

### **Shareholder Information**

#### **Share price**

The Company's share price can be found on various financial websites with the TIDM/EPIC code TV1.

Latest share price at 30 July 2024: 42.0p per share

#### Financial calendar

26 July 2024 Payment of interim dividend
4 September 2024 Annual General Meeting ("AGM")
November 2024 Announcement of half-year results

#### **Dividends**

Dividends are paid by the registrar on behalf of the Company. Shareholders who wish to have dividends paid directly into their bank account, rather than by cheque to their registered address, can make arrangements to do this by contacting the Company's registrar, whose details can be found on the following page and on page 77.

Queries relating to dividends, shareholdings and requests for dividend mandate forms should be directed to the Company's registrar.

### **Selling shares**

The Company's Shares can be bought and sold in the same way as any other quoted company on the London Stock Exchange. The Company is, however, unable to buy back shares direct from Shareholders, so you will need to use a stockbroker to sell your shares. If you are considering selling your shares or wish to buy shares in the secondary market, you can contact the Company's Corporate Broker, Panmure Liberum Limited ("Panmure") who can provide guidance on the likely timing of buybacks and other details.

Panmure can be contacted as follows:

Chris Lloyd 0207 886 2716 Paul Nolan 0207 886 2717

chris.lloyd@panmure.com paul.nolan@panmure.com

Shareholders are advised to seek advice from their tax adviser before selling shares, particularly if they deferred the payment of capital gains tax in respect of shares acquired prior to 6 April 2004 or subscribed for shares within the last five years.

If you have any queries, Foresight's Customer Team can be contacted at: <a href="mailto:investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu">investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu</a> or on 020 3667 8181

### **Shareholder Information** (continued)

#### **Share scam warning**

We are aware that a significant number of shareholders of VCTs adviser/managed by Foresight and other VCT managers have from time to time received unsolicited telephone calls from a company purporting to be acting on behalf of a client who is looking to acquire their VCT shares at an attractive price. We believe these calls to be part of a "Boiler Room Scam". Shareholders are warned to be very suspicious if they receive any similar type of telephone call.

The FCA has published information about such scams at www.fca.org.uk/scamsmart

If you have any concerns, please contact Foresight at <a href="mailto:investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu">investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu</a> or on 020 3667 8181.

#### **Notification of change of address**

Hard copy communications with Shareholders are mailed to the registered address held on the share register. In the event of a change of address, or other amendment, this should be notified to the Company's registrar under the signature of the registered holder. The registrar's details can be found below and on page 77.

#### **Other information for Shareholders**

Up-to-date Company information (including financial statements, share price, and dividend history) may be obtained Foresight's website at:

### www.foresightgroup.eu/products/thames-ventures-vct-1-plc

If you have any queries regarding your shareholding in Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc, please contact the registrar.

City Partnership (UK) Limited can be contacted as follows:

01484 240 910 registrars@city.uk.com

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### **Financial Highlights**

### NAV performance

The Net Asset Value per share ("NAV") decreased by 5.7 pence per share (11.0%) from 51.8 pence per share as at 31 March 2023 to 46.1 pence per share at the year-end. After adding back dividends of 2.0p which were paid during the year, NAV total return decreased by 3.7 pence per share (7.1%). This is a relatively disappointing performance when compared to the performance of many other VCTs and the FTSE AIM All Share and FTSE Small Cap indices over the same period.

### Dividend

The interim dividend of 1.1 pence per share paid post year-end results in total dividends in respect of the financial year of 2.1 pence per share (2023: 2.5 pence per share), equivalent to 4.1% based on the opening net asset value.

### Steady portfolio activity

Despite the potential disruption of the migration of the investment advisory team to its new home at Foresight Group LLP, the year has seen a steady level of portfolio activity with disposal proceeds totalling £3.4 million (2023: £12.5 million) from eight different investee companies. Additionally, new and follow on investments totalled £4.5 million (2023: £11.8 million) across seven different investee companies.

### **Financial Summary**

	Audited 31 Mar 2024 Pence	Audited 31 Mar 2023 Pence
Net asset value per share ("NAV")	46.1	51.8
Cumulative dividends paid since 12 November 2013	46.5	44.5
Total Return (net asset value plus cumulative dividends paid per share)	92.6	96.3
Dividends in respect of financial year		
Interim dividend per share – 2 February 2024	1.0	1.5
Interim dividend per share – 26 July 2024	1.1	1.0
	2.1	2.5

### **Investment Objectives**

The Company's principal investment objectives are:

- ▶ To provide private investors with attractive returns from a portfolio of VCT qualifying investments; and
- ▶ To maintain VCT status so that the Company and its shareholders may benefit from the tax reliefs and exemptions available under the VCT legislation.

The detailed investment policy adopted to achieve the investment objectives is set out in the Strategic Report on pages 29 and 30.

### **Dividend Policy**

The Directors are targeting an annual dividend of at least 4% of net assets per annum, subject to sufficient distributable reserves and capital resources.

### **Directors**

**Atul Devani** (Chair) (appointed 12 December 2022) has held a number of senior positions in software technology companies operating in various sectors including finance, mobile, telecommunications, food and drink, healthcare and pharmaceuticals. He was Chair of Maven Income and Growth VCT 3 plc for nine years and previously was the founder and CEO of AIM listed United Clearing plc, which was sold in 2006 to BSG. Atul is a mentor of entrepreneurs at the Company of Information Technologists in the City of London, a Commissioner at the Cabinet Office, an independent member of Bangor University Council and also serves on the board of M-Sparc, a science park created by the University to help to inspire people and provide support for innovations. Atul was appointed Chair of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc on 6 June 2024.

**Chris Allner** (appointed 8 February 2021) has over 35 years of venture capital and private equity experience and is currently a partner of the Company's previous Investment Adviser, Downing LLP, and also chairs their investment committee. He is also a non-executive director of Thames Ventures VCT 2 plc and Pembroke VCT plc and prior to joining Downing, he was the head of private equity at Octopus Investments as well as a director at Beringea and Bridgepoint with previous experience at 3i and Charterhouse. He has previously sat on the boards of a number of unquoted and quoted companies across a variety of commercial sectors.

**Barry Dean** (appointed 12 November 2013) is a chartered accountant and has over 30 years' experience in the private equity industry, including 14 years as managing director of Dresdner Kleinwort Benson Private Equity Limited. He is currently a non-executive director of ProVen VCT plc and was formerly a non-executive director of Downing Absolute Income VCT 2 plc. Barry was appointed Chair of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc Audit Committee on 6 June 2024.

All the Directors are non-executive and are independent of the Investment Adviser, with the exception of Chris Allner who is considered non-independent by virtue of being a partner at Downing LLP, the previous investment adviser to the Company, which still provides some services to the new investment adviser.

### **Chair's Statement**

#### Introduction

I am pleased to present the first Annual Report since I recently took over the role of Chair of your Company. Before covering what has been another eventful year, I would like to update Shareholders on some recent developments since year-end.

As mentioned in our last annual report, the Board has been actively considering options for the future of the Company, looking to pursue any that it concluded may benefit Shareholders and enable the Company to be better placed to serve them.

As noted in the announcement made on 26 July 2024, I am pleased to say that the Company is in discussions to merge with Thames Ventures VCT 2 plc ("TV2"), which would achieve, amongst other things, cost savings, administration efficiency and increased scale. I hope any transaction will complete in the early Autumn and will, of course, report any significant developments to Shareholders as things progress.

Secondly, as Shareholders will be aware, the Company's custodian of quoted assets, IBP Capital Markets Limited ("IBP"), was put into special administration by the FCA in October 2023. Since then, the Investment Adviser has been working tirelessly with the Joint Special Administrators ("JSA") to achieve a resolution and I am pleased to inform Shareholders that on 19 July we were granted access to c. 80% of the Company's quoted assets again following an interim distribution by the JSA to our new custodian, with the remainder expected to follow in due course. Unfortunately, a provision of c. £0.88m has been made in the accounts to cover losses and costs of the JSA, but we expect this to be a worst-case scenario and hope for a more positive outcome as part of the final court approved distribution plan. Further details are provided in my report below and in note 17 to the accounts.

As a result of this interim distribution, and having access to more liquidity across the portfolio, the Board is pleased to be able to re-introduce the Company's share buyback policy, which was temporarily paused towards the end of 2023.

Finally, as announced on 6 June 2024, the previous Chair, Chris Kay stepped down from the board post year-end to pursue other interests. From that date, I was appointed to the role of Chair and Barry Dean to Chair of the Audit Committee. Chris had been Chair of the Board for over ten years and the Board would like to express its thanks and gratitude for his valued contributions and dedicated service throughout his tenure.

Turning to the year ended 31 March 2024, we have continued to see a challenging investment environment for small growth businesses, however, there have been some early signs of recovery in the UK market with decreasing inflation and interest rates stabilising. Whilst not across the board, and very early-stage, there have also been some notable portfolio updates suggesting access to capital and post pandemic headwinds are beginning to ease.

### **Investment Advisory Arrangements**

This Annual Report covers the first full financial year with Foresight Group LLP ("Foresight") as Investment Adviser to the Company following the acquisition from Downing LLP ("Downing") on 4 July 2022.

In the period since, the structure has ensured a good level of continuity with Downing providing investment advisory services for the non-venture's portfolio (quoted growth and yield focused investments). However, we anticipate reviewing this arrangement as part of the wider strategic discussions relating to the potential merger with TV2. This timing also feels appropriate as we are now approaching the two-year anniversary following the transfer from Downing to Foresight. All other services are already carried out by Foresight, including administration, with Foresight being appointed Company Secretary effective from 1 September 2023.

### Net asset value and results

As at 31 March 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per share stood at 46.1p, a decrease of 5.7p (or 11.0%) over the year. After adding back dividends paid in the year of 2.0p per share, this results in a decrease of 7.1%.

The Income Statement shows losses attributable to equity shareholders for the year of £6.7 million, comprising a revenue loss of £1.3 million and a capital loss of £5.4 million.

### **Chair's Statement** (continued)

### **Investment portfolio**

During the year, the Company invested £4.5 million in seven companies, one of which was new to the portfolio.

A total of £3.4 million of proceeds were received from the disposal of eight investments producing a net realised loss of £8.7 million, including dissolutions.

The whole portfolio showed investment valuation losses of £4.9 million. £0.7 million of this arose from the quoted growth investments with last year being undoubtedly one of the most unforgiving markets for smaller AIM companies we have seen in a long time. However, performance in the second half of the year was considerably better than in the first half.

The Company recognised a £0.6 million loss from the yield focused investments, driven by a £0.5 million decrease in the valuation of Doneloans Limited.

The remaining £3.6 million loss was from the unquoted growth investments, driven by two exceptional situations during the year which were largely unavoidable. Firstly, a £4.1 million decrease arose in the carrying value of Cornelis Networks Inc, as a result of a round closing in the year which had very aggressive terms for those unable to provide follow-on investment. This was the case for the Company as the business was no longer VCTqualifying so we were unable to participate in the funding round due to certain restrictive VCT rules. Secondly, there was a £0.7 million decrease in the valuation of Limitless Technology Limited. The company was unable to access additional capital as a result of one of the co-investors being on the UK Sanctions List as a result of the ongoing war in Ukraine. This ultimately resulted in the company going into administration and the carrying value has therefore been written down to nil.

Further details on the investment portfolio can be found within the Investment Adviser's Reports and the Review of Investments on pages 7 to 22.

#### **Dividends**

Thames Ventures VCT 1's policy is to seek to pay annual dividends of at least 4% of net assets per annum.

On 26 July 2024, the Company paid an interim dividend of 1.1p, taking total dividends paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024 up to 2.1p per share (2023: 2.5p), equivalent to 4.1% of the opening net assets. On this basis, the Board is not proposing to pay a final dividend.

Shareholders are reminded that the Company operates a Dividend Reinvestment Scheme for those investors who wish to reinvest their dividends and obtain further income tax relief on the reinvested dividend. Shareholders can change their election via the Thames Ventures Investor Hub provided by City Registrars at: <a href="mailto:thames-ventures-vcts.cityhub.uk.com">thames-ventures-vcts.cityhub.uk.com</a> or by contacting the registrar.

### Special Administration of the Company's Custodian of Quoted Assets

As previously reported, since September 2020 the Company has used IBP Capital Markets Limited ("IBP") as custodian for its quoted investments. Appointing a custodian is a requirement of the FCA, and IBP is an FCA authorised and regulated wholesale broker, providing custody services and access to equity and fixed income securities for non-retail clients (which includes the Company). On 13 October 2023, the FCA published a supervisory notice under section 55L(3)(a) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, imposing certain restrictions on IBP. On the same date, IBP applied to the High Court and special administrators were appointed.

During the period since, the Investment Adviser has been actively collaborating with the special administrators to reach a resolution, which has involved reconciling quoted stocks held with IBP ("Custody Assets") and cash held with IBP ("Client Money"). As at 13 October 2023, the Company held Client Money of £1.1 million, (1.2% of indicative NAV on the same date), and Custody Assets of £16.9 million (19.5% of indicative NAV on the same date with IBP).

### **Chair's Statement (continued)**

# Special Administration of the Company's Custodian of Quoted Assets (continued)

As at 31 March 2024, two differences of value in Custody Asset holdings were identified, Tracsis plc and Verici DX plc, resulting in a valuation decrease of £0.28 million. With regards to Client Money, the Company has been notified of a potential 44% cash shortfall, equating to £0.46 million, which has also been provided for. Further to this, fees to the special administrators of £0.14 million have been accrued. The total exposure to the Company is therefore anticipated to be £0.88 million. Full details are provided in note 17 on page 75 of this Annual Report.

As noted, on 19 July 2024, around 80% of the quoted investment portfolio was returned to the Company, meaning normal management and trading of these positions can resume. The remaining 20% will be returned following the conclusion of the court proceedings, the timing of which is uncertain, unless additional claims are submitted or the outcome of the court proceedings in terms of a final distribution is any different. The Company will communicate with Shareholders if there is any new information which materially impacts the numbers presented in this Annual Report.

The Board of Directors would like to reiterate that managing this situation regarding IBP has been particularly challenging for the Company. The VCT has been unable to trade any of these quoted investments, resulting in a halt to proper management of the effected portfolio and also impacting wider fund operations. The many unknowns and uncertainties, some of which still remain, has also meant updating our Shareholders has not been straightforward.

### **Fundraising**

With the uncertainty brought about by the special administration of the custodian of the Company's quoted stocks, we have not been in a position to launch a fundraise this year.

With visibility over the outcome of the IBP situation now improved, and discussions underway for a merger with TV2, the strategic direction of the Company with regards to fundraising will be communicated with Shareholders in due course.

### **Share buybacks**

The Company continues to operate a policy of buying in its own shares that become available in the market at a 5% discount to NAV (subject to liquidity and regulatory restrictions), which has now been reinstated following a pause as a result of the IBP situation.

During the year, the Company purchased and subsequently cancelled 3,960,046 shares at an average price of 48.1p per share, representing 2.2% of shares in issue at the date of the last Annual Report.

The Company retains Panmure Liberum as its corporate broker to assist in operating the share buyback process and ensuring that the quoted spread on the Company's shares remains at a reasonable level. Contact details for Panmure Liberum are on page 77.

### **Responsible investing**

The Board notes the commitment of the Investment Adviser, Foresight Group, to being a "Responsible Investor". Foresight places Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) criteria at the forefront of its business and investment activities in line with best practice and in order to enhance returns for their investors.

Further detail on the Investment Adviser's approach to responsible investment, including the key principles and their screening approach, can be found on pages 23 to 25.

#### **VCT Qualification**

At 31 March 2024, qualifying investments represented 93.3% of total investments (including cash).

#### **Directorate**

As noted earlier in my report, Chris Kay resigned as a director of the Company on 6 June 2024. The Board now comprises three non-executive directors, which the Board considers to be an appropriate number for the current size of the VCT. All of the Directors are independent of the Investment Adviser, with the exception of Chris Allner who is considered non-independent by virtue of being a partner at Downing LLP, the previous investment adviser to the Company, which still provides some services to the new investment adviser.

### **Chair's Statement (continued)**

# **Change of Company Secretary and Registered Office**

As previously reported, Foresight Group LLP was appointed as Company Secretary effective from 1 September 2023, succeeding Grant Whitehouse. The Board of Directors would like to take this opportunity to thank Grant for his many years of loyal service.

### **Annual General Meeting ("AGM")**

This year's AGM will be held at Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG at 1.00 p.m. on 4 September 2024.

If you intend to attend the AGM, please notify us by email to <u>investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu</u> in case there are any changes to arrangements that need to be communicated at short notice.

This year Shareholders will be able submit proxy votes electronically. The details required for voting will be sent to each shareholder. The deadline for proxy votes to be received is 6.30 p.m. on 2 September 2024.

#### Outlook

Whilst the Board acknowledges it has been another difficult year, resulting in a continuing decline in NAV, there have been some early signs of recovery with a number of interesting developments in the portfolio. The NAV decline of 7.1%, after adding back the dividends paid in the year, compares with 10.6% in the previous financial year, which would suggest the start of a potentially reversing trend.

In addition, the Company has generated liquidity during the year through driving exit events, in particular relating to the legacy portfolio with three of the unquoted yield focused assets close to completion on exits. Total current assets as at 31 March 2024 was £15.1 million, £7.6 million of which is cash and cash equivalents. Movement in the unquoted growth investment portfolio was mainly the result of two write downs out of the investment team's control, as detailed in the Investment Advisers' Report. The Board believes that the portfolio has exhibited signs of improvement with portfolio companies well-positioned to benefit from improved conditions when they arise.

**Atul Devani** 

Chair 30 July 2024

### **Investment Adviser's Report - Unquoted Growth**

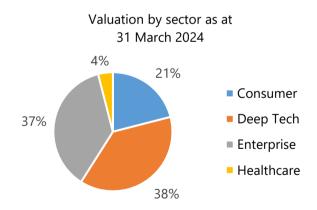
#### Portfolio overview

At 31 March 2024, the Company held total Unquoted investments of £49.3 million (2023: £51.8 million), split £36.4 million (2023: £38.0 million) Unquoted Growth and £12.9 million (2023: £13.8 million) Unquoted Yield-focused. Details of the Unquoted Yield-focused portfolio performance are set out on page 10.

The Unquoted Growth portfolio comprises 30 companies, across a range of sectors. Following a challenging period for the year ended 31 March 2023, with the portfolio unfavourably impacted by the downturn of the UK economy, the financial year ended 31 March 2024 has been similarly disappointing resulting in an overall investment valuation loss of £3.6 million (2023: loss of £3.5 million) in the portfolio.

### **Portfolio composition**

The investment team continue to reduce the level of diversification in the Unquoted Growth portfolio with a focus on deep tech and enterprise software, now representing approximately 75% of the investment portfolio by valuation following further investment into these sectors during the period of £3.3 million.



### **Investment activity**

During the period, there was £2.1 million of proceeds generated from exits and a total of £4.1 million invested into unquoted growth companies.

One new investment was added to the unquoted growth portfolio:

**EM Scientific Limited** (trading as Inoviv) (£1,435,000) has a long-term data play in drug discovery and trials, having developed novel precision biomarker technology which helps pharmaceutical customers run drug trials more efficiently. This investment will enable Inoviv to further accelerate their commercial plans, including facilitating the development of tests across more diseases.

Follow on investments totalling £2.65 million were made into four companies: **Cambridge Touch Technologies Ltd** (£1,750,000), **Maestro Media Limited** (£600,000), **Virtual Class Ltd** (£150,000), and **TidalSense Limited** (formerly Cambridge Respiratory Innovations Limited) (£150,000).

Details of the investment realisations during the year are set out on page 17. Excluding dissolutions in the year, total proceeds of £2.1 million were generated, producing a realised gain of £123,000.

The largest gain in the period related to **Imagen Ltd**, a Software as a Service ("SaaS") video management platform. The investment was sold in July 2023, returning £1.9 million, resulting in a realised gain of £884,000.

**DiA Imaging Analysis Ltd**, a leading provider of advanced Artificial Intelligence based solutions for ultrasound analysis, was also sold in the period for initial proceeds of £196,000. There is also a deferred element of consideration meaning a gain over cost will be realised on this exit.

#### **Portfolio valuation**

Although there were some material write downs in the unquoted growth portfolio during the period, and companies have continued to struggle in the challenging macroeconomic environment, there have also been some positive year-on-year movements in valuations and early signs of some potential recovery. This has resulted in a total investment valuation loss of £3.6 million in the period, including £217,000 in unrealised foreign exchange losses. In the year ended 31 March 2023, total losses of £3.5 million were recognised, £585,000 of which was unrealised foreign exchange gains.

# **Investment Adviser's Report – Unquoted Growth Portfolio** (continued)

### **Portfolio valuation (continued)**

Of the £3.6 million total investment loss, total gains of £5.1 million were offset by total losses of £8.7 million. The most significant movements are noted below.

