Aluminium Bahrain B.S.C. INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 SEPTEMBER 2015 (REVIEWED)



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REPORT ON THE REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF ALUMINIUM BAHRAIN B.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed financial statements of Aluminium Bahrain B.S.C. ('the Company') as at 30 September 2015, comprising of the interim statement of financial position as at 30 September 2015 and the related interim statements of comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the ninemonth period then ended and explanatory notes. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

11 November 2015

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Ernst + Young

INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 September 2015

ASSETS	Note	30 September 2015 Reviewed BD '000	31 December 2014 Audited BD '000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment		809,568	837,757
Long term receivable		1,719	3,439
Other assets		4,560	4,704
		815,847	845,900
Current assets			
Inventories		164,493	152,469
Current portion of long term receivable		3,438	3,438
Accounts receivable and prepayments		85,040	92,888
Bank balances and cash		84,104	67,198
		337,075	315,993
TOTAL ASSETS		1,152,922	1,161,893
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital		142,000	142,000
Treasury shares		(4,552)	(3,696)
Statutory reserve		71,000	71,000
Capital reserve		249	249
Retained earnings		755,250	687,387
Proposed dividend			21,200
Total equity		963,947	918,140
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings		37,441	64,137
Employees' end of service benefits		1,410	1,265
		38,851	65,402
Current liabilities		4=	
Borrowings		47,859	72,351
Accounts payable and accruals Derivative financial instruments	4	101,936 329	101,378 4,622
Delivative illidicial institutients	4		4,022
		150,124	178,351
Total liabilities		188,975	243,753
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,152,922	1,161,893
		-	

Daij Bin Salman Bin Daij Al Khalifa Chairman Tim Murray
Chief Executive Officer

Yousif Taqi Director



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INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the nine months ended 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

		<u>Three m</u> oi	nths ended	Nine mor	iths ended
		30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Sales revenue	6	184,386	223,156	590,332	599,576
Cost of sales		(165,326)	(180,136)	(486,907)	(499,323)
GROSS PROFIT		19,060	43,020	103,425	100,253
Other income		735	526	3,274	1,267
Selling and distribution expenses		(3,243)	(4,947)	(7,558)	(14,410)
General and administrative expenses		(7,166)	(7,204)	(22,154)	(21,855)
Gain on foreign exchange		219	550	622	942
Finance costs		(769)	(1,031)	(2,485)	(3,430)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	i	8,836	30,914	75,124	62,767
(Loss) gain on revaluation/settlement of derivative financial instruments (net)	4	(168)	(1,422)	535	(910)
PROFIT AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		8,668	29,492	75,659	61,857
Basic and diluted earnings per share (fils)	3	6	21	54	44

Daij Bin Salman Bin Daij Al Khalifa Chairman

Tim Murray
Chief Executive Officer

Yousif Taqi Director



INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

		30 September	•
	Note	2015 BD '000	2014 BD '000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	MOIG	BD 000	<i>000</i>
Profit for the period		75 650	61 057
Adjustments for:		75,659	61,857
Depreciation		55,036	59,355
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		382	1,051
Provision for slow moving inventories		845	131
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		1,132	1,039
Provision for doubtful debts written back		-	(3)
Unrealised gain on revaluation of derivative			
financial instruments Interest income	4	(4,293)	(2,318)
Finance costs		(110)	(141) 3,430
Amortisation of other asset		2,485 144	3,430 48
Reversal of the cost of treasury shares held		1-1-1	40
for Employees Stock Incentive Plan		-	(91)
		131,280	124,358
Working capital changes:		101,200	12-1,000
Inventories		(12,869)	3,916
Accounts receivable and prepayments		7,848	(7,735)
Accounts payable and accruals		765	12,327
Cash from operations		127,024	132,866
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(988)	(892)
Net cash flows from operating activities		126,036	131,974
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(27,290)	(34,618)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		62	125
Interest received		110	141
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(27,118)	(34,352)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Amounts received from long term receivable		1,720	1,720
Borrowings availed		77,080	176,720
Borrowings repaid		(128,268)	(227,775)
Finance costs paid	_	(2,692)	(3,654)
Dividends paid	8	(28,963)	(47,998)
Purchase of treasury shares - net		(1,296)	(1,649)
Proceeds from resale of treasury shares		407	3,256
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(82,012)	(99,380)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		16,906	(1,758)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		67,198	64,540
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER		84,104	62,782
		**	

Non-cash item

The movement in finance costs of BD 207 thousand (2014: BD 224 thousand) which have been accrued but not yet paid have been excluded from the movement of accounts payable and accruals.

