

FIDELITY SPECIAL VALUES PLC

30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth primarily through investment in equities (and their related securities) of UK companies which the Investment Manager believes to be undervalued or where the potential has not been recognised by the market

Investment Trust Facts

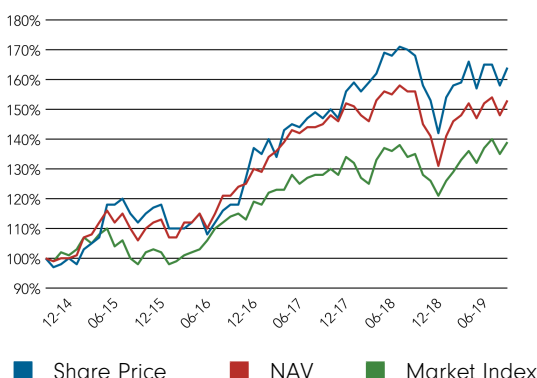
Launch date:	17.11.94
Portfolio manager:	Alex Wright
Appointed to trust:	01.09.12
Years at Fidelity:	18
Total Net Assets (TNA):	£ 719m
Ordinary shares in Issue:	276,169,480
Share price:	261.00p
NAV:	260.41p
Premium:	0.23%
Gross Market Gearing:	0.0%
Net Market Gearing:	0.0%

Performance Comparator

Market Index: FTSE All Share TR

The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The value of investments can go down as well as up and you may get back less than you invested.

Cumulative performance in GBP (%)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Performance to 30.09.19 in GBP (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	Since 17.11.94*
Share Price Cumulative Growth	3.8	-0.8	15.4	-2.7	39.4	63.9	1,872.1
NAV Cumulative Growth	2.9	0.2	16.8	-1.9	25.9	52.7	1,809.2
Index Cumulative Growth	3.0	1.3	14.4	2.7	21.7	38.9	499.1
Share Price Annualised Growth	-	-	-	-2.7	11.7	10.4	12.7
NAV Annualised Growth	-	-	-	-1.9	8.0	8.8	12.6
Index Annualised Growth	-	-	-	2.7	6.8	6.8	7.5

Basis: bid-bid with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees.

Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

*Performance commencement date.

Portfolio Manager Commentary

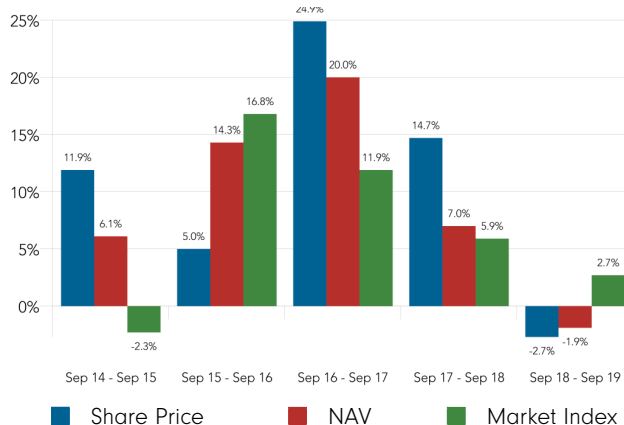
UK markets rose in September, in line with global equities, reversing some of the sharp losses seen in the previous month, even as the Brexit uncertainty continued. Overall, value stocks outperformed growth stocks following a prolonged period of underperformance.

Portfolio manager Alex Wright is of the view that there are interesting contrarian opportunities in the UK market, but we need to balance this with evidence of deteriorating fundamentals in more cyclical businesses. Hence a more balanced exposure between defensives and cyclical is needed. Although he sees a broad spread of value across the market, worsening fundamentals mean he is increasingly finding value in defensive stocks. The UK market is a good source of defensive companies, both classically defensive and others with more hidden defensive qualities.

A selective approach remains important. Not all UK stocks are equally attractive, and although many domestic businesses are being unfairly ignored, others are structurally compromised or financially unsound and therefore best avoided. Alex is happy buying unloved domestic stocks if he can see a balance sheet that can withstand a period of economic weakness, and valuation that gives him some margin of safety. Attractive valuations can be found across the market, in large and small companies, both international and domestic-facing. His process rests on identifying unloved companies with the potential for positive change. And the number of unloved companies available to choose from makes him think this could turn into a surprisingly positive year for investors brave enough to buy UK equities before the good news.

On a rolling 12-month basis, the Trust recorded NAV and share price returns of -1.9% and -2.7% respectively, compared to 2.7% for the index.

Performance for 12 month periods in GBP (%)



Key Risks

The value of investments can go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested. Overseas investments may be more volatile than established markets. The shares in the investment trust are listed on the London Stock Exchange and their price is affected by supply and demand. The investment trust can gain additional exposure to the market, known as gearing, potentially increasing volatility.

