Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) **BARCLAYS**



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 28 July 2018

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^{*}These collectively comprise the Authorised Corporate Directors' Report together with the Investment Objective and Policy, the Investment Report, the Fund Review, the Market/Economic Review, the Outlook, the Portfolio Statement and the Summary of Material Portfolio Changes sections for each Fund.

Company Information

Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) (the "Company") is an Open-Ended Investment Company (the "OEIC") with variable capital, incorporated in England and Wales under registered number IC000412, authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA") with effect from 18 October 2005.

Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) is structured as an umbrella company with six available sub-funds ("Funds"), which may be increased in the future. The Funds are as follows:

Barclays Global Core Fund
Barclays Sterling Corporate Bond Fund
Barclays UK Alpha Fund
Barclays UK Core Fund
Barclays UK Equity Income Fund
Barclays UK Opportunities Fund

Each Fund is operated as a separate entity with its own portfolio and investment objective. The objective of each Fund is shown within the pages of this report relating to the Fund.

The Authorised Corporate Director's Report ("ACD's") comprises pages 3 to 5 and 181 to 184 of the Annual Report and Accounts, together with the Investment Objective and Policy, the Investment Report, the Market/Economic Review, the Fund Review, the Outlook, the Portfolio Statement and the Summary of Material Portfolio Changes sections for each Fund.

Fund Liabilities

In accordance with the requirements of the OEIC Regulations, the assets of each Fund belong exclusively to that Fund and shall not be used to discharge the liabilities of or claims against the Company, any other Fund or any other person or body.

The ACD may, however, allocate assets received or liabilities that it incurs on behalf of the Funds, which are not attributable to a particular Fund, between the Funds in a manner which it considers to be fair to the Shareholders of the Company. The ACD would normally expect any such re-allocation to be effected on a pro-rata basis having regard to the Net Asset Values of the relevant Funds.

Investors should be aware that the concept of segregated liability between the Funds is relatively new. Where claims are brought by local creditors in foreign courts or under foreign law contracts, it is not yet known how those foreign courts will react to the OEIC Regulations regarding the segregated liability the Funds and cross investment between Funds.

Shareholders are not, however, liable for the debts of the Company. A Shareholder is not therefore liable to make any further payment to the Company after paying the purchase price of Shares.

Cross Holdings

There were no cross holdings between the Funds during the year or as at 28 July 2018.

Valuation Point and Price Publication

The Funds are valued at 1 am daily. Prices are available on the internet at: www.barclaysinvestments.com.

Company Information (continued)

Share Classes

At the balance sheet date, four share classes (A-Class, I-Class, M-Class and R-Class) were available in each Fund with the exception of Barclays Global Core Fund where the share class (M-class) closed in 2009. In addition, a single share class (B-Class), was available in Barclays UK Alpha Fund.

The minimum investment amounts of all classes can be found on pages 181 to 183 of the report. The M-Class shares are only available for purchase by the Investment Manager.

Company Information (continued)

Authorised Corporate Director

Barclays Asset Management Limited

Registered office: 1 Churchill Place London, E14 5HP

Telephone: 0333 300 0093

Registered in England No. 06991560

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Directors of the Authorised Corporate Director

Philip William Best (resigned 16 January 2018) Solomon Woldenhaimanot Soquar Michael Robert Fullalove Mark Newbery Karl Arne Ingemar Hassel

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 More London Riverside London, SE1 2RT

Investment Manager

Barclays Bank PLC (until 30 March 2018) Barclays Investment Solutions Limited (from 1 April 2018) Acting through its Wealth Management division, Registered office:

1 Churchill Place London, E14 5HP

Telephone: 0333 300 0093 Registered in England No. 1026167

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Registrar

Northern Trust Global Services SE 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London, E14 5NT

Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority.

Dealing & Enquiries 0333 300 0093 Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

Custodian

The Northern Trust Company 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London, E14 5NT

Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority.

Depositary

Northern Trust Global Services SE UK Trustee and Depositary Services 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London, E14 5NT

Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority.

Company Information (continued)

Counterparties

At the year end, the Funds were entered into Futures contracts and Forward currency contracts with the following counterparties:

UBS

Barclays Capital

5 The North Colonnade 3 Finsbury Avenue Canary Wharf London, EC2M 2AN

London, E14 4BB

BNP Paribas Paris
Citibank International plc 16 Boulevard des Italiens

Citibank International plc

Citigroup Centre

75009, Paris

33 Canada Square
Canary Wharf
CIBC World Markets PLC

London, E14 5LB 150, Cheapside
London, EC2V 6ET

Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court HSBC Bank plc
133 Fleet Street 8 Canada Square
London, EC4A 2BB London, E14 5HQ

Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc RBC

25 Cabot Square Riverbank House
Canary Wharf 2 Swan Lane
London, E14 4QA London, EC4R 3BF

Société Générale State Street Global Advisors Limited

S G House 20 Churchill Pl
41 Tower Hill Canary Wharf
London, EC3N 4SG London, E14 5HJ

Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's Responsibilities

The Authorised Corporate Director ("ACD") of the Company is required by the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ("COLL"), to prepare financial statements for each accounting period which give a true and fair view in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the net revenue and the net capital gains or losses on the scheme property for the accounting period, and the financial position of the Company at the end of that period. In preparing these financial statements, the ACD is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departure disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Company will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The ACD is also required to manage the Fund in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation, the Prospectus and the COLL, maintain proper accounting records to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association ("IMA") (now known as the Investment Association) in May 2014 and the COLL and take in these respects reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of the Depositary's Responsibilities in respect of the Scheme and Report of the Depositary to the Shareholders of Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) (the "Company") for the year ended 28 July 2018

The Depositary must ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228), as amended, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together the "Regulations"), the Company's Instrument of Incorporation and Prospectus (together the "Scheme documents") as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Company in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Company's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Company is booked into the cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of shares of the Company are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Company's assets is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- the Company's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Corporate Director (the "ACD"), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Regulations and Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Company.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Company, acting through the ACD:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's income in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Company; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company.

Northern Trust Global Services SE UK Trustee and Depositary Services 14 November 2018

The Northern Trust Company. Incorporated with limited liability in the U.S. as an Illinois banking corporation under number 2016. Registered office: 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60603, USA. UK establishment number BR001960 and UK office at 50 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London E14 5NT.

Northern Trust Global Services Limited. Registered in England & Wales under number 4795756. Registered office: 50 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London E14 5NT. Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK)'s financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and each of the sub-funds as at 28 July 2018 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains/losses on the scheme property of the Company and each of the sub-funds for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law), the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the Instrument of Incorporation.

Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) (the "company") is an Open Ended Investment Company ('OEIC') with 6 sub-funds. The financial statements of the company comprise the financial statements of each of the sub-funds. We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Financial Statement (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheets as at 28 July 2018; the statements of total return, the statements of change in net assets attributable to shareholders for the year then ended; the distribution tables; the notes applicable to the financial statements of all funds which include a description of the significant accounting policies; and the notes to the financial statements for each of the sub-funds.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the Authorised Corporate Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Authorised Corporate Director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's or any of the sub-funds' ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for
 issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's or any of the sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern.

Independent auditors' report to the Shareholders of Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) (continued)

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Authorised Corporate Director's Report

In our opinion, the information given in the Authorised Corporate Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Authorised Corporate Director for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's Responsibilities set out on page 7, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Authorised Corporate Director is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for assessing the company's and each of the sub-funds ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authorised Corporate Director either intends to wind up or terminate the company or individual sub-fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Independent auditors' report to the Shareholders of Barclays Multi-Manager Fund (UK) (continued)

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's shareholders as a body in accordance with paragraph 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook as required by paragraph 67(2) of the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Opinion on matter required by the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook

In our opinion, we have obtained all the information and explanations we consider necessary for the purposes of the audit.

Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook exception reporting

Under the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook we are also required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.

Kicewak/houseGopes LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
14 November 2018

Directors' Statement

We hereby certify that these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

Mike Fullalove

(Director)

14 November 2018

Solomon Soquar

(Director)

14 November 2018

Notes applicable to the Financial Statements of all Funds for the year ended 28 July 2018

1. Accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Company comprise the financial statements of each of the Funds and have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association ("IMA") (now known as the Investment Association) in May 2014 (the "IMA SORP 2014").

(b) Recognition of revenue

Revenue from quoted equities and non equity shares is recognised net of attributable tax credits when the security is quoted ex-dividend. Revenue from unquoted equity investments is recognised net of attributable tax credits when the dividend is declared.

Revenue from distribution and accumulation units in collective investment schemes is recognised when the distribution is quoted ex-dividend.

Bond interest is accounted for on an effective yield basis, calculated with reference to the purchase price.

Overseas revenue received after the deduction of withholding tax is shown gross of taxation, with the taxation consequences shown within the taxation charge.

Special dividends are treated as either revenue or capital depending on the facts in each particular case.

Underwriting commission is taken to revenue and recognised when the issue takes place, except where the Fund is required to take up all or some of the shares underwritten, in which case an appropriate proportion of the commission is deducted from the cost of those shares.

All other revenue is recognised on an accruals basis.

(c) Treatment of expenses

The ACD's periodic fee is taken from revenue for the Barclays UK Alpha, Barclays UK Core, Barclays UK Opportunities and Barclays Global Core Funds. The Barclays UK Equity Income and Barclays Sterling Corporate Bond Funds have their expenses taken from capital.

Notes applicable to the Financial Statements of all Funds for the year ended 28 July 2018 (continued)

1. Accounting policies (continued)

(d) Allocation of revenue and expenses to multiple share classes and distribution policy

With the exception of the Authorised Corporate Director's (ACD's) periodic fee and Registration fee, which are directly attributable to individual share classes, all revenue and expenses are allocated to the Fund's share class pro-rata to the value of the net assets of the relevant share class on the day that the revenue or expenses are recognised.

The policy is to distribute all available revenue, after deduction of those expenses which are chargeable in calculating the distribution. In order to conduct a controlled dividend flow, interim distributions will be at the ACD's discretion, up to a maximum of the distributable revenue for the period. All remaining revenue is distributed in accordance with the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL').

The ordinary element of stock dividends is treated as revenue and forms part of the distribution. In the case of an enhanced stock dividend, the value of the enhancement is treated as capital and does not form part of the distribution.

For the purposes of calculating the distribution, the ACD's periodic fee is charged against revenue for the Barclays UK Alpha, Barclays UK Core, Barclays UK Opportunities and Barclays Global Core Funds. The Barclays UK Equity Income Fund and the Barclays Sterling Corporate Bond Fund have their expenses transferred to capital for the purposes of calculating the distribution.

Where the ACD's periodic fee is transferred to capital for the purposes of calculating the distribution, the other charges and expenses for that Fund will also be transferred to capital for the purposes of calculating the distribution, in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA') Rules, which may have the effect of constraining capital growth. Where the ACD's periodic fee is charged against the revenue of a Fund for the purposes of calculating the distribution, all other charges and expenses of that Fund will be treated as a revenue expense.

Distributions which have remained unclaimed by Shareholders for over six years are credited to the capital property of the Fund.

(e) Basis of valuation of investments

All investments are valued at their fair value as at close of business of 27 July 2018, the valuation point for the Funds' year end.

The fair value for non-derivative securities is bid-market price, excluding any accrued interest and the fair value for derivative instruments is the cost of closing out the contract at the balance sheet date. Where values cannot be readily determined, the securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their value.

(f) Taxation

Provision is made for taxation at current rates on the excess of revenue over expenses, with relief for overseas taxation taken where appropriate.

Deferred tax is provided for on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, other than those differences that are regarded as permanent. Any liability to deferred tax is provided for at the average rate of tax expected to apply. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted to reflect the time value of money.

(g) Exchange rates

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Where applicable, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at close of business of 27 July 2018, being the most appropriate valuation point for the Fund's year end.

Notes applicable to the Financial Statements of all Funds for the year ended 28 July 2018 (continued)

1. Accounting policies (continued)

(h) Dilution adjustment

The ACD may in its discretion make a dilution adjustment if, in its opinion, the existing Shareholders, in the case of subscriptions, or remaining Shareholders, in the case of redemptions, might otherwise be adversely affected, and making a dilution adjustment is, so far as practicable, fair to all Shareholders and potential Shareholders. In particular, the dilution adjustment may be made in the following circumstances:

- a) where a Fund is expanding or contracting;
- b) where a Fund is experiencing a large net subscription position or a large net redemption position relative to its size on any dealing day; or
- c) in any other case where the ACD is of the opinion that the interests of Shareholders require the imposition of a dilution adjustment.

Please refer to the chapter on "Valuation, subscriptions and redemptions" and the section titled "Single Swinging Pricing" and "Dilution Adjustment" in the Prospectus for more details on dilution adjustments.

Barclays Global Core Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks long-term capital growth primarily through investment in companies throughout the world.

The Fund invests primarily in common stocks, preferred shares and securities convertible into common stock, of companies throughout the world and across a range of industries. The Fund will invest primarily in companies domiciled and listed or traded in developed markets such as the OECD Countries. While the Fund is not subjected to any capitalisation restrictions, the Fund will seek to invest primarily in large, established companies which meet the Investment Manager's and/or sub-investment manager's selection criteria.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in the common stocks and preferred shares of companies throughout the world. The Fund may, with the remaining portion of the assets (and on an ancillary basis) invest in Investment Grade government and corporate fixed income securities and Convertible Debt Securities (listed or traded on a Regulated Market). Investment in Russian equity securities will not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Any such investment in Russian equity securities will not be the principal focus of the Fund and will only constitute a sector in the overall Fund.

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares rose by 8.61%.

Market/Economic Review

Early on over the period, Europe saw positive economic data with the focus being on the possibility that the ECB could soon reduce its stimulus measures. UK equities also rose over this period. The S&P 500 made positive returns in the midst of supportive economic data and a further weakness in the US dollar. Japan and Emerging Markets equities also registered positive returns with politics dominating headlines in the former as Prime Minister Abe called an election to be held in October. Economic data remained optimistic for Europe but with profit-taking and political risk, the region delivered a negative return.

The start of 2018 saw market volatility pick up as trade tensions rose and the technology sector came under regulatory scrutiny. More recently, trade tensions have escalated and an upward trend in long term interest rates with the Fed appearing to continue on its hiking plan signaling that its baseline forecast for the number of hikes in 2018 would be increased to four from three. The appreciating U.S. dollar and signs of decelerating China economic data drove a steep sell-off in emerging market equities.

In terms of sector performance, using the MSCI World Index, telecommunication services was the main laggard, falling 3.76% over the period followed by consumer staples which delivered 2.49%. There was a marked divergence in sector performance between this and information technology which was the best performer over the period delivering 28.75%. Energy was the next best performing sector with returns of 21.93%, closely followed by consumer discretionary which rose by 18.26%.

(Source: Barclays, Barclays)

Fund Review

Earlier part of the year was dominated by tech followed by a period seeing a healthier broadening out of the rally with the combination of improving EPS and synchronized economic growth across most parts of the world. The Fund performed relatively well versus the MSCI World benchmark in this environment.

The main contribution to performance was stock selection, mainly within energy and information technology.

Although the strategy outperformed during the market sell-off in March, the portfolio finished the first quarter of 2018 behind the index. Earlier in the quarter the strategy was impacted by an increase in bond yields and the outperformance of growth before recouping some of the relative losses in February and March. Security selection in Information technology and Energy was strong however selection in Consumer Discretionary was a drag on the strategy. An underweight to Consumer Staples and overweight to Consumer Discretionary contributed to performance whilst an overweight in Real Estate detracted.

The second quarter of 2018 saw momentum leading and growth outperforming value. Outperformance came entirely from Technology and the internet end of Consumer Discretionary sectors (e.g. Netflix, Amazon and Tripadvisor are all listed in retailing). Due to the income requirement, the strategy would not hold these stocks. Again, within these industries the FAANGS dominated markets. US equities were actually negative without them. In this environment, the strategy lagged the index. Security selection in Real Estate and Energy was strong however selection in Information Technology was a drag on the strategy. An underweight to Consumer Staples and Industrials contributed to performance whilst an overweight to Financials and underweight to Healthcare detracted.

More recently, global markets have been strong buoyed by generally impressive earnings and easing fears of a global trade war. Having lagged growth earlier on, value outperformed over July with this outperformance broadly based across all regions but particularly notable in Japan. The Fund has a value bias with an exposure to higher dividend stocks which performed relatively well in this environment. Asset allocation was positive mainly within software & services and capital goods.

(Source: Bloomberg, Barclays)

Outlook

Central banks across the developed economies have become more comfortable with the gradual removal of monetary accommodation. The US is furthest along the path, with others such as the Bank of England and the ECB still more tentative.

Global trade disputes continue to pose risks to market sentiment and growth and we see US-China economic tensions continuing, including restrictions around China investments in the US and transfer of technology to China. The cost of a full blown trade war would be high and our base outlook remains that economic self-interest will ultimately prevail.

This year, emerging market economies have been forced to weather rising US yields and a resurgent USD, with vulnerable economies like Turkey and Argentina being hit the hardest. In our view, the risk of contagion to the wider emerging market universe appears small, owing to improved macroeconomic foundations and lower reliance on foreign capital inflows within the wider emerging market universe.

On the whole, the global economy appears to be maintaining strength, with projected 2018 GDP growth expectations at 4.7% for major advanced economies and 7.3% for emerging market economies. We believe the world economy will continue to grow and still see the cycle as a relatively distant prospect.

Outlook (continued)

Nonetheless an eye should be kept out for signs of cyclical excess. In such a context we welcome moves towards a more normal monetary backdrop in the developed world.

(Source: Barclays, Barclays)

Barclays Wealth & Investment Management September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	ASIA: 8.32% (9.81%)		
	HONG KONG: 0.12% (0.00%)		
25,000	Wharf	63	0.1
	ISRAEL: 0.00% (0.32%)		
	JAPAN: 8.03% (8.55%)		
3,800	Alfresa Holdings	72	0.1
15,500	Astellas Pharma	194	0.3
6,100	Bridgestone	179	0.3
4,200	Brother Industries	65	0.1
4,600	Canon	113	0.2
1,000	Daito Trust Construction	128	0.2
17,000	Daiwa Securities	76	0.1
1,900	East Japan Railway	137	0.2
24,000	Fujitsu	124	0.2
16,000	Hitachi	89	0.1
1,800	Hitachi High-Technologies	57	0.1
4,600	lida Group Holdings	71	0.1
12,100	ITOCHU	167	0.3
9,700	Japan Tobacco	210	0.4
17,700	JXTG	101	0.1
25,000	Kajima	151	0.2
2,200	Kao	127	0.2
3,500	KDDI	75	0.1
10,700	Konica Minolta	75	0.1
15,000	Marubeni	89	0.1
6,800	Mitsubishi	149	0.2
18,500	Mitsubishi Chemical Holdings	126	0.2
5,200	Mitsui Chemicals	108	0.2
4,400	MS&AD Insurance Group Holdings	104	0.2
1,900	Nippon Telegraph & Telephone	67	0.1
6,800	NTT DOCOMO	135	0.2
12,000	Obayashi	97	0.1
5,200	Osaka Gas	80	0.1
5,500	Panasonic	54	0.1
1,100	Secom	65	0.1
7,900	Sekisui House	103	0.1
1,800	Seven & I	57	0.1
7,000	Subaru	156	0.3
7,200	Sumitomo Mitsui Financial	222	0.4
6,700	Sumitomo Rubber Industries	83	0.1
2,000	Tokio Marine	74	0.1
800	Tokyo Electron	104	0.2
4,500	Tosoh	55	0.1
27,400	Yamada Denki	106	0.2
27,100	Tarriada Deriki	4,245	8.0

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	ASIA: 8.32% (9.81%) (continued)		
	SINGAPORE: 0.17% (0.94%)		
67,900	ComfortDelGro	90	0.1
	EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 28.88% (22.69%)		
	AUSTRIA: 0.00% (0.20%)		
	DENMARK: 0.99% (0.00%)		
9,973	Novo Nordisk	387	0.7
2,871	Vestas Wind Systems	138	0.20
		525	0.99
	FINLAND: 0.34% (1.60%)		
6,486	UPM-Kymmene	177	0.3
	FRANCE: 3.08% (2.19%)		
2,453	Atos	252	0.4
6,031	AXA	113	0.22
3,961	BNP Paribas	192	0.3
3,865	Danone	228	0.4
4,736	Klepierre	132	0.2
75,851	Natixis	405	0.7
3,569	Sanofi	235	0.4
821	Sodexo	67	0.13
		1,624	3.08
	GERMANY: 2.14% (2.79%)		
5,051	Covestro	369	0.70
4,920	Daimler	259	0.49
4,666	Siemens	502	0.9
		1,130	2.14
	IRELAND: 11.83% (5.59%)		
11,429	Accenture	1,411	2.6
3,734	Eaton	229	0.4
7,423	Ingersoll-Rand	553	1.0
98,505	iShares Euro Total Market Growth Large UCITS ETF	3,313	6.2
11,225	Johnson Controls International	308	0.5
10,540	Seagate Technology^^	439	0.8
		6,253	11.83
	ITALY: 0.95% (1.05%)		
30,468	Assicurazioni Generali	401	0.7
45,398	Intesa Sanpaolo	101	0.19
		502	0.9
	JERSEY: 0.48% (0.00%)		
21,213	WPP	252	0.48

	Market		Holding /
% of N	Value		Nominal
Asse	£'000	Investment	Value
		EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 28.88% (22.69%) (contin	
		NETHERLANDS: 3.49% (2.27%)	
0.	113	Aegon	23,202
0.	103	ASML^^	625
0.	181	Koninklijke Ahold	9,500
2.	1,225	LyondellBasell Industries	14,684
0.	224	Philips	6,663
3.	1,846		
		NORWAY: 0.00% (1.50%)	
		SPAIN: 1.88% (1.31%)	
0.	84	Banco Bilbao Vizcaya	15,329
0.	163	Iberdrola	27,614
0.	145	International Consolidated Airlines Group	20,963
0.	196	Red Electrica	12,242
0.	408	Repsol	27,359
1.	996		
		SWEDEN: 1.71% (1.07%)	
0.	70	Electrolux Class 'B'	3,954
0.	471	Nordea Bank	58,176
0.	233	Skanska	16,380
0.	132	Swedbank	7,369
1.	906		
		SWITZERLAND: 1.99% (3.12%)	
0.	112	Adecco	2,419
0.	160	Nestlé	2,560
0.	85	Novartis	1,339
0.	513	Roche	2,747
0.	115	Swisscom	325
0.	67	Zurich Insurance	291
1.	1,052		
		NORTH AMERICA: 49.93% (53.96%)	
		BERMUDA: 0.17% (1.26%)	
0	89	Invesco	4,512
		CANADA: 5.89% (7.76%)	
1.	694	Bank of Montreal	11,438
0.	371	Bank of Nova Scotia	8,307
1.	980	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	14,224
0.	167	CI Financial	12,437
0.	190	IGM Financial	8,216
0	90	Inter Pipeline	6,326
0.	157	Manulife Financial	11,225
0.	328	National Bank of Canada	8,822
0.	134	Vermillion Energy	4,870
5.	3,111		.,5.0

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	NORTH AMERICA: 49.93% (53.96%) (continued)		
0.700	CAYMAN ISLANDS: 0.39% (0.00%)		0.45
9,700	ASM Pacific Technology	88	0.17
7,000	CK Hutchison	57	0.11
98,000	WH Group	60	0.11
	LINUTED STATES AD ARRY (AA DARY)	205	0.39
1,098	UNITED STATES: 43.48% (44.94%) 3M	174	0.33
1,096	Altria	502	0.95
1,594	Ameriprise Financial	181	0.34
2,473	Apple^^	360	0.68
2,473	Archer-Daniels-Midland	102	0.19
36,298	AT&T	859	1.63
14,395	Best Buy	819	1.55
10,453	CA^^	350	0.66
8,275	Cummins	876	1.66
8,375	CVS Health	425	0.80
5,328	Delta Air Lines	221	0.42
1,803	Edison International	91	0.17
6,170	Exxon Mobil	385	0.73
4,225	Fastenal^^	182	0.34
17,933	FNF	553	1.05
51,528	Ford Motor	390	0.74
15,167	Gap	340	0.64
3,839	General Mills	132	0.25
14,068	Gilead Sciences^^	823	1.56
29,389	H&R Block	557	1.05
5,387	HCA Healthcare	510	0.97
45,465	Hewlett Packard Enterprise	540	1.02
16,325	Host Hotels & Resorts Reits	259	0.49
1,268	Humana	304	0.58
17,910	Intel^^	650	1.23
9,595	International Business Machines	1,061	2.01
23,401	Interpublic Group of Cos	400	0.76
1,616	Kimberly-Clark	133	0.25
7,133	Kohl's	394	0.75
748	McDonald's	90	0.17
26,510	Microsoft^^	2,174	4.11
14,194	Morgan Stanley	552	1.04
11,063	OGE Energy	305	0.58
8,485	PepsiCo^^	739	1.40
48,342	Pfizer	1,415	2.68
9,884	Procter & Gamble	607	1.15
6,375	Prudential Financial	480	0.91

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	NORTH AMERICA: 49.93% (53.96%) (continued)		
	UNITED STATES: 43.48% (44.94%) (continued)		
4,856	Public Service Enterprise	190	0.3
3,293	Simon Property	423	0.8
2,148	Starbucks^^	85	0.1
1,708	State Street	113	0.2
2,241	SunTrust Banks	124	0.2
1,724	Target	105	0.2
1,781	Texas Instruments^^	153	0.29
3,033	Union Pacific	343	0.6
1,449	UnitedHealth	283	0.5
678	Vail Resorts	143	0.2
15,551	Valero Energy	1,378	2.6
3,340	Ventas	140	0.2
1,878	Walmart	126	0.2
5,658	Welltower	266	0.5
775	Whirlpool	76	0.1
4,865	Xerox	95	0.18
		22,978	43.4
	PACIFIC: 3.27% (3.99%)		
	AUSTRALIA: 3.27% (3.84%)		
5,611	AGL Energy	69	0.1
9,299	Amcor	78	0.1
5,603	Australia & New Zealand Bank	93	0.1
3,888	BHP Billiton	75	0.1
7,775	Caltex Australia	140	0.2
3,042	CIMIC	85	0.1
4,782	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	203	0.38
3,075	Flight Centre Travel	116	0.2
27,205	Fortescue Metals	67	0.13
37,396	Insurance Australia	169	0.3
1,952	Macquarie	137	0.2
85,308	Mirvac	110	0.2
7,843	National Australia Bank	126	0.2
1,658	Rio Tinto	76	0.1
44,890	Vicinity Centres	67	0.1
6,999	Westpac Banking	116	0.2
	-	1,727	3.2

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	PACIFIC: 3.27% (3.99%) (continued)		
	NEW ZEALAND: 0.00% (0.15%)		
	UNITED KINGDOM: 5.80% (8.25%)		
10,245	BAE Systems	67	0.13
33,647	Barratt Developments	181	0.34
5,054	Berkeley	188	0.36
65,055	BT	154	0.29
34,557	HSBC	252	0.48
16,105	Imperial Brands	457	0.86
66,846	Marks & Spencer	207	0.39
2,503	Reckitt Benckiser	170	0.32
12,184	Rio Tinto	507	0.96
20,548	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	546	1.03
23,508	Royal Mail	110	0.21
59,514	Taylor Wimpey	105	0.20
2,852	Unilever	123	0.23
		3,067	5.80
	Futures: 0.02% (0.00%)		
15	Russell 1000 Emini Cme Future Expiry		
	September 2018	10	0.02
	Portfolio of investments*	50,848	96.22
	Net other assets	1,995	3.78
	Net assets	52,843	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market.

^{*} Includes derivatives.

^{^^} These securities are quoted on NASDAQ and comprise 11.46% (28 July 2017: 13.76%) of the Net Asset Value.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
-	£	-	£
iShares Euro Total Market Growth		Aetna	1,482,644
Large UCITS ETF	3,874,948	Cisco Systems	1,054,199
Aetna	775,410	iShares Euro Total Market Growth	
Best Buy	747,441	Large UCITS ETF	826,124
Hanesbrands	736,784	HSBC MSCI World UCITS ETF	779,608
McKesson	723,249	McKesson	739,930
Public Service Enterprise	702,318	Seagate Technology	715,534
Seagate Technology	685,375	Valero Energy	715,360
PepsiCo	682,973	L Brands	670,204
Apple	647,180	Microsoft	618,229
FNF	643,756	Telenor	606,658
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018
Total purchases for the year			£39,376,185
Total sales for the year			£42,846,243

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

			07/2017 to 8/07/2018		07/2016 to 8/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital gains	2		3,603		5,855
Revenue	3	1,760		1,799	
Expenses	4	(637)		(634)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	-		(1)	
Net revenue before taxation		1,123		1,164	
Taxation	5	(171)		(177)	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			952		987
Total return before distributions			4,555		6,842
Distributions	6		(952)		(987)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			3,603		5,855

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

	29/07/2017 to		29/07/2016 to	
	2	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		51,485		47,447
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	315		290	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(3,481)		(3,067)	
		(3,166)		(2,777)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from				
investment activities		3,603		5,855
Retained distribution on accumulation shares		921		960
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		52,843		51,485

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	8/07/2018	2	28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		50,848		50,816
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	109		125	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	170		-	
Cash and bank balances	9	1,970		694	
Total current assets			2,249		819
Total assets			53,097		51,635
Liabilities					
Creditors					
Distribution payable	10	(2)		(2)	
Other creditors	10	(252)		(148)	
Total creditors			(254)		(150)
Total liabilities			(254)		(150)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			52,843		51,485

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital gains

	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
The net capital gains on investments during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	3,517	5,869
Derivative contracts	109	-
Currency losses	(7)	-
Transaction charges	(16)	(14)
Net capital gains on investments	3,603	5,855

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
	1 000	£ 000
Franked UK dividends	178	170
UK REIT dividends	-	9
Non-taxable overseas dividends	1,538	1,532
Taxable overseas dividends	-	61
Overseas fund dividends	43	27
Bank interest	1	-
Total revenue	1,760	1,799

4. Expenses

n Expenses	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
Doughla to the ACD associates of the ACD and agents of either of them	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:	402	477
ACD's periodic fee	483	477
Registration fee	77	76
	560	553
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either o	f them:	
Depositary fee	8	8
Safe custody fee	2	2
	10	10
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	36	36
Audit fee	12	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
Printing fee	8	13
FCA fee	1	-
Tax advisory fee	8	8
	67	71
Total expenses	637	634

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5. Taxation		
(a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year		
,	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Prior years ECJ overseas tax reclaims	-	_
Overseas tax	171	177
Current tax note 5(b)	171	177
Deferred tax note 5(c)	-	-
Total taxation	171	177

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (28 July 2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	1,123	1,164
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of corporation	n tax at 20%	
(2017: 20%)	225	233
Effects of:		
Double taxation relief expensed	(2)	-
Overseas tax	171	177
Revenue not subject to taxation	(336)	(348)
Excess management expenses not utilised	113	115
Current tax	171	177

(c) Provision for deferred tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end, there is a potential deferred tax asset of £1,352,092 (28 July 2017: £1,239,447) due to surplus management expenses. It is unlikely the Fund will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these amounts and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised (28 July 2017: same).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

,	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Final distribution	923	962
Total distribution	923	962
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	31	28
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(2)	(3)
Distributions for the year	952	987

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distribution for the year are as follows:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	952	987
Distributions for the year	952	987

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Interest payable and similar charges		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	-	1
	-	1
8. Debtors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	-	1
Accrued revenue	60	73
Overseas tax recoverable	49	51
	109	125
9. Net uninvested cash		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	170	-
Cash and bank balances	1,970	694
Net uninvested cash	2,140	694
10. Creditors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
(a) Other creditors		
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	158	58
Accrued expenses	94	90
	252	148
(b) Distributions payable		
Net distributions payable	2	2
	2	2

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 16. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the COLL. In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund invests in securities which are issued by smaller companies and therefore there is likely to be increased volatility in price movements. The securities may also be less liquid than securities on larger exchanges which are generally traded more frequently.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. Forward currency contracts can be utilised to manage this risk or to increase exposure to foreign currencies as necessary. The Fund does not aim to hedge foreign currency risk and retains significant foreign currency exposure.

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2018	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Australian Dollar	-	1,732	1,732
Canadian Dollar	13	3,115	3,128
Danish Krone	-	527	527
Euro	52	5,068	5,120
Hong Kong Dollar	-	269	269
Japanese Yen	-	4,259	4,259
Polish Zlotych	-	2	2
Singapore Dollar	-	90	90
Swedish Krona	-	907	907
Swiss Francs	3	1,078	1,081
US Dollar	186	27,274	27,460
	254	44,321	44,575

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk (continued)

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2017	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Australian Dollar	5	1,970	1,975
Canadian Dollar	32	3,995	4,027
Danish Krone	1	-	1
Euro	47	4,867	4,914
Hong Kong Dollar	-	72	72
Israeli Shekel	-	167	167
Japanese Yen	12	4,403	4,415
New Zealand Dollar	-	74	74
Norwegian Krone	-	770	770
Polish Zlotych	2	-	2
Singapore Dollar	1	226	227
Swedish Krona	7	551	558
Swiss Francs	49	1,502	1,551
US Dollar	110	27,188	27,298
	266	45,785	46,051

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

	Net	2018 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2018	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Australian Dollar	1,732	14	242
Canadian Dollar	3,128	15	469
Danish Krone	527	8	42
Euro	5,120	8	410
Hong Kong Dollar	269	12	32
Japanese Yen	4,259	12	511
Polish Zlotych	2	8	-
Singapore Dollar	90	8	7
Swedish Krona	907	18	163
Swiss Francs	1,081	13	141
US Dollar	27,460	12	3,295
	44,575		5,313

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk (continued)

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Australian Dollar	1,975	11	217
Canadian Dollar	4,027	12	483
Danish Krone	1	8	-
Euro	4,914	8	393
Hong Kong Dollar	72	11	8
Israeli Shekel	167	14	23
Japanese Yen	4,415	17	751
New Zealand Dollar	74	12	9
Norwegian Krone	770	13	100
Polish Zlotych	2	14	-
Singapore Dollar	227	8	18
Swedish Krona	558	10	56
Swiss Francs	1,551	9	140
US Dollar	27,298	11	3,003
	46,051		5,201

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates.

The Fund's only interest bearing financial instruments were its bank balances and overdraft facilities as disclosed in note 9.

Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

(e) Derivatives – sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 1.62% (28 July 2017: 0.00%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 97.82% (28 July 2017: 0.00%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 0.9782 (28 July 2017: 0.0000) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(g) Counterparty risk

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over The Counter' (OTC) derivative instruments. These types of instruments introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments. In order to reduce this risk, a collateral may be held by the Fund.

Exposure to a counterparty is calculated using the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contracts.

The counterparties to these transactions and any collateral held by the Fund at the balance sheet date are shown below:

28/07/2018	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	10
28/07/2017	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	-

13. Fair value disclosures

Amendments to FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' - Fair value hierarchy disclosures requires that an analysis of investments and investment liabilities by reference to a fair value hierarchy be disclosed as follows:

Level 1: Fair value based on an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments includes exchange-traded instruments unless there is persistently insufficient activity to regard the market as active. Examples typically include equities, depositary receipts, warrants, rights, money market instruments, exchange-traded derivatives, exchange-traded products (including exchange-traded funds) and some highly liquid exchange traded debt securities.

Level 2: Fair value based on a valuation technique using observable market data includes over-the-counter instruments, instruments priced via multi-broker quotes or evaluated pricing techniques, exchange-traded instruments where the market is persistently not active and instruments subject to fair value pricing adjustments made by reference to observable market data. Examples typically include OTC derivatives, debt securities, convertible bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and open-ended funds.

Level 3: Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on unobservable data and this typically includes single broker-priced instruments, suspended/unquoted securities, private equity, unlisted closed-ended funds and openended funds with restrictions on redemption rights.

It is the responsibility of the Fair Value Forum ('FVF') to ensure pricing sources and methodologies used to value securities are appropriate as delegated by the ACD. Investments classified as using inputs that are not based on observable market data comprise fair value adjusted securities, stale and single sourced bonds. In seeking to value such securities where no liquid market exists, the FVF will gather valuation related information from multiple internal and external sources. These sources include historic trading and pricing information and the views of internal security analysts. Internal security analysts have access to a range of material including, company specific news and earnings, cash flow forecasts, valuations of the underlying portfolio company and competitor company valuations within related industries and sectors to determine a valuation recommendation for each unlisted security.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures (continued)

Generally for fair valued securities, stale and single source bonds, where there is no price source from an active market, the FVF has applied judgement in determining the fair value. This fair value is established by using measures such as; stale priced securities where the last traded price is used. The FVF has the ability to apply discounts to security valuations. Management determines the discount based on its judgement, after considering market liquidity conditions and company specific factors such as the development stage of the portfolio company. Generally unlisted securities are valued at cost, a trade executed by another Barclays Fund, grey market trades or at a nil value where companies have gone into liquidation, administration or are deemed worthless. Single sourced broker prices use data received from a single pricing vendor and stale prices use the most recent broker quote available.

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2018

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Equities	47,525	-	-	47,525	
Collective Investment Schemes	3,313	-	-	3,313	
Futures	10	-	-	10	
	50,848	-	-	50,848	
Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2017					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Fauities	50.027	_	8	50.035	

Financial Assets	£'000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Equities	50,027	-	8	50,035
Collective Investment Schemes	781	-	-	781
Futures	-	-	-	-
	50,808	-	8	50,816

14. Portfolio transaction costs

29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018

the year before transaction costs	Camanianiana		T	•		·
		%		%		costs £'000
35,477	9	0.03%	15	0.04%	24	35,501
ment						
3,873	2	0.05%	-	0.00%	2	3,875
39,350	11	0.03%	15	0.04%	26	39,376
	transaction costs £'000 35,477 ment 3,873	transaction costs Commissions £'000 £'000 35,477 9 ment 3,873 2	transaction costs £'000 £'000 % 35,477 9 0.03% ment 3,873 2 0.05%	transaction costs £'000 Commissions £'000 Taxes £'000 35,477 9 0.03% 15 ment 3,873 2 0.05% -	transaction costs £'000 Commissions £'000 Taxes £'000 35,477 9 0.03% 15 0.04% ement 3,873 2 0.05% - 0.00%	transaction costs £'000 Commissions £'000 Taxes £'000 costs £'000 35,477 9 0.03% 15 0.04% 24 3873 2 0.05% - 0.00% 2

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)
29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018

Total transaction costs

as a % of the average net assets

29/07/2017 t	to 28/07/2018						
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	41,253	(11)	(0.03%)	(1)	0.00%	(12)	41,241
Collective Inve							
Schemes	1,606	(1)	(0.06%)	-	0.00%	()	1,605
Total	42,859	(12)	(0.03%)	(1)	0.00%	(13)	42,846
Total transact	ion costs	23		16			
as a % of the	average net assets	0.04%		0.03%			
29/07/2016 1	to 28/07/2017						
23, 0,, 2010	Purchases in						
	the year before					Total purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%		£'000
Purchases							
Equities	33,012	9	0.03%	19	0.06%	28	33,040
Collective Inve	estment						
Schemes	114	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	114
Total	33,126	9	0.03%	19	0.06%	28	33,154
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	32,996	(9)	(0.03%)	(1)	0.00%	(10)	32,986
Collective Inve	estment						
Schemes	1,203	-	-	-	0.00%	-	1,203
Total	34,199	(9)	(0.03%)	(1)	0.00%	(10)	34,189

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

20

0.04%

18

0.04%

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions.

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs, these costs form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.09% (28 July 2017: 0.09%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%). Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £43,374 (28 July 2017: £43,155) are due to the ACD.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 39 to 40. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	22,334	21,946
Issued during year	305	388
Cancelled during year	(22,334)	-
Conversions during the year	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	305	22,334
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	1,797,678	1,934,107
Issued during year	10,240	3,916
Cancelled during year	(103,218)	(140,345)
Conversions during the year	(44,570)	-
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	1,660,130	1,797,678
Number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	42,739	26,045
Issued during year	33,210	17,881
Cancelled during year	(6,229)	(1,187)
Conversions during the year	-	
Total number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	69,720	42,739
Number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	24,903,735	26,298,249
Issued during year	122,063	139,541
Cancelled during year	(1,644,346)	(1,534,055)
Conversions during the year	42,890	
Total number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	23,424,342	24,903,735

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Table for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

That arriagha distribution in period per share				
	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/09/2018	28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.3279p	-	2.3279p	2.1634p
Group 2	2.0562p	0.2717p	2.3279p	2.1634p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	2.4682p	-	2.4682p	2.4844p
Group 2	1.7127p	0.7555p	2.4682p	2.4844p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	3.1266p	-	3.1266p	3.1207p
Group 2	2.0036p	1.1230p	3.1266p	3.1207p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	3.7578p	-	3.7578p	3.6744p
Group 2	2.0481p	1.7097p	3.7578p	3.6744p

Performance Tables

	A-	-Class Distributio	n	A-C	lass Accumulatio	n
29	9/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per sh	nare					
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	160.00	142.21	122.82	186.19	163.29	138.58
Return before operating cha	rges* 17.35	22.82	24.28	19.52	26.19	27.39
Operating charges	(2.80)	(2.87)	(2.38)	(3.49)	(3.29)	(2.68)
Return after operating charg	jes* 14.55	19.95	21.90	16.03	22.90	24.71
Distributions	(2.33)	(2.16)	(2.51)	(2.47)	(2.48)	(2.83)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	2.47	2.48	2.83
Closing net asset value						
per share**	172.22	160.00	142.21	202.22	186.19	163.29
*after direct transaction						
costs of:	0.12	(0.12)	(0.10)	0.14	(0.14)	(0.11)
Performance						
Return after charges	9.09%	14.03%	17.83%	8.61%	14.02%	17.83%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'00	- (00	36	31	3,357	3,347	3,158
Closing number of shares ('0	000) -	22	22	1,660	1,798	1,934
Operating charges (%)	1.74%	1.84%	1.91%	1.82%	1.84%	1.91%
Direct transaction costs	0.07%	0.08%	0.08%	0.07%	0.08%	0.08%
Prices						
Highest share price	174.90	166.10	145.10	202.50	190.70	163.70
Lowest share price	155.60	140.10	111.00	180.30	160.80	125.20

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	R-	Class Distributio	n	R-Cl	ass Accumulatior	ı
29/0	07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
28	3/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per sha	re					
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	160.38	142.54	123.00	192.88	168.15	141.84
Return before operating charge	es* 16.91	22.90	24.45	20.32	27.02	28.20
Operating charges	(2.04)	(1.94)	(1.64)	(2.45)	(2.29)	(1.89)
Return after operating charges	* 14.87	20.96	22.81	17.87	24.73	26.31
Distributions	(3.13)	(3.12)	(3.27)	(3.76)	(3.67)	(3.78)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	3.76	3.67	3.78
Closing net asset value						
per share**	172.12	160.38	142.54	210.75	192.88	168.15
*after direct transaction						
costs of:	0.12	(0.12)	(0.10)	0.15	(0.14)	(0.11)
Performance						
Return after charges	9.27%	14.70%	18.54%	9.26%	14.71%	18.55%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'000) 120	68	37	49,366	48,034	44,221
Closing number of shares ('00	0) 70	43	26	23,424	24,904	26,298
Operating charges (%)	1.23%	1.24%	1.31%	1.23%	1.24%	1.31%
Direct transaction costs	0.07%	0.08%	0.08%	0.07%	0.08%	0.08%
Prices						
Highest share price	175.50	167.10	146.20	211.00	197.10	168.60
Lowest share price	155.90	140.40	111.20	187.50	165.60	128.20

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a guarantee. The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Fund is in Category 5 because of the high range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund may use derivatives in an attempt to reduce risk (hedging) or for investment purposes. It may be that the use of derivatives causes share prices to fluctuate which may in turn result in loss to the Fund.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Stock markets can be volatile, meaning that the prices of shares held by the Fund can change quickly and substantially.

If you purchase shares in the Fund through a clearing or settlement system, you will be bound by its terms and conditions, which may include the payment of additional fees.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment.

The Fund may seek to identify and invest in undervalued securities. The identification of investment opportunities in undervalued securities is difficult and there can be no assurance that such opportunities will be successfully identified.

Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the fund and your investment.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

Barclays Sterling Corporate Bond Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks to achieve total return primarily through investment in Sterling denominated corporate debt securities.

The Fund invests primarily in Sterling denominated fixed income securities issued by corporations and non-government related issuers with an investment grade credit rating from Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's listed or traded on a Regulated Market in the UK or in an OECD country. While the Fund will seek to invest primarily in such securities, it may also make allocations to other investment grade securities and, on an ancillary basis (i.e. not to exceed 10%), to below investment grade securities. The Fund may hold securities of varying maturities.

Whilst the Fund will invest predominantly in Sterling denominated corporate debt securities, it may also, on an ancillary basis, invest in non-Sterling denominated corporate debt securities and other fixed income securities. In such instances, the Investment Manager and/or sub-investment manager(s) may seek to hedge the currency exposure of the non-Sterling denominated holdings to Sterling, although it is not required to do so.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in corporate debt securities denominated in Sterling.

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares fell by 0.60%.

Market/Economic Review

UK corporate bond market delivered a small positive return during the period with the Markit iBoxx Sterling Non-Gilts Index delivering a positive absolute performance of 0.17%. During the first six months, the Sterling Corporate Bond market outperformed equivalent gilts although this was largely reversed during the second half of the period. The reporting period began with the rally in gilt yields continuing throughout August. The 10 year gilt yield fell to just 0.97% in early September. Gilt yields spike higher in September on the back of commentary from the Bank of England which turned more hawkish and led the market to price in the likelihood of a hike in base rates. From here gilt yields remained relatively range bound although ended the period on an up-trend at the highest level for the period 1.65% on the 10 year and ending the period at 1.28%. The yield curve flattened over the course of the period as the 2 year yield increased by 51 basis points to 0.76% whilst the 30 year gilt yield decreased by 12 basis points to 1.73%.

The market began pricing in the possibility of a rate hike from the Bank of England in September which was duly delivered in November. This was the first hike in base rates since 2007 but had relatively limited effect as the hike had been well telegraphed. This was followed by a second rate hike of 25 basis points in August, just after the end of the reporting period. The global environment for risk assets remained supportive throughout the remainder of 2017 and into 2018. For the second half of the reporting period the environment turned less supportive as the market became concerned over a number of macro and idiosyncratic country risks. At the macro the main focus was on escalating trade tensions combined with a stronger US Dollar which was supported by better growth differentials and the tightening of monetary policy. At an idiosyncratic level Turkey and Argentina came under pressure given their imbalances whilst political risk increased in both Italy and Brazil. Finally in the UK, the Brexit negotiations revealed limited progress. This led to some underperformance from corporate credit globally on the back of a flight to quality. Throughout the period industrial and securitized credit outperformed financials and utilities and in general higher quality credit outperformed lower quality credit.

Market/Economic Review (continued)

Economic data in the UK remained relatively stable throughout the course of the period. Despite concerns over the negotiations between the UK and the European Union real GDP was reported at 1.3% for the 12m to the end of June 2018. Growth in the UK has continued the decline since the post crisis peak at the end of 2014 and has declined from 1.8% for the same period one year earlier. Consumer price inflation increase for the first 6 months of the period but ended the period at 2.5% for the prior 12 months which was the same level recorded 12 months earlier. The market generally expects the inflation rate in the UK to remain close to the central bank's target however, any notable move in Sterling following the Brexit negotiations may have a material impact on future inflation.

(Source: Bloomberg, Barclays)

Fund Review

Overall the fund benefitted from credit sector and allocation decisions whilst interest rate management and the small cash allocation within the portfolio was a detractor. Throughout the period, the fund has maintained some off benchmark exposure to US corporate credit. This contributed positively during the first half of the period as the US corporate credit market outperformed the UK market and has been reduced as the year progressed.

The fund allocated to some US interest rate risk which detracted from performance however, the overweight to European and Canadian interest rate risk combined with an underweight to the UK Gilts contributed positively to performance. Sector allocation decisions proved marginally positive for performance with the underweight positions in insurance, utilities and the communications sectors all contributing positively. This was offset to some extent by the small overweight to the basic materials sector and the positioning in the consumer cyclical sector.

Sector allocation decisions proved relatively mixed with positive results from security selection. The underweight to the government agency and industrial sectors were the most notable detractors however, selection decisions particularly within industrials more than offset this. Exposure to the securitized sectors through asset backs securities and commercial mortgage backed securities were positive contributors from an allocation perspective.

The fund benefitted from issuer selection across a range of sectors including Lloyds Bank and Yorkshire Building Society in the Banking sector and particularly from HSBC. Admiral Group and Society of Lloyds contributed in the insurance sector. The position in Ladbrokes worked well as did Rowan in the energy sector and Town Centre Securities and SLM Student Loan Trust in the securitized sector.

(Source: Bloomberg, Barclays)

Outlook

The outlook for the Sterling Bond market remains challenged given the low level of government bond yields. The yield on 10 year gilts remain well below the average over the last 10 years albeit above the all time low levels witnessed following the Brexit referendum in 2017. In addition, the spread between US and UK government bonds yields remains close to the peak from the last 20 years.

Outlook (continued)

Following the hikes in the Bank rate in 2017 and recently in 2018, the market is currently pricing in one additional hike in 2019 although clearly the continuing Brexit negotiations create a great deal of uncertainty surrounding the economic outlook. Inflation in the UK has been moving back towards target following the spike driven by the meaningful decline in Sterling following the referendum. It is expected that the inflation rate in the UK should remain close to the central bank's target however; any notable move in Sterling following the Brexit negotiations may have a material impact on future inflation.

Barclays Wealth & Investment Management September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in fixed interest securities or ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	Government Bonds: 20.83% (9.06%)		
	Short Dated: 10.09% (4.21%)		
£6,000,000	European Investment Bank 1.5% 01/02/2019	6,023	3.27
£2,000,000	United Kingdom Gilt 1.75% 07/09/2022	2,067	1.12
£7,000,000	United Kingdom Gilt 3.75% 07/09/2019	7,236	3.93
£3,000,000	United Kingdom Gilt 3.75% 07/09/2021	3,268	1.77
		18,594	10.09
	Medium Dated: 1.19% (1.69%)		
£2,000,000	United Kingdom Gilt 2.75% 07/09/2024	2,195	1.19
	Long Dated: 9.55% (3.16%)		
£4,000,000	European Investment Bank 6% 07/12/2028	5,619	3.05
£400,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/03/2036	558	0.30
£300,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2046	467	0.25
£600,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2049	968	0.53
£350,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2055	604	0.33
£2,300,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.5% 07/12/2042	3,556	1.93
£3,200,000	United Kingdom Gilt 4.75% 07/12/2038	4,882	2.65
\$1,200,000	University of California Revenue 4.858% 15/05/2112	944	0.51
		17,598	9.55
	Corporate Bonds: 76.25% (85.10%)		
	Short Dated: 18.18% (10.36%)		
£2,654,000	AA Bond 2.875% 31/01/2022	2,587	1.40
£236,000	AA Bond 4.2487% 31/07/2020	244	0.13
£2,242,000	Barclays Bank 10% 21/05/2021	2,677	1.45
€550,000	Blackstone Property Partners Europe 1.4% 06/07/2022	492	0.27
£700,000	Close Brothers Finance 3.875% 27/06/2021	739	0.40
£1,300,000	Daimler International Financial 1.5% 18/08/2021	1,294	0.70
\$425,000	Dell International/EMC 4.42% 15/06/2021	329	0.18
£1,500,000	Deutsche Bank 1.875% 28/02/2020	1,493	0.81
£500,000	Edinburgh Investment Trust 7.75% 30/09/2022^^	604	0.33
£500,000	Firstgroup 5.25% 29/11/2022	551	0.30
£1,860,000	Glencore Finance Europe 5.5% 03/04/2022	2,080	1.13
£1,300,000	HSBC FRN 27/06/2023	1,296	0.70
£650,000	Investec 4.5% 05/05/2022	696	0.38
10,000,000	KFW 1.375% 01/02/2021	10,081	5.47
\$1,100,000	Korea Development Bank 3% 17/03/2019	838	0.45
\$550,000	Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power 2.875% 02/10/2018	419	0.23
\$850,000	Pershing Square 5.5% 15/07/2022	648	0.35
£250,000	Phoenix 4.125% 20/07/2022	256	0.14
£300,000	Phoenix 5.75% 07/07/2021	331	0.18
£300,000	Provident Financial 7% 04/06/2023	306	0.17
£950,000	RAC Bond 4.565% 06/05/2023	978	0.53
£1,000,000	Santander UK 5.125% 14/04/2021	1,100	0.60

Holding / Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	% of Net
Value	Corporate Bonds: 76.25% (85.10%) (continued)	2 000	, 133013
	Short Dated: 18.18% (10.36%) (continued)		
\$600,000	Scentre Group Trust 1 / Scentre Group Trust 2 2.375% 05/11/201	9 451	0.24
£600,000	Thames Water Utilities Cayman Finance 2.375% 03/05/2023	586	0.32
£1,340,000	UBS 1.25% 10/12/2020	1,333	0.72
£1,050,000	Westpac Banking 5% 21/10/2019	1,098	0.60
		33,507	18.18
	Medium Dated: 19.04% (22.92%)		
£550,000	Admiral Group 5.5% 25/07/2024	606	0.33
£400,000	Akelius Residential Property 2.375% 15/08/2025	386	0.21
£550,000	Anheuser-Busch InBev 9.75% 30/07/2024	784	0.43
£350,000	Assura 3% 19/07/2028	351	0.19
£925,000	Bank of Scotland 4.875% 20/12/2024	1,100	0.60
£250,000	Bankers Investment Trust 8% 31/10/2023^^	305	0.17
£1,700,000	Barclays FRN 06/10/2023	1,676	0.91
£198,854	BL Superstores Finance 4.482% 04/10/2025	225	0.12
£130,104	BL Superstores Finance 5.27% 04/10/2025	143	0.08
€950,000	Blackstone Property Partners Europe 2.2% 24/07/2025	838	0.45
£300,000	Close Brothers 4.25% 24/01/2027	312	0.17
£1,000,000	Clydesdale Bank 4.625% 08/06/2026	1,200	0.65
£300,000	CPUK Finance 7.239% 28/02/2024	370	0.20
€450,000	Credit Suisse FRN 18/09/2025	439	0.24
£200,000	CYBG FRN 09/02/2026^	206	0.11
£850,000	Digital Stout 2.75% 19/07/2024	856	0.46
£1,800,000	General Motors Financial 2.25% 06/09/2024	1,747	0.95
£950,000	HSBC FRN 13/11/2026	915	0.50
£553,977	Intu Debenture 5.562% 31/12/2027^^	630	0.34
£678,000	Intu SGS Finance 4.625% 17/03/2028	757	0.41
£900,000	IPIC GMTN 6.875% 14/03/2026	1,174	0.64
£1,045,000	Ladbrokes Group Finance 5.125% 08/09/2023^	1,088	0.59
£300,000	Land Securities Capital Markets 1.974% 08/02/2024	301	0.16
£1,200,000	Lloyds Bank 5.125% 07/03/2025	1,450	0.79
£600,000	Lloyds Bank FRN 09/07/2025	638	0.35
£200,000	London & Quadrant Housing Trust 2.625% 28/02/2028	200	0.11
£450,000	London Merchant Securities 6.5% 16/03/2026	566	0.31
£650,000	Marks & Spencer 3% 08/12/2023	659	0.36
£1,450,000	Newday Partnership Funding 2017-1 FRN 15/12/2027	1,452	0.79
£514,000	NewRiver REIT 3.5% 7/3/2028	503	0.27
£400,000	Northumbrian Water Finance 1.625% 11/10/2026	372	0.20
£1,215,000	Peel South East 10% 30/04/2026^^	1,714	0.93
£100,000	Phoenix 6.625% 18/12/2025	110	0.05
£700,000	Principality Building Society 2.375% 23/11/2023	690	0.37
£200,000	Santander UK 5.75% 02/03/2026	255	0.14
£1,450,000	Society of Lloyd's 4.75% 30/10/2024	1,560	0.85
£650,000	Thames Water Utilities Cayman Finance 2.875% 03/05/2027	626	0.34

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	Corporate Bonds: 76.25% (85.10%) (continued)		
	Medium Dated: 19.04% (22.92%) (continued)		
£1,150,000	Travis Perkins 4.5% 07/09/2023^	1,182	0.64
£300,000	TSB Banking FRN 05/06/2026	315	0.17
£751,542	Unique Pub Finance 5.659% 30/06/2027^	827	0.45
£200,000	Unite USAF II 3.921% 30/06/2025	221	0.12
£1,500,000	Western Power Distribution 3.625% 06/11/2023	1,575	0.85
£2,400,000	Westpac Banking 2.125% 02/05/2025	2,389	1.30
\$1,875,000	Westpac Banking 3.35% 08/03/2027	1,360	0.74
		35,073	19.04
	Long Dated: 39.03% (51.82%)		
£650,000	Annington Funding 3.184% 12/07/2029	647	0.35
£450,000	Annington Funding 3.685% 12/07/2034	459	0.25
£400,000	Annington Funding 3.935% 12/07/2047	412	0.22
£400,000	Apple 3.6% 31/07/2042	468	0.25
\$550,000	Apple 4.65% 23/02/2046	459	0.25
€1,350,000	Argentum Netherlands for Zurich Insurance FRN 01/10/2046	1,294	0.70
£1,200,000	AT&T 4.875% 01/06/2044	1,363	0.74
£400,000	AT&T 7% 30/04/2040	577	0.31
£1,500,000	Aviva FRN 04/06/2050	1,554	0.84
£1,050,000	BAT International Finance 2.25% 09/09/2052	786	0.43
£850,000	BHP Billiton Finance FRN 22/10/2077	966	0.52
£600,000	British Telecommunications 3.125% 21/11/2031	583	0.32
£800,000	British Telecommunications 3.625% 21/11/2047	773	0.42
£900,000	Cadent Finance 2.625% 22/09/2038	824	0.45
£1,500,000	Canary Wharf Finance II 5.952% 22/01/2035	2,133	1.16
£500,000	Cooperatieve Rabobank 5.375% 03/08/2060	758	0.41
\$750,000	Credit Agricole FRN 19/09/2033	574	0.31
£445,939	Delamare Finance 5.546% 19/02/2029^	499	0.27
£140,000	Electricite de France 5.875% 18/07/2031	180	0.10
\$850,000	Electricite de France 6% 22/01/2114	680	0.37
£1,300,000	Electricite de France 6% 23/01/2114	1,690	0.92
£400,000	Electricite de France FRN Perpetual^	402	0.22
£1,200,000	Enel Finance International 5.75% 14/09/2040	1,532	0.83
€700,000	Engie 5.95% 16/03/2111	1,052	0.57
£350,000	Equinor 4.25% 10/04/2041	439	0.24
£850,000	Gatwick Funding 3.125% 28/09/2039	826	0.45
£400,000	GE Capital UK Funding 5.875% 18/01/2033	526	0.29
£400,000	GE Capital UK Funding 6.25% 05/05/2038	568	0.31
£360,000	GE Capital UK Funding 8% 14/01/2039	602	0.33
£2,448,000	GE Capital UK Funding 8% 14/01/2039 - MTN	4,096	2.22
£850,000	Goldman Sachs Group 3.125% 25/07/2029	848	0.46
£350,000	Heathrow Funding 6.45% 10/12/2031	483	0.26
£450,000	Housing & Care 21 3.288% 08/11/2049	455	0.25
£1,100,000	HSBC 2.625% 16/08/2028	1,064	0.58

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	Corporate Bonds: 76.25% (85.10%) (continued)		
	Long Dated: 39.03% (51.82%) (continued)		
€550,000	HSBC FRN Perpetual	485	0.26
£525,250	Income Contingent Student Loan 'A2' 2.5% 24/07/2056	487	0.26
£100,000	innogy Finance 4.75% 31/01/2034	118	0.06
£350,000	innogy Finance 6.125% 06/07/2039	490	0.27
£500,000	innogy Finance 6.25% 03/06/2030	657	0.36
£600,000	Intu SGS Finance 4.25% 17/09/2030	656	0.36
£1,807,247	Juturna European Loan Conduit No. 16 5.0636% 10/08/2033	2,178	1.18
£300,000	Land Securities Capital Markets 2.399% 08/02/2029	301	0.16
£102,000	Land Securities Capital Markets 2.625% 22/09/2037	100	0.05
£650,000	Land Securities Capital Markets 2.75% 22/09/2057	637	0.35
£750,000	Liberty Living Finance 3.375% 28/11/2029	749	0.41
£2,300,000	Lloyds Bank 6% 08/02/2029	3,138	1.70
£1,200,000	Lloyds Bank 6.5% 17/09/2040	1,805	0.98
£867,000	London & Quadrant Housing Trust 3.125% 28/02/2053	861	0.47
£913,020	Longstone Finance 4.791% 19/04/2030	1,051	0.57
£875,000	Mckesson 3.125% 17/02/2029	865	0.47
£1,080,017	Meadowhall Finance 4.986% 12/01/2032	1,311	0.71
£222,240	Mitchells & Butlers Finance 5.574% 15/12/2030	253	0.14
€300,000	NN Group FRN 13/01/2048	289	0.16
£750,000	Orbit Capital 3.375% 14/06/2048	764	0.41
£1,700,000	Peel Land & Property Investments FRN 30/04/2040^^	2,516	1.37
£400,000	Phoenix FRN Perpetual	366	0.20
£300,000	RHP Finance 3.25% 05/02/2048	302	0.16
£750,000	RL Finance Bonds No. 2 FRN 30/11/2043	834	0.45
\$708,000	Rowan Cos 5.4% 01/12/2042^	383	0.21
£1,000,000	Santander UK 5.25% 16/02/2029	1,292	0.70
£200,000	Shaftesbury Carnaby 2.487% 30/09/2031^^	189	0.11
£1,805,000	SLM Student Loan Trust 2003-10 FRN 15/12/2039	1,732	0.94
£400,000	Society of Lloyd's FRN 07/02/2047	421	0.23
£600,000	Southern Electric Power Distribution 5.5% 07/06/2032	775	0.42
£450,000	Swan Housing Capital 3.625% 05/03/2048	472	0.26
£600,468	Telereal Securitisation 5.5534% 10/12/2031	716	0.39
£500,000	Telereal Securitisation FRN 10/12/2033	521	0.28
£692,785	Tesco Property Finance 2 6.0517% 13/10/2039^	816	0.44
£1,360,000	Thames Water Utilities Cayman Finance 7.738% 09/04/2058	2,545	1.38
£450,000	THFC Funding No 3 5.2% 11/10/2043	594	0.32
£695,286	Together Asset Backed Securitisation 1 FRN 12/03/2049	696	0.38
£1,896,000	Town Centre Securities 5.375% 20/11/2031^^	1,959	1.06
£172,022	Trafford Centre Finance 6.5% 28/07/2033	229	0.12
£1,675,000	Unilever 1.875% 15/09/2029	1,607	0.12
£950,000	University of Cambridge 2.35% 27/06/2078	930	0.50
£1,050,000	University of Cambridge 3.75% 17/10/2052	1,394	0.76
£950,000	Verizon Communications 3.125% 02/11/2035	910	0.76

	Market		Holding /
% of Net	Value		Nominal
Assets	£'000	Investment	Value
		Corporate Bonds: 76.25% (85.10%) (continued)	
		Long Dated: 39.03% (51.82%) (continued)	
0.43	786	Verizon Communications 3.375% 27/10/2036	£800,000
0.18	325	Westfield America 2.625% 30/03/2029	£331,000
0.27	502	WM Treasury 2 3.25% 20/10/2048	£500,000
0.18	328	Yorkshire Building Society FRN 13/09/2028	£350,000
39.03	71,907		
		Non-Equity Investment Instruments: 0.09% (0.23%)	
0.09	159	West Bromwich Building Society Core Capital Deferred Shares†	3,721
		Futures: 0.02% (0.04%)	
-	1	AUS 10 Year Future Expiry September 2018	44
0.02	30	CAN 10 Year Future Expiry September 2018	(110)
-	2	Euro - Bobl Future Expiry September 2018	(9)
-	5	Euro - Bund Future Expiry September 2018	5
(0.01)	(10)	Euro - Buxl 30 Year Bond Future Expiry September 2018	(10)
-	-	Euro - Schatz Future Expiry September 2018	(3)
0.04	69	Long Gilt Future Expiry September 2018	101
-	(1)	US 10 Year Note Future Expiry September 2018	21
-	(6)	US 10 Year Note Future Expiry September 2018	12
0.01	24	US 2 Year Note Future Expiry September 2018	(51)
0.01	12	US 5 Year Note Future Expiry September 2018	187
(0.02)	(41)	US Long Bond Future Expiry September 2018	(40)
(0.03)	(54)	US Ultra Future Expiry September 2018	(37)
0.02	31		
		Forward Currency Contracts: (0.13%) ((0.24%))	
		Bought US Dollar	\$714,000
0.01	20	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(523,699)
		Sold Euro	€(991,000)
-	4	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£884,371
		Bought US Dollar	\$59,000
-	1	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(43,671)
		Bought Euro	€290,000
-	1	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(256,594)
		Bought Euro	€52,000
-	1	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(45,521)
		Bought Euro	€100,000
-	1	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(88,307)
		Bought Euro	€61,000
-	-	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£(53,874)
		Sold Euro	€(642,000)
-	(2)	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£568,558
	()	Sold Euro	(4,446,000)
(0.01)	(32)	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£3,916,032
(5.51)	(/	Sold US Dollar	5(10,672,000)
(0.14)	(259)	For Sterling (Expires 16/08/2018)	£7,867,132
(0.13)	(265)	J (r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, · ,

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	Portfolio of Investments*	178,799	97.05
	Net other assets	5,428	2.95
	Net assets	184,227	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market except for those denoted with the symbol '†'.

Investment grade securities represent 89.84% (28 July 2017: 80.79%) of the net assets of the Fund.

^{*}Includes derivatives.

[†] These are unlisted securities and have been valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair value.

[^] These are sub-investment grade securities and represent 2.93% (28 July 2017: 8.66%) of the net assets of the Fund.

^{^^} These are unrated securities and represent 4.40% (28 July 2017: 4.94%) of the net assets of the Fund.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
	£		£
KFW 1.375% 01/02/2021	10,086,800	United Kingdom Gilt 1.75% 07/09/2022	6,298,982
European Investment Bank 1.5% 01/02/2019	6,097,620	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2027	5,748,210
United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2027	5,910,075	Apple 3.6% 31/07/2042	2,914,300
European Investment Bank 6% 07/12/2028	5,881,960	Aspire Defence Finance Plc 4.674%	
United Kingdom Gilt 4.75% 07/12/2038	4,798,776	31/03/2040 – Class 'A'	2,895,941 **
United Kingdom Gilt 1.75% 07/09/2022	4,316,729	United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2046	2,391,906
United Kingdom Gilt 4.5% 07/12/2042	3,801,916	AT&T 3.15% 04/09/2036	2,346,654
United Kingdom Gilt 3.75% 07/09/2021	3,306,300	Credit Suisse 6.5% 08/08/2023	2,179,393
United Kingdom Gilt 2.75% 07/09/2024	2,237,560	Direct Line Insurance Group FRN 27/04/2042	2,141,486
General Motors Financial 2.25% 06/09/2024	1,797,030	HSBC 5.75% 20/12/2027	1,868,945
		HSBC FRN 20/03/2023	1,750,000 ***
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018
Total purchases for the year			£90,576,839
Total sales for the year*			£138,874,592

^{*} Included within total sales are bond maturities, principal pay downs and calls as these have material effect on the bond portfolio composition.

^{**} This includes transactions relating to principal pay down.

^{***} This includes transactions relating to calls.

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

			/07/2017 to 28/07/2018		/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital (losses)/gains	2		(5,227)		1,922
Revenue	3	6,557		9,004	
Expenses	4	(1,903)		(2,103)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(10)		(17)	
Net revenue before taxation		4,644		6,884	
Taxation	5	-		-	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			4,644		6,884
Total return before distributions			(583)		8,806
Distributions	6		(6,547)		(8,987)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			(7,130)		(181)

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

	29/07/2017 to		29/07/2016 to		
	2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		251,311		243,846	
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	2,874		32,151		
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(68,031)		(30,239)		
		(65,157)		1,912	
Dilution adjustment		191		67	
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities		(7,130)		(181)	
Retained distribution on accumulation shares		5,010		5,667	
Unclaimed distributions		2		-	
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		184,227		251,311	

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		179,204		238,064
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	2,393		3,463	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	633		1,378	
Cash and bank balances	9	3,401		11,913	
Total current assets			6,427		16,754
Total assets			185,631		254,818
Liabilities					
Investment liabilities	13		(405)		(1,346)
Creditors					
Overdrafts with futures clearing houses and brokers	9	-		(556)	
Distribution payable	10	(160)		(673)	
Other creditors	10	(839)		(932)	
Total creditors			(999)		(2,161)
Total liabilities			(1,404)		(3,507)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			184,227		251,311

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital (losses)/gains

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
The net capital (losses)/gains on investments during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	(5,783)	1,622
Derivative contracts	119	2,018
Forward currency contracts	543	(1,581)
Currency losses	(82)	(111)
Transaction charges	(24)	(26)
Net capital (losses)/gains	(5,227)	1,922

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bond interest	6,555	9,001
Bank interest	2	3
Total revenue	6,557	9,004

4. Expenses

	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018 £'000	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017 £'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic fee	1,484	1,638
Registration fee	282	303
	1,766	1,941
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either	of them:	
Depositary fee	33	38
Safe custody fee	8	10
	41	48
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	75	83
Audit fee	13	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
Printing fee	8	13
Tax advisory fee	(2)	4
	96	114
Total expenses	1,903	2,103

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5. Taxation		
(a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Corporation tax	-	-
Current tax note 5(b)	-	-
Total taxation	-	-

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (28 July 2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	4,644	6,884
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of		
corporation tax at 20% (2017: 20%)	929	1,377
Effects of:		
Interest distribution allowable as a deduction	(929)	(1,377)
Current tax	-	-

(c) Provision for Deferred Tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end, there was no potential deferred tax asset (28 July 2017: same) due to surplus management expenses as all current and prior management expenses have been utilised against taxable profits.

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
First interim distribution	1,917	1,801
Second interim distribution	1,644	1,819
Third interim distribution	1,399	2,221
Final distribution	1,323	2,201
Total distribution	6,283	8,042
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	279	87
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(15)	(47)
Add: Income tax deducted at source	-	905
Distributions for the year	6,547	8,987

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Distributions (continued)

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distribution for the year are as follows:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	4,644	6,884
Add: Expenses taken to capital	1,903	2,103
Distributions for the year	6,547	8,987
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
, ,	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	10	17
	10	17
8. Debtors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	-	24
Accrued bond revenue	2,393	3,439
	2,393	3,463
9. Net uninvested cash		
5. Net annivested easii	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	633	1,378
Overdrafts with futures clearing houses and brokers	-	(556)
Cash and bank balances	3,401	11,913
Net uninvested cash	4,034	12,735
10. Creditors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
(a) Other creditors		
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	650	101
Purchases awaiting settlement	-	621
Accrued expenses	189	210
	839	932
(b) Distributions payable		
Net distributions payable	160	673
	160	673

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 42. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for the borrowers to fail to meet their redemption commitments and for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Securities representing 2.93% (28 July 2017: 8.66%) of the net assets of the Fund are sub-investment grade securities. Securities representing 4.40% (28 July 2017: 4.94%) of the net assets of the Fund are unrated securities.

Fixed interest investments are exposed to credit risk which reflects the ability of the bond issuer to meet its obligations. The majority of bonds in which the Fund invests are investment grade listed bonds or government securities which are lower risk. Generally, the higher the rate of interest, the higher the perceived credit risk of the issuer. The ACD monitors the credit quality and risk of the portfolio as a part of the overall investment process and in accordance with the objective and policy of each sub-fund.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL'). In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the utilisation of forward currency contracts as necessary. Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and preceding year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2018	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Australian Dollar	147	1	148
Canadian Dollar	221	30	251
Euro	(4,669)	4,964	295
US Dollar	(7,039)	7,096	57
	(11,340)	12,091	751
	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2017	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Canadian Dollar	(2,216)	2,199	(17)
Euro	(11,882)	12,186	304
US Dollar	(18,460)	17,982	(478)

(32,558)

32,367

(191)

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

28/07/2018 Currency	Net exposure £'000	2018 Max change in currency %	Monetary change £'000
Australian Dollar	148	14	21
Canadian Dollar	251	15	38
Euro	295	8	24
US Dollar	57	12	7
	751		89
	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Canadian Dollar	(17)	12	(2)
Euro	304	8	24
US Dollar	(478)	11	(53)
	(191)		(31)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. This risk is managed by the active monitoring and adjustment of the credit rating of the portfolio.

The interest rate profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

Total	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non-interest
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
178,799	19,915 **	158,959	(75)
6,427	4,034 *	-	2,393
(999)	_*	-	(999)
184,227	23,949	158,959	1,319
	£'000 178,799 6,427 (999)	£'000 £'000 178,799 19,915 ** 6,427 4,034 * (999) -*	£'000 £'000 £'000 178,799 19,915 ** 158,959 6,427 4,034 * - (999) -* -

	Total	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non-interest
28/07/2017	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Investments	236,718	26,557**	210,083	78
Other assets	16,754	13,291 *	-	3,463
Other liabilities	(2,161)	(556)*	-	(1,605)
Total	251,311	39,292	210,083	1,936

^{*}The Fund's floating rate current assets and liabilities are represented by its bank balances and overdraft facilities. Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

A rise of 1% in global interest rates is likely to result in 7.71% fall in the Fund's market value (28 July 2017: 8.24%).

Fixed Rate Financial Assets

		Weighted average		Weighted average
	Weighted average	year for which	Weighted average	year for which
	interest rate	rate is fixed	interest rate	rate is fixed
	%	Years	%	Years
	28/07/2018	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2017
Canadian Dollar	-	-	3.76	15.00
Euro	2.53	44.19	3.10	34.27
Sterling	2.