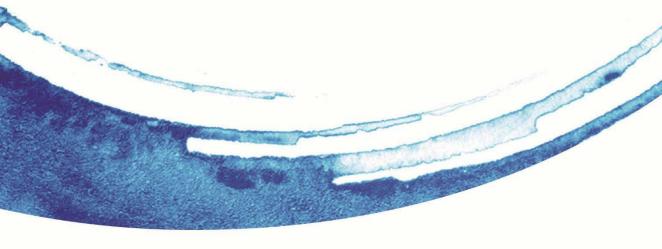


China Southern Dragon Dynamic Fund Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable

Audited Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019



R.C.S Luxembourg B 157.189

No subscription can be received on the basis of financial reports. Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the current prospectus, accompanied by the Key Investor Information Document, the latest annual report and semi-annual report if published thereafter.



Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Audited Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2019

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General Information

Registered Office

Atrium Business Park 31, Z.A. Bourmicht L-8070 Bertrange Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Board of Directors

Chairman

Ms. Ka Yan Wong CSOP Asset Management Limited Suite 2802 Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place, Central Hong Kong S.A.R.

Directors

Mr. Dimitri Brunwasser Lemanik Asset Management S.A. 106, route d'Arlon L-8210 Mamer Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Mr. Jin Wang Independent Director EJF Capital 2107 Wilson Blvd, Suite 410 Arlington, VA 22201 United States

Conducting Persons of the Management Company

Mr. Philippe Meloni

Mr. Jean Philippe Claessens

Mr. Alexandre Dumont

Ms. Sandrine Puccilli (until August 31, 2019)

Management Company and Global Distributor

Lemanik Asset Management S.A. 106, route d'Arlon L-8210 Mamer Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Investment Manager

CSOP Asset Management Limited Suite 2802 Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place, Central Hong Kong S.A.R.

Depositary, Paying and Domiciliary Agent, Fund Administrator and, Transfer and Registrar Agent

Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch Atrium Business Park 31, Z.A. Bourmicht L-8070 Bertrange Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative 2, rue Gerhard Mercator, B.P. 1443 L-1014 Luxembourg
Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Legal Adviser

Elvinger Hoss Prussen, Société anonyme 2, Place Winston Churchill L-1340 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Information to Shareholders

Copies of the prospectus and any information relating thereto may be obtained from the registered office of the SICAV at 31, Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

Investment Manager's report

China New Balance Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") Manager Report – 2019

The Hong Kong market opened initially high while goes low in 2019 with Hang Seng Index rose 9.07%, getting behind 36.07% increase of CSI300 Index. At the beginning of the year, the Hong Kong stock market was ahead of the A-share market in terms of expected liquidity; Since March, the Hong Kong market continued to fall under the effects of both China-US Trade War and Anti-Extradition Law Amendment Bill Movement. Hang Seng Index gave up all gains this year in two months of the second half and then it slowly recovered. The features of structural market in 2019 Hong Kong stock market are strongly defined.

The decline of economic growth in China has now reached a consensus in market, especially the macroeconomic trends in the past two years have made investors more pessimistic about China's economy. However, we believe that China's macroeconomic downturn in the past two years has been related to the natural decline in economic growth after a certain period of economic development, as well as macroeconomic policy adjusted actively by government, especially financial regulator.

Fund Performance:

2019 Market Review:

The fund's NAV increased by 24.15% (performance of the Class I (USD) Acc) in 2019. Regarding attribution of performance, Consumer Discretionary, Real Estate, Financials, and Information Technology are sectors with the largest positive contribution to the fund's net value. While Consumer Staples, Materials and Industrials are the three major sectors with negative contribution.

2020 Market Expectation

The impact of the coronavirus outbreak led to a survey-record slump in activity in China, with steep downturns also seen in other developed market. February PMI and recent jobless claims showed global growth plunging by a record extent, with expansion slowing to the weakest since May 2009. But we believe that with the implementation of a series of economic policies. China's macroeconomic growth is expected to stay stable in 2020. After the macro-structural adjustments over the past three or four years, we have reason to believe that in the next one or two years, China's macro-economy is expected to maintain stable growth, which is conducive to the recovery of domestic enterprises and the performance of stock assets. In fact, PMI data for November and December have shown that macroeconomic environment has been improved. Starting from October, we can see that the first phase of the China-US trade negotiations has made progress. In early 2020, the signing of the first phase of trade agreement will mark the end of the two-year China-US trade conflict. With the gradual decrease of tariffs imposed previously, the recovery of macroeconomic activities will be more significant. Our view has always been that after the globalization process of the past 40 years, it has become difficult to separate global economy regarding the economic and trade fields, which turns out to be the key to China-US trade negotiation. Meanwhile, from China's perceived position of growing economic strength and political standing, it will have different levels of conflict with US, as always, in areas of global governance, ideology, and even military affairs.