Aluminium Bahrain B.S.C. INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine months ended 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

	Share capital BD '000	Treasury shares BD '000	Statutory reserve BD '000	Capital reserve BD '000	Retained earnings BD '000	Proposed dividend BD '000	Total BD '000
Balance at 1 January 2015	142,000	(3,696)	71,000	249	687,387	21,200	918,140
Total comprehensive income for the period	ı	•	•		75,659	•	75,659
Net movement in treasury shares	1	(826)	1	•	•		(826)
Loss on resale of treasury shares	1	•	1		(33)	•	(33)
Final dividend for 2014 approved and paid (note 8)	•	•	ı		•	(21,198)	(21,198)
Excess of final dividend for 2014 reversed	ı	•	•	ŧ	2	(2)	•
Dividend proposed (note 8)	ı	•	•	•	(7,768)	7,768	b.
Interim dividend for 2015 approved and paid	,	•	•	•	•	(7,765)	(2,765)
Excess of interim dividend for 2015 reversed	1	ı	•	•	က	(3)	•
Balance at 30 September 2015	142,000	(4,552)	71,000	249	755,250	•	963,947
	Share	Treasury	Statutory	Capital	Retained	Proposed	
	capital	shares	reserve	reserve	eamings	dividend	Total
	900	200 09	BD 000	200 02	80 000	200.09	BD 000
Balance at 1 January 2014	142,000	(5,157)	71,000	249	629,381	30,978	868,451
Total comprehensive income for the period		ı	1	•	61,857	•	61,857
Net movement in treasury shares	•	1,825	•	•	•	1	1,825
Reversal of excess amortisation of the cost of treasury shares held for Employees Stock Incentive Plan	•	(91)	ı	ŧ	•	•	(91)
Loss on resale of treasury shares	•	,	•	•	(218)	•	(218)
Final dividend for 2013 approved and paid (note 8)	•	ı	•	•	•	(31,040)	(31,040)
Shortage of final dividend paid for 2013	ı	•	•	•	(62)	62	ı
Dividend proposed (note 8)	•	•	•	ı	(16,942)	16,942	•
Interim dividend for 2014 approved and paid	•	•	•	•	•	(16,958)	(16,958)
Shortage of interim dividend for 2014	•	•	•	•	(16)	16	•
Balance at 30 September 2014	142,000	(3,423)	71,000	249	674,000		883,826

The attached notes 1 to 9 form part of these interim condensed financial statements.

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

1 ACTIVITIES

Aluminium Bahrain B.S.C. ("the Company") was incorporated as a Bahrain Joint Stock Company (closed) in the Kingdom of Bahrain and registered with the Ministry of Industry and Commerce under commercial registration (CR) number 999.

Subsequent to the Initial Public Offering (IPO), the Company became a Bahrain Public Joint Stock Company effective 23 November 2010 and its shares were listed on Bahrain Stock Exchange (now Bahrain Bourse) and Global Depositary Receipts were listed on the London Stock Exchange. The Company has its registered office at 150 Askar Road, Askar 951, Kingdom of Bahrain.

As of 30 September 2015, the majority shareholder of the Company is Bahrain Mumtalakat Holding Company B.S.C. (c) (Mumtalakat), a company wholly owned by the Government of the Kingdom of Bahrain through the Ministry of Finance, which holds 69.38% (31 December 2014: 69.38%) of the Company's share capital.

The Company is engaged in manufacturing aluminium and aluminium related products. The Company owns and operates a primary aluminium smelter and the related infrastructure. The Company also has branch offices in Zurich and Hong Kong.

On 3 September 1990, the Company entered into a Quota Agreement between the Company, the Government of the Kingdom of Bahrain (GB), SABIC Industrial Investments Company (SIIC) and Breton Investments Limited (Breton). The Quota Agreement remains in full force and effect and was not amended with respect to the transfer of GB's shareholding in the Company to Mumtalakat. Consequent to the purchase of shares held by Breton in 2010, Breton ceased to be a shareholder of the Company, thereby revoking its entitlement to rights and obligations under the Quota Agreement, including the right to require the Company to sell the eligible quota of aluminium to Breton at a specified price.