FIDELITY SPECIAL VALUES PLC

30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Equity Exposure % Total Net Assets (% TNA)

	Exposure (% TNA)
Gross Market Exposure	99.2
Net Equity	98.7
Other	0.5
Uninvested Cash	0.8

Notes on Portfolio Construction and a description of how data is calculated and presented are on page 3. Definitions of the terms used in the Equity Exposure table are in the Glossary.

Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Net	Index	Relative
FTSE 100	32.9	80.6	-47.7
FTSE 250	21.6	16.0	5.6
FTSE Smallcap	9.2	3.4	5.8
Non FTSE	35.0	0.0	35.0
Total Market Cap Exposure	98.7	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	98.7	100.0	

Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

ICB Industry	Net	Index	Relative
Financials	29.6	25.6	4.0
Industrials	26.3	11.7	14.6
Consumer Services	10.3	11.9	-1.6
Oil & Gas	9.9	13.2	-3.3
Consumer Goods	9.6	14.3	-4.6
Health Care	7.9	9.4	-1.4
Basic Materials	6.2	7.4	-1.2
Utilities	3.2	2.7	0.5
Telecommunications	0.4	2.8	-2.3
Technology	0.0	1.0	-1.0
Total Sector Exposure	103.6	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	-4.9	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	98.7	100.0	

Country Exposure (% TNA)

	Net	Index	Relative
United Kingdom	73.4	100.0	-26.6
Ireland	8.6	0.0	8.6
Switzerland	5.1	0.0	5.1
USA	4.6	0.0	4.6
France	2.6	0.0	2.6
Netherlands	1.3	0.0	1.3
South Africa	1.2	0.0	1.2
Canada	0.9	0.0	0.9
Australia	0.6	0.0	0.6
Tanzania	0.3	0.0	0.3
Total Country Exposure	98.7	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	98.7	100.0	

Top Net Long Positions (% TNA)

	ICB Industry	Country	Net	Index	Relative
CRH PLC	Industrials	Ireland	5.4	1.0	4.4
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC	Oil & Gas	United Kingdom	5.2	8.3	-3.2
ROCHE HOLDING LTD	Health Care	Switzerland	5.1	0.0	5.1
PEARSON PLC	Consumer Services	United Kingdom	4.1	0.2	3.9
JOHN LAING GROUP PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	3.8	0.1	3.7
MEGGITT PLC	Industrials	United Kingdom	3.4	0.2	3.2
PHOENIX GROUP HOLDINGS PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	3.4	0.2	3.2
ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GRP PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	3.0	0.4	2.6
BP PLC	Oil & Gas	United Kingdom	3.0	4.4	-1.4
CITIGROUP INC	Financials	USA	3.0	0.0	3.0

Top Overweight Positions (% TNA)

	Net	Index	Relative
ROCHE HOLDING LTD	5.1	0.0	5.1
CRH PLC	5.4	1.0	4.4
PEARSON PLC	4.1	0.2	3.9
JOHN LAING GROUP PLC	3.8	0.1	3.7
MEGGITT PLC	3.4	0.2	3.2
PHOENIX GROUP HOLDINGS PLC	3.4	0.2	3.2
CITIGROUP INC	3.0	0.0	3.0
C & C GROUP PLC	3.0	0.0	3.0
SERCO GROUP PLC	2.9	0.1	2.9
ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GRP PLC	3.0	0.4	2.6

Top Underweight Positions (% TNA)

	Net	Index	Relative
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	0.0	5.5	-5.5
ASTRAZENECA PLC	0.0	4.1	-4.1
GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC	0.0	3.7	-3.7
DIAGEO PLC	0.0	3.4	-3.4
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC	5.2	8.3	-3.2
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	0.0	3.0	-3.0
UNILEVER PLC	0.0	2.3	-2.3
RIO TINTO PLC	0.0	2.0	-2.0
VODAFONE GROUP PLC	0.0	1.9	-1.9
RECKITT BENCKISER GROUP PLC	0.0	1.7	-1.7

Net Long Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index
Top 10	39.5	38.6
Top 20	63.5	52.8
Top 50	92.4	69.9

Approach and Style

There are two key elements to Alex's investment approach:

1. Downside risk management

Alex looks for companies where there is limited downside risk. In other words, he wants to invest in companies that have exceptionally cheap valuations or some kind of asset that should stop their share prices falling below a certain level. This can be anything from inventory to intellectual property.

2. Unrecognised growth potential

Alex looks for events that could significantly improve a company's earning power, but are not currently reflected in the company's share price. These include changes in the company's competitors or market, a new product line or an expansion into new business areas.