The largest gain in value was in **Carbice Corporation Inc**, which has developed a suite of products based on its carbon material called Carbice Carbon which is primarily used as thermal management solutions to enable greater thermal conductivity. The valuation increased by £1.6 million, including foreign exchange losses, as a result of the company accessing more capital in the year and launching its Series B funding round.

Other unrealised valuation gains include:

**FundingXchange Limited**, a fintech platform delivering SME lenders insights into their portfolio trends, was uplifted £912,000 during the year as a result of closing a £5m investment from Barclays in February 2024 as part of the company's Series B funding round. This revaluation is the result of a calibration to the price set by this funding round.

**Cambridge Touch Technologies Ltd**, a company developing pressure sensitive multi touch technology, was uplifted £862,000 during the year as a result of a funding round which closed in June 2024, which the VCT participated in. This revaluation is the result of a calibration to the price set by this funding round.

Maestro Media Limited, a talent-led, e-learning media platform of multichannel e-commerce technology, increased in value by £504,000 as a result of a calibration to the price set by a funding round during the year, supported by a strong trading year.

**Masters of Pie Limited**, developer of "Radical", a software solution that enables remote sharing and collaboration on large data sets, was uplifted by £369,000 as a result of improved performance following some significant contract wins.

**Bulbshare Limited**, a company that enables brands to build communities from their existing customers to gather consumer insights, has continued to grow year-on-year resulting in a valuation uplift of £216,000.

Six other companies in the unquoted growth portfolio made up investment valuation gains of £619,000.

There were also a number of valuation losses reported in the period. The two greatest losses, **Cornelis Networks Inc.** (£4.1 million, including foreign exchange losses) and **Limitless Technology Limited** (£703,000), were under exceptional circumstances and situations out of the investment team's control.

Cornelis Networks Inc., which delivers purpose-built high-performance fabrics for High Performance Computing (HPC), High Performance Data Analytics (HPDA) and Artificial Intelligence (AI), went through an internal funding round in the year which resulted in existing investors who were unable to participate being heavily diluted. Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc was unable to participate under the VCT rules, as the company exceeded the VCT-qualification threshold for gross assets, meaning the VCT's position was severely impacted, which is reflected in the year-on-year movement in valuation.

**Limitless Technology Limited**, the developer of a crowdsourced customer service platform, was unable to access additional capital as a result of one of the co-investors being on the UK Sanctions List following the Russian invasion of Ukraine. This ultimately resulted in the company going into administration and the carrying value has therefore been written down to nil.

Other investment valuation losses include:

**Hackajob Limited**, a platform for technical hires, was revalued downwards by £703,000 in the year to account for trading headwinds in the UK as a result of the challenging economic environment.

**Parsable Inc.**, a provider of software to improve operational efficiencies in the industrial and manufacturing sectors, has also been impacted by the macroeconomic environment. Losing a significant customer has led to a valuation decrease of £693,000, including foreign exchange losses.

# **Investment Adviser's Report – Unquoted Growth Portfolio** (continued)

### **Portfolio valuation (continued)**

**Vivacity Labs Limited**, a provider of artificial intelligence sensors to monitor and control traffic flows, was decreased in carrying value by £483,000 during the year. This is as a result of the challenging macroeconomic environment and access to funding.

**Upp Technologies Group Ltd**, a provider of multichannel e-commerce technology, was decreased in value by £442,000 as a result of a calibration to the price set by a funding round during the year.

**Virtual Class Ltd**, (trading as Third Space Learning), a platform offering personalised online lessons from specialist tutors, decreased in carrying value by £426,000 during the year. This is driven by a challenging market in the UK, with the government recently announcing the National Tutoring Programme will not be extended.

**CommercelQ Inc.**, the pioneer in helping brands win on retail e-commerce channels, decreased by £417,000 in the period, including foreign exchange losses. The company continues to perform well, growing revenues during the period and supported by a very strong balance sheet. This valuation movement is therefore simply a reflection of wider market conditions.

**Rated People Limited**, an online marketplace connecting homeowners and local tradespeople, reduced in carrying value by £236,000, as a result of trading headwinds and access to capital.

Four other companies in the unquoted growth portfolio made up valuation losses of £486,000.

Aside from Limitless Technology Limited, no other investments were written down to nil during the year.

Foresight Group LLP 30 July 2024

### **Investment Adviser's Report - Yield Focused Portfolio**

Downing LLP continues to advise the Company on the Unquoted Yield Focused Portfolio under a subcontract from Foresight Group LLP.

We present a review of the yield focused investment portfolio for the year ended 31 March 2024. At the year end, the yield focused portfolio consisted of eight investments, all of which are unquoted, with a total value of £12.9 million (2023: £13.8 million).

### **Divestment activity**

During the year, the focus for the Adviser was towards investment realisations from the yield focused portfolio which resulted in winding up proceeds of £0.3 million from two investments. There were no new or follow on investments.

Further details on each of the exits can be found below:

Proceeds of £87,000 were received from **Downing Pub EIS ONE Limited**, a holding company that owned two London pub companies. This distribution resulted in a realised gain over cost of £19,000. The business was subsequently put into liquidation after the end of the financial year.

**Pearce & Saunders Limited**, and the related **Pearce & Saunders DevCo Limited**, were placed into liquidation in the year. Further distributions of £172,000 were received, which resulted in realised losses for the period of £1.0 million. Although the liquidation is ongoing, no further proceeds are anticipated.

Five legacy holdings were also dissolved in the year, resulting in realised losses of £4.9 million.

### **Portfolio valuation**

The yield focused portfolio reduced in value by £598,000 during the year, with three companies recognising unrealised gains of £360,000 and five companies recognising unrealised losses of £958,000.

**Pearce & Saunders Limited**, which was previously valued at nil, was uplifted by £172,000 because of the distribution received during the period.

**Kimbolton Lodge Limited**, a nursing and care home in Bedfordshire, has increased in value by £131,000 because of increased free cash in the business. It is likely that the business will be sold later in 2024.

**Data Centre Response Limited**, the provider of power solutions and maintenance services to data centres increased in value by £57,000 in line with anticipated exit proceeds based on an offer accepted in the year.

The gains noted above have been offset by the following losses.

**Doneloans Limited**, which holds a portfolio of secured loans, decreased in value by £499,000 driven by a write down in the value of its loan book.

**Baron House Developments LLP** which was created to fund the purchase and development of a property as a hotel in central Newcastle, was reduced in value by £323,000 driven by a provision recognised for fire safety works required at the hotel.

**SF Renewables (Solar) Limited**, which built and operates a solar plant in India, has decreased in value by £59,000 in line with the anticipated exit proceeds from an offer accepted in the year and to account for foreign exchange fluctuations.

Other valuation losses totalling £77,000 were recognised on Pearce & Saunders DevCo Limited and Downing Pub EIS ONE Limited.

#### **Outlook**

The period has been slightly slow in terms of investment realisations which, in the most part, has been a strategic decision to delay whilst the M&A market has been so challenging. The back end of the financial year has seen some encouraging signs that there will be at least three realisations in early FY24.

#### **Downing LLP**

30 July 2024

### **Investment Adviser's Report - Quoted Growth Portfolio**

Downing LLP continues to advise the Company on the Quoted Growth Portfolio under a subcontract arrangement with the Foresight Group LLP. This arrangement is being reviewed as part of the wider strategic discussions relating to the potential merger.

### **Investment activity**

At 31 March 2024, the quoted portfolio was valued at £18.1 million, comprising 36 active investments. Over the 12-month period, the quoted portfolio produced valuation losses of £0.7 million, reflecting a 3.8% decrease over the period against the FTSE AIM All Share that fell 8%.

Markets continued to be volatile through the current reporting period. There was no shortage of reasons for concern - the continued Russian invasion of Ukraine, inflation, and the impact of higher interest rates. Recession fears loomed hard and the market switched from bearishness to bullishness on a moment's notice. Smaller companies continued to be out of favour, and even the momentum of small companies being taken out by private equity or trade buyers refused to improve sentiment. However, since the turn of the year, sentiment has been improving and the prospect of lower interest rates has provided an improving backdrop for UK smaller companies.

The quoted portfolio saw little activity during the period, with three partial divestments and one corporate action. Proceeds of £0.7 million were received through a sale of Tracsis plc, one of the portfolios larger positions, realising a gain of £0.5 million. Huddled Group plc (trading as Let's Explore) returned £0.4 million by way of a return of capital to shareholders, realising a gain of £50,000.

#### **Portfolio Movements**

Reflecting the market, there was some volatility in the portfolio over the period. Craneware plc had unrealised gains of £0.8 million, reflecting a return to growth for this provider of software into the US Healthcare market. Meanwhile Cohort plc, the parent company of six businesses providing a wide range of services and products for British, Portuguese and other international customers in defence and security markets, also booked an unrealised gain of £0.4 million. This mirrored continued buoyant trading and orders from defence contracts.

Valuation losses of £0.4 million were incurred in Genincode plc, a UK-based polygenics company focused on the prevention of cardiovascular disease and ovarian cancer. As tends to be the case with early-stage biotech companies, share prices can be volatile and react to news flow. Since the period end, the share price has fallen nearly 8% (as at 26 July 2024). The Downing Strategic Micro-Cap Investment Trust plc incurred an unrealised loss of £0.2m, largely reflecting negative sentiment towards UK smaller companies to which the underlying portfolio has exposure. In the period, the Investment Trust announced that it had received approval to go into a managed winddown, and subsequently has paid 59.5p in Special Dividends at close to Net Asset Value. Further distributions are expected this year.

As at 26 July 2024, the valuation of the quoted portfolio had fallen in valuation by £279,000 (1.5%) including the £3.6m of dividends received from Downing Strategic Micro-Cap Investment Trust plc.

### **IBP Capital Markets Limited**

Since it was announced on 13 October 2023 that IBP Capital Markets Limited ("IBP"), the custodian of the Company's quoted investments, was entering Special Administration, the Investment Adviser has been unable to trade any of the quoted stocks.

The Investment Adviser has been actively collaborating with the special administrators to reconcile the quoted positions, with two differences of value identified. These were Tracsis plc and Verici DX plc, together totalling a difference in value of £0.28 million as at 31 March 2024 (0.3% of NAV), and have been provided for in the accounts. There was no other impact to the holding values of the quoted investments.

As noted in the Chair's Statement and note 17 to the Annual Report, the Company recovered c.80% of the total quoted portfolio on 19 July 2024 with the remaining c.20% to be recovered following court proceedings. Whilst the outcome remains subject to change, the Company does not anticipate any further breaks in holdings and will be able to return to normal management of the portfolio following this initial distribution.

### **Investment Adviser's Report - Quoted Growth Portfolio**

#### **Outlook**

With the UK election concluded and a new Labour government in place, their focus on innovation and technology, alongside broader economic policies, suggests a positive long-term outlook for the sector. However, as Investment Adviser, we continue to remain vigilant and adaptable in a fluctuating economic environment. With the prospects of interest rates declining towards Q3, the overall sentiment towards smaller companies is improving. This bodes well for this portfolio which is typically invested in profitable growth companies. Up until last week, the ability to trade the portfolio continued to be restricted due to the special administration of IBP Capital Markets Limited (the custodian of the assets), and hence there has been limited ability to manage exposures within the portfolio. Following the recent interim distribution of c.80% of the guoted stocks, we will now be able to return to actively managing the portfolio.

Meanwhile, we will continue to focus on the fundamentals of this maturing, quality collection of smaller companies, where we believe the strong fundamentals of the underlying businesses are already taking advantage of any improvements in their end markets.

**Downing LLP** 30 July 2024

### **Review of Investments**

### **Portfolio of investments**

The following investments were held at 31 March 2024:

#### 31 March 2024

31 March 2023

	Date of investment	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)	Valuation Methodology	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)
Quoted growth investments		, , , , ,	, , , ,		, , , ,	(/
Tracsis plc	12/11/2013	1,239	5,956	Bid price	1,443	6,782
Downing Strategic Micro-Cap	· · ·	,	,	'		,
Investment Trust plc	08/05/2017	5,699	3,499	Bid price	5,699	3,740
Craneware plc	12/11/2013	353	1,672	Bid price	353	874
Anpario plc	12/11/2013	1,448	1,392	Bid price	1,448	1,206
Cohort plc	12/11/2013	394	1,255	Bid price	394	899
Impact Healthcare REIT plc	08/11/2017	1,518	1,230	Bid price	1,518	1,421
Vianet Group plc	01/04/2010	756	858	Bid price	756	567
Brooks Macdonald Group plc	12/11/2013	257	310	Bid price	257	333
Norman Broadbent plc	24/10/2013	906	301	Bid price	906	135
Feedback plc	01/07/2020	400	290	Bid price	400	348
GENinCode plc	22/07/2021	774	267	Bid price	800	700
Sysgroup plc	01/07/2016	377	201	Bid price	377	157
Pennant International Group plc	12/11/2013	335	133	Bid price	335	165
Huddled Group plc (trading as				•		
Let's Explore)	07/02/2020	175	98	Bid price	500	425
One Media IP Group plc	18/08/2020	175	95	Bid price	175	125
Angle plc	12/11/2013	570	94	Bid price	570	153
DXS International plc	17/05/2023	300	90	Bid price	-	-
Frontier IP Group plc	12/11/2013	30	86	Bid price	30	146
Libertine Holdings plc	23/12/2021	350	70	Bid price	350	298
Verici Dx plc	11/03/2022	239	62	Bid price	240	89
Oncimmune Holdings plc	29/03/2021	278	32	Bid price	278	57
Dillistone Group plc	12/11/2013	411	28	Bid price	411	64
Pressure Technologies plc	12/11/2013	248	26	Bid price	248	29
Eneraqua Technologies plc	22/11/2021	195	26	Bid price	195	204
Strip Tinning Holdings plc	15/02/2022	105	19	Bid price	105	23
Trellus Health plc	27/05/2021	175	9	Bid price	175	26
Fireangel Safety Technology Group						
plc	01/11/2013	545	8	Bid price	545	37
AIQ Limited	09/01/2018	-	-	Bid price	-	1
Wheelsure Holdings plc	12/11/2013	48	-	Bid price	48	2
ACHP plc	12/11/2013	61	-	Bid price	61	-
Flowgroup plc	12/11/2013	207	-	Bid price	207	-
Pelatro plc	19/08/2020	290	-	Bid price	290	28
Deepmatter Group plc	13/07/2020	722	-	Bid price	563	-
Bonhill Group plc	17/08/2018	1,000	-	Bid price	1,000	56
Inland Homes plc	12/11/2013	1,311	-	Bid price	1,311	210
Pittards plc	03/06/2015	1,350	-	Bid price	1,350	169
		23,241	18,107		23,338	19,469

31 March 2024

31 March 2023

	Date of investment	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)	Valuation Methodology	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)
Unquoted growth investments		, , , , ,	( /		, , , , ,	( 111/
Cambridge Touch Technologies						
Ltd	01/07/2019	2,709	4,078	Price of last funding round	959	1,466
Carbice Corporation	30/09/2020	3,020	3,522	Discount to round underway	3,020	1,883
Maestro Media Limited (trading as					·	•
BBC Maestro)	18/01/2021	1,920	2,972	Price of last funding round	1,320	1,868
Ayar Labs, Inc.	28/08/2020	1,280	2,903	Price of last funding round	1,280	3,127
Trinny London Limited	07/07/2020	443	2,095	Discounted revenue multiple	443	1,889
Virtual Class Ltd	05/04/2018	1,314	2,019	Discounted revenue multiple	1,164	2,295
Hackajob Ltd	19/10/2018	2,284	1,883	Price of last funding round	2,284	2,586
Rated People Limited	22/11/2018	1,582	1,585	Discounted revenue multiple	1,582	1,821
Bulbshare Limited	24/11/2021	749	1,498	Discounted revenue multiple	749	1,282
FundingXchange Limited	08/11/2019	1,335	1,473	Price of last funding round	1,335	561
EM Scientific Limited (trading as		,	, -		,	
Inoviv)	19/10/2023	1,435	1,435	Price of last funding round	-	-
Kluster Enterprises Limited	07/02/2023	1,236	1,395	Price of last funding round	1,236	1,236
CommercelQ, Inc.	20/07/2022	1,749	1,314		1,749	1,731
Masters of Pie Limited	02/07/2018	886	1,245	VC method	886	876
Ecstase Limited (trading as ADAY)	28/11/2019	1,000	986		1,000	1,000
Vivacity Labs Limited	17/02/2021	1,289	960	Price of last funding round	1,289	1,443
Flock Limited	10/02/2023	930	930	Price of last funding round	930	930
Parsable, Inc.	29/06/2020	1,532	813		1,532	1,506
DSTBTD Limited (trading as	23,00,2020	.,552	0.5	2 is countries for contact manufactures	.,552	.,500
Distributed)	30/03/2022	775	775	Discounted revenue multiple	775	775
FVRVS Limited (trading as	,,	-				
Fundamental VR)	30/10/2019	787	678	Price of last funding round	787	678
TidalSense Limited (formerly	, -,	-			-	
Cambridge Respiratory						
Innovations Limited)	16/11/2020	650	488	Price of last funding round	500	500
Upp Technologies Group Ltd	21/08/2017	1,136	481	Price of last funding round	1,136	923
Audioscenic Limited	09/12/2022	400	454	VC method	400	400
MIP Discovery Limited	30/06/2020	225	237	Price of last funding round	225	225
Cornelis Networks, Inc.	18/09/2020	2,102	167	Price of last funding round	2,102	4,312
Channel Mum Limited	29/10/2018	757	-	Nil value	757	_
Limitless Technology Limited	21/12/2017	757	-	Nil value	757	703
Lignia Wood Company Limited	24/05/2019	1,778	-	Nil value	1,778	
Empiribox Limited	16/08/2017	1,813	-	Nil value	1,813	_
Glisser Ltd	24/03/2021	1,887	-	Nil value	1,887	_
Imagen Ltd	21/12/2018	-	_	Sold	1,000	1,703
DIA Imaging Analysis Ltd	20/07/2021	-	_	Sold	207	282
Lineten Limited	07/02/2023	_	_	Sold	750	
Hummingbird Technologies	,,			3010	. 30	
Limited	09/07/2019	-	-	Dissolved	2,250	-
Live Better With Ltd.	24/08/2018	_	_	Dissolved	990	_
Ludorum plc	06/11/2007	-	_	Dissolved	177	_
I <sup>2</sup> - <sup>2</sup>	, , , ,	39,760	36,386	3000.00	41,049	38,001

31 March 2024

31 March 2023

	Date of investment	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)	Valuation Methodology	Accounting Cost (£'000)	Valuation (£'000)
Unquoted yield focused investmen	its					
Doneloans Limited	04/04/2016	3,631	3,657	Net assets	3,631	4,156
Baron House Developments LLP	30/07/2012	2,695	2,695	Discounted offer received	2,695	3,018
Data Centre Response Limited	12/11/2013	557	2,423	Discounted offer received	557	2,366
Cadbury House Holdings Limited	30/11/2009	3,082	2,162	Discounted independent valuation	3,082	2,162
Kimbolton Lodge Limited	12/11/2003	664	981	Discounted earnings multiple	664	850
Pilgrim Trading Limited	29/10/2015	2,594	778	Discounted cash flow	2,594	778
SF Renewables (Solar) Limited	01/04/2015	422	204	Discounted offer received	422	263
Resource Reserve Recovery Limited	12/11/2013	6	-	Nil value	6	_
Downing Pub EIS ONE Limited	18/10/2017	-	-	Dissolved	68	94
Pearce & Saunders Devco Limited	23/06/2015	-	-	Dissolved	84	70
London City Shopping Centre Limited	12/11/2013	-	-	Dissolved	110	_
Quadrate Spa Limited	12/11/2003	-	-	Dissolved	372	-
Top Ten Holdings plc	13/10/2003	_	-	Dissolved	399	-
Pearce & Saunders Limited	12/11/2003	-	-	Dissolved	1,122	-
Quadrate Catering Limited	21/01/2016	-	-	Dissolved	1,500	-
Yamuna Renewables Limited	05/04/2016	-	-	Dissolved	2,500	-
		13,651	12,900		19,806	13,757
Total investments		76,652	67,393		84,193	71,227

The Company also holds investments in Golden Rock Global plc and Mining, Minerals & Metals plc (which does not show in the previous table). These investments were acquired in prior periods at negligible value as a result of reorganisations of other investments and continue to be valued at the same level.