On 25 May 2010, Mumtalakat provided a letter to the Company whereby it irrevocably and unconditionally waived its rights under the Quota Agreement requiring the Company to sell the eligible quota of aluminium to Mumtalakat. Consequently, as a result of this waiver the Company is no longer under an obligation to sell any part of its production to Mumtalakat. The Company is now free to sell 69.38% of its production to third-party customers on commercial terms. Mumtalakat has also acknowledged that it is under an obligation to purchase its quota of aluminium produced by the Company, should the Company decide to sell Mumtalakat's quota in accordance with the Quota Agreement. SIIC has not given a corresponding written waiver to the Company as at the date of approval of these interim condensed financial statements.

The interim condensed financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 11 November 2015.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

The interim condensed financial statements do not contain all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2014. In addition, results for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New and amended standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, except for the adoption of new Standards and Interpretations, noted below, which did not have any impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Company:

Amendments to IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

IAS 19 requires an entity to consider contributions from employees or third parties when accounting for defined benefit plans. Where the contributions are linked to service, they should be attributed to periods of service as a negative benefit. These amendments clarify that, if the amount of the contributions is independent of the number of years of service, an entity is permitted to recognise such contributions as a reduction in the service cost in the period in which the service is rendered, instead of allocating the contributions to the periods of service. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this amendment to the Company's accounting policies.

Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

These improvements are effective from 1 July 2014 and the Company has applied these amendments for the first time in these interim condensed financial statements. They include:

IFRS 2 Share-based Payment

This improvement is applied prospectively and clarifies various issues relating to the definitions of performance and service conditions which are vesting conditions, including:

- A performance condition must contain a service condition
- A performance target must be met while the counterparty is rendering service
- A performance target may relate to the operations or activities of an entity, or to those of another entity in the same group
- A performance condition may be a market or non-market condition
- If the counterparty, regardless of the reason, ceases to provide service during the vesting period, the service condition is not satisfied

The above definitions are consistent with how the Company has identified any performance and service conditions which are vesting conditions in previous periods, and thus these amendments do not impact the Company's accounting policies.

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that all contingent consideration arrangements classified as liabilities (or assets) arising from a business combination should be subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss whether or not they fall within the scope of IFRS 9 (or IAS 39, as applicable). The amendment does not affect the Company's accounting policies as the Company does not have any contingent considerations.

IFRS 8 Operating Segments

The amendments are applied retrospectively and clarify that:

- An entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in paragraph 12 of IFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics (e.g., sales and gross margins) used to assess whether the segments are 'similar'
- The reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker, similar to the required disclosure for segment liabilities.

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New and amended standards and interpretations (continued)

IFRS 8 Operating Segments (continued)

The Company has not applied the aggregation criteria in IFRS 8.12, as this criteria is not applicable to the Company.

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets

The amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies in IAS 16 and IAS 38 that the asset may be revalued by reference to observable data by either adjusting the gross carrying amount of the asset to market value or by determining the market value of the carrying value and adjusting the gross carrying amount proportionately so that the resulting carrying amount equals the market value. In addition, the accumulated depreciation or amortisation is the difference between the gross and carrying amounts of the asset. The Company did not record any revaluation adjustments during the current interim period.

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures

The amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies that a management entity (an entity that provides key management personnel services) is a related party subject to the related party disclosures. In addition, an entity that uses a management entity is required to disclose the expenses incurred for management services. This amendment is not relevant for the Company as it does not receive any management services from other entities.

Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle

These improvements are effective from 1 July 2014 and the Company has applied these amendments for the first time in these interim condensed financial statements. They include:

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies for the scope exceptions within IFRS 3 that:

- Joint arrangements, not just joint ventures, are outside the scope of IFRS 3
- This scope exception applies only to the accounting in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself

The Company does not have a joint arrangement, and thus this amendment is not relevant for the Company.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that the portfolio exception in IFRS 13 can be applied not only to financial assets and financial liabilities, but also to other contracts within the scope of IFRS 9 (or IAS 39, as applicable). The Company does not apply the portfolio exception in IFRS 13.