Investment Manager's report (continued)

China New Balance Opportunity Fund (the "Fund") Manager Report – 2019 (continued)

At present, China's economy is on a transition stage from old growth model to a new growth model, followed by emergence of new formats, especially in the area of Internet, emerging manufacturing, biomedicine, and consumption. We have seen many changes and we are in time of great change. Our investment preferences are greatly affected by changes in people's lifestyle and consumption trends brought by intergenerational perceptions, as well as production efficiency caused by technology innovation. For example, although ordinary consumption industry such as automobiles and appliances have hit a bottleneck, a large number of new formats have emerged in other consumption areas, such as take-out food, new retail, and characteristic catering. Another example, in brand consumption, we have seen advance by leaps and bounds of domestic brands in various industries over the past two years. We strongly believe that domestic brands will become a nonnegligible phenomenon in China's consumer sector in the next ten years. This is closely related to the changes in intergenerational shopping idea and sense of national pride of the consumer class. In the future, in order to get remarkable investment returns, the key is to seize the chance of these changing. Our main investment targets are also concentrated in these developing industries that represent future directions, including industry of Internet, intelligent manufacturing, pharmaceutical, consumer and others. These are industries that we can see huge potentials to grow in the future. If we believe in China's demographic dividend and potential release of system dividend, then industries reflecting these changing cannot be ignored in the future investment. In the long run, macro factors should not be the core factors that to be taken into consideration in terms of market trends and stock performance. Firstly, under most of circumstances, macro factors are stable. Unstable macro environment or crisis will happen in rare cases. Secondly, good industries and companies with excellent performance will continue to improve by positive competition and effective internal management, which is possible to smooth out the fluctuations caused by macro factors.



Audit report

To the Shareholders of China Southern Dragon Dynamic Fund

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of China Southern Dragon Dynamic Fund (the "Fund") as at 31 December 2019, and of the results of its operations and changes in its net assets for the year then ended in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

What we have audited

The Fund's financial statements comprise:

- the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 December 2019;
- the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets for the year then ended;
- the Schedule of Investments as at 31 December 2019; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 on the audit profession (Law of 23 July 2016) and with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as adopted for Luxembourg by the "Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier" (CSSF). Our responsibilities under the Law of 23 July 2016 and ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF are further described in the "Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities under those ethical requirements.

Other information

The Board of Directors of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information stated in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our audit report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors of the Fund for the financial statements

The Board of Directors of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors of the Fund determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Fund is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors of the Fund either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the financial statements

The objectives of our audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control:
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors of the Fund;



- conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors of the Fund's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative Represented by

Luxembourg, 7 April 2020

Valérie Arnold

Statement of Net Assets as at December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	China New Balance Opportunity Fund
Assets	
Investment portfolio at cost	74,333,787
Net unrealised appreciation	2,995,841
Investment portfolio at market value (note 2b)	77,329,628
Cash at bank and at broker	1,267,972
Receivable on securities sold	3,531,648
Receivable on shares purchased	20,000
Other receivables	32
Total Assets	82,149,280
Liabilities	
Payable on securities purchased	4,016,538
Payable for shares redeemed	1,065,924
Management fees payable (note 3)	273,411
Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts (notes 2i,13)	43
Other payables	91,436
Total Liabilities	5,447,352
Net Assets	76,701,928

Statement of Net Assets (continued)

as at December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	China New Balance Opportunity Fund
Net Asset Value per share (expressed in share class currency)	
Class A (USD) Acc	178.55
Class A (USD) Dis	133.92
Class A (HKD) Acc	185.86
Class A (HKD) Dis	145.61
Class I (USD) Acc	216.68
Class I (USD) Dis	65.47
Class V (EUR) Hedged Acc	123.39
Number of outstanding shares	
Class A (USD) Acc	126,775.224
Class A (USD) Dis	1,183.458
Class A (HKD) Acc	907,940.676
Class A (HKD) Dis	890,870.731
Class I (USD) Acc	50,700.431
Class I (USD) Dis	69,894.137
Class V (EUR) Hedged Acc	110.000

Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets as at December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	China New Balance Opportunity	CSOP RMB High Yield Bond	
	Fund	Fund*	Combined
Net Assets at the beginning of the year / period	94,080,421	10,875,948	104,956,369
Income	4 404 444		4 404 444
Dividends (net of withholding tax) (note 2f)	1,424,114	-	1,424,114
Interest Income (note 2e)	31,617	129,604	161,221
Security Lending Income (note 14)	40,084		40,084
Total income	1,495,815	129,604	1,625,419
Expenses	4 000 400	40.000	4 00 4 4 4 =
Management fees (note 3)	1,606,108	18,009	1,624,117
Depositary fees (note 7)	68,590	9,537	78,127
Audit and Legal fees	166,187	40,192	206,379
Administration and Accounting fees (note 7)	80,575	14,400	94,975
Registrar and Transfer Agent fees (note 7)	54,793	4,341	59,134
Management Company fees (note 4)	52,215	1,223	53,438
Taxe d'Abonnement (note 6)	36,477	246	36,723
Publication / Printing fees	8,649	1,237	9,886
Compliance fees	17,100	3,525	20,625
Directors fees (note 8)	14,237	1,557	15,794
Transaction fees (note 12)	1,115,069	_	1,115,069
Sub-fund closing fees	_	22,243	22,243
Other expenses	94,504	719	95,223
Total expenses	3,314,504	117,229	3,431,733
Net gain / (loss) from investments	(1,818,689)	12,375	(1,806,314)
Net realised gain / (loss)			
- on investments (note 2g)	10,085,618	(114,163)	9,971,455
- on foreign exchange (notes 2c, 2g)	12,205	(16,241)	(4,036)
- on forward foreign exchange contracts (note 2i)	(6,567)	(22,953)	(29,520)
Net change in unrealised appreciation			
- on investments	11,053,817	639,334	11,693,151
- on forward foreign exchange contracts (note 2i)	599	16,732	17,331
Net change in net assets for the year / period as a			
result of operations	19,326,983	515,084	19,842,067
Proceeds from subscriptions	19,951,741	1,650	19,953,391
Payments for redemptions	(56,657,217)	(11,392,682)	(68,049,899)
Net proceeds from shares transactions	(36,705,476)	(11,391,032)	(48,096,508)
Net Assets at the end of the year / period	76,701,928		76,701,928

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

^{*} Please refer to note 16.

Net Asset Information as at December 31, 2019

	China New Balance Opportunity Fund	CSOP RMB High Yield Bond Fund*
Total Net Assets (expressed in United States dollars) December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	76,701,928 94,080,421 198,732,620	- 10,875,948 11,002,922
Net Asset Value per Share (expressed in share class currency)		
Class A (USD) Acc December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	178.55 145.32 218.63	106.31* 101.05 –
Class A (USD) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	133.92 109.00 163.98	133.21* 126.61 132.81
Class A (EUR) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	- - -	- 147.35 147.49
Class A (HKD) Acc December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	185.86 152.15 228.42	- - -
Class A (HKD) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	145.61 119.20 178.96	- - -
Class I (USD) Acc December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	216.68 174.53 260.39	- - -
Class I (USD) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	65.47 52.73 78.39	129.59* 123.09 128.72

^{*} Please refer to note 16. The NAV/shares disclosed are as at the liquidation date.

Net Asset Information as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

	China New Balance Opportunity Fund	CSOP RMB High Yield Bond Fund*
Class I (EUR) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	- - -	- 149.34 149.18
Class I (HKD) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	_** 112.27 166.52	- - -
Class I (RMB) Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	- - -	_ 129.01 127.87
Class R (EUR) Hedged Dis December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	- - -	111.06* 106.50 116.30
Class V (EUR) Hedged Acc December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	123.39 102.53 157.43	98.80 107.28

^{*} Please refer to note 16. The NAV/shares disclosed are as at the liquidation date.