### Investment movements for the year ended 31 March 2024

### Additions

	£′000
Quoted growth investments	
DXS International plc	300
Deepmatter Group plc	159
	459
Unquoted growth investments	
Cambridge Touch Technologies Ltd	1,750
EM Scientific Limited (trading as Inoviv)	1,435
Maestro Media Limited (trading as BBC Maestro)	600
Virtual Class Ltd	150
TidalSense Limited (formerly Cambridge Respiratory Innovations Limited)	150
	4,085
Total additions	4,544

### Disposals

	Cost	Value at 31 March 2023*	Dunanada	Realised
	£′000	£'000	Proceeds £'000	gain/(loss) £'000
Quoted growth investments				
Tracsis plc*	204	958	694	490
Huddled Group plc (trading as Let's Explore)*	325	276	375	50
GENinCode plc*	26	23	18	(8)
Verici Dx plc	1	-	-	(1)
	556	1,257	1,087	531
Unquoted growth investments				
Imagen Ltd	1,000	1,703	1,884	884
DIA Imaging Analysis Ltd	207	282	196	(11)
Ludorum plc**	177	-	7	(170)
Lineten Limited	750	-	-	(750)
Live Better With Ltd.**	990	-	-	(990)
Hummingbird Technologies Limited**	2,250	-	-	(2,250)
	5,374	1,985	2,087	(3,287)
Unquoted yield focused investments				
Downing Pub EIS ONE Limited**	68	94	87	19
Pearce & Saunders Devco Limited**	84	70	-	(84)
London City Shopping Centre Limited**	110	-	-	(110)
Quadrate Spa Limited**	372	=	-	(372)
Top Ten Holdings plc**	399	-	-	(399)
Pearce & Saunders Limited**	1,122	-	172	(950)
Quadrate Catering Limited**	1,500	-	-	(1,500)
Yamuna Renewables Limited**	2,500	-	-	(2,500)
	6,155	164	259	(5,896)
	12,085	3,406	3,433	(8,652)

Adjusted for partial sales in the year on a pro rata basis where applicable Company dissolved in the year

Further details of the top ten investments held (by value) are as follows:

1. Tracsis plc	Cost at 31/03/24:		£1,239,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£5,956,000
www.tracsis.com	Cost at 31/03/23:		£1,443,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£6,782,000
	Date of first investment:	Nov	ember 2013		
	Investment comprises:				
	Equity shares:		£1,239,000	Valuation method:	Bid price
				% of total shares in	2 100/
				issue/total voting rights:	2.19%
• Tracsis <sub>pic</sub>	Audited accounts:	31/07/23	31/07/22	Dividend income:	£8,000
	Turnover:	£82.0m	£68.7m		.,
_	Profit before tax:	£7.1m	£2.6m		
	Net assets:	£67.8m	£60.4m		
	optimisation problems a services. Tracsis' product	llong with s and serv	the provisio	f data capture, reporting n of a range of associated d to increase efficiency, red ision-making capabilities fo	l professional uce cost, and
2. Cambridge Touch	Cost at 31/03/24:		£2,709,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£4,078,000
Technologies Ltd	Cost at 31/03/23:		£959,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£1,466,000
www.camtouch3d.com	Date of first investment: Investment comprises:		July 2019		
	Equity shares:		£2,709,000		of last funding
				method:	round
				% of total shares in	5.050/
<i>.?u.</i>				issue/total voting rights:	5.85%
Cambridge Touch Technologies	Unaudited accounts*:	30/09/23	30/09/22	Income:	£nil
	Turnover:	N/A	N/A		
	Profit before tax:	N/A	N/A		
	Net assets:	£5.7m	£4.5m		
	Technologies is developi UltraTouch.	ing best-in	-class pressu	ophisticated algorithms, Cam re sensitive touch technolo cly available as unaudited s	gy known as
3. Doneloans Limited	Cost at 31/03/24:		£3,631,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£3,657,000
	Cost at 31/03/23:		£3,631,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£4,156,000
	Date of first investment:		April 2016		
	Investment comprises:				
	Loan notes:		£3,630,999	Valuation method:	Net assets
Danalaana	Equity shares:		£1	% of total shares in	
DoneLoans				issue/total voting rights:	50.0%
Limited	Unaudited accounts*:	31/03/23	31/03/22	Loan note income:	£509,000
2	Turnover:	N/A	N/A		
	Profit before tax:	N/A			
	Net assets:	£0.5m	£0.6m		
	secured loans from which	it generates	a steady inco	ment company which holds ome with limited capital risk. icly available as unaudited	•

CARBICE

www.downingstrategic.co.

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4.	Carbice Corporation	Cost at 31/03/24:	£3,020,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£3,522,000
	www.carbice.com	Cost at 31/03/23:	£3.020.000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£1,883,000

Date of first investment: September 2020

Investment comprises:

£3,020,000 Valuation Discount to round Equity shares:

method: underway

% of total shares in

issue/total voting rights: 5.66%

Audited accounts None filed\* Income: £nil

Carbice has developed a unique and IP protected process and suite of products based on carbon nanotubes to provide a solution to solve thermal management needs Carbon nanotubes (CNT) are a unique material which have extremely high thermal conductivity in combination with superior strength and formability relative to existing solutions.

\*Carbice is a UK establishment of an overseas parent company and therefore does not file accounts in the UK.

5.	Downing Strategic	Cost at 31/03/24:	£5,699,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£3,499,000
	Micro-Cap Investment	Cost at 31/03/23:	£5,699,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£3,740,000
	Trust plc	Date of first investment:	May 2017		

Investment comprises:

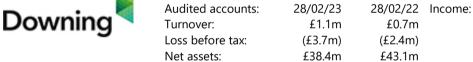
£5,699,000 Valuation Bid price Equity shares:

method:

% of total shares in

issue/total voting rights: 11.66%

£nil



Downing Strategic Micro-Cap Investment Trust plc is a non-qualifying investment which seeks to provide investors with long term growth through a concentrated portfolio of UK listed companies that typically have a market capitalisation of below £150 million.

6.	Maestro Media Limited	Cost at 31/03/24:	£1,920,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£2,972,000
	(trading as BBC	Cost at 31/03/23:	£1,320,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£1,868,000

Maestro) Date of first investment: www.maestromedia.com

Net assets:

Cost at 31/03/23: £1,320,000 Valuation at 31/03/23: £1,868,000 January 2021

Investment comprises:

£1,320,000 Equity shares: Valuation Price of last funding Loan notes: £600,000 method: Round

% of total shares in

5.22% issue/total voting rights:



£7.0m

BBC Maestro has developed a video streaming platform to distribute celebrity led educational courses, sold directly to consumers via the company's proprietary desktop and 'mobile native' platform. The company's objective is to transform the digital learning experience by making it possible to learn from world leading experts in their respective craft.

£3.8m

\*Turnover and operating profit figures not publicly available as unaudited small company accounts filed.

7.	Ayar Labs, Inc.	Cost at 31/03/24:	£1,280,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£2,903,000
	www.ayarlabs.com	Cost at 31/03/23:	£1,280,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£3,127,000

Date of first investment: August 2020 Investment comprises:

Equity shares: £1,280,000 Valuation Price of last funding

method: Round

% of total shares in issue/total

voting rights: 0.67%

Audited accounts: None filed\* Income: £nil

Ayar Labs, Inc has developed components for high performance computing and data centre applications to deliver better bandwidth, better power and better latency for a given application.

\*Ayar Labs is a UK establishment of an overseas parent company and therefore does not file accounts in the UK.

#### 8. Baron House Developments LLP

**Ayar**Labs

Cost at 31/03/24: £2,695,000 Valuation at 31/03/24: £2,695,000 Cost at 31/03/23: £2,695,000 Valuation at 31/03/23: £3,018,000 Date of first investment: July 2012

Investment comprises:

Loan notes: £2,695,000 Valuation Discounted offer

method: received

% of total shares in

issue/total voting rights: 0.0%

Unaudited accounts: 31/03/23 31/03/22 Loan note income: £162,000 Turnover: £0.8m £0.4m

Profit before tax: £0.4m £0.2m Net assets: £4.7m £4.3m

Baron House Developments was created to fund the purchase of a property opposite Newcastle station, which qualifies under the Business Premises Renovation Allowance (BPRA) scheme.

### 9. Data Centre Response Limited

www.dcresponse.co.uk

Cost at 31/03/24: £557,000 Valuation at 31/03/24: £2,423,000 Cost at 31/03/23: £557,000 Valuation at 31/03/23: £2,366,000

Date of first investment: November 2013

Investment comprises:

Equity shares: £557,000 Valuation Discounted offer

method: received

% of total shares in

issue/total voting rights: 49.60%



Audited accounts	20/06/22	20/06/22	Dividend income	([7,000
Audited accounts:	30/06/23	30/06/22	Dividend income:	£57,000
Turnover:	£9.6m	£8.8m		
Profit before tax:	£0.5m	£0.3m		
Net assets:	£2.3m	£2.0m		

Data Centre Response Limited is a reseller, installer, and maintenance business in the uninterruptible power supplies ("UPS") market as well as having expertise in the datacentre design and build, formed from a former VCT-backed business in 2012.

### 10. Cadbury House Holdings Limited



Cost at 31/03/24:	£3,082,000	Valuation at 31/03/24:	£2,162,000
Cost at 31/03/23:	£3,082,000	Valuation at 31/03/23:	£2,162,000
Date of first investment:	November 2009		

Investment comprises:

Equity shares: £847,000 Valuation Discounted independent Loan notes: £2,235,000 method: valuation

% of total shares in

issue/total voting rights: 36.23%

 Audited accounts:
 30/09/22
 30/09/21 Income:
 £nil

 Turnover:
 £9.0m
 £4.9m

 Profit before tax:
 £0.0m
 (£1.2m)

 Net assets:
 £3.0m
 £3.6m

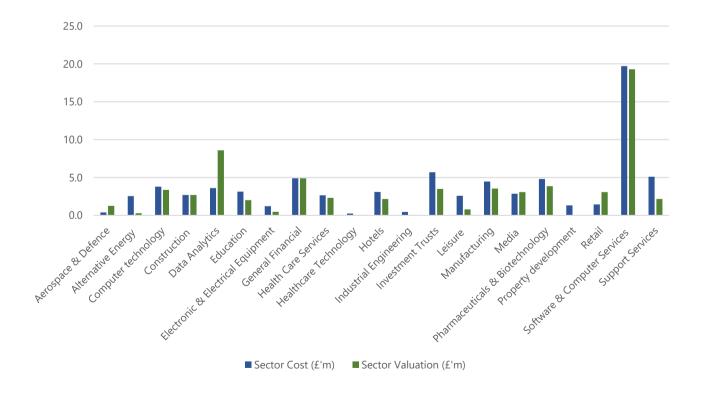
Cadbury House Holdings Limited owns and operates a health club, restaurant and conference centre at Cadbury House, near Bristol.

#### Note:

The proportion of equity held by each investment also represents the level of voting rights held by the Company in respect of the investment.

### Analysis of investments by commercial sector

The split of the venture capital investment portfolio by commercial sector (by cost and by value at 31 March 2024) is as follows:



### **Portfolio balance**

At 31 March 2024, the Company assets employed were broadly in line with the targets within the investment policy. These are summarised as follows:

**Type of Investment** 

(by HMRC valuation rules)	Actual	Target
VCT qualifying investments	93.3%	>80%
Non-qualifying investments (including cash at bank)	6.7%	<30%
Total	100.0%	

**Investment category** 

(by HMRC value)	Actual	Target
Growth	76.7%	40%-100%
Yield focused	16.6%	0%-60%
Non-qualifying	6.7%	max 20%
Total	100.0%	

### **Responsible Investment**

Often referred to as Responsible Investment, Environmental, Social and Governance principles ("ESG") provide not only a key basis for generating attractive returns for investors, but also to help build better quality businesses in the UK, creating jobs and making a positive contribution to society.

ESG values form an integral part of the Adviser's dayto-day decision making, with all new investments made subject to ESG due diligence and ongoing ESG monitoring. Central to its investment approach are five ESG Principles which are used to evaluate investee companies.

Overall, 100 individual key performance indicators are considered under the five Principles. The Adviser invests in a wide range of sectors and believes its approach covers the key tests that should be applied to assess a company's ESG performance, throughout the life cycle of an investment:



#### **UN SDGs**

The UN's Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs") also represent a key driver and important lens through which corporate and investment activities are reviewed.

In May 2021, the Adviser formalised its Impact Themes for private equity investments into four areas:

- Health
- Quality Employment at Scale
- Research and Innovation
- Sustainable, Inclusive, Local Infrastructure and the Environment

These outcome-focused themes are aligned with the UN's SDGs. They help the Adviser assess any opportunities in the business model, and by mapping its investments to them the private equity team can identify the value and benefits for the companies, society and the environment.

### **Responsible Investment (continued)**

#### **UN SDGs (continued)**

Each new portfolio company is subject to an annual assessment where progress against each of the five Principles and four Impact Themes are measured and an evaluation matrix updated to allow progress to be tracked and continuous improvement encouraged.

The diagram below shows the specific SDGs that the Adviser has scope to contribute to across all of its activities.



#### **Credentials**

The Adviser has been a member of the UK Sustainable Investment and Finance Association since 2009 and a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investment ("PRI") since 2013. The Adviser is an accredited Living Wage Employer and a signatory of the HM Treasury Women in Finance committing implement Charter, to recommendations to improve gender diversity in services. Portfolio companies financial encouraged to pursue similar objectives.

### **Climate Change Statement**

The Adviser has a long-term investing vision, and its strategy aligns with the UN's Sustainable Development Goals and the decarbonisation targets set out in the Paris Agreement of 2015.

As such, taking actions to mitigate the risks posed by climate change, whilst also investing to generate commercial returns for our investors, must be done hand in hand. The Adviser has been a signatory to the United Nations-backed PRI since 2013.

PRI is a globally recognised voluntary framework concerned with the incorporation of ESG considerations into the investment decision-making process. It provides a basis for potential and existing investors to judge the quality of a company's ESG processes and positioning within an industry sector. In 2024, the Adviser received a "five star" for Strategy and Governance, and "five star" for Private Equity and Infrastructure investments.

The Board supports the Adviser's views on climate change and ESG and its vigorous process in the evaluation of an asset's environmental and social impact during due diligence and thereafter. For each material risk identified during due diligence, a mitigation plan is proposed in the investment submission and these actions form part of each portfolio company's plan to track post-investment.

From an environmental perspective, analysis relating to the implementation of good industry practice in limiting and mitigating the potentially adverse environmental impact of a company's operations has four principal components:

- Environmental policy and track record
- Energy and resource usage and environmental impact
- Environmental impact of products and services
- Environmental performance improvements

Regular monitoring post-investment ensures that standards are maintained in respect of ESG issues where there is a change in either the regulatory or operating environment or the composition of the management team.

# Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD")

The Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") reporting requirements for the Company are set to change from 1 July 2024. The Board and Investment Adviser are assessing the impact to ensure that the Company aligns with the requirements to the extent that they are relevant for the Company. The Investment Adviser continues its journey to full alignment with the recommendations of the TCFD. Further details are noted in the Foresight Group Holdings Limited Annual Report Accounts and can be found www.foresightgroup.eu.

### **Responsible Investment (continued)**

# **Environmental, human rights, employee, social and community issues**

The Board recognises the requirement under Section 414 of the Companies Act 2006 to provide information about environmental matters (including the impact of the Company's business on the environment), employee, human rights, social and community issues; and information about any policies it has in relation to these matters and the effectiveness of these policies.

The Company does not have any policies in place for human rights, environmental, social and community issues due to having no office premises, no employees and its purchases being services as opposed to tangible products. The Adviser's policies in respect of all the above issues can be found on its website: www.foresightgroup.eu.

### **Diversity**

The Board currently comprises three male Directors. The current directors are 67% of white British ethnicity and 33% of Asian British ethnicity. The Board acknowledges whilst it has at least one member with an ethnic minority background it does not yet meet the Listing Rules target of having at least 40% of the Board comprising of female members. The Board will be mindful of this in any future recruitment plans.

The Adviser has an equal opportunities policy and, as at 31 March 2024, employed 238 men (2023: 214) and 158 women (2023: 134).

### Global greenhouse gas emissions

The Company has negligible greenhouse gas emissions to report from the operations of the Company, nor does it have responsibility for any other emissions sources under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Reports) Regulations 2013.

### **Strategic Report**

The Directors present the Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Board have prepared this report in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Reports) Regulations 2013.

### **Principal objectives and strategy**

The Company is a Venture Capital Trust ("VCT") whose principal investment objectives are to:

- provide private investors with attractive returns from a portfolio of investments focused on unquoted and AIM quoted companies; and
- maintain VCT status so that the Company and its shareholders may benefit from the tax reliefs and exemptions available under the VCT legislation.

As a Venture Capital Trust, Investors are required to hold their shares for a minimum period of five years in order to retain their income tax relief.

### **Business review and developments**

During the year to 31 March 2024, the investments held decreased in valuation by £4.9 million and losses arising on investment realisations totalled £8.7 million.

Income over expenditure for the year resulted in a net loss, after accounting for capital expenses, of £2.2 million (2023: net gain of £0.6 million).

The total loss for the year was £6.7 million (2023: loss of £11.7 million). Net assets at the year-end were £81.9 million (2023: £92.0 million). Dividends paid during the year totalled £3.6 million (2023: £5.9 million).

The Company's business and developments during the year are reviewed further in the Chair's Statement, the Investment Adviser's Reports and the Review of Investments on pages 3 to 22.

### **Key performance indicators**

At each Board meeting, the Directors consider a number of performance measures to assess the Company's level of success in meeting its objectives (as shown on page 2). The Board believes the Company's key performance indicators, for comparison against similar VCTs, are Total Return (NAV plus cumulative dividends paid to date) and dividends per share (as disclosed within the financial summary). Further consideration of the above key performance indicators is included in the Chair's Statement under Net Asset Value and results. The performance of the Company measured by historic NAV Total Return is shown in the graph on page 41.

The net asset value per share is defined as an Alternative Performance Measure and the Board considers it to be the primary measure of shareholder value.

The Chair's Statement and Investment Adviser's Reports include further commentary on the Company's activities and future prospects.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks facing the Company, including those that would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency, or liquidity. The Board has ensured that there are policies in place for managing each of these risks. The principal financial risks faced by the Company, which include interest rate, investment, credit and liquidity risks, are summarised within note 16 to the financial statements. Note 16 also includes an analysis of the sensitivity of the NAV to changes in investment valuations.

Other principal risks faced by the Company have been assessed by the Board and grouped into the key categories outlined below:

- Investment performance;
- Regulatory;
- Operational; and
- Economic, political and other external factors.

# Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

# Investment performance (similar level of risk)

The Company holds investments in unquoted and quoted companies. Poor investment decisions or a lack of effective monitoring and management of investments could result in a reduction in the carrying values of the Company's investments.

The Investment Adviser has significant experience in investing in unquoted UK companies and engages reputable and experienced advisers at each stage of the investment process. Furthermore, the Board regularly reviews the performance of the portfolio.

# Regulatory (similar level of risk)

The Company, as a fully listed Company on the London Stock Exchange with a premium listing and as a Venture Capital Trust, operates in a complex regulatory environment and therefore faces several related risks. A breach of the VCT Regulations could result in the loss of VCT status and consequent loss of tax reliefs currently available to Shareholders and the Company being subject to capital gains tax. Serious breaches of other regulations, such as the Listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority and the Companies Act, could lead to suspension from the Stock Exchange and damage to the Company's reputation.

The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. It receives quarterly reports from the Adviser, which monitor the compliance of these risks, and places reliance on the Adviser to give updates in the intervening periods. These policies have remained unchanged since the beginning of the financial year.

Philip Hare & Associates provides regular independent reviews of the Company's VCT status, as well as advice on VCT compliance issues as and when they arise.

In order to further mitigate this risk, the Board monitors regulatory and legislative developments. The Company also has a strong compliance culture and systems in place to ensure that the Company complies with all of its regulatory requirements. Further detail on VCT Status is provided on pages 35 and 36.

## Operational (similar level of risk)

The Company relies on the Investment Adviser (including Downing LLP) and other third parties to fulfil many of its operational requirements and duties.

A provision of inferior services by one or more of these parties could lead to inadequate systems and controls or inefficient management of the Company, its assets and its reporting requirements.

The Company and the Investment Adviser engage experienced and reputable service providers, the performance of which is reviewed on an annual basis by the Board. In addition, the Audit Committee reviews the Internal Control and Corporate Governance Manual on an annual basis.

## Economic, political and other external factors (similar level of risk)

Fluctuations in the stock market due to conflict in Ukraine, the Middle East, Gaza, Israel and increased tensions between China and Taiwan, fears of economic recession, increasing inflation or monetary policy could affect the valuations of both quoted and unquoted investments, even if such companies are performing to plan.

Wider political and economic events also have the potential to impact the performance, and therefore valuations of, both the quoted and unquoted companies in the portfolio as a result of a deterioration in business and consumer confidence. This is mitigated by holding a diversified portfolio of investments across a wide range of sectors and subsectors.

