

## American Funds IS® Global Growth 4 Portfolio

Available in Thrivent Retirement Choice Variable Annuity

Benchmark MSCI ACWI NR USD **Morningstar Category** Global Large-Stock Growth

### **Investment Information**

The investment seeks long-term growth of capital. The fund invests primarily in common stocks of companies around the world that the investment adviser believes have the potential for growth. Under normal market conditions, the fund will invest significantly in issuers domiciled outside the United States (i.e., at least 40% of its net assets, unless market conditions are not deemed favorable by the fund's investment adviser in which case the fund would invest at least 30% of its net assets in issuers outside the United States)

Annual Net Operating I	Expenses as of 05-0	11-23	
Mortality and Expense(M&E)			1.25%
12b-1 Fee			0.25%
Prospectus Gross Expense Ratio			1.02%
Prospectus Net Expense Ratio			0.91%
Waiver Data	Туре	Exp. Date	%
Management Fee	Contractual	05-01-24	0.110

### Portfolio Manager(s)

Jonathan Knowles. Since 2013. Patrice Collette, CFA. Since 2015. Paul Flynn. Since 2017. Roz Hongsaranagon. Since 2018.

**Operations and Management** 

Fund Inception Date 07-01-20 Initial Class Inception Date 04-30-97

Capital Research and Advisor

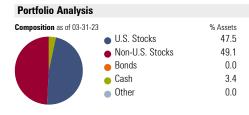
Management Company

Subadvisor

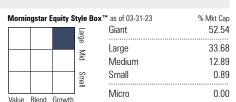
Risk Evaluation			
<b>3-Yr Risk Measures</b> as of 06-30-23 Standard Deviation	Port Avg 18.72	Bmark 17.27	Cat Avg 19.91
Sharpe Ratio	0.35	0.60	0.36
Information Ratio	-0.90	_	-0.79
R-Squared	93.18	_	94.83
Beta	1.04	_	1.12
Alpha	-4.30	_	-4.41



In the past, this investment has shown a relatively moderate range of price fluctuations relative to other investments. This investment may experience larger or smaller price declines or price increases depending on market conditions. Some of this risk may be offset by owning other investments with different portfolio makeups or investment strategies.



<b>Top 10 Holdings</b> as of 03-31-23	% Assets
Microsoft Corp	6.72
,	
ASML Holding NV	4.18
Novo Nordisk A/S Class B	3.88
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	3.84
Chipotle Mexican Grill Inc	3.23
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	2.87
UnitedHealth Group Inc	2.15
ASML Holding NV ADR	2.01
Philip Morris International Inc	1.77
Alphabet Inc Class A	1.70
Total Number of Stock Holdings	160
Total Number of Bond Holdings	0
Annual Turnover Ratio %	18
Total Fund Assets (\$mil)	7,436.85



value Biolia Growth	
Morningstar World Regions as of 03-31-23	% Fund
Americas	52.50
North America	51.72
Latin America	0.78
Greater Europe	32.49
United Kingdom	3.78
Europe Developed	28.54
Europe Emerging	0.00
Africa/Middle East	0.16
Greater Asia	15.01
Japan	1.75
Australasia	0.44
Asia Developed	8.80
Asia Emerging	4.03



Annualized total returns are based on the change in unit values at the portfolio level for the time period mentioned.

All data represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. The past performance shown is based on the change in unit values of the Portfolios, and effects of compounding. The performance returns are based solely on the increase or decrease in the value of these units. Both the investment return and the principal value of an investment fluctuate so that units, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original investment. Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. The prospectus and summary prospectuses of the variable annuity contract and underlying investment options contain more information on the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses, which investors should read carefully and consider before investing. For performance results current to the most recent month-end, please contact your financial professional or visit thrivent.com.

Large companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and may not be able to attain a high growth rate. The Portfolio's value is influenced by a number of factors, including the performance of the broader market, and risks specific to the Portfolio's asset classes, market cap groups, investment styles, and issuers. Foreign investments involve additional risks, such as currency fluctuations and political, economic and market instability, which may be magnified for investments in emerging markets. The use of quantitative investing techniques and derivatives such as futures also involve risks. The Investment Manager assessment of investments may prove incorrect, resulting in losses or poor performance. These and other risks are described in the prospectus.

# **Glossary of Terms**

(Not all terms appropriate for this specific portfolio.)

**Alpha** is a measure of the difference between a portfolio's actual returns and its expected performance, given its level of risk as measured by beta.

**Annual Net Operating Expenses** includes the fees and expenses associated with the underlying portfolio.

**Beta** is a measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to market movements.

Credit Analysis For corporate-bond and municipal bond funds, the credit analysis depicts the quality of the U.S. and non-U.S. issuers of the underlying bonds in the fund's portfolio. Credit quality can influence the returns of portfolios that invest heavily in bonds. The Credit Analysis graph shows the percentage of fund assets that are invested in each of the major credit ratings, as determined by Standard & Poor's or Moody's. At the top of the ratings are AAA bonds. Bonds within a BBB rating are the lowest bonds that are still considered to be of investment grade. Bonds that are rated at or lower than BB (often called junk bonds or high-yield bonds) are considered to be quite speculative and are more risky than higher-rated credits. Any bonds that appear in the NR/NA category are either not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's or did not have a rating available. These ratings are subject to change. These ratings apply only to the credit worthiness of the issuers of the underlying securities and do not apply to any fund or its shares.