^{**}The share class was put into dormancy on August 8, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019

1. Description of the SICAV

China Southern Dragon Dynamic Fund (the "SICAV") was originally incorporated on December 3, 2010 as a Luxembourg investment company with variable capital – specialised investment fund (société d'investissement à capital variable – fonds d'investissement spécialisé or SICAV-FIS) with multiple sub-funds governed by the provisions of the amended law dated February 13, 2007 on specialised investment funds.

The SICAV has been converted from a specialised investment fund to a UCITS on November 4, 2011 and is governed by the Part I of the Law of December 17, 2010, as amended by the Directive 2014/91 (UCITS V).

The Articles of Incorporation of the SICAV were published in the Mémorial, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations (the "Mémorial") on December 22, 2010. The SICAV is registered at the Luxembourg Register of Commerce under the number B 157.189. The revised articles were published on November 25, 2011.

As at December 31, 2019, the SICAV is comprised of the following sub-fund:

• China New Balance Opportunity Fund

The SICAV may in the future create new sub-funds and new share classes.

2. Significant Accounting policies

a) Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to investment funds under the going concern basis of accounting.

b) Investment Securities

Listed securities and securities dealt in on another regulated market are valued on the basis of their last available market price at the date of these financial statements.

Transferable securities and money market instruments which are quoted, listed or traded on a regulated market or on another regulated market will be valued at last traded market prices, which may be, the closing market price, the mid-market price or the latest market price, as appropriate. Where a security is listed or dealt in on more than one regulated market or on another regulated market, the relevant exchange or market shall be the principal stock exchange or market on which the security is listed or dealt in on. Investments listed or traded on a regulated market or on another regulated market, but acquired or traded at a premium or at a discount outside or off the relevant exchange or market, may be valued taking into account the level of premium or discount as of the valuation day.

The value of any transferable security which is not quoted, listed or dealt in on a regulated market or on another regulated market or which is so quoted, listed or dealt in on but for which no such quotation or value is available or the available quotation or value is not representative, shall be the probable realisation value as estimated with care and good faith by the Directors and approved for the purpose by the Depositary.

Where reliable market quotations are not available for fixed income securities, the value of such securities may be determined using matrix methodology compiled by the Directors.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

2. Significant Accounting policies (continued)

c) Foreign currency translation

The financial statements and accounting records of each sub-fund are expressed in USD.

Amounts included in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets in foreign currency are translated into USD at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are converted into USD at the exchange rate prevailing at the closing date of the financial statements.

Any resulting gains or losses are recognised in the Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under the heading "Net realised gain/ (loss) on foreign exchange".

Main exchange rates used as of December 31, 2019 are:

1 USD = 6.961994 CNH* 1 USD = 0.890670 EUR 1 USD = 7.786646 HKD

d) Formation Expenses

The formation expenses represent the cost of establishing the SICAV and its sub-funds. The formation costs are amortised on a straight line basis over 5 years from the date on which sub-funds commenced business.

e) Interest Income

Interest income includes interest applied to bonds and interest applied to bank accounts. It is accrued on a daily basis.

f) Dividend Income

Dividends are accounted for on an "ex-dividend" basis net of any irrecoverable withholding tax.

g) Realised Gains or Losses on Sales of Investments and on foreign exchange

Realised gains or losses comprise the profit or loss arising from disposal of securities during the year and differences arising on the revaluation of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

Realised gains or losses are determined on the basis of the weighted average cost of the securities sold.

h) Combined Figures

The combined Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets is expressed in USD and is presented for information purposes only.

i) Forward foreign exchange contracts

The forward foreign exchange contracts are valued on the basis of forward foreign exchange rates prevailing on December 31, 2019. The change in unrealised gain or loss is disclosed in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under "net change in unrealised appreciation /(depreciation) on forward foreign exchange contracts". The realised gain / (loss) on forward foreign exchange contracts is disclosed in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under "net realised gain/(loss) on forward foreign exchange contracts".

^{*} The valuation of Renminbi ("RMB") assets, denominated in Chinese Renminbi ("CNY") and traded through Hong Kong or Singapore, is done at the Hong Kong delivered Chinese Renminbi ("CNH") foreign exchange rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

2. Significant Accounting policies (continued)

j) Futures contracts

The futures contracts are valued at the last available settlement price or the last available market price of the instruments. The change in unrealised gain or loss on futures contracts is disclosed in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under "net change in unrealised appreciation /(depreciation) on futures contracts". The realised gain / (loss) on futures contracts is disclosed in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under "net realised gain/(loss) on futures contracts".