IAS 40 Investment Property

The description of ancillary services in IAS 40 differentiates between investment property and owner-occupied property (i.e., property, plant and equipment). The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that IFRS 3, and not the description of ancillary services in IAS 40, is used to determine if the transaction is the purchase of an asset or a business combination. The Company does not have any investment property and thus this amendment is not relevant to the Company.

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

3 EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Three month 30 Sep		Nine month pe	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Profit for the period - BD '000	8,668	29,492	75,659	61,857
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - thousands of shares	1,412,088	1,413,014	1,412,849	1,411,177
Basic and diluted earnings per share - fils	6	21	54	44

No separate figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued financial instruments which may have a dilutive effect.

4 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company does not engage in proprietary trading activities in derivatives. However, the Company enters into derivative transactions to hedge economic risks under its risk management guidelines that may not qualify for hedge accounting under IAS 39. Consequently, gains or losses resulting from the remeasurement to fair value of these derivatives are taken to the interim statement of comprehensive income.

The Company has a number of derivative financial instruments comprising interest rate collars, forward contracts and commodity options. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments at 30 September 2015 and 31 December 2014 were as follows:

Liabilities	30 September	
	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000
Commodity options	-	3,750
Commodity futures	32 9	806
Interest rate collars		66
Total	329	4,622

The fair valuation of the derivative financial instruments resulted in the following (losses) gains to the interim statement of comprehensive income for the three month and nine month period ended 30 September.

	Three month period ended 30 September		Nine month period ended 30 September	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Revaluation:				
Commodity options and futures	757	(192)	4,227	1,808
Interest rate collars	-	191	66	510
Unrealised (loss) gains on derivative financial instruments	757	(1)	4,293	2,318
Realised:		<u> </u>		
Commodity options and futures	(925)	(1,229)	(3,692)	(2,480)
Interest rate collars	*	(192)	(66)	(748)
Realised losses on derivatives	(925)	(1,421)	(3,758)	(3,228)
Net (loss) gain on fair valuation taken to inte statement of comprehensive income	erim (168)	(1,422)	535	(910)

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

5 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair values

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets, financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments. Financial assets consist of bank balances and cash and receivables. Financial liabilities consist of borrowings and payables. Derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate collars, forward exchange contracts and commodity options and futures.

The Company assessed that the fair value of cash and short term deposits, accounts receivable, current portion of long term receivable, trade payables, other current liabilities and borrowings approximate their carrying amounts, largely due to the short term maturities of these financial instruments. The Company also assessed that the fair value of the non-current portion of long term receivable and borrowings approximate their carrying amounts.

Set out below is an overview of financial instruments, other than bank balances, held by the Company as at 30 September 2015 and 31 December 2014:

30 September 2015		Loans and receivables	Total
Financial assets:		BD '000	BD '000
Long term receivables		5,157	5,157
Accounts receivable		83,772	83,772
		88,929	88,929
	Financial		
	liabilities at	Derivative	
	amortised	financial	
	cost	instruments	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Financial liabilities: Borrowings	05.000		0.000
_	85,300	-	85,300
Accounts payable and accruals	44,878	•	44,878
Derivative financial instruments		329	329
	130,178	329	130,507
31 December 2014		Loans and	
0. 20002077		receivables	Total
		BD '000	BD '000
Financial assets:			
Long term receivables		6,877	6,877
Accounts receivable		88,802	88,802
		95,679	95,679
	Financial		
	liabilities at	Derivative	
	amortised	financial	
	cost	instruments	Total
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Financial liabilities:			
Borrowings	136,488	-	136,488
Accounts payable and accruals	55,724	-	55,724
Derivative financial instruments		4,622	4,622
	192,212	4,622	196,834

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

5 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in an active market (that are unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities:

Level 2 : Valuation techniques (for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable); and

Level 3: Valuation techniques (for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable).

As at 30 September 2015, the Company's derivative financial instruments, long term receivable and borrowings are measured at fair value. These are Level 2 as per the hierarchy above for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015. The Company does not have financial instruments qualifying for Level 1 or Level 3 classification.