The emerging risks faced by the Company are outlined below:

Emerging risks			
Risk	Mitigation		
Interest rate rises and inflation			
The Company's investments could be impacted negatively as a result of increasing interest rates and high inflation, particularly wages and other costs.	The Investment Adviser's close relationship with the investee companies allows it to ensure that the businesses properly assess the potential impact of increasing costs, particularly wages, and the extent to which these may or may not be able to be passed on to the end customer. The Board and the Investment Adviser considers the net impact to be at a manageable level and shall continue to monitor developments closely across all investee companies.		
Geopolitical risks			
The continuing conflict in Ukraine, the Middle East, Gaza, Israel, increased tensions between China and Taiwan and the impact of sanctions placed on Russian businesses and individuals may have some impact on the returns of the Company.	The Investment Adviser's hands on approach with the investee companies ensures that they are well placed to assess the exposure of the business to the Ukraine conflict and associated developments. The Board considers exposure to be low and any direct impact on the Company's performance is not expected to be significant. The Board along with the Investment Adviser shall continue to review the evolving situation as part of its ongoing activities.		
Climate change			
The effects of climate change or those of changing legislation as the world looks to transition towards net zero emissions may impact the returns generated by the portfolio companies.	Whilst the Company itself, as a Venture Capital Trust, is considered to have negligible exposures to climate change risk, the Investment Adviser works with the investee companies, via regular reporting and, in most cases, Board representation, to ensure that climate change risk and transition risk is appropriately addressed. The Board together with the Investment Adviser believe that the risks within the current portfolio to be manageable and gives consideration to this in reviewing new investment decisions and will continue to assess developments in legislation and their potential impact on portfolio companies.  Developments in accounting and disclosure regulations impacting the Company are monitored by the Investment Adviser to ensure full compliance.		
Internal Control Risk			
The control environments at service providers, including the Investment Adviser, have inadequate procedures for the identification, evaluation and management of risks, cyber security and GDPR, putting the Company's assets and data at risk.	The Board carries out semi-annual reviews of the system of internal controls, both financial and non-financial, operated by the Investment Adviser and other service providers and asks the external auditor to report on the Investment Adviser's internal controls. These include controls designed to ensure that the Company's assets are safeguarded and that proper accounting records are maintained.		

### **Viability statement**

In accordance with Corporate Governance best practice, the Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks facing the Company over a period of five years from the date of this report.

The Board carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks facing the Company and its current position, including risks which could adversely affect its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity and focused on the major factors which impact the economic, regulatory and political environment. The principal and emerging risks faced by the Company and the procedures in place to mitigate and monitor them are set out on pages 26 to 28.

The Board has conducted this review for a period of five years from the accounts approval date as developments are considered to be reasonably foreseeable over this period and is considered reasonable for a business of its nature and size as well, as the period being the minimum expected holding period. The five-year review considers the principal risks facing the Company, which are summarised within note 16, as well as the Company's cash flows, dividend cover and VCT monitoring compliance over the period. This includes the potential impact of the emerging risks noted on page 28 and any other risks which may adversely impact its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity. The five-year review makes assumptions about the normal level of capital recycling likely to occur, expenses, dividends and share buybacks.

The Board has considered the Company's cashflow projections and found these to be realistic and reasonable.

The Directors believe that the Company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

Based on the results, the Board believes that, taking into account the Company's current position, and subject to the emerging and principal risks faced by the business, the Company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least five years from the accounts approval date.

#### **Business model**

The Company operates as a Venture Capital Trust to ensure that its Shareholders can benefit from the tax reliefs available. The Business of the Company is to act as an investment company, investing in a portfolio which meets the conditions set out within its Investment Policy, as shown below.

### **Investment policy**

Quantitative analysis of how the Company has operated in accordance with its investment policy are shown in the Review of Investments on page 22 and in the VCT compliance section of this report on pages 35 and 36.

The Company's investment policy is as follows:

#### Asset allocation

The Company will seek to maintain a minimum of 80% of its funds invested in VCT qualifying investments, with the balance held in non-qualifying investments. New funds raised will initially be held in non-qualifying investments and cash and will gradually be invested in VCT qualifying investments over a two to three-year period.

#### VCT qualifying investments

The Company seeks to hold a portfolio of VCT qualifying investments as follows:

Investment			Target
type	Target	Maximum	IRR
Growth	40%-100%	100%	15% and above
Yield focused	0%-60%	100%	10%

**Growth investments** will be in companies with prospects for high capital growth, reflecting higher risk, predominantly focusing on:

- investments in unquoted companies where there are reasonable prospects of a trade sale or clear exit strategy over a five to seven-year time horizon and the prospects of a reasonable level of capital growth. Start-ups will not generally be considered, although the fund may consider investments in early-stage companies offering higher risk and higher potential returns; and
- companies already quoted on AIM, the Aquis Stock Exchange Growth market or the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange, or being admitted to AIM, the Aquis Stock Exchange Growth market or the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange.

**Yield focused investments** will generally be in unquoted businesses (although this may include some quoted businesses), with a preference for companies which, subject to prevailing VCT rules, own substantial assets.

These investments may be structured such that they comprise of loan stock and/or preference shares.

Some investments may exhibit features of both of the above categories.

#### Non-Qualifying Investments

Non qualifying investments invested after 5 April 2016 will only be made in the following categories:

- Shares or units in an AIF (Alternative Investment Fund) e.g. an investment trust or in a UCITS (undertakings for the collective investment in transferable securities) e.g. an OEIC (open ended investment company) which may be repurchased or redeemed by the investor on no more than 7 days' notice; and
- Ordinary shares or securities in a company which are acquired on a European regulated market e.g. in companies with shares listed on the main market of the London Stock Exchange.

The existing non-qualifying portfolio includes investments made before 5 April 2016 within the following categories:

- Non-qualifying listed investments which are in quoted companies where the holdings can be traded and in companies in which the Investment Adviser has detailed knowledge as a result of VCT qualifying investments made previously;
- Secured loans which are secured on assets held by the borrower; and
- Non-qualifying unquoted investments which will generally not exceed 5% of the overall fund.

In addition to the above, the Company may hold non-qualifying funds in cash or bank deposits, which fall within the VCT rules.

The allocation between asset types in the non-qualifying portfolio will vary depending upon opportunities that arise, with any one asset class having a maximum exposure of 100% of the non-qualifying portfolio.

#### Risk diversification

The Directors will control the overall risk of the Company. The Investment Adviser will ensure the Company has exposure to a diversified range of VCT qualifying investments from different sectors and no more than 15% of the Company's funds in any one company or any one issue of fixed income securities.

#### Venture Capital Trust Regulations

In continuing to maintain its VCT status, the Company complies with a number of regulations as set out in Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007 VCT Rules.

#### **Borrowing Policy**

At 31 March 2024, the maximum amount of borrowings allowed, without the previous sanction at a General Meeting, was 10% of the Company's adjusted capital and reserves. There are no plans to utilise this ability at the current time.

#### Performance incentive fees

Foresight Group LLP is entitled to receive a performance incentive fee equal to 20% of the realised gains on any exit from new investments made since 1 April 2019 ("New Investments") where, and to the extent that, the following conditions are met:

- (a) The Internal Rate of Return ("IRR") of all New Investments at the year-end exceeds the hurdle of 5% per annum (based on audited valuations and including realised and unrealised gains and losses and all investment income, measured from 1 April 2019 ("IRR Hurdle"); and
- (b) The Total Return per share at the year-end exceeds the Base Value per share ("Base Value Hurdle"). The Base Value per Share is set at the Total Return per share (NAV plus dividends paid since the date of the merger) as at 31 March 2019, being 109.8p per Share.

If any amount is not paid in a year when an investment is realised because the IRR Hurdle and/or Base Value Hurdle are not met, such amounts are deferred and can be paid in a future year if and when the IRR Hurdle and Base Value Hurdle are both met again. Additionally, the amounts payable under this proposed scheme are only paid to the extent that the IRR Hurdle and Base Level are exceeded, and no payment will be made which would cause either hurdle to cease to be met.

As the hurdles have not been met, no fee is due to be paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### Statement on s172

Under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006, the Board have a duty to promote the success of the Company, and when making decisions for the long term, have regard to a range of matters including:

- the likely consequences of any decision in the long term;
- the interest of the Company's employees;
- the need to foster the Company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others:
- the impact of the Company's operations on the environment and community;
- the desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- the need to act fairly between Shareholders of the Company.

However, the Company has no employees (other than its directors) and no customers in the traditional sense. It is normal practice for Venture Capital Trusts to delegate authority for day-to-day management and administration of the Company to third parties. The Board will then engage with the third parties in setting, approving and overseeing the execution of the business strategy and related policies. In accordance with the Company's nature as a Venture Capital Trust, the Board's principal concern has been, and continues to be, the interest of the Company's Shareholders taken as a whole, as well as continuing to monitor portfolio management in light of the Company's objectives.

In addition to this, the Board has a responsible governance culture and has due regard for broader matters so far as they apply including the expectations of its regulators. Specifically, the Board engages with the Investment Adviser at every Board meeting where it will review the financial and operational performance, as well as legal and regulatory compliance.

The Board also reviews its relationships with other service providers at least annually as well as other areas over the course of the financial year including the Company's key risks; stakeholder-related matters; diversity and inclusivity; environmental matters; and corporate responsibility and governance.

# **Strategic Report** (continued)

### Statement on s172 (continued)

The Investment Adviser regularly engages with major shareholders, by producing half yearly reports and reporting back to the Board. The Board also encourage all Shareholders to attend the AGM and welcomes any other communications from Shareholders. Its main stakeholders therefore comprise of the shareholders, the Investment Adviser, other service providers and investee companies. The principal decisions made or approved by the Directors during the year are as follows. Principal decisions have been defined as those that have a material impact to the Company and its key stakeholders:

#### **Dividend declarations**

The Directors target an annual dividend of at least 4% of net assets per annum, subject to sufficient distributable reserves and capital resources. The interim dividend of 1.1 pence per share paid on 26 July 2024 results in total dividends in respect of the financial year of 2.1 pence per share (2023: 2.5 pence per share), equivalent to 4.1% based on the opening net asset value. The Board, therefore, does not propose a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024.

### Launch of top up offer for subscription

At the end of October 2022, the Company launched a new Prospectus offer in order to provide additional funds for further investment activity. The offer raised £1.6 million to date and closed on 23 July 2023.

### Change of Investment Adviser

With effect from 4 July 2022, Foresight Group LLP ("Foresight") was appointed as Investment Adviser to the Company following agreement by the Company's former Investment Adviser, Downing LLP, to sell its non-healthcare ventures division to Foresight in a transaction that completed on 4 July 2022.

Following the completion of the transaction, the Company changed its name, on 2 September 2022, from Downing ONE VCT plc to Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc to recognise the change of Investment Adviser.

### Communication with Shareholders

The Board communicates with its shareholders in a number of ways including, but not limited to:

- through the Company's annual and half yearly reports;
- regulatory announcements;
- information on the Company's website; and
- the Annual General Meeting.

The Board continues to encourage all Shareholders to attend the AGM and welcomes communication form Shareholders. The Board is pleased to continue to hold the 2024 AGM in person at the Investment Adviser's office to facilitate this interaction. In person AGMs will continue, where possible, to allow Shareholders to ask questions and hear updates from the Board and Investment Adviser.

### Global greenhouse gas emissions

The Company has no greenhouse emissions to report from its operations, nor does it have responsibility for any other emission producing sources under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Director's Reports) Regulations 2013.

# **Environmental, social, and human rights policy**

The Company seeks to conduct its affairs responsibly. Where appropriate, the Board and the Advisers take environmental, social and human rights factors into consideration when making investment decisions. Further details on the Investment Advisers approach to responsible investment can be found on pages 23 to 25.

# **Strategic Report** (continued)

### **Share capital**

The Board has authority to make market purchases of the Company's own shares. This authority for up to 14.9% of the Company's issued share capital was granted at the last AGM.

A resolution will be put to Shareholders to renew this authority at the forthcoming AGM.

The capital structure of the Company is disclosed in note 13 on pages 66 and 67.

### **Directors and senior management**

The Company does not have any employees, including senior management, other than the current Board of the three non-executive directors, all of whom are male.

Whilst the Board have delegated the day-to-day operation of the Company to its advisers, details of which are contained within the Report of the Directors, they retain the responsibility of planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company.

### **Future prospects**

The Company's future prospects are set out in the Chair's Statement and Investment Adviser's Report.

By order of the Board

### **Foresight Group LLP**

**Company Secretary** 

The Shard 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SG 30 July 2024

# **Report of the Directors**

The Directors present the Annual Report and Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **Share capital**

At the beginning of the year, the Company had 177,441,775 Ordinary Shares of 1p each in issue.

The Company allotted 2,928,923 Ordinary shares at an average price of approximately 53.9p per Ordinary Share under the terms of the Offers for Subscription.

A further 1,135,877 Ordinary Shares at an average price of 49.0p per Ordinary Share were allotted under the terms of the Dividend Reinvestment Scheme ("DRIS").

At the AGM held on 1 September 2023, Shareholders unconditionally authorised the Company to make market purchases of its own Ordinary shares of 1p each, up to a maximum of 26,806,501 Ordinary Shares, representing 14.9% of the share capital in issue at the date of the last Annual Report. At the date of this report, authority remains in place for 22,846,455 Ordinary Shares. A resolution to renew the authority to buy back up to approximately 14.9% of the share capital at the date of this report will be put to Shareholders at the AGM taking place on 4 September 2024.

During the year, the Company repurchased 3,960,046 Ordinary Shares of 1p each for average consideration of 48.1p per share, representing 2.2% of shares in issue at the date of the last Annual Report. These shares were subsequently cancelled.

At the year end, the Company had 177,546,529 Ordinary Shares in issue. There were no other share classes in issue at the year end.

### **Results and dividends**

		Per
	£′000	Share
Loss on ordinary activities after tax		
for the year ended 31 March 2024	(6,716)	(3.8)p
Distributions paid for the year		
2 February 2024 – 2024 Interim	1,769	1.0p
26 July 2024 – 2024 Interim	1,953	1.1p
	3,722	2.1p

The Company has a stated target for annual dividends of at least 4% of net assets per annum. In respect of the year under review this is equivalent to 1.9p.

On 26 July 2024, the Company paid an interim dividend of 1.1p, taking total dividends paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024 up to 2.1p per share (2023: 2.5p), equivalent to 4.1% of the opening net assets. The Board, therefore, does not propose a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **Investment adviser**

With effect from 4 July 2022, Foresight Group LLP ("Foresight") was appointed as Investment Adviser to the Company following agreement by the Company's former Investment Adviser, Downing LLP, to sell its non-healthcare ventures division to Foresight in a transaction that completed on 4 July 2022. As a result, the investment advisory agreement was novated from Downing to Foresight on completion of the sale. Foresight Group LLP was appointed for a fee payable quarterly in advance in respect of each quarter, such quarterly fee being equal to one guarter of 2.0% of the Net Asset Value of the Company as at the opening of business on the first business day of that quarter. The agreement is not for a fixed term and may be terminated by either side giving not less than 12 months' notice in writing. During the year the investment management fees amounted to £1.7 million (2023: £1.6 million). The fees payable by the Company to the Investment Adviser are allocated 50% to revenue and 50% to capital. This allocation may be reviewed in the future as the focus of the portfolio changes.

Foresight Group LLP also receives arrangement and monitoring (non-executive directorship) fees from the investee companies. During the year, Foresight was due arrangement fees of £66,991 (2023: £30,743) and monitoring fees of £18,812 (2023: £117,850). For the period from 1 April 2022 to 4 July 2022, Downing LLP was due arrangement fees of £28,544 and monitoring fees of £68,087. Where fees also relate to investments made by other funds managed by Foresight and Downing, the fees have been apportioned accordingly.

### Investment adviser

In addition, Foresight also provides administration services to the Company for an annual fee which is calculated as follows:

- £40,000 (which is subject to an RPI annual increase, if positive); plus
- 0.125% of the Net Asset Value of the Company in excess of £10 million; plus
- £10,000 per additional share class of the Company (excluding the Ordinary Share class).

During the year, fees for administration services amounted to £156,000 payable to Foresight Group LLP (2023: £158,000, including £29,000 payable to Downing LLP).

If the Company undertakes any significant corporate actions (including the raising of additional capital), Foresight shall be entitled to negotiate an additional fee or increased fee to take account of any significant additional work occasioned for the Company Secretary and bookkeeper by that corporate action.

### **Ongoing trail fee**

The Company has an agreement to pay an ongoing trail fee annually to the investment adviser, in connection with funds raised under original offers for subscription out of which there is an obligation to pay trail commission to intermediaries. The ongoing trail fee is calculated between 0.25% and 0.50% of the net assets attributable at the year end to the shareholdings which have arisen from each fundraising offer.

### **Annual running costs cap**

The Ongoing Charges figure (calculated in accordance with the AIC's methodology) is an Alternative Performance Measure used by the Board to monitor expenses. The annualised Ongoing Charges figure was 2.6% for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Foresight Group LLP provides a cap on the annual running costs of the Company. Any annual running costs above this level are met by Foresight Group LLP. The cap is set at 2.6% of nets assets per annum. The annual running costs cap for this purpose is calculated based on the net asset value at the end of each quarter and certain costs are excluded such as fees in connection with the listing of the Company's shares and AIC membership fees.

### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company during the year were

as follows:

Atul Devani (Chair, appointed 6 June 2024)

Chris Allner

Barry Dean

Chris Kay (resigned 6 June 2024)

Stuart Goldsmith (resigned 1 September 2023)

The AIC Code recommends that all directors offer themselves for re-election. Barry Dean, Chris Allner and Atul Devani will each retire and offer themselves for re-election by Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM. Each of the Directors has continued to make a valuable contribution during the year and is expected to continue to drive the Company's long-term success.

Each of the Directors have entered into an agreement for services whereby they are required to devote such time to the affairs of the Company as the Board reasonably requires, consistent with their role as a non-executive Director, and is subject to a three-month termination notice on either side.

Appointments of new Directors to the Board are considered by the Nomination Committee as and when required.

The Company provides Directors' and Officers' liability insurance, giving appropriate cover for legal action brought against its directors, and has also agreed to indemnify the directors in circumstances where they are not considered to be culpable. The indemnity, which is a qualifying third-party indemnity provision for the purpose of the Companies Act, is for the benefit of all of the Company's current directors.

### **VCT** compliance

The Company has retained Philip Hare & Associates LLP ("Philip Hare") to advise it on compliance with VCT requirements, reporting directly to the Board. Philip Hare works closely with the Investment Adviser; undertaking reviews of the VCT compliance status of new investment opportunities; providing regular compliance updates on the Company's existing portfolio of investments and providing advice on VCT compliance issues as and when they arise.

### VCT compliance (continued)

A summary of the VCT Regulations is included in the Company's Investment Policy as shown on pages 29 and 30. Compliance with the main VCT regulations at 31 March 2024, and for the year then ended, is summarised as follows:

93.3%	80.0% of its investments in qualifying companies (Company as a whole);	1.
	At least 70.0% of the Company's qualifying investments in "eligible shares" (investments made prior to 6 April 2018 from funds raised before 6 April 2011 are	2.
98.4%	excluded);	
Complied	At least 10.0% of each investment in a qualifying company held in "eligible shares";	3.
Complied	No investment constitutes more than 15.0% of the Company's portfolio;	4.
91.5%	Income for the year ended 31 March 2024 is derived wholly or mainly from shares and securities; and	5.

### **Substantial interests**

As at 31 March 2024, and at the date of this report, the Company was not aware of any beneficial interests exceeding three per cent of the issued share capital.

Complied

The Company distributes sufficient

revenue dividends to ensure that no more

than 15% of the income from shares and

securities, in any one year, is retained.

### **Auditor**

A resolution to re-appoint BDO LLP as the Company's auditor will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

### **Annual General Meeting**

The AGM will be held at Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG at 1.00 p.m. on 4 September 2024. Full details are included in the Notice of the AGM at the end of this document.

### **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors, the Directors' Remuneration Report, the separate Corporate Governance Statement and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. They are also responsible for ensuring that the annual report includes information required by the Listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the financial reporting standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business; and
- prepare a Directors' Report, Strategic Report and Directors' Remuneration Report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# **Directors' responsibilities statement** (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions, and to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In addition, each of the directors is responsible for ensuring that the Annual Report, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary to assess the Company's position, performance, business model and strategy.