**Duration** is a measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to changes in interest rates; the longer the portfolio's duration, the more sensitive it is.

**Expense Ratio** is the percentage of portfolio assets used to pay for operating expenses and management fees, including 12b-1 fees, administrative fees and all other asset-based costs incurred by the portfolio.

**Geometric average cap** is the geometric mean of the market capitalization for all the stocks the portfolio owned.

**Inception date** is when the investment option became part of the separate account.

**Income ratio** is calculated by dividing the portfolio's net investment income by its NAV (net average value). The portfolio's year-end income ratio reveals the percentage of current income earned per share.

**Information ratio** is a risk-adjusted performance measure. The information ratio is a special version of the Sharpe ratio in that the benchmark doesn't have to be the risk-free rate.

Market capitalization is a measure of the size of the companies held in the portfolio, calculated by multiplying a company's total outstanding shares by the stock price. Market cap ranges change as stock market valuations shift over time. In general, market cap ranges of approximately \$1-\$5 billion represent small cap stocks, \$5-\$15 billion represent mid cap stocks and greater than \$15 billion represent large cap stocks.

 Weighted average market capitalization is the average size of the companies held in the portfolio, based on the market value of each company's stock, weighted by the position size.

• Median market capitalization is the median size of the companies held in the portfolio. The median market cap is the midpoint; half of the companies held in the portfolio are larger and half are smaller than the median.

**Maturity** is the average effective maturity, which is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each maturity date by the market value of the security

Morningstar Style Box™ reveals a portfolio's investment style. For equity funds the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the long stocks owned and the horizontal axis shows investment style (value, blend, or growth). For fixed-income funds, the vertical axis shows the credit quality of the long bonds owned and the horizontal axis shows interest rate sensitivity as measured by a bond's effective duration.

**Mortality and Expense (M&E)** is the percentage of the portfolio's assets that the insurance company deducts to cover costs associated with mortality and expense risk.

**Price/Book (P/B) ratio** is the weighted average of the price/book ratios of all the stocks in a portfolio. The P/B ratio is calculated by dividing the market price of its stock by the company's per-share book value.

**Price/Cash (P/C) ratio** represents the weighted average of the price/cash-flow ratios of the stocks in a portfolio. It shows the ability of a business to generate cash and acts as a gauge of liquidity and solvency.

**Price/Earnings (P/E) ratio** is a stock's current price divided by the company's trailing 12-month earnings per share.

**R-squared** reflects the percentage of a portfolio's movements that can be explained by movements in its benchmark.

**Return on Equity (ROE)** is a measure of corporate profitability that shows how much net income the companies in the portfolio have generated as a percentage of shareholder equity.

Risk potential is categorized into five levels: Conservative, Moderately Conservative, Moderately Aggressive, and Aggressive, ranking from lower risk potential to higher risk potential. Portfolios on the lower risk portion of the scale (Conservative, Moderately Conservative) are expected to have a lower degree of volatility and price fluctuations, while those on the higher risk portion of the scale (Aggressive, Moderately Aggressive) are expected to have a higher degree of volatility and price fluctuations.

**Sharpe ratio** uses standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk.

**Standard deviation** is a statistical measure of the volatility of the portfolio's returns.

**Turnover ratio** of a portfolio is a decent proxy for how frequently a manager trades his or her portfolio.

### **Morningstar Category**

Global large-stock growth portfolios invest in a variety of international stocks and typically skew towards large caps that are more expensive or projected to grow faster than other global large-cap stocks. World large stock growth portfolios have few geographical limitations. It is common for these portfolios to invest the majority of their assets in developed markets, with the remainder divided among the globe's emerging markets. These portfolios are not significantly overweight U.S. equity exposure relative to the Morningstar Global Market Index and maintain at least a 20% absolute U.S. exposure.

**MSCI ACWI NR USD**: The index measures the performance of the large and mid cap segments of all country markets. It is free float-adjusted market-capitalization weighted.

#### Performance

Returns with Surrender Charges reflect the surrender charges that would have been applied had the contract been surrendered within seven years of the last premium. Each premium has its own surrender charge schedule. These charges are 7% in the first and second year, and decrease by 1% each subsequent year until they are zero in year eight. Up to 10% of your accumulated value or earnings, whichever is greater, may be withdrawn each contract year without a surrender charge. Returns without Surrender Charges do not include surrender charges. All values reflect the deduction of the current and maximum mortality and expense risk (M&E) charge of 1.25% (actual M&E charges are approximated) and annual net operating expenses of 0.23% to 1.27%, depending on the Portfolio. The expenses for certain Portfolios are taken after fee waiver arrangements are applied. Without these reimbursements, the fees would be higher. These may be discontinued at any time. Annual operating expenses are subject to change. Total returns are calculated from the inception date of the portfolio.

### Important Information

Thrivent is the marketing name for Thrivent Financial for Lutherans. Insurance products issued by Thrivent. Not available in all states. The principal underwriter and distributor of variable insurance products is Thrivent Investment Management Inc., member FINRA and SIPC and a subsidiary of Thrivent. Thirivent.com/disclosures.



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