3. Management Fees

The Investment Manager, CSOP Asset Management Limited, will receive from each sub-fund, payable out of the assets attributable to the relevant class of shares, the following management fees calculated and accrued on each valuation day on the basis of the Net Asset Value of the assets attributable to the relevant class of shares and paid out monthly in arrears on the relevant valuation day:

Sub-Funds	Class A	Class I	Class V
China New Balance Opportunity Fund	2.00% p.a.	1.00% p.a.	1.00% p.a.

4. Management Company Fees

The Management Company is entitled to receive a management company fee maximum of 0.05% per year, subject to an annual minimum fee of EUR 20,000 for the SICAV. This fee is payable monthly and based on the average net assets of the Sub-Fund during the relevant month.

5. Performance Fees

The Investment Manager, CSOP Asset Management Limited, will receive from Class V and I Shares of China New Balance Opportunity Fund a performance fee calculated and accrued on each valuation day on the basis of the increase in the Net Asset Value per Share outstanding. The performance fees are equal to 20% of the increase in the Net Asset Value per Share, with the Hurdle rate of 8% for each performance period. The performance fees are also subject to a High Water Mark ("The High Water Mark" is the greater of: (a) the highest Net Asset Value per Share on the last day of the previous Performance Period; or (b) USD 100 per Share (being the price at which Shares were issued during the Initial Offer Period)).

The performance fee in respect of each performance period is calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share before the deduction of any accrued Performance Fees.

The performance fee is calculated and accrued in a daily basis and payable annually.

The Investment Manager is entitled to be paid a Performance Fee on the Shares outstanding as at the last Valuation Day of each Performance Period and a Performance Fee on the Shares being redeemed or exchanged during a Performance Period.

6. Taxation

The SICAV is subject to Luxembourg tax laws. Under current laws and regulations, the SICAV is subject in Luxembourg to the subscription tax (« taxe d'abonnement ») at an annual rate of 0.05% (0.01% for institutional share classes) such tax being payable quarterly and calculated on the basis of the net assets at the end of the relevant quarter. The SICAV is not subject to Corporate Income Tax in Luxembourg. Income received from the SICAV may be subject to withholding taxes in the country of origin of the issuer of the security, in respect of which such income is paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

7. Depositary, Paying and Domiciliary Agent, Fund Administrator, and Transfer and Registrar Agent

The SICAV pays the fees of the Depositary, Paying and Domiciliary Agent, Fund Administrator, and Transfer and Registrar Agent at commercial rates agreed between these parties and the SICAV, in addition to reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred in the course of carrying out their duties. The maximum fee paid for these services by the SICAV is 0.5% p.a. of its Net Asset Value (excluding reasonable out-of-pocket expenses) and subject to a minimum of USD 35,000 per year.

8. Directors fees

The SICAV shall pay to the Directors out of the assets of the SICAV an annual fee, which shall not exceed USD 15,000 per Director, per annum.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, an amount of USD 15,794 has been accrued for the SICAV. The effective invoices for the year amount to USD 15,000.

9. Changes in the Investment Portfolio

The details of the changes in investment portfolio composition are held at the disposal of the shareholders at the registered office of the SICAV and are available upon request free of charge.

10. Related Party Transactions

All transactions with related parties were entered into the ordinary course of business and under normal commercial terms. The main related party to the SICAV is the Investment Manager, CSOP Asset Management Limited. For the basis of the fees charged by the Investment Manager please refer to note 3 and note 5 above.

11. Soft Commission

During the year covered by this financial report, the Investment Manager entered into soft-dollar commissions/arrangements with the following entities:

Company	Total Commission Paid
China International Capital Corporation Hong Kong Securities Limited	HKD 435,123
China international Capital Corporation Hong Kong Securities Limited	USD 9,540
China Industrial Securities International Brokerage Limited	HKD 226,800
China Merchants Securities (HK) Co., Limited	HKD 760,485
Citigraup Clohal Marketa Limited	HKD 493,429
Citigroup Global Markets Limited	CNH 2,748
	HKD 340,984
Credit Suisse (Hong Kong) Limited	CNH 20,855
	USD 55,140

12. Transaction costs

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the SICAV incurred transaction costs related to purchase or sale of financial instruments (securities and derivatives) as follows:

China New Balance Opportunity Fund: USD: 1,115,069

The amount of transaction costs supported by the Fund is included in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under the heading "Transaction fees".