### **Website publication**

The directors are responsible for ensuring the annual report and the financial statements are made available on a website. Financial statements are published on the Company's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Company's website is the responsibility of the directors. The directors' responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

# Directors' statement pursuant to the Disclosure and Transparency Rules

Each of the directors, whose names and functions are listed on page 2, confirms that, to the best of each person's knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company; and
- the Annual Report, comprising the Chair's Statement, the Strategic Report, the Investment Adviser's Report, the Review of Investments and the Report of the Directors, includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

### **Electronic publication**

The financial statements are published on www.foresightgroup.eu, a website maintained by the Investment Adviser. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

### **Corporate governance**

The Company's compliance with, and departures from, the Association of Investment Companies Code of Corporate Governance (AIC Code, www.theaic.co.uk), is shown on page 46.

The Statement on Corporate Governance set out on pages 42 to 46 is included in the Report of the Directors by reference.

# Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting ("SECR")

As the Company has no employees and primarily conducts its business at the London office of the Investment Adviser, Foresight Group LLP, the Company is not directly responsible for the consumption of electricity and gas in the UK, nor is the Company responsible for greenhouse gas emissions related to transport in the UK.

As the Company did not consume more than 40,000 kWh of energy during the year ended 31 March 2024, it has nothing to report under the Companies (Directors' Report) and Limited Liability Partnerships (Energy and Carbon Report) Regulation 2018.

### Other matters

Information in respect of financial instruments and future developments which were previously disclosed within the Directors Report has been disclosed within the Strategic Report on pages 26 to 33.

Information in respect of greenhouse gas emissions, which is normally disclosed within the Report of the Directors has been disclosed within the Strategic Report on page 32.

Information on financial risk management including investment risks, credit risks and liquidity risks has been disclosed within the notes to the accounts in note 16.

### Insurance cover

Directors' and Officers' liability insurance cover is held by the Company in respect of the directors.

# Events after the end of the reporting period

On 6 June 2024, the previous Chair, Chris Kay stepped down from the board to pursue other interests. From that date, Atul Devani adopted the role of Chair and Barry Dean became Chair of the Audit Committee.

As referenced in note 17, on 19 July 2024, the Company recovered c.80% of the quoted portfolio meaning normal management and trading of these positions can resume following a period of uncertainty as a result of the custodian, IBP Capital Markets Limited, being in special administration.

On 26 July 2024, the Company announced it is in discussions to merge with Thames Ventures VCT 2 plc.

# Statement as to disclosure of information to the Auditor

The directors in office at the date of the report have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditor is unaware. Each of the directors has confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the Auditor.

By order of the Board

### **Foresight Group LLP**

**Company Secretary** 

The Shard 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SG 30 July 2024

# **Directors' Remuneration Report**

The Board has prepared this report in accordance with the requirements of Section 420 and 422 of the Companies Act 2006. A resolution to approve this report will be put to Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Under the requirements of Section 497, the Company's Auditors are required to audit certain disclosures contained within the Report. These disclosures have been highlighted and the audit opinion thereon is contained within the Auditor's Report.

# Annual statement from the Remuneration Committee

The Chair of the Committee is Barry Dean. The Committee comprises Barry Dean, Atul Devani and Chris Allner. The remuneration levels are reviewed annually with the last remuneration committee meeting held on 22 July 2024.

### **Remuneration policy**

Below is the Company's current remuneration policy which was last put to a Shareholder vote at the AGM in 2023.

In accordance with regulations, Shareholders must vote on the remuneration policy, for the financial year commencing after the AGM, every three years or sooner if the Company wants to make changes to the policy. The policy will be put to Shareholders again at the 2024 AGM.

The Company's policy on directors' remuneration is to seek to remunerate board members at a level appropriate for the time commitment required and degree of responsibility involved for a self-managed Venture Capital Trust, where all investment decisions are made by the Board and where the non-executive directors are more closely involved with the investee companies than other similar VCTs.

Non-executive directors are not entitled to any performance related pay or incentive.

Directors' remuneration is guided by the Company's Articles of Association as follows:

(i) The ordinary remuneration of the directors shall not in aggregate exceed £150,000 per annum (or such higher sum as may from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution) and shall be divided between the directors as they

may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that any director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which they held office. The directors shall also be entitled to be paid all travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with the business of the Company, or in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or of committees of the directors or General Meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

(ii) Any director who serves on any committee or who devotes special attention to the business of the Company, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, lump sum, percentage of profits or otherwise as the directors may determine.

The Company's policy is that fees payable to directors should reflect their expertise, responsibilities and time spent on Company matters. In determining the level of remuneration, market equivalents are considered in comparison to the overall activities and size of the Company. There is no performance related pay criteria applicable to directors.

### **Letters of appointment**

Each of the directors on the current Board has a letter of appointment whereby they are required to devote such time to the affairs of the Company, as the Board reasonably requires, consistent with their role as a non-executive director. A three-month rolling notice period applies.

# Annual report on remuneration (audited)

The following disclosure is required to be audited under the requirements of section 497. The audit opinion thereon is contained within the Auditor's Report on pages 47 to 53.

# **Directors' Remuneration Report** (continued)

# Annual report on remuneration (audited) (continued)

Directors' remuneration for the year under review was as follows:

	Current annual fee £'000	Year end 31 March 2024 £'000	Change in fee <sup>1</sup> %	Year end 31 March 2023 £'000
Barry Dean	30	30	-	30
Chris Allner <sup>2</sup>	20	20	33%	15
Atul Devani <sup>3</sup>	40	30	233%	9
Chris Kay⁴	-	45	-	45
Stuart Goldsmith <sup>5</sup>	-	11	(63%)	30
	90	136		129

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>between the years ending 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023

No other emoluments, pension contributions or life assurance contributions were paid by the Company to, or on behalf of, any Director. The Company does not have any share options in place.

# Statement of implementation of remuneration policy in the current financial year

The remuneration levels for the forthcoming year have been agreed at the following levels:

	fee
	£
Barry Dean	30
Chris Allner <sup>1</sup>	20
Atul Devani <sup>2</sup>	40
	90

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As part of the transfer of the investment advisory agreement to Foresight, from 1 July 2022 Chris Allner is being paid an annual fee of £20,000 which is rechargeable to Downing LLP until 30 June 2024

The Committee will review the salaries above if and when the potential merger with Thames Ventures VCT 2 plc concludes.

### **Directors share interests (audited)**

The Directors of the Company during the year and their beneficial interest in the issued Ordinary Shares, at each year end, were as follows:

	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
Chris Allner	16,736	16,736
Barry Dean	7,129	7,129
Atul Devani	27,624	27,624
Chris Kay	83,300	83,300
Stuart Goldsmith	7,881	7,881

There have been no changes in Directors' shareholdings since the year end.

### Statement of voting at AGM

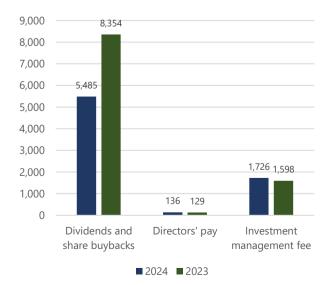
At the AGM on 1 September 2023, the votes in respect of the resolution to approve the Director's Remuneration Report were as follows:

In favour	94.41%
Against	5.59%

At the 2023 AGM, where the remuneration policy was last put to a Shareholder vote, 92.62% voted for the resolution and 7.38% voted against, showing significant Shareholder support.

### Relative importance of spend on pay

The difference in actual spend between 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 on remuneration for all employees, in comparison to distributions (dividends and share buybacks) and other significant spending, are set out in the tabular graph below.



N.B. £20,000 of the Directors' emoluments is reimbursed by Downing LLP (2023: £15,000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>from 1 July 2022, Chris Allner is being paid an annual fee of £20,000 which is recharged to Downing LLP until 30 June 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>appointed 12 December 2022, so just over three months paid in year ending 31 March 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>retired 6 June 2024 and being paid three month notice period to 6 September 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>retired 1 September 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Committee agreed that Atul Devani's remuneration should increase to £40,000 per annum from the date he took on the role of Chair of the Company, 6 June 2024

# **Directors' Remuneration Report** (continued)

### **Performance graph**

The graph below charts the total cumulative Shareholder return of the Company (assuming all dividends are re-invested) ("NAV Total Return") over the past five years, compared to the AIC's VCT Generalist industry average, each of which has been rebased to 100 pence.

Shareholders should note that the Company has undergone some substantial changes over that period.

The Board believes that NAV Total Return provides Shareholders with a fairer reflection of the Company's long-term value than the Company's share price, due to the long-term nature of an investment in Venture Capital Trust shares. The FTSE AIM All Share Index ("FTSE Index") is not a benchmark for the Company and its components include a much broader range of quoted investments than the Company is able to invest in.

The FTSE Index also does not include exposure to unquoted asset-backed investments of which the Company also holds a significant proportion. As a result, the Company's performance is not expected to be closely correlated to the FTSE Index.

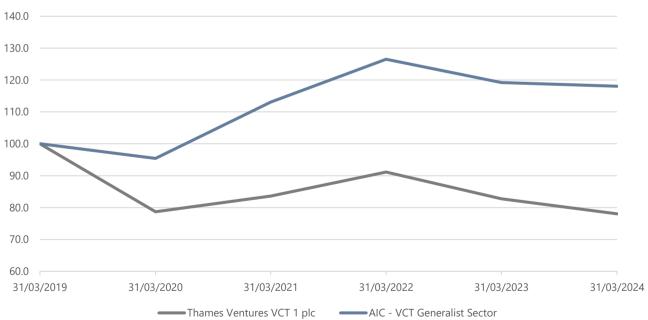
By order of the Board

### **Foresight Group LLP**

Company Secretary

The Shard 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SG 30 July 2024





# **Corporate Governance Statement**

The Directors support the relevant principles of the Association of Investment Companies Code of Corporate Governance (AIC Code), being the principles of good governance and the code of best practice, as set out in the annex to the Listing Rules of the UK Listing Authority. The AIC Code addresses the Principles and Provisions set out in the UK Corporate Governance Code (UK Code) as well as setting out additional Provisions. The Board considers that reporting against principles and recommendations of the AIC Code will provide better information to Shareholders.

### **The Board**

At the date of this report, the Company has a Board comprising of three non-executive Directors. The Chair is Atul Devani. The Company does not have a Senior Independent Director. Biographical details of all current Board members (including the significant commitments of the Chair) are shown on page 2.

The Board has assessed the independence of each of the Directors, all of which are considered to be independent, with the exception of Chris Allner, in accordance with the provision and recommendations set out in the AIC code.

In accordance with Company policy and corporate best practice, Barry Dean, Chris Allner and Atul Devani offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Full Board meetings take place quarterly and the Board meets or communicates more regularly to address specific issues. The Board has a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved for its decision which includes but is not limited to considering recommendations from the Investment Adviser; and reviewing, annually, the terms of engagement of all third-party advisers (including the Investment Adviser). The Board has also established procedures whereby Directors wishing to do so in the furtherance of their duties, may take independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary provides the Board with full information on the Company's assets and liabilities and other relevant information requested by the Chair in advance of each Board meeting.

### **Committees to the Board**

As the Company has a small Board comprising wholly of non-executive Directors, all Directors sit on the Nomination, Remuneration and Audit Committees.

The Chair of the Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committees is Barry Dean. Following Stuart Goldsmith's resignation, Atul Devani was Chair of the Audit Committee until he became Chair of the Company on 6 June 2024, at which point Barry Dean became Chair of the Audit Committee. Committee meetings are held in conjunction with the Board meetings. All committees have defined terms of reference and duties, which are available from www.foresightgroup.eu.

### **Board and Committee meetings**

The following table sets out the Directors' attendance at the Board and Committee meetings held during the year.

	Board meetings attended	Audit Com. meetings attended	Nom. Com. meetings attended
Barry Dean	4	2	1
Chris Allner	4	2	1
Atul Devani	4	2	1
Chris Kay	4	2	1
Stuart Goldsmith	1	1	0

The Board also meets as and when required during the year to discuss other matters arising.

### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is responsible for:

- monitoring the Company's financial reporting and any formal announcements relating to the Company's financial performance;
- providing advice on whether the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, are fair balanced and understandable;
- reviewing internal controls and risk management systems; and
- matters regarding audit and external auditors.

### Financial Reporting

The Committee is responsible for reviewing and agreeing the half-yearly and annual accounts (including those figures presented within) before they are presented to the Board for final approval. In particular, the Committee reviews, challenges (where appropriate) and agrees the basis for the carrying value of the unquoted investments, as prepared by the Investment Adviser, for presentation within the half-yearly and annual accounts.

The Committee also takes into careful consideration comments on matters regarding valuation, revenue recognition and disclosures arising from the Auditors Report to the Audit Committee as part of the finalisation process for the Annual Accounts.

The Committee has considered the whole Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2024 and has reported to the Board that it considers it to be fair, balanced and understandable, providing the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's performance, business model and strategy.

### Internal audit and control

The Committee has considered the need for an internal audit function and has concluded that at the present time this would not be appropriate for a company of this size and structure. The Committee seeks to satisfy themselves that there is a proper system and allocation of the responsibilities for the day-to-day monitoring of financial controls by receiving representations and information (either upon request or voluntarily) from the Investment Adviser. This is covered more fully under Risk Management and Internal Control on page 45.

### Whistleblowing procedures

As the Company has no staff, other than directors, there are no procedures in place relating to whistleblowing. The Audit Committee understands that the Investment Adviser has whistleblowing procedures in place.

### **External** auditor

The Committee reviews and agrees the audit strategy paper, presented by the Auditor in advance of the audit, which sets out the key risk areas to be covered during the audit, confirms their status of independence and includes the proposed audit fee. The Committee confirms that the main area of risk for the year under review is valuation of unquoted investments. The Committee also carefully examines the treatment of quoted investments and loan stock interest revenue recognition.

The Committee, after taking into consideration comments from the Investment Adviser, Foresight Group LLP, regarding the effectiveness of the audit process; immediately before the conclusion of the annual audit, will recommend to the Board either the re-appointment or removal of the auditors.

Under the Competition and Markets Authority regulations, there is a requirement that an audit tender process be carried out every ten years and mandatory rotation at least every twenty years. The last audit tender took place for the year ended 31 March 2015 and therefore mandatory tender will be required not later than after the year ending 31 March 2024.

Following assurances received from the Investment Adviser at the completion of the audit for the year to 31 March 2024, and taking discussions held with the Engagement Partner at BDO LLP into consideration, the Committee has recommended they be reappointed at the forthcoming AGM however a tender process will be carried out in line with the requirements under the Competition and Markets Authority regulations, as noted above.

The BDO engagement partner, Vanessa Bradley, will be rotating off after this year.

### Non audit services

The Committee will approve the provision of ad-hoc work and maximum expected fee before being undertaken, to ensure the Auditors objectivity and independence are safeguarded.

### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee's primary function is to make recommendations to the Board on all new appointments and also to advise generally on issues relating to the Board composition and balance. Before any appointment is made by the Board, the Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge, and experience, and consider candidates based on merit, against objective criteria, and with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

### **Director tenure policy**

Given the size of the Company and the complexity of the VCT regulations, the Board does not impose a limit in respect of the tenure of the Company's nonexecutive Directors. In accordance with the Company's Director tenure policy and corporate governance best practice, Directors are subject to annual re-election.

### **Diversity policy**

The Board is committed to ensuring that the Company is run in the most effective manner. It seeks to have a Board with a diverse set of skills and experience that is well placed to oversee and challenge the Investment Adviser. When considering a new appointment, the Board's key responsibility is to ensure that Shareholders are safeguarded by appointing the most appropriate person for the position, (irrespective of gender, race, age) giving due regard to past and present experience in the sectors in which the Company invests. The Company therefore does not have a specific diversity policy in place.

The current directors are all male with 67% of white British ethnicity and 33% of Asian British ethnicity. The Board acknowledges whilst it has at least one member with an ethnic minority background it does not yet meet the Listing Rules target of having at least 40% of the Board comprising of female members. The Board will be mindful of this in any future recruitment plans.

### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee meets as required, to discuss the existing levels of remuneration for the non-executive Directors, and whether they reflect the time commitment and responsibilities of the positions and are comparable with industry standards. Where deemed necessary, they will recommend adjustments to the remuneration levels. The Committee met once during the year.

### **Board performance evaluation**

The Company operates an annual process for the evaluation of the performance of the Board, each of its committees and of the non-executive Directors.

The evaluation is undertaken using a questionnaire which covers a broad range of topics, including how the Board conducts its business and how it discharges its responsibilities. Further questions address the evaluation of the Chair's performance.

The responses to the questionnaire were summarised by the Company Secretary and passed to the Chair of the Nomination Committee. Any matters arising were then discussed with the non-executive directors as appropriate.

### **Anti-bribery policy**

The Company operates an anti-bribery policy to ensure that it meets its responsibilities arising from the Bribery Act 2010. This policy can be found on the website maintained by the Investment Adviser at <a href="https://www.foresightgroup.eu">www.foresightgroup.eu</a>.

### **Relations with Shareholders**

Shareholders have the opportunity to meet the Board at the AGM. The Board is also happy to respond to any written queries made by Shareholders during the course of the year, or to meet with Shareholders if so requested. As disclosed in the Report of the Directors, there were no Shareholders with a substantial interest in the Company at the year-end or at the date of this report.

In addition to the formal business of the AGM, representatives of the management team and the Board are available to answer any questions a Shareholder may have. Separate resolutions are proposed at the AGM on each substantially separate issue. The Company's registrar collates proxy votes, and the results (together with the proxy forms) are forwarded to the Company Secretary immediately prior to the AGM. Proxy votes are announced at the AGM, following each vote on a show of hands, except in the event of a poll being called, and are published immediately following the AGM. Shareholders have the opportunity to vote on the resolutions proposed at the AGM using the proxy form, or electronically online. The notice of the next AGM can be found at the end of these financial statements and a proxy form is included with Shareholders' copies of this Annual Report. The conditions of appointment of non-executive available Directors are Shareholders upon request.

### **Financial reporting**

The Directors' Statement of Responsibilities for preparing the accounts is set out in the Report of the Directors on pages 36 and 37, and a statement by the Auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 51 and 52.

### **Risk Management and Internal control**

The Board has adopted an Internal Control Manual ("Manual") for which it is responsible, which has been compiled in order to comply with the AIC Code. The Manual is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, which it achieves by detailing the perceived risks and controls to mitigate them. The Board reviews the perceived risks, in line with relevant guidance, on an annual basis and implements additional controls as appropriate.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the procedures to be followed by the Company's advisers and Directors are in place, and they review the effectiveness of the Manual, based on the report from the Audit Committee, on an annual basis to ensure that the controls remain relevant and were in operation throughout the year.

Although the Board is ultimately responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company, the Board has delegated, through written agreements, the day-to-day operation of the Company (including the financial reporting process) to Foresight Group LLP.

### **Going Concern**

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are set out in the Chair's Statement on pages 3 to 6, the Investment Adviser's Report on pages 7 to 12 and the Strategic Report on pages 26 to 33. The financial position of the Company, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities are shown in the Cash Flow Statement on page 57 and the Strategic Report on pages 26 to 33. In addition, notes 13 and 16 to the financial statements include the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board have undertaken a review of the prospects of the Company over a 12-month period.

The major cash outflows of the Company (most notably investments, share buybacks and dividends) are within the Company's control. The Company has adequate financial resources at the year end and holds a diversified portfolio of investments. As a consequence, the Directors believe that the Company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully, despite the uncertain economic outlook.

In addition, the Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the principal risks facing the Company over a longer period than the 12 months required by the 'Going concern' provision, as set out in the viability statement on page 29.

While the continued conflict in Ukraine and the impact of sanctions placed on Russian businesses and individuals recently passed its two-year anniversary, further disruption has emerged in the Middle East, Gaza and Israel as well as increased tensions between China and Taiwan. The Company has little direct exposure to these conflicts. The Investment Adviser works closely with all investee companies to ensure that they are well placed to assess the exposure of the business to the Ukraine conflict and associated developments. As a result, direct impact of the sanctions on the Company's performance is not expected to be significant.

High inflation, particularly on wages and other costs has developed into a significant risk. The Investment Adviser's close relationship with the investee companies allow it to ensure that the businesses properly assess the potential impact of increasing costs, particularly wages, and the extent to which these may or may not be able to be passed on to the end customer.

The Board believes that, currently, the net impact is at a manageable level and does not have a significant impact on the going concern of the Company.

### **Going Concern (continued)**

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the major cash outflows of the Company (notably new investments, share buybacks and dividends) are within the Company's control and therefore the Board is confident that the current situation will not threaten the going concern status and are satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue in business for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

For this reason, the Board believes that the Company continues to be a going concern and that it is appropriate to continue to apply the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### **Compliance statement**

The Listing Rules require the Board to report on compliance with the UK Corporate Governance Code throughout the accounting period. The preamble to the UK Corporate Governance Code does, however, acknowledge that some provisions may have less relevance for investment companies, adding that the AIC Code can assist in meeting the obligations under the UK Corporate Governance Code. With the exception of the limited items outlined below, the Company has complied throughout the accounting year ended 31 March 2024 with the provisions set out in the AIC Code of Corporate Governance.

