependent on economic growth to do well) such as energy, basic materials and financials lagged.

Portfolio review

The equity holdings in Vesuvius, Schroders and PageGroup detracted from returns. Industrial Vesuvius lowered its expectations for its full-year profits given lacklustre end-markets in its Foundry division. Schroders announced disappointing results with lower-than-expected fee margins impacting company profits. Recruiter PageGroup continues to suffer from soft market conditions, with falling job vacancies and lower confidence from candidates to move jobs.

The equity holdings in Next, Tesco and Engie were positive for performance. Retailer Next upgraded its full-year profit guidance given the stronger-than-expected trading in its overseas online business. Tesco's shares performed well during the month as industry data confirmed the company continues to take market share. French utility company Engie announced good results with a number of its divisions trading ahead of expectations.

Activity for the month was low. We added to the positions in Aviva and British Land, and trimmed the holdings in NatWest and HSBC given their strong share price performance this year.

Manager outlook

The UK economy is recovering from the technical recession late last year. We believe this should continue through the remainder of the year and into next year, driven by real wage growth, improving consumer and business confidence, the prospects of interest rate cuts and strong corporate and household finances. Valuations remain attractive to us in the UK, and although risks remain - especially with heightened geopolitical risks in the Middle East, a slowing US economy, and elections in the US - we remain cautiously optimistic about equities.

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Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can "gear" is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a Company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit: https://www.janushenderson.com/en-qb/investor/glossary/

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Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Company specific risks

- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- If a Company's portfolio is concentrated towards a particular country or geographical region, the investment carries greater risk than a portfolio that is diversified across more countries.
- Some of the investments in this portfolio are in smaller company shares. They may be more difficult to buy and sell, and their share prices may fluctuate more than those of larger companies.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.
- All or part of the Company's management fee is taken from its capital. While this allows more income to be paid, it may also restrict capital growth or even result in capital erosion over time.

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