The transaction costs mainly relate to brokerage fees.

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

13. Outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts

As at December 31, 2019, the China New Balance Opportunity Fund had the following outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts:

CCY	Amount	CCY				Unrealised gain /
purchased	bought	sold	Amount sold	Maturity Date	Counterparty	(loss) in USD
USD	477*	EUR	431	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	(8)
USD	7,784*	EUR	6,990	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	(84)
USD	522*	EUR	470	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	(8)
USD	477*	EUR	430	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	(7)
USD	590*	EUR	530	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	(6)
EUR	341*	USD	377	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	6
EUR	405*	USD	454	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	1
EUR	100*	USD	112	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	1
EUR	20,702*	USD	23,252	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	52
EUR	300*	USD	334	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	4
EUR	510*	USD	568	February 10, 2020	Citigroup	6
			·			(43)

^{*} The purpose of these forward foreign exchange contracts is to hedge the currency exposure of the Class V (EUR) Hedged Acc.

Total commitment on open forward foreign exchange contracts at year-end before netting and hedging arrangements amounts to USD 34,951.

As at December 31, 2019, there is no collateral related to the forward foreign exchange contracts.

14. Securities Lending

In accordance with the provisions set forth in the CSSF Circular 08/356, the SICAV may enter into securities lending in respect of securities held within the portfolio of a Sub-Fund in order to generate capital or additional income and to reduce costs or risk.

The SICAV may only lend securities through a standardised system organised by a recognised clearing institution or through a first class financial institution subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those prescribed by Community law and specialized in this type of transactions. As part of and during the lifetime of the lending transactions, the SICAV must in principle receive a guarantee, the value of which must be at least equivalent to 90% of the global valuation of the securities lent. This guarantee must be given in the form of liquid assets and/or in the form of securities, and may be reinvested under the conditions set out in CSSF Circular 08/356. The SICAV must ensure that the volume of the Securities Lending transactions is kept at an appropriate level or that it is entitled at any time under the terms of the agreement to request the return of the securities lent or to terminate the agreement.

As at 31 December 2019, the China New Balance Opportunity Fund had the following securities on loan:

	Market Value of	-	Amount of Collateral
Counterparty	Securities on Loan	Type of Collateral	Received
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES PLC	831,530	Bond	896,852
MACQUARIE BANK LIMITED	1,296,178	Bond	1,345,469
	2,127,708		2,242,321

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the amounts of income received by the China New Balance Opportunity Fund from securities lending are as follows (in USD):

Gross Amount of Securities Lending Income	57,263
Direct and Indirect Costs and Fees	17,179
Net Amount of Securities Lending Income	40,084

Notes to the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019 (continued)

15. Dividend paid

No dividend was paid during the year ended December 31, 2019.

16. Other important information

On March 15, 2019, the Board resolved to liquidate the CSOP RMB High Yield Bond Fund with effect on March 29, 2019. As at December 31, 2019 there is cash remaining for an amount of USD 40,165, held to pay the pending invoices and to be then distributed to the last shareholder of the sub-fund. Final payment to shareholders has been processed on March 23, 2020.

17. Subsequent event

The Investment Manager is closely monitoring and responding to developments concerning the outbreak of COVID-19. The Investment Manager, the Administrator and the Custodian have all deployed business continuity arrangements to minimise interruption to business in respect of the COVID-19 pandemic. At the time of signing these financial statements there remains uncertainty regarding the full impact of COVID-19. The Fund Board, the Investment Manager and the other key service providers will continue to monitor developments and respond as appropriate.

Schedule of Investments (expressed in United States dollars)

As at December 31, 2019

China New Balance Opportunity Fund

Quantity	Description	Market Value	% NAV
Transferable se	curities and money market instruments admitted to an offic	ial exchange listing	
CNY Equities			
20,000	Kweichow Moutai Company Limited - A	3,398,451	4.43
Total CNY Equ	ities	3,398,451	4.43
HKD Equities			
600,000	AIA Group Limited	6,303,100	8.23
270,000	Alibaba Group Holding Limited	7,184,608	9.37
480,000	A-Living Services Company Limited - H	1,658,224	2.16
4,000,000	Anton Oilfield Services Group	457,193	0.60
240,000	ASM Pacific Technology Limited	3,331,858	4.34
150,000	Cansino Biologics Inc H	1,135,598	1.48
3,000,000	China Animal Healthcare Limited*	· -	_
200,000	China Conch Venture Holdings	873,290	1.14
900,000	China Gas Holdings Limited	3,375,009	4.40
1,600,000	China International Capital Corporation	3,086,310	4.02
1,100,000	China Life Insurance Company Limited - H	3,058,441	3.99
3,600,000	CSC Financial Company Limited - H	3,106,857	4.05
1,025,200	Guangzhou R&f Properties Company Limited	1,893,290	2.47
7,600,000	Haitong International Securities Group Limited	2,313,191	3.02
157,000	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited	5,101,170	6.65
7,000,000	Honghua Group Limited	476,457	0.62
3,300,000	Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited	3,301,421	4.30
1,800,000	KWG Property Holding Limited	2,524,321	3.29
750,000	Li Ning Company Limited	2,249,043	2.93
900,000	Melco International Development Limited	2,531,257	3.30
250,000	New China Life Insurance Company - H	1,075,559	1.40
700,000	Sands China Limited	3,744,231	4.88
200,000	Shenzhou International Group Holdings Limited	2,925,522	3.81
	Sichuan Languang Justbon Services Group Company		
200,000	Limited - H	1,276,545	1.66
2,600,000	Sound Global Limited*	_	_
300,000	Sunac China Holdings Limited	1,793,454	2.34
156,700	Tencent Holdings Limited	7,558,648	9.86
800,000	Times Property Holdings Limited	1,596,580	2.08
Total HKD Equ	ities	73,931,177	96.39
Total Transfera an official exch	ble securities and money market instruments admitted to	77,329,628	100.82
Total Investmen		77,329,628	100.82
Other Net Liabil		(627,700)	(0.82)
Total Net Asset	5	76,701,928	100.00

^{*} Illiquid security

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Economic and Geographical Classification

As at December 31, 2019

China New Balance Opportunity Fund

Economic Classification as at December 31, 2019

Sector	% NAV
Internet software and services	19.23
Insurance	13.62
Financial services	9.67
Investment companies	8.07
Real estate	7.92
Real estate investment trust	6.08
Oil and gas services	5.62
Leisure and entertainment	4.88
Beverages	4.43
Semiconductors	4.34
Software	4.30
Apparel	3.81
Diversified companies	3.30
Retail	2.93
Biotechnology	1.48
Commercial services	1.14
Total Investments in Securities	100.82
Other Net Liabilities	(0.82)
Total Net Assets	100.00

Geographical Classification as at December 31, 2019

Country	% NAV
Cayman Islands	40.21
China	26.62
Hong Kong	26.57
Bermuda	7.42
Total Investments in Securities	100.82
Other Net Liabilities	(0.82)
Total Net Assets	100.00

Unaudited Supplementary Information

Global Exposure

The SICAV uses a risk-management process that enables to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the Sub-Funds' portfolio positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the SICAV.

The Commitment Approach is used for the sub-fund.

Global Exposure is measured with the Commitment Approach calculated along the guidelines of ESMA 10-788.

European Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 on the transparency of financial transactions in securities and reuse of collateral (Securities Financing Transactions or SFTR)

The SICAV engages in Securities Financing Transactions (as defined in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2015/2365, Securities Financing Transactions include repurchase transactions, securities or commodities lending and securities or commodities borrowing, buy-sell back transactions or sell-buy back transactions and margin lending transactions) through its exposure on securities lending transactions during the year. In accordance with Article 13 of the Regulation, the information on securities lending transactions is detailed below:

a) Global Data

Amount of assets engaged in securities lending transactions

The following table represents the value of assets engaged in securities lending transactions as a proportion of the Sub-Fund's total lendable assets as at 31 December 2019. Total lendable assets represents the aggregate value of asset types forming part of the Sub-Funds' securities lending program.

Market Value of loaned	% of Total	% of Total Net Asset
securities (in USD)	lendable assets	Value
2,127,708	3.13%	2.77%

b) Concentration data

Ten largest collateral issuers

		Market Value of
		Collateral
Issuer	Type of collateral	(in USD)
French Republic Government	Government Bond	896,852
Japan Government	Government Bond	1,345,469

Top ten counterparties

		Market Value of
	Country of	Collateral
Counterparty	Incorporation	(in USD)
JP Morgan Securities PLC	United Kingdom	896,852
Macquarie Bank Limited	United Kingdom	1,345,469

Unaudited Supplementary Information

c) Aggregate Transaction data

Type and quality of collateral

		Market Value of
		Collateral
Type of collateral	Quality	(in USD)
Government Bond	Investment Grade	2,242,321

Maturity tenor of collateral

Less than one day One day to one week One week to one month One month to three months
Three months to one year Above one year 2,242,321
Open transactions -

Currency of collateral

	Market Value of	
	Collateral	
Currency	(in USD)	
EUR	896,852	
JPY	1.345.469	

Maturity tenor of securities lending transactions

Less than one day
One day to one week
One week to one month
One month to three months
Three months to one year
Above one year
Open transactions
2,127,708

Country in which counterparties are established

The country in which counterparties are established is disclosed under the section "Top Ten Counterparties" above.

Settlement and clearing

The Sub-Fund's securities lending transactions, including related collateral, are settled and cleared on a triparty basis.

d) Safekeeping of collateral

Collateral received

The financial guarantees received by the Sub-Fund will be kept by the Depositary or, failing that, by any third party depositary (such as Euroclear Bank SA/NV) which is subject to a prudential supervision and that has no link with the guarantee provider.

Collateral granted

There is no collateral granted in respect of securities lending transactions.

Unaudited Supplementary Information

e) Reuse of collateral

Non-cash collateral received in relation to securities lending transactions cannot be sold, reinvested or pledged.

f) Return and cost

The total income earned from securities lending transactions is split between the Sub-Fund and the securities lending agent. Details of this split are disclosed in the below table:

in Percentage	e
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Lending income (Gross)	100%
Lending Agent Fees (in Percentage)	30%
Lending Income (Net) (in Percentage)	70%

Remuneration policies and practices

The Management Company has established and applies a remuneration policy and practices that are consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management and that neither encourage risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules, the Prospectus or the Articles of Incorporation nor impair compliance with the Management Company's obligation to act in the best interest of the SICAV (the Remuneration Policy).

The Remuneration Policy includes fixed and variable components of salaries and applies to those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions and any employee receiving total remuneration that falls within the remuneration bracket of senior management and risk takers whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profiles of the Management Company, the SICAV or the Sub-Funds. Within the Management Company, these categories of staff represent 22 persons.

The Remuneration Policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of the Management Company, the SICAV and the Shareholders and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

In particular, the Remuneration Policy will ensure that:

- a) the staff engaged in control functions are compensated in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their functions, independently of the performance of the business areas that they control;
- b) the fixed and variable components of total remuneration are appropriately balanced and the fixed component represents a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration to allow the operation of a fully flexible policy on variable remuneration components, including the possibility to pay no variable remuneration component;
- c) the measurement of performance used to calculate variable remuneration components or pools of variable remuneration components includes a comprehensive adjustment mechanism to integrate all relevant types of current and future risks.

The following table shows the fixed and variable remuneration in 2019 for the Identified Staff (22 persons), who is fully or partly involved in the activities of all the funds managed by the Management Company. For the purposes of the below disclosures, where portfolio management activities have been formally delegated to another entity, the remuneration of the relevant identified staff of the delegate has been excluded, as it is not paid out by the Management Company or by the SICAV.

Unaudited Supplementary Information (continued) Remuneration policies and practices (continued)

Staff expenses split into fixed and variable remuneration

Wages and salaries

- a. Fixed
- b. Variable

Staff expenses broken down by categories of staff subject to UCITS V pay rules (in EUR):

Staff			
code	Fixed remuneration	Variable Remuneration	Total
S	1,809,599.25	327,500.00	2,137,099.25
R	713,989.33	41,000.00	754,989.33
С	538,324.58	50,500.00	588,824.58
0	0	0	0

S = Senior Management

R = Risk takers, which includes staff members whose professional activities can exert material influence on UCITS or AIFs managed by Lemanik Asset Management S.A. ("LAM").

C = Staff engaged in control functions (other than senior management) responsible for risk management, compliance, internal audit and similar functions

O = Any other staff member receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk-takers, whose professional activities have a material impact on LAM's risk profile.

A paper copy of the summarised Remuneration Policy is available free of charge to the Shareholders upon request.

No material changes have been made to the remuneration policy.