- a) The Company has no major Shareholders, so Shareholders are not given the opportunity to meet any new non-executive Directors at a specific meeting other than the Annual General Meeting. (5.2.3)
- b) Due to the size of the Board and nature of the VCT's business, the Board considers it appropriate for the entire Board, including the Chair, to fulfil the role of the nomination, audit and the remuneration committee. (7.2.22, 9.2.37, 8.2.29)
- c) A Senior Independent Director has not been appointed. (6.2.14)

By order of the Board

### **Foresight Group LLP**

**Company Secretary** 

The Shard 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SG 30 July 2024

### **Opinion on the financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the Income Statement; Statement of Changes in Equity; Balance Sheet; Cash Flow Statement; and Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report to the audit committee.

### Independence

Following the recommendation of the audit committee, we were appointed by the board of directors for the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015. The period of total uninterrupted engagement including retenders and reappointments is 10 years, covering the years ended 31 March 2015 to 31 March 2024. We remain independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard as applied to listed public interest entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. The non-audit services prohibited by that standard were not provided to the Company.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. Our evaluation of the Directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- Obtaining the VCT compliance reports prepared by management's expert during the year and as at year end and reviewing the calculations therein to check that the Company was meeting its requirements to retain VCT status;
- Reviewing the forecasted cash flows that support the Directors' assessment of going concern, challenging
  assumptions and judgements made in the forecasts, and assessing them for reasonableness. In particular, we
  considered the available cash resources relative to the forecast expenditure which was assessed against the prior year
  for reasonableness; and
- Evaluating the Directors' method of assessing the going concern in light of market volatility mainly on the interest rates.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In relation to the Company's reporting on how it has applied the AIC Code of Corporate Governance, we have nothing material to add or draw attention to in relation to the Directors' statement in the financial statements about whether the Directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Overview**

		2024	2023
Key audit matters	Valuation of unquoted investments	£67,393,000	£71,227,000
Materiality	Company financial statements as a whole £1.228m (2023: £1.380m) based on 1.5% (2023: 1.5%) of	Net assets	

### An overview of the scope of our audit

Our audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the Company and its environment, including the Company's system of internal control, and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. We also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including assessing whether there was evidence of bias by the Directors that may have represented a risk of material misstatement.

### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit, and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How the scope of our audit addressed the key audit matter
Valuation of unquoted investments  Refer to the notes 2 and 10 within the audited Financial Statements  The unquoted investments. We consider the valuation of unquoted investments to be the most significant audit area as there is a high level of estimation uncertainty involved in determining the unquoted investment valuations.  There is an inherent risk of management override arising from the unquoted investment valuations being prepared by the Investment Adviser, who is remunerated based on the value of the net assets of the fund, as shown in note 4.  For these reasons we considered the valuation of unquoted investments to be a key audit matter.	For all Investments we:  Challenged whether the valuation methodology was the most appropriate in the circumstances under the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation ("IPEV") Guidelines and the applicable accounting standards. We have recalculated the value attributable to the Company, having regard to the application of enterprise value across the capital structures of the investee companies.  For investments that were valued using less subjective valuation techniques (price of recent investment reviewed for changes in fair value) we:  • Verified the price of recent investment to supporting documentation;  • Assessed whether the investment was an arm's length transaction through reviewing the parties involved in the transaction and checking whether or not they were already investors of the portfolio company;  • Assessed whether there were any indications that the cost or price of recent investment was no longer representative of fair value considering, inter alia, the current performance of the portfolio company and the milestones and assumptions set out in the investment proposal; and  • Assessed whether the price of recent investment is supported by alternative valuation techniques.

### **Key audit matters (continued)**

Key audit matter	How the scope of our audit addressed the key audit matter	
	For investments that were valued using more subjective techniques (earnings multiples and revenue multiples) we:	
	<ul> <li>Challenged and corroborated the inputs to the valuation with reference to management information of investee companies, market data and our own understanding and assessed the impact of the estimation uncertainty concerning these assumptions and the disclosure of these uncertainties in the financial statements;</li> <li>Assessed the historical financial statements and any recent management information available to support assumptions about maintainable revenues, earnings or cash flows used in the valuations;</li> <li>Assessed the revenue or earnings multiples applied and the discounts applied by reference to observable listed company market data; and</li> <li>Challenged the consistency and appropriateness of adjustments made to such market data in establishing the revenue or earnings multiple applied in arriving at the valuations adopted by obtaining independent multiples and performing sensitivity analysis on the investment valuations.</li> </ul>	
	Where appropriate, we performed a sensitivity analysis by developing our own point estimate where we assessed that alternative input assumptions could reasonably have been applied and we assessed the overall impact of such sensitivities on the portfolio of investments in determining whether the valuations as a whole are reasonable and free from bias.	
	We assessed the completeness and clarity of disclosures regarding the valuation of investments in the financial statements.	
	Key observations	
	Based on the procedures performed we consider the investment valuations to be appropriate considering the level of estimation uncertainty.	

### **Our application of materiality**

We apply the concept of materiality both in planning and performing our audit, and in evaluating the effect of misstatements. We consider materiality to be the magnitude by which misstatements, including omissions, could influence the economic decisions of reasonable users that are taken on the basis of the financial statements.

In order to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that any misstatements exceed materiality, we use a lower materiality level, performance materiality, to determine the extent of testing needed. Importantly, misstatements below these levels will not necessarily be evaluated as immaterial as we also take account of the nature of identified misstatements, and the particular circumstances of their occurrence, when evaluating their effect on the financial statements as a whole.

### **Our application of materiality (continued)**

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole and performance materiality as follows:

	Company financial statements	
	2024	2023
Materiality	£1.228m	£1.380m
Basis for	1.5% of Net assets	1.5% of Net assets
determining		
materiality		
Rationale for the	In setting materiality, we have had regard to the	In setting materiality, we have had regard to
benchmark applied	nature and disposition of the investment portfolio. Given that the VCT's portfolio is comprised of unquoted investments which would typically have a wider spread of reasonable alternative possible valuations, we have applied a percentage of 1.5% of Net Assets.	the nature and disposition of the investment portfolio. Given that the VCT's portfolio is comprised of unquoted investments which would typically have a wider spread of reasonable alternative possible valuations, we have applied a percentage of 1.5% of Net Assets.
Performance materiality	£0.921m	£1.035m
Basis for	75% of materiality	75% of materiality
determining	-	·
performance		
materiality		
Rationale for the	The level of performance materiality applied	The level of performance materiality applied
percentage applied	was set after having considered a number of	was set after having considered a number of
for performance	factors including the expected total value of	factors including the expected total value of
materiality	known and likely misstatements and the level of transactions in the year.	known and likely misstatements and the level of transactions in the year.

### Reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to them all individual audit differences in excess of £61,430 (2023: £69,000). We also agreed to report differences below this threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Accounts other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Corporate governance statement**

The Listing Rules require us to review the Directors' statement in relation to going concern, longer-term viability and that part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the provisions of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance specified for our review.

Based on the work undertaken as part of our audit, we have concluded that each of the following elements of the Corporate Governance Statement is materially consistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit.

Going concern and longer- term viability	<ul> <li>The Directors' statement with regards to the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis of accounting and any material uncertainties identified set out on page 45; and</li> <li>The Directors' explanation as to their assessment of the Company's prospects, the period this assessment covers and why the period is appropriate set out on page 29.</li> </ul>
Other Code provisions	<ul> <li>Directors' statement on fair, balanced and understandable set out on page 37;</li> <li>Board's confirmation that it has carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks set out on page 26;</li> <li>The section of the annual report that describes the review of effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems set out on page 43; and</li> <li>The section describing the work of the audit committee set out on page 42.</li> </ul>

### **Other Companies Act 2006 reporting**

Based on the responsibilities described below and our work performed during the course of the audit, we are required by the Companies Act 2006 and ISAs (UK) to report on certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' report	<ul> <li>In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit: <ul> <li>the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and</li> <li>the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the Directors' report.</li> </ul>
Directors' remuneration	In our opinion, the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.
Matters on which we are required to report by exception	<ul> <li>We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:         <ul> <li>adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or</li> <li>the financial statements and the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or</li> <li>certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or</li> <li>we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Responsibilities of Directors (continued)**

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Non-compliance with laws and regulations

Based on:

- Our understanding of the Company and the industry in which it operates;
- Discussion with the Investment Adviser and those charged with governance;
- Obtaining and understanding of the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We considered the significant laws and regulations to be Companies Act 2006, the FCA listing and DTR rules, the principles of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance, industry practice represented by the AIC SORP, the applicable accounting framework, and the Company's qualification as a Venture Capital trust (VCT) under UK tax legislation, as any non-compliance of this would lead to the Company losing various deductions and exemptions from corporation tax.

Our procedures in respect of the above included:

- Agreement of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- Enquiries of management and those charged with governance relating to the existence of any non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- Obtaining the VCT compliance reports prepared by management's expert during the year and as at year end and reviewing their calculations for the year-end report to check that the Company was meeting its requirements to retain VCT status; and
- Reviewing minutes of meeting of those charged with governance throughout the period for instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations.

#### Fraud

We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statement to material misstatement including fraud.

Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiry with the Investment Adviser and those charged with governance regarding any known or suspected instances
  of fraud;
- Obtaining an understanding of the Company's policies and procedures relating to:
  - o Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud; and
  - o Internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud.
- Review of minutes of Board and other Committee meetings for any known or suspected instances of fraud; and
- Discussion amongst the engagement team as to how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

Based on our risk assessment, we considered the areas most susceptible to fraud to be the valuation of unquoted investments and management override of controls.

# Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

Our procedures in respect of the above included:

- In addressing the risk of management override of control, we:
  - Performed a review of estimates and judgements applied by management in the financial statements to assess their appropriateness and the existence of any systematic bias;
  - Considered the opportunity and incentive to manipulate accounting entries and tested relevant adjustments made in the period end financial reporting process;
  - Performed the procedures covered in the 'key audit matter' section above related to the valuation of the unquoted investments;
  - Reviewed for significant transactions outside the normal course of business; and
  - o Performed a review of unadjusted audit differences, if any, for indicators of bias or deliberate misstatement.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members who were all deemed to have appropriate competence and capabilities and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Vanessa-Jayne Bradley (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor London 30 July 2024

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

### **Income Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024

		Year en	ided 31 Ma	rch 2024	Year e	arch 2023	
	Note	Revenue £'000	Capital £′000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
Income	3	906		906	3,031		3,031
Realised losses on investments	10	-	(8,015)	(8,015)	-	(633)	(633)
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments	10	-	3,465	3,465	-	(11,718)	(11,718)
Investment management fees Other expenses	5	(863) (1,346)	(863)	(1,726) (1,346)	(799) (812)	(799)	(1,598) (812)
(Loss)/return on ordinary activities before tax		(1,303)	(5,413)	(6,716)	1,420	(13,150)	(11,730)
Tax on total comprehensive income and ordinary activities	7	-	-	-	(228)	228	-
(Loss)/return attributable to equity shareholders	9	(1,303)	(5,413)	(6,716)	1,192	(12,922)	(11,730)
Basic and diluted (loss)/return per share	9	(0.7)p	(3.1)p	(3.8)p	0.7p	(7.2)p	(6.5)p

The total column within the Income Statement represents the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income of the Company prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS 102"). There are no other items of comprehensive income. The supplementary revenue and capital return columns are prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice issued in November 2014 and updated in July 2022 by the Association of Investment Companies ("AIC SORP").

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Called up Share Capital £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Share premium account £'000	Funds held in respect of shares not yet allotted £'000	Special reserve £'000	Capital reserve realised £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	Revenue reserve £'000	Total £′000
For the year ended 31 Marc	h 2023								
At 1 April 2022	1,776	1,697	79,035	78	16,328	_	11,303	(744)	109,473
Total comprehensive income		-		_		(1,204)	(11,718)	1,192	(11,730)
Realisation of revaluations								.,.52	(1.17.00)
from previous years*					-	2,438	(2,438)		
Realisation of impaired valuations	_	_	_	_	_	(5,445)	5,445	_	_
Transfer between reserves*	_	(1,710)	(81,236)	_	74,984	7,962	-	_	_
Transactions with owners		(.,)	(0.7200)		,50	.,,,,,			
Dividends paid	-	_	_	_	_	(3,751)	_	(2,104)	(5,855)
Utilised in share issue	-	-	-	(78)	-	-	=	-	(78)
Issue of new shares	43	-	2,680	-	-	-	=	_	2,723
Share issue costs	-	-	(51)	=	-	-	-	-	(51)
Purchase of own shares**	(45)	45	-	-	(2,499)	-	-		(2,499)
At 31 March 2023	1,774	32	428	-	88,813	-	2,592	(1,656)	91,983
For the year ended 31 Marc	h 2024								
At 1 April 2023	1,774	32	428	-	88,813	-	2,592	(1,656)	91,983
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(8,878)	3,465	(1,303)	(6,716)
Transactions with owners									
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(1,913)	-	(1,660)	(3,573)
Issue of new shares	29	-	1,556	-	-	-	-	-	1,585
Share issue costs	-	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	-	(7)
Shares issued under the dividend reinvestment									
scheme	11	-	545	-	-	-	-	-	556
Purchase of own shares**	(39)	39	-	-	(1,912)	-	-	-	(1,912)
At 31 March 2024	1,775	71	2,522	-	86,901	(10,791)	6,057	(4,619)	81,916

<sup>\*</sup> A transfer of £2.4 million representing previously recognised unrealised gains on disposal of investments during the year ended 31 March 2023 were made from the Revaluation reserve to the Capital Reserve-realised. A transfer of £8.0 million representing realised gains on disposal of investments, less net investment impairments and the excess of capital expenses over capital income and capital dividends in the year ended 31 March 2023 were made from the Special reserve to the Capital Reserve – realised. Following the cancellation of the Capital Redemption reserve and Share Premium account subsequent to Court approval in January 2023, a transfer of £1.7 million and £81.2 million had been made from the Capital Redemption reserve and the Share Premium account, respectively, to the Special reserve.

<sup>\*\*</sup> These shares were subsequently cancelled.

# **Balance Sheet**

as at 31 March 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	£′000	£′000
Fixed assets			
Investments	10	67,393	71,227
Current assets			
Debtors	11	7,570	6,828
Cash at bank and in hand		7,559	15,282
		15,129	22,110
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(606)	(1,354)
Net current assets		14,523	20,756
Net assets		81,916	91,983
			, , , , , ,
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	1,775	1,774
Capital redemption reserve	14	71	32
Share premium account	14	2,522	428
Special reserve	14	86,901	88,813
Capital reserve – realised	14	(10,791)	-
Revaluation reserve	14	6,057	2,592
Revenue reserve	14	(4,619)	(1,656)
Total equity shareholders' funds	15	81,916	91,983
Davis and diluted not asset value non-them-	15	AC 1	F1.0
Basic and diluted net asset value per share	15	46.1p	51.8p

The financial statements on pages 54 to 76 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 July 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

### Atul Devani

Chair

Company number: 03150868

# **Cash Flow Statement**

for the year ended 31 March 2024

		2024	2023
	2024 £'000  (6,716) 4,550 (1,134) 304  (2,996)  10 (4,394) 10 3,433 10 637  (324)  1,585 - (7) (2,964) 8 (3,017)  (4,403)  (7,723)	£′000	£′000
Cash flow from operating activities			
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		(6,716)	(11,730)
Loss on investments		4,550	12,351
Increase in debtors		(1,134)	(3,529)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		304	(60)
Net cash outflow generated from operating activities		(2,996)	(2,968)
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of investments	10	(4,394)	(11,758)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	10	3,433	14,134
Proceeds from deferred consideration	10	637	-
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities		(324)	2,376
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issue		1,585	1,781
Funds held in respect of shares not yet allotted		-	(78)
Share issue costs		(7)	(51)
Purchase of own shares		(2,964)	(1,723)
Equity dividends paid	8	(3,017)	(4,911)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(4,403)	(4,982)
Net cash outflow		(7,723)	(5,574)
Net movement in cash			
Beginning of year		15,282	20,856
Net cash outflow		(7,723)	(5,574)
End of year		7,559	15,282

### **Notes to the Accounts**

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 1. General information

Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc ("the Company") is a venture capital trust established under the legislation introduced in the Finance Act 1995 and is domiciled in the United Kingdom and incorporated in England and Wales, and its registered office is Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG.

### 2. Accounting policies

### **Basis of accounting**

The Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies" issued November 2014 and updated in July 2022 ("SORP").

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£) and rounded to thousands.

### **Going concern**

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the major cash outflows of the Company (most notably investments, share buybacks and dividends) are within the Company's control and therefore the Company has sufficient cash to meet its expenses and liabilities when they fall due. The impact of the conflict in Ukraine, the Middle East, Gaza, Israel as well as increased tensions between China and Taiwan as well as high inflation and rising interest rates has been considered. More detail on these considerations can be found within the Corporate Governance report. As such, the Board confirms that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements as noted further within the Corporate Governance Report on pages 42 to 46.

### **Presentation of income statement**

In order to better reflect the activities of a Venture Capital Trust and in accordance with guidance issued by the Association of Investment Companies ("AIC"), supplementary information which analyses the income statement between items of a revenue and capital nature has been presented alongside the income statement. The net revenue is the measure the Directors believe appropriate in assessing the Company's compliance with certain requirements set out in Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007.

#### **Investments**

Venture capital investments are designated as "fair value through profit or loss" assets due to investments being managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis. A financial asset is designated within this category if it is both acquired and managed on a fair value basis, with a view to selling after a period of time, in accordance with the Company's documented investment policy.

Investments quoted on recognised stock markets are measured using bid prices.

The valuation methodologies for unquoted instruments (comprising equity and loan notes), used by the International Private Equity Valuation guidelines to ascertain the fair value of an investment, are as follows:

- Calibration to the price of recent investment;
- Multiples;
- Net assets;
- Discounted cash flows or earnings (of the underlying business);
- Discounted cash flows (from the investment); and
- Industry valuation benchmarks.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

The methodology applied takes account of the nature, facts and circumstances of the individual investment and uses reasonable data, market inputs, assumptions and estimates in order to ascertain fair value, as explained in the investment accounting policy above and addressed further in note 10. Where an investee company has gone into receivership, liquidation or administration and there is little likelihood of a recovery, the loss on the investment, although not physically disposed of, is treated as being realised.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in the income statement as a capital item.

It is not the Company's policy to exercise significant influence or joint control over investee companies. Therefore, the results of these companies are not incorporated into the Income Statement, except to the extent of any income accrued. This is in accordance with the SORP and FRS 102 sections 14 and 15 that do not require portfolio investments to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Calibration to price of recent investment requires a level of judgment to be applied in assessing and reviewing any additional information available since the last investment date. The Board and Adviser consider a range of factors in order to determine if there is any indication of decline in value or evidence of increase in value since the recent investment date. If no such indications are noted the price of the recent investment will be used as the fair value for the investment.

Examples of signals which could indicate a movement in value are: -

- Changes in results against budget or in expectations of achievement of technical milestones patents/testing/regulatory approvals
- Significant changes in the market of the products or in the economic environment in which it operates
- Significant changes in the performance of comparable companies
- Internal matters such as fraud, litigation or management structure

In respect of disclosures required by the SORP for the ten largest investments held by the Company, the most recent publicly available accounts information, either as filed at Companies House, or announced to the London Stock Exchange, is disclosed. In the case of unlisted investments, this may be abbreviated information only.

### Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key estimate in the financial statements is the determination of the fair value of the unquoted investments by the Directors, as it impacts the valuation of the unquoted investments at the balance sheet date.

Of the Company's assets measured at fair value, it is possible to determine their fair values within a reasonable range of estimates. The fair value of an investment upon acquisition is deemed to be cost. Thereafter, investments are measured at fair value in accordance with FRS 102 sections 11 and 12, together with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines ("IPEV").

A price sensitivity analysis of the unquoted investments is provided in note 16, under Investment price risk.

### Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, normally the ex-dividend date.

Loan stock interest is accrued on a time apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable and only where there is reasonable certainty of collection.

Distributions from investments in limited liability partnerships ("LLPs") are recognised as they are paid to the Company. Where such items are considered capital in nature they are recognised as capital profits.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### **Expenses**

All expenses are accounted for on an accrual's basis. In respect of the analysis between revenue and capital items presented within the income statement, all expenses have been presented as revenue items, except as follows:

- Expenses which are incidental to the acquisition of an investment are deducted from the Capital Account.
- Expenses which are incidental to the disposal of an investment are deducted from the disposal proceeds of the investment.
- Expenses are split and presented partly as capital items where a connection with the maintenance or enhancement of the value of the investments held can be demonstrated. Investment management fees are allocated 50% to revenue and 50% to capital, in order to reflect the Directors' expected long-term view of the nature of the investment returns of the Company.

#### **Taxation**

The tax effects on different items in the Income Statement are allocated between capital and revenue on the same basis as the particular item to which they relate, using the Company's effective rate of tax for the accounting period.

Due to the Company's status as a Venture Capital Trust and the continued intention to meet the conditions required to comply with Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007, no provision for taxation is required in respect of any realised or unrealised appreciation of the Company's investments.

Deferred taxation is not discounted and is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when the obligations or rights crystallise based on tax rates and law enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the accounts. Deferred tax assets are only recognised if it is expected that future taxable profits will be available to utilise such assets and are recognised on a non-discounted basis.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks with an original maturity of three months or less.

### Other debtors and other creditors

Other debtors (including accrued income) and other creditors are included within the accounts at amortised cost.

#### **Share issue costs**

Share issue costs have been deducted from the special reserve account.

### **Segmental reporting**

The Company only has one class of business and one market.

### **Dividends** payable

Dividends payable are recognised as distributions in the financial statements when the Company's liability to make payment has been established, normally the payment date.

### Funds held in respect of shares not yet allotted

Cash received in respect of applications for new shares that have not yet been allotted is shown as "Funds held in respect of shares not yet allotted" and recorded on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Changes in Equity.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 3. Income

4.

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Income from investments		
Loan stock interest	424	2,475
Dividend income	415	529
	839	3,004
Other income		
Other income	67	27
	906	3,031
Investment management fees		
	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Investment management fees	1,726	1,598

The annual running costs of the Company for the year were subject to a cap of 2.6% of the Company's net assets. The expense cap for the year was 2.6% and therefore has not been breached for the year under review. Foresight Group LLP also provides administration services. Fees in relation to these services are shown within note 5 below.

### 5. Other expenses

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
IBP Capital Markets Limited administration costs*	602	-
Administration services	156	158
Directors' remuneration	116	118
Trail fee	94	166
Registrar's fees	92	91
Auditor's remuneration for statutory audit	57	52
Printing and postage	34	61
Subscription fees	19	16
Social security costs (key management personnel)	8	8
Legal and professional fees	7	27
Custodian charges	-	13
Other expenses	161	102
	1,346	812

<sup>\*</sup>See note 17 on page 75 for further details.

### 6. Directors' remuneration

The Directors of the Company are considered to be the only key management personnel. Details of remuneration (excluding employer's NIC) are given in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 39 to 41. The Company had no employees (other than Directors) during the year (2023: none). No other emoluments and pension contributions were paid by the Company to, or on behalf of, any Directors. There were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 7. Tax on ordinary activities

	2024	2023
	£'000	£′000
a) Tax charge for the year		
Current year:		
UK Corporation tax (charged to the Revenue Account)	-	228
Tax credited to Capital Account	-	(228)
	-	-
b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(6,716)	(11,730)
Tax charge calculated on return on ordinary activities before taxation at the		
applicable rate of 25.0% (2023: 19.0%)	(1,679)	(2,229)
Effects of:		
Losses on investments	1,138	2,347
UK dividend income	(104)	(100)
LLP income	50	30
Disallowable expenses	-	2
Partnership trading losses utilised	-	(45)
Excess management fees carried forward/(utilised) on which deferred		
tax asset is not recognised	595	(5)
	-	-

c) Excess management fees, which are available to be carried forward and set off against future taxable income, amounted to £3.7 million (2023: £3.1 million). The associated deferred tax asset has not been recognised due to the fact that it is unlikely that the excess management fees will be set off against future taxable profits in the foreseeable future. Due to the Company's status as a Venture Capital Trust and the intention to continue meeting the conditions required to obtain approval in the foreseeable future, the Company has not provided deferred tax on any capital gains and losses arising on the revaluation or disposal of investments.

No deferred tax asset arising from investments in LLP companies has been recognised as it is uncertain whether the losses carried forward will be offset against future taxable profits of the same trade in the foreseeable future.

### 8. Dividends

		Year ende	Year ended 31 March 2024			Year ended 31 March 2023			
		Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total		
		£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000	£′000		
Dividends paid	l in year								
2024 Interim:	1.0p	240	1,529	1,769	-	-	-		
2023 Final:	1.0p	1,420	384	1,804	-	-	-		
2023 Interim:	1.5p	-	-	-	-	2,699	2,699		
2022 Final:	1.75p	-	-	-	2,104	1,052	3,156		
		1,660	1,913	3,573	2,104	3,751	5,855		
Dividends paid	d post year end								
2024 Interim:	1.1p	-	1,953	1,953	1,200	574	1,774		

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 9. Basic and diluted return per share

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Return per share based on:		
Net revenue (loss)/gain for the financial year	(1,303)	1,192
Net capital loss for the financial year	(5,413)	(12,922)
Total loss for the financial year	(6,716)	(11,730)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	178,234,061	179,972,333

As the Company has not issued any convertible securities or share options, there is no dilutive effect on return per share. The return per share disclosed therefore represents both the basic and diluted return per share.

### 10. Investments

	Quoted growth	Unquoted growth	Unquoted yield focused	
	investments £'000	investments £'000	investments £'000	Total £'000
		44.040	10.005	0.1.100
Opening cost at 1 April 2023	23,338	41,049	19,806	84,193
Investment holding losses at 1 April 2023	(3,869)	(3,048)	(6,049)	(12,966)
Opening fair value at 1 April 2023	19,469	38,001	13,757	71,227
Movement in the year:				
Purchased at cost	459	4,085	-	4,544
Disposal proceeds	(1,087)	(2,087)	(259)	(3,433)
Realised gains/(losses) on disposals*	531	(3,287)	(5,896)	(8,652)
Foreign exchange losses	-	(217)	-	(217)
Investment holding (losses)/gains**	(1,265)	(109)	5,298	3,924
Closing fair value at 31 March 2024	18,107	36,386	12,900	67,393
Closing cost at 31 March 2024	23,241	39,760	13,651	76,652
Investment holding losses at 31 March 2024	(5,134)	(3,374)		(9,259)
Closing fair value at 31 March 2024	18,107	36,386	12,900	67,393

<sup>\*</sup>Realised losses in the Income Statement include the deferred consideration receipts from ADC Biotechnology Limited (£310,000), StorageOS Inc (£89,000), Black & White Hospitality Limited (£20,000), Avid Technology Group Limited (£184,000) and Fenkle Street LLP (£34,000).

A schedule disclosing the additions and disposals during the year and other information on investments can be found within the Review of Investments on pages 16 and 17.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Unrealised gains in the Income Statement include the deferred consideration debtor decrease of £242,000. The debtor movement reflects the recognition of amounts receivable in respect of DIA Imaging Analysis Limited (£45,000) and Imagen Limited (£18,000), offset by receipts in respect of ADC Biotechnology Limited (£310,000) and StorageOS Inc (£89,000) and combined FX uplifts of £94,000 made against balances in respect of Efundamentals Group Limited, StorageOS, Inc. and JRNI Limited.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 10. Investments (continued)

The Company has categorised its financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 Reflects financial instruments quoted in an active market (quoted companies);
- Level 2 Reflects financial instruments that have prices that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Reflects financial instruments that use valuation techniques that are not based on observable market data (unquoted equity investments and loan note investments).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2023
	£′000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£′000
Quoted	18,107	-	-	18,107	19,469	-	-	19,469
Loan notes	-	-	10,835	10,835	-	-	10,467	10,467
Unquoted	-	-	38,451	38,451	-	-	41,291	41,291
	18,107	-	49,286	67,393	19,469	-	51,758	71,227

Reconciliation of fair value for Level 3 financial instruments held at the year-end:

	Unquoted shares £'000	Loan notes £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 April 2023	41,291	10,467	51,758
Movements in the income statement:			
Unrealised valuation gains in the income statement	3,031	2,158	5,189
Unrealised foreign exchange losses in the income statement	(217)	-	(217)
Realised losses in the income statement	(6,874)	(2,309)	(9,183)
	37,231	10,316	47,547
Purchases at cost	3,335	750	4,085
Loan note conversion	59	(59)	-
Disposal proceeds	(2,174)	(172)	(2,346)
Balance at 31 March 2024	38,451	10,835	49,286

Changing one or more of the inputs to reasonable possible alternative valuation assumptions could result in a significant change in the fair value of the Level 3 investments. There is an element of judgement in the choice of assumptions for unquoted investments and it is possible that, if different assumptions were used, different valuations could have been attributed to some of the Company's investments.

The fair value of an investment upon acquisition is deemed to be cost. Thereafter, investments are measured at fair value in accordance with FRS 102 sections 11 and 12, together with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines ("IPEV"). A price sensitivity analysis of the unquoted investments is provided in note 16, under Investment price risk.

The Board and the Investment Adviser believe that the valuations as at 31 March 2024 reflect the most appropriate assumptions at that date, giving due regard to all information available from each investee company. Valuations are subject to fluctuations in market conditions and the sensitivity of the Company to such changes is shown within note 16.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 10. Investments (continued)

Details of shareholdings in those companies where the Company's holding, at 31 March 2024, represents greater than 20% of the nominal value of any class of the allotted shares in the portfolio company are included within the review of investments on pages 13 to 15. Relevant companies which are not included within the review of investments are disclosed on the next page. Although the Company, through the Investment Adviser will, in some cases, be represented on the Board of the portfolio company, it will not take a controlling interest in the company.

The investments listed below are held and managed as part of the investment portfolio and therefore, in accordance with FRS 102 section 14, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. All of the companies named are incorporated in Great Britain. The percentage holding does not reflect the percentage voting rights in the company as a whole.

Company	Registered office	Class of shares	Number held	Proportion of class held	Total voting rights
Bulbshare Limited	SE1 3SY	Ordinary 'A' Shares	898	20.01%	3.00%
Cadbury House Holdings		,			,
Limited	EC3R 6HD	Ordinary Shares	892,306	36.23%	36.23%
Cambridge Touch		,			
Technologies Ltd	CB4 0WE	Preference Shares	91,288	29.17%	5.85%
		Ordinary 'Series A'			
Carbice Corporation	EC2 ANE	Shares	1,443,222	26.82%	6.99%
Channel Mum Limited	EC4N 6EU	Ordinary 'D1' Shares	57,022	26.32%	10.39%
Data Centre Response					
Limited	SN6 8TY	Ordinary 'A' Shares	1,477	100.00%	49.61%
Data Centre Response					
Limited	SN6 8TY	Ordinary 'B' Shares	181,048	100.00%	49.61%
Doneloans Limited	BT42 1HL	Ordinary 'A' Shares	1	50.00%	50.00%
EM Scientific Limited		Ordinary 'Series			
(trading as Inoviv)	WC1V 6PX	Seed-2' Shares	12,287	23.70%	6.95%
Empiribox Limited	MK5 8FR	Ordinary 'C' Shares	2,515,592	40.93%	33.40%
Empiribox Limited	MK5 8FR	Ordinary 'D' Shares	1,377,144	41.48%	33.40%
Empiribox Limited	MK5 8FR	Ordinary 'E' Shares	13,548,122	37.41%	33.40%
Glisser Ltd	PO15 7AG	Ordinary 'B3' Shares	279,165	52.70%	7.41%
Glisser Ltd	PO15 7AG	Ordinary 'B4' Shares	189,091	42.73%	7.41%
Kimbolton Lodge Limited	EC3R 6HD	Ordinary Shares	603,500	50.00%	50.00%
Kluster Enterprises Limited	EC2A 4NE	Ordinary 'A' Shares	31,035	100.00%	8.83%
Maestro Media Limited					
(trading as BBC Maestro)	N1 9RT	Ordinary 'D' Shares	113,636	26.09%	5.22%
Pilgrim Trading Limited	EC3R 6HD	Ordinary 'A' Shares	300	60.00%	38.58%
Pilgrim Trading Limited	EC3R 6HD	Ordinary 'B' Shares	1,815,347	60.00%	38.58%
Rated People Limited	EC2A 4HJ	Ordinary 'C' Shares	30,171	21.41%	2.54%
Trinny London Limited	SW3 3TD	Ordinary 'B2' Shares	1,820	29.55%	0.93%
Virtual Class Ltd	E1 5JL	Ordinary 'C2' Shares	4,662	30.10%	4.91%
Virtual Class Ltd	E1 5JL	Ordinary 'B' Shares	3,283	50.00%	4.91%

Issued, allotted, called up and fully paid:

177,546,529 (2023: 177,441,775) Ordinary Shares of 1p each

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 11. Debtors

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Accrued interest	5,608	5,287
Deferred consideration	1,069	1,311
Prepayments	25	25
Other debtors	868	205
	7,570	6,828
Accruals and deferred income	2024 £′000 526	2023 <u>£′000</u> 1 321
Accruals and deferred income	526	1,321
Trade creditors	4	18
Other creditors	76	15
	606	1,354
13. Called up share capital		
	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000

The Company allotted 2,928,923 Ordinary Shares of 1p each at an average price of 53.9p per Ordinary Share under the terms of the offers for subscription. The aggregate consideration of the shares was £1.6 million, which excludes costs of £7,000.

1,775

1,774

Under the terms of the Company's Dividend Reinvestment scheme, the Company allotted 1,135,877 Ordinary Shares of 1p each at an average price of 49.0p, to subscribing shareholders in respect of the dividends paid on 15 September 2023 and 2 February 2024 respectively.

During the year, the Company repurchased 3,960,046 Ordinary Shares of 1p each for an average consideration of 48.1p per share, representing 2.2% of those shares in issue at the last Annual Report. These shares were subsequently cancelled.

### Management of capital

The Company's capital is managed in accordance with its investment policy, as shown in the Strategic Report on pages 29 and 30, in pursuit of its principal investment objectives as stated on page 2. The Company has the authority to buy back shares as described in the Strategic Report on page 34. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide an adequate return to Shareholders by allocating its capital to assets commensurately with the level of risk. As a Venture Capital Trust, the Company has an amount of capital, at least 80% (as measured under the tax legislation) of which is and must be, and remain, invested in the relatively high-risk asset class of small UK companies within three years of that capital being subscribed. The Company accordingly has limited scope to manage its capital structure in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. Subject to this overall constraint upon changing the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to Shareholders, return capital to Shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets if so required to maintain a level of liquidity to remain a going concern.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 13. Called up share capital (continued)

Although, as the Investment Policy implies, the Board would consider levels of gearing, there are no current plans to do so. It regards the net assets of the Company as the Company's capital, as the levels of liabilities are small and the management of them is not directly related to managing the return to Shareholders. There has been no change in this approach from the previous year.

There is a single class of Ordinary Shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

### 14. Reserves

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Capital redemption reserve	71	32
Share premium account	2,522	428
Special reserve	86,901	88,813
Capital reserve – realised	(10,791)	-
Revaluation reserve	6,057	2,592
Revenue reserve	(4,619)	(1,656)
	80,141	90,209
Distributable reserves are calculated as follows:		
	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Special reserve	86,901	88,813
Capital reserve	(10,791)	-
Revenue reserve	(4,619)	(1,656)
Unrealised losses (excluding unrealised unquoted gains)	(13,340)	(9,973)
	58,151	77,184

### Capital redemption reserve

This reserve accounts for amounts by which the issued share capital is diminished through the repurchase and cancellation of the Company's own shares.

### Share premium account

This reserve accounts for the difference between the price paid for shares and the nominal value of the shares, less issue costs and transfers to the other distributable reserves.

### Funds held in respect of shares not yet allotted

This reserve accounts for cash received in respect of applications for new shares that have not yet been allotted and is recorded on the Balance Sheet.

### Special reserve

The Special reserve is available to the Company to enable the purchase of its own shares in the market without affecting its ability to pay capital distributions.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 14. Reserves (continued)

Capital reserve - realised

The following are disclosed in this reserve:

- gains and losses compared to cost on the realisation of investments;
- expenses, together with the related taxation effect, charged in accordance with the above accounting policies; and
- dividends paid to equity holders.

#### Revaluation reserve

Increases and decreases in the valuation of investments held at the year-end against cost are included in this reserve.

#### Revenue reserve

This reserve accounts for movements from the revenue column of the Income statement, the payment of dividends and other non-capital realised movements.

## 15. Basic and diluted net asset value per share

	Ordinary Shares in issue Number	Net assets £′000	NAV per share Pence
As at 31 March 2024	177,546,529	81,916	46.1
As at 31 March 2023	177,441,775	91,983	51.8

As the Company has not issued any convertible securities or share options, there is no dilutive effect on the net asset value per share. The net asset value per share disclosed therefore represents both the basic and diluted net asset value per share.

#### 16. Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise investments held at fair value through profit or loss, being equity and loan stock investments in quoted companies and unquoted companies, loans and receivables, being cash deposits and short-term debtors, and financial liabilities, being creditors arising from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to generate cash flows, revenue and capital appreciation for the Company's operations. The Company has no gearing or other financial liabilities, apart from short-term creditors and does not use any derivatives.

The fair value of investments is determined using the detailed accounting policy as shown in note 2. The composition of the investments is set out in note 10. The fair value of cash deposits and short-term debtors and creditors equates to their carrying value in the balance sheet.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 16. Financial instruments (continued)

The Company's investment activities expose the Company to a number of risks associated with financial instruments and the sectors in which the Company invests. The principal financial risks arising from the Company's operations are:

- Investment risks;
- Credit risk; and
- Liquidity risk.

The Board regularly reviews these risks and the policies in place for managing them. There have been no significant changes to the nature of the risks that the Company is exposed to over the year and there have also been no significant changes to the policies for managing those risks during the year.

The risk management policies used by the Company in respect of the principal financial risks and a review of the financial instruments held at the year-end, are provided on the following pages.

#### **Investment risks**

As a VCT, the Company is exposed to investment risks in the form of potential losses and gains that may arise on the investments it holds, in accordance with its investment policy. The management of these investment risks is a fundamental part of the investment activities undertaken by the Investment Adviser and overseen by the Board. The Investment Adviser monitors investments through regular contact with management of investee companies, regular review of management accounts and other financial information and attendance at investee company board meetings. This enables the Investment Adviser to manage the investment risk in respect of individual investments. Investment risk is also mitigated by holding a diversified portfolio spread across various business sectors and asset classes.

The key investment risks to which the Company is exposed are:

- Investment price risk;
- Interest rate risk; and
- Foreign currency exposure risk

The Company has undertaken sensitivity analysis on its financial instruments, split into the relevant component parts, taking into consideration the economic climate at the time of review, in order to ascertain the appropriate risk allocation.

#### Investment price risk

Investment price risk arises from uncertainty about the future prices and valuations of financial instruments held in accordance with the Company's investment objectives. It represents the potential loss that the Company might suffer through investment price movements in respect of quoted investments and also changes in the fair value of unquoted investments that it holds.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

# 16. Financial instruments (continued)

## Investment price risk (continued)

**Quoted** investments

The Company's sensitivity to fluctuations in the share prices of its quoted investments, excluding fixed interest bonds, is summarised below. In light of the current volatile market conditions arising from conflict in Ukraine, the Middle East, Gaza, Israel, increased tensions between China and Taiwan, fears of economic recession, increasing inflation or monetary policy, the Board has considered the reasonably possible market movements that should be illustrated with sensitivity analysis. A positive 20% movement and negative 20% movement in the share price in each of the quoted stocks held by the Company is considered to be a reasonable maximum movement in a year and would have an effect as follows:

Sensitivity		Year ended 3 +20% mov			-20% movement			
	Risk exposure £'000	Impact on net assets/ return £'000	on NAV per share Pence	Impact on net assets/ return £'000	Impact on NAV per share Pence			
Quoted shares	18,107	3,621	2.0	(3,621)	(2.0)			

		Year ended 3	1 March 20	23		
Sensitivity		+20% movement			-20% movement	
		Impact on	on NAV	Impact on	Impact on	
	Risk	net assets/	per	net assets/	NAV per	
	exposure	return	share	return	share	
	£′000	£′000	Pence	£′000	Pence	
Quoted shares	19,469	3,894	2.2	(3,894)	(2.2)	

#### **Unquoted** investments

At 31 March 2024, the unquoted portfolio was valued at £49,286,000 (31 March 2023: £51,758,000). A breakdown of the unquoted portfolio by valuation method used is as follows:

	2024
	£′000
Price of last funding round	18,607
Discounted revenue multiple	11,085
Discounted offer received	5,322
Discount to round underway	4,995
Net assets	3,657
Discounted independent valuation	2,162
VC method	1,699
Discounted earnings multiple	981
Discounted cash flow	778
	49,286

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 16. Financial instruments (continued)

## Investment price risk (continued)

**Sensitivity** 

As many of the Company's unquoted investments are valued using revenue or earnings multiples of comparable companies or sectors, a change in the relevant market sectors could impact on the valuation of the equity investments held in the unquoted portfolio. As the unquoted investments are across a broad range of sectors and valued using different valuation techniques, it is not possible to create a meaningful analysis by changing one input or discount factor. As unquoted investments are typically structured as partly equity and partly loan notes, investment price risk of the unquoted investments is considered as a whole. The Board has considered the current volatile market conditions arising from conflict in Ukraine, the Middle East, Gaza, Israel, increased tensions between China and Taiwan, fears of economic recession, increasing inflation or monetary policy in determining the reasonably possible market movements that should be illustrated within sensitivity analysis. A positive 20% and negative 20% movement in the price of these investments is considered to be a reasonable maximum level in a year and would have an effect as shown below:

Year ended 31 March 2024

-20% movement

+20% movement

			Impact		
	<b>-</b>	Impact on	on NAV	Impact on	Impact on
	Risk	net assets/	per	net assets/	NAV per
	exposure	return	share	return	share
	£′000	£′000	Pence	£′000	Pence
Unquoted investments	49,286	9,857	5.6	(9,857)	(5.6)
onquoted investments	45,200	5,051	3.0	(3,037)	(3.0)
		Year ended 3	31 March 20	23	
Sensitivity		+20% mov	/ement	-20% m	ovement
-			Impact		
		Impact on	on NAV	Impact on	Impact on
	Risk	net assets/	per	net assets/	NAV per
	exposure	return	share	return	share
	£′000	£′000	Pence	£′000	Pence
Unquoted investments	51,758	10,352	5.8	(10,352)	(5.8)

for the year ended 31 March 2024

# **16. Financial instruments (continued)**

#### Investment price risk (continued)

The sensitivity analysis for unquoted valuations above assumes that each of the sub-categories of financial instruments (ordinary shares and loan stocks) held by the Company produces an overall positive movement of 20% and negative movement of 20%. Shareholders should note that equal correlation between these subcategories is unlikely to be the case in reality, particularly in the case of loan stock instruments. Where share prices are falling, the equity instrument could fall in value before the loan stock instrument. It is not considered practical to assess the sensitivity of the loan stock instruments to investment price risk in isolation.

#### Interest rate risk

The Company accepts exposure to interest rate risk on floating-rate financial assets through the effect of changes in prevailing interest rates. The Company receives interest on its cash deposits at a rate agreed with its bankers. Investments in loan stock and fixed interest securities attract interest predominately at fixed rates. A summary of the interest rate profile of the Company's investments is shown below.

Interest rate profile of financial assets and financial liabilities

There are three levels of interest which are attributable to the financial instruments as follows:

- "Fixed rate" assets represent investments with predetermined yield targets and comprise fixed interest and loan note investments.
- "Floating rate" assets predominantly bear interest at rates linked to the Bank of England base rate and comprise cash at bank.
- "No interest rate" assets do not attract interest and comprise equity investments, non-interest-bearing convertible loan notes, loans and receivables (excluding cash at bank) and other financial liabilities.

## Interest rate risk profile of financial assets and financial liabilities

	Weighted	Weighted		
	average	average period	2024	2023
	interest rate	until maturity	£′000	£′000
Fixed rate	11.4%	1,601 days	10,835	10,467
Floating rate	Nil		7,559	15,282
No interest rate			63,522	66,234
			81,916	91,983

The Company monitors the level of income received from fixed, floating and non-interest rate assets and, if appropriate, may make adjustments to the allocation between the categories, in particular, should this be required to ensure compliance with the VCT regulations.

During the period the Bank of England base rate has increased from 4.25% per annum at 31 March 2023 to 5.25% per annum at 31 March 2024. Any potential change in the base rate at the current level would not have a material impact on the net assets and total return of the Company.

#### Foreign currency exposure risk

The Company has exposure to foreign currency risk through its investments in companies whose valuation is denominated and who report in US Dollars. This has resulted in an unrealised foreign exchange losses of £217,000 (2023: gains of £585,000) during the year. Due to the relatively low exposure to companies denominated in foreign currencies, the Board considers foreign currency risk to be at an acceptable level and does not seek to mitigate such exposure as this could restrict the net returns from the foreign currency investments.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 16. Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument is unable to discharge a commitment to the Company made under that instrument. The Company is exposed to credit risk through its holdings of loan stock in investee companies, investments in fixed interest securities, cash deposits and debtors.

The Company's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk are summarised as follows:

	2024	2023
	£′000	£′000
Fair value through profit or loss assets:		
Investments in loan stocks	10,835	10,467
Loans and receivables:		
Cash and cash equivalents	7,559	15,282
Interest, dividends and other receivables	7,545	5,339
	25,939	31,088

The Investment Adviser manages credit risk in respect of loan notes with a similar approach as described under investment risks above. In addition, with the exception of new investments, credit risk is mitigated by registering floating charges, covering the full par value of the loan stock in the form of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the investee companies. The strength of this security in each case is dependent on the nature of the investee company's business and its identifiable assets. The level of security is a key means of managing credit risk. Similarly, the management of credit risk associated with interest, dividends and other receivables is covered within the investment management procedures.

Cash is mainly held at Royal Bank of Scotland plc, with a balance also maintained at Bank of Scotland plc, both of which are A rated financial institutions. Cash is also held in A+ rated fixed-term funds via Treasury Spring Limited. Consequently, the Directors consider that the credit risk associated with cash deposits is low.

There has been limited changes in fair value during the year that can be directly attributable to changes in credit risk.

As at 31 March 2024, of the loan stock classified as "past due", on the next page, £6,235,000 relates to the principal of loan notes where the principal has passed its maturity date. As at the balance sheet date, the extent to which the principal is past its maturity date, £600,000 falls within the banding of nil to two years past due and £5,635,000 million is two to five years past due. Notwithstanding this information, the Directors do not consider the loan notes to be impaired at the current time or that maturity dates of the principal have altered.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 16. Financial instruments (continued)

### **Credit risk (continued)**

As at 31 March 2023, of the loan stock classified as "past due", below, £5,957,000 related to the principal of loan notes where the principal had passed its maturity date. As at 31 March 2023, the extent to which the principal is past its maturity date, £778,000 falls within the banding of nil to two years past due and £5,179,000 is two to five years past due. Notwithstanding this information, the Directors did not consider the loan notes to be impaired at 31 March 2023 or that maturity dates of the principal had altered.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company encounters difficulties in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may also arise from either the inability to sell financial instruments when required at their fair values or from the inability to generate cash inflows as required. The Company normally has a relatively low level of creditors (2024: £606,000, 2023: £1,354,000) and has no borrowings. Most of the quoted investments held by the Company are considered to be readily realisable. The Company always holds sufficient levels of funds as cash and readily realisable investments in order to meet expenses and other cash outflows as they arise. For these reasons, the Board believes that the Company's exposure to liquidity risk is minimal.

The Company's liquidity risk is managed by the Investment Adviser in line with guidance agreed with the Board and is reviewed by the Board at regular intervals.

Although the Company's investments are not held to meet the Company's liquidity requirements, the table below shows an analysis of the assets, highlighting the length of time that it could take the Company to realise its assets if it were required to do so.

The carrying value of loan stock investments held at fair value through the profit and loss account at 31 March 2024, as analysed by expected maturity date, is as follows:

	Not later than 1		Between	Over	Passed		
			3 and 5	5	maturity		
	year	years	years	years	years	date	Total
	£′000	£'000	£′000	£'000	£'000	£′000	£′000
As at 31 March 2024							
Fully performing loan stock	-	-	-	969	3,631	-	4,600
Past due loan stock	-	-	-	-	-	6,235	6,235
	-	-	-	969	3,631	6,235	10,835
As at 31 March 2023							
Fully performing loan stock	-	-	-	879	3,631	-	4,510
Past due loan stock	-	-	-	-	-	5,957	5,957
	-	_	_	879	3,631	5,957	10,467

for the year ended 31 March 2024

# 17. Contingencies, guarantees and financial commitments

Since September 2020, the Company has used IBP Capital Markets Limited ("IBP") as custodian for its quoted investments. Appointing a custodian is a requirement of the FCA, and IBP is an FCA authorised and regulated wholesale broker, providing custody services and access to equity and fixed income securities for non-retail clients (which includes the Company). On 13 October 2023, the FCA published a supervisory notice under section 55L(3)(a) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, imposing certain restrictions on IBP. On the same date, IBP applied to the High Court and special administrators were appointed.

During the period since, the Investment Adviser has been actively collaborating with the special administrators to reach a resolution, which has involved reconciling quoted stocks held with IBP ("Custody Assets") and cash held with IBP ("Client Money"). As at 13 October 2023, the Company held Client Money of £1.1 million, (1.2% of indicative NAV on the same date), and Custody Assets of £16.9 million (19.5% of indicative NAV on the same date).

With regards to Custody Assets, whilst the final outcome remains subject to change, particularly as additional claims may be made, there were two differences of value identified initially. These were Tracsis plc and Verici DX plc, together totalling a variance of £0.28 million as at 31 March 2024 (0.3% of NAV), and have been provided for in the accounts. There were no further differences identified. It was announced on 17 May 2024 that the special administrators would be making an Interim Distribution of 80% of eligible Custody Assets, and the transfer of these to the new custodian completed on 19 July 2024. The Company is now able to trade these assets on the quoted market. The remaining 20% withheld will be distributed as part of a Final Court Approved Distribution Plan, unless additional claims are made resulting in a break.

With regards to Client Money, a progress report was released on 12 April 2024 which identified a potential 44% cash shortfall equating to £0.46 million of Client Money held by the Company which has therefore been provided for. Any further deduction for fees relating to the special administration process is unknown at this point, but from the information available these are anticipated to be in the region of £0.14 million payable by the Company. These fees have been accrued for as at 31 March 2024. The total potential exposure based on information available to date is therefore currently estimated to be £0.88 million, representing 1.1% NAV at 31 March 2024.

As noted, the outcome remains subject to change with the final distribution plan being shared following the court proceedings. Timing of this is uncertain. The Company will communicate with Shareholders if there is any new information which materially impacts the numbers presented in this Annual Report.

The Board of Directors would like to reiterate that managing the situation regarding IBP has been particularly challenging for the Company and the Investment Adviser. A significant amount of time has been spent understanding and quantifying the impact to our Shareholders, including exploring in depth whether Shareholders would be covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme. The Investment Adviser has been appointed to the Creditors Committee to ensure the Company remains close to the detail and has influence on key decisions. Operationally, the VCT has been unable to trade any of these quoted investments, resulting in a halt to proper management of the effected portfolio and also impacting wider fund investment activities. The Investment Adviser is currently exploring ways to cover any losses incurred including claiming on IBP's insurance.

for the year ended 31 March 2024

## 18. Controlling party and related party transactions

In the opinion of the Directors, there is no immediate or ultimate controlling party.

Fees payable during the year to the Directors and their interest in shares of the Company are disclosed within the Directors' Remuneration Report on page 40. There were no amounts outstanding and due to the Directors as at 31 March 2024 (2023: nil).

Further related party transactions include Investment Adviser and Administration fees payable to Foresight Group LLP, as disclosed in notes 4 and 5. Of the total Administration fees, £72,000 was payable to Downing LLP, who were the Investment Adviser for part of the year.

In addition, Downing LLP were paid promoter fees in connection with the fundraising offer that was open during the period, which totalled £nil for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: £37,000).

The Company also has an agreement to pay an ongoing trail fee annually to Downing LLP and Foresight LLP, in connection with funds raised under original offers for subscription out of which there is an obligation to pay trail commission to intermediaries. During the year to 31 March 2024, £nil (2023: £192,000) was paid to Downing LLP.

## 19. Events after the end of the reporting period

On 6 June 2024, the previous Chair, Chris Kay stepped down from the board to pursue other interests. From that date, Atul Devani adopted the role of Chair and Barry Dean became Chair of the Audit Committee.

As referenced in note 17, on 19 July 2024, the Company recovered c.80% of the quoted portfolio meaning normal management and trading of these positions can resume following a period of uncertainty as a result of the custodian, IBP Capital Markets Limited, being in special administration.

An interim dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 of 1.1p per share was paid on 26 July 2024 based on an ex-dividend date of 4 July 2024, with a record date of 5 July 2024. The total cost of this dividend was £2.0 million, including 691,312 shares allotted under the dividend reinvestment scheme.

On 26 July 2024, the Company announced it is in discussions to merge with Thames Ventures VCT 2 Plc.

# **Company Information**

Registered number 03150868

**Directors** Atul Devani (Chair)

Chris Allner Barry Dean

Secretary and registered office Foresight Group LLP

The Shard

32 London Bridge Street

London SE1 9SG

**Investment Adviser** Foresight Group LLP

The Shard

32 London Bridge Street

London SE1 9SG

www.foresightgroup.eu

investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu

Auditor BDO LLP

55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

**VCT status advisers**Philip Hare & Associates LLP

Hamilton House

1 Temple Avenue, Temple

London EC4Y 0HA

**Registrars** City Partnership (UK) Limited

The Mending Rooms Park Valley Mills Meltham Road Huddersfield HD4 7BH 01484 240 910

registrars@city.uk.com

**Corporate broker** Panmure Liberum Limited

Chris Lloyd Paul Nolan 0207 886 2716 0207 886 2717

chris.lloyd@panmure.com paul.nolan@panmure.com

**Bankers** Royal Bank of Scotland

Liverpool CSC, Stephenson Way Wavertree, Liverpool, L13 1HE

# **Notice of Annual General Meeting of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Annual General Meeting of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc will be held at Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG at 1.00 p.m. on 4 September 2024 for the transaction of the following business:

If you intend to attend the AGM, please also notify us by email to <a href="mailto:investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu">investorrelations@foresightgroup.eu</a> in case there are any changes to arrangements that need to be communicated at short notice.

As **Ordinary Business**, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions which will be proposed as **Ordinary Resolutions**:

- 1. To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024, together with the Independent Auditors' Report thereon.
- 2. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report.
- 3. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Policy.
- 4. To re-appoint BDO LLP as Auditor of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting at which the accounts of the Company are presented and to authorise the Directors to determine their remuneration.
- 5. To re-elect as Director, Chris Allner, who retires and being eligible, offers himself for re-election.
- 6. To re-elect as Director, Barry Dean, who retires and being eligible, offers himself for re-election.
- 7. To re-elect as Director, Atul Devani, who retires and being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

As **Special Business**, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

#### **Ordinary Resolution**

8. That, in addition to existing authorities, the Directors of the Company be and hereby are generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 ("CA 2006") to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company and to grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the Company up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,000,000 (representing approximately 56% of the share capital in issue at today's date), provided that the authority conferred by this resolution shall expire on the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company held after the passing of this resolution (unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting) but so that this authority shall allow the Company to make before the expiry of this authority offers or agreements which would or might require shares to be allotted or rights to be granted after such expiry.

## **Special Resolutions**

9. That, the Directors of the Company be and hereby are empowered pursuant to Sections 570(1) of the CA 2006 to allot or make offers to or agreements to allot equity securities (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 560(1) of the CA 2006) for cash pursuant to the authority given pursuant to resolution 8 above, as if Section 561(1) of the CA 2006 (pre-emption rights) did not apply to such allotment, provided that the power provided by this resolution shall expire on the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company held after the passing of this resolution (unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting) but so that this authority shall allow the Company to make before the expiry of this authority offers or agreements which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry.

# **Notice of Annual General Meeting of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc** (continued)

#### **Special resolutions (continued)**

- 10. That, the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised for the purpose of section 701 of the CA 2006 to make one or more market purchases (as defined in section 693(4) of CA 2006) of shares provided that:
  - (a) the maximum number of shares hereby authorised to be purchased is 26,557,438 representing approximately 14.9% of the present issued share capital of the Company;
  - (b) the minimum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid for such shares is 1p the nominal amount thereof;
  - (c) the maximum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid for such shares shall be an amount equal to 5% above the average of the middle market quotations for such class of the Company's shares, as derived from the Daily Official List of the London Stock Exchange, for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which the purchase was made;
  - (d) the Company may make a contract to purchase its own shares under this authority prior to the expiry of this authority, and such contract will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of this authority, and the Company may make a purchase of its own shares in pursuance of any such contract;

and this power, unless previously varied, revoked or renewed, shall come to an end at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company next following the passing of this resolution or, if earlier, on the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this resolution.

By order of the Board

## **Foresight Group LLP**

**Company Secretary** 

The Shard 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SG 30 July 2024

#### Note:

Information regarding the Annual General Meeting, including the information required by section 311A of the CA 2006, is available from www.foresightgroup.eu.

# **Notice of Annual General Meeting of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc** (continued)

#### **Notes**

- (a) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint the Chair as their proxy although the Chair will not speak for the member.
- (b) To be valid, a Form of Proxy and the power of attorney or other written authority, if any, under which it is signed or an office or notarially certified copy or a copy certified in accordance with the Powers of Attorney Act 1971 of such power and written authority, must be delivered to the Company's Registrar, The City Partnership (UK) Limited, or electronically at proxies@city.uk.com, in each case not less than 48 hours (excluding weekends and public holidays) before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the Form of Proxy proposes to vote.
- (c) In order to revoke a proxy instruction a member will need to inform the Company using one of the following methods:
  - by sending a signed hard copy notice clearly stating the intention to revoke the proxy appointment to the Company's Registrar, The City Partnership (UK) Limited. In the case of a member which is a company, the revocation notice must be executed under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an officer of the company or an attorney for the company. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which the revocation notice is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the revocation notice.
  - by sending an e-mail to proxies@city.uk.com.
  - In either case, the revocation notice must be received by the Company's Registrar 48 hours (excluding weekends and public holidays) before the Annual General Meeting. If a member attempts to revoke their proxy appointment but the revocation is received after the time specified then, subject to Note (d) directly below, the proxy appointment will remain valid.
- (d) Pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001, the Company has specified that only those holders of the Company's shares registered on the Register of Members of the Company as at 6.30 p.m. on 2 September 2024 or, in the event that the Annual General Meeting is adjourned, on the Register of Members as at close of business 48 hours before any adjourned meeting, shall be entitled to attend and vote at the said Annual General Meeting in respect of such shares registered in their name at the relevant time. Changes to entries on the Register of Members after 6.30 p.m. on 2 September 2024 or, in the event that the Annual General Meeting is adjourned, on the Register of Members less than 48 hours before any adjourned meeting, shall be disregarded in determining the right of any person to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting.
- (e) A personal reply-paid form of proxy is enclosed with this document. To be valid, the enclosed form of proxy for the meeting, together with the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified or office copy thereof, must be deposited at the offices of the Company's Registrar, The City Partnership (UK) Limited, The Mending Rooms, Park Valley Mills, Meltham Road, Huddersfield HD4 7BH, so as to be received no later than 1:00 p.m. on 2 September 2024 or 48 hours before the time appointed for any adjourned meeting or, in the case of a poll taken subsequent to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, so as to be received no later than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking the poll.
- (f) Please note that you can vote your shares electronically by accessing the vote here button/link on the Company website. You will need your City Investor Number (CIN) and Access Code which can be found on the proxy form or the meeting notification that you received.
- (g) As at 9:00 a.m. on 30 July 2024, the Company's issued share capital comprised 178,237,841 Ordinary Shares and the total number of voting rights in the Company was 178,237,841. The Company website, www.foresightgroup.eu will include information on the number of shares and voting rights.

# **Notice of Annual General Meeting of Thames Ventures VCT 1 plc** (continued)

#### **Notes (continued)**

- (h) If you are a person who has been nominated under section 146 of the CA2006 to enjoy information rights ("Nominated Person"):
  - You may have a right under an agreement between you and the member of the Company who has nominated you to have information rights ("Relevant Member") to be appointed or to have someone else appointed as a proxy for the Annual General Meeting;
  - If you either do not have such a right or if you have such a right but do not wish to exercise it, you may have a right under an agreement between you and the Relevant Member to give instructions to the Relevant Member as to the exercise of voting rights;
  - Your main point of contact in terms of your investment in the Company remains the Relevant Member (or, perhaps your custodian or broker) and you should continue to contact them (and not the Company) regarding any changes or queries relating to your personal details and your interest in the Company (including any administrative matters). The only exception to this is where the Company expressly requests a response from you.
- (i) A corporation which is a member can appoint one or more corporate representatives who may exercise, on its behalf, all its powers as a member provided that no more than one corporate representative exercises powers over the same share.
- (j) A vote withheld is not a vote in law, which means that the vote will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against the resolution. If no voting indication is given, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at their discretion. The proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as they think fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the Annual General Meeting.
- (k) Except as provided above, members who have general queries about the Annual General Meeting should write to the Chair at the registered office.
- (I) Members may not use any email address provided either in this notice of Annual General Meeting, or any related documents (including the Chair's letter and Form of Proxy), to communicate with the Company for any purposes other than those expressly stated.