During the nine month period ended 30 September 2015, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements (31 December 2014: same).

6 OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Company has a single operating segment which is the ownership and operation of a primary aluminium smelter and related infrastructure. Hence no separate disclosure of profit or loss, assets and liabilities is provided as this disclosure will be identical to the interim statement of financial position and interim statement of comprehensive income of the Company.

a) Product

An analysis of the sales revenue by product is as follows:

·	Three-month p		Nine-month pe 30 Septe	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Aluminium Calcined coke	179,373	199,625	576,487	551,998
Alumina	2,431 2,582	23,531	6,274 7,571	1,810 45,768
		 		40,700
	184,386	223,156	590,332	599,576

b) Geographic information

An analysis of the sales revenue by geographic location is as follows:

	Three-month p 30 Septe		Nine-month pe 30 Septe	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Kingdom of Bahrain	84,510	87,260	271,571	247,927
Rest of the Middle East and North Africa	29,830	43,795	106,367	123,584
Europe	23,013	53,665	81,095	120,720
Asia	30,886	28,096	84,376	73,486
Americas	16,147	10,340	46,923	33,859
Total sales revenue	184,386	223,156	590,332	599,576

The revenue information above is based on the location of the customers.

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

6 OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

c) Customers

Revenue from sale of metal to two of the major customers of the Company amounted to BD 220,164 thousand (2014: BD 199,617 thousand), each being more than 10% of the total sales revenue for the period.

7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of 30 September 2015, there have been no significant changes to outstanding commitments and contingencies compared to 31 December 2014.

8 DIVIDEND

On 1 March 2015, the Company's shareholders approved the Board of Directors' proposal to pay a final dividend of BD 0.015 per share (excluding treasury shares) totalling BD 21,198 thousand relating to 2014 which was fully paid as of 31 March 2015.

On 29 July 2015, the Board of Directors proposed an interim dividend of BD 0.0055 per share (excluding treasury shares) totalling BD 7,765 thousand which was fully paid as of 30 September 2015.

On 27 February 2014, the Company's shareholders approved the Board of Directors' proposal to pay a final dividend of BD 0.022 per share (excluding treasury shares) totalling BD 31,040 thousand relating to 2013 which was fully paid as of 31 March 2014. On 26 July 2014, the Board of Directors proposed an interim dividend of BD 0.012 per share (excluding treasury shares) totalling BD 16,958 thousand which was fully paid as of 30 September 2014.

9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties represent major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Board of Directors.

Transactions with shareholders

In the ordinary course of business, the Company purchases supplies and services from parties related to the Government of the Kingdom of Bahrain, principally natural gas and public utility services. A royalty, based on production, is also paid to the Government of the Kingdom of Bahrain.

Transactions with related parties included in the interim statement of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Three-month period ended 30 September		Nine-month per 30 Septer	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000	BD '000
Other related parties				
Revenue and other income				
Sale of metal	25,552	26,741	78,791	75,463
Sale of water	329	325	1,065	921
Interest on long term receivable	19	28	66	98
	25,900	27,094	79,922	76,482
Cost of sales and expenses		·		
Purchase of natural gas and diesel	29,496	25,927	82,680	74,602
(Sale) purchase of electricity - net	(259)	9	841	1,204
Royalty	996	968	2,972	2,891
	30,233	26,904	86,493	78,697
			=======================================	

At 30 September 2015 (Reviewed)

9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Balances with related parties included in the interim statement of financial position are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2015	2014
	BD '000	BD '000
Other related parties		
Assets		
Long term receivable	5,157	6,877
Bank balances	8,611	13,505
Receivables	9,082	11,386
	22,850	31,768
Liabilities		
Borrowings	3,760	7,520
Payables	10,848	9,888
	14,608	17,408

Outstanding balances at the end of the period arise in the normal course of business. For the nine month period ended 30 September 2015, the Company has not recorded any impairment on amounts due from related parties (2014: nil).

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of members of key management during the period was as follows:

	Three-month period ended 30 September		Nine-month period ended 30 September	
	2015 BD '000	2014 BD '000	2015 BD '000	2014 BD '000
Short term benefits End of service benefits Contributions to Alba Savings Benefit	277 10	292 16	843 32	845 48
Scheme Scheme	15	14	45	40
	302	322	920	933