What's more, the trust benefits from in-depth company and valuation analysis, drawing on the extensive Fidelity research platform.

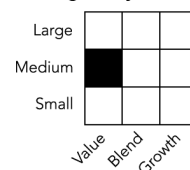
Administrative & Dealing Information

Financial Year End:	31st August
Reference currency:	UK Sterling (GBP)
Company domicile:	United Kingdom
Company legal structure:	Investment Trust
Capital guarantee:	No
ISIN:	GB00BWXC7Y93
SEDOL:	BWXC7Y9
Bloomberg:	FSV LN
Distribution frequency:	Bi Annual
Charges made to income or capital:	Income
Ongoing Costs (ex- Portfolio transaction costs):	0.92%
Annual Management Charge (included in the figure above):	0.85% (net) on the first £700m of assets and 0.75% (net) on funds in excess of £700m.

Independent Assessment

Information in this section is the latest available at date of publication. Further details can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

Morningstar Style Box ®



Morningstar rating™

★★★★

Portfolio Construction – Explained

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Equity Exposure table provides an overall view of the fund. Net Equity represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market, netting off long and short positions. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls). It is important to note that Net Equity can be greater than 100% (for example if the manager is using derivative contracts) and when it is, the portfolio may be described as geared.

The exposure and positioning tables on page 2 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments.

How data is calculated and presented

Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below.

- **Aggregation:** all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities - ie not aggregated.

- **Categorisation:** for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.

- **Derivatives:** all derivatives are included on an exposure basis and, where necessary, are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.

- **"Basket" securities:** securities that represent a number of company shares - like index futures or options - are allocated to categories (such as country) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.

Glossary / Additional Notes

Equity Exposure notes

GROSS MARKET EXPOSURE

Gross Market Exposure is the total of long exposures, plus the total of short exposures, and less the total of exposures hedging the portfolio, expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds (Total Net Assets).

NET EQUITY

The net positive exposure to the market with short and hedge positions subtracted from long positions.

Glossary / Additional Notes**OTHER**

The value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of TNA.

UNINVESTED CASH

This is 100% minus the fund's Net Equity exposure and minus Other. This leaves any residual cash exposure that is not invested in shares or via derivatives.

Investment Trust Facts**NAV**

The total value of a company's assets less the total value of its liabilities is its net asset value (NAV). For valuation purposes it is common to divide net assets by the number of shares in issue to give the net assets per share. NAV calculations can include or exclude current financial year income. For the purposes of this factsheet, they are valued with assets including income and costs and with debt valued at the market.

PREMIUM

If the share price of an investment company is higher than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a premium. The premium is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

DISCOUNT

If the share price of an investment company is lower than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a discount. The discount is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

GEARING

Gearing is the Market Exposure figure (either gross or net) expressed in excess of Total Net Assets. It represents the additional exposure to the market above Shareholders' Funds.

FAIR VALUE

The fair value of investments is initially taken to be their cost and is subsequently measured as follows: Listed investments are valued at bid prices, or last market prices, depending on the convention of the exchange on which they are listed; and

Unlisted investments are investments which are not quoted, or are not frequently traded, are stated at the Directors' best estimate of fair value and take account of the cost of the investment, recent arm's length transactions in the same or similar investments and financial performance of the investment since purchase.

General notes**TOTAL NET ASSETS (TNA)**

The Company's total assets minus its total liabilities - also known as Shareholders' Funds. It represents the amount by which a company is financed through common and preferred shares.

INDEX

The index used in the positioning tables on page 2 is the index defined in the Performance Comparator section on page 1.

TOP NET LONG POSITIONS

Those companies in which the largest percentages of the trust's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear.

TOP OVERWEIGHT & UNDERWEIGHT POSITIONS

Those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. In the underweight table, any short position names have been withheld in line with Fidelity's disclosure policy.

NET LONG POSITIONS CONCENTRATION

Illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the trust and the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. It does not attempt to show the coincidence of security ownership between fund and index. The sector/industry classification used (i.e. GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions can be found below.

Glossary / Additional Notes**ONGOING CHARGES**

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the trust's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For new trusts, the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the trust's financial year end.

The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.

It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking.

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Annual Report.

SECTOR INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION

GICS: Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by Standard & Poor's and MSCI Barra. GICS consists of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 68 industries and 157 sub-industries.

More information is available at <http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/gics/en/us>

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) is an industry classification developed by Dow Jones and FTSE. It is used to segregate markets into sectors within the macroeconomy. The ICB uses a system of 10 industries, partitioned into 20 supersectors, which are further divided into 41 sectors, which then contain 114 subsectors.

More information is available at <http://www.icbenchmark.com/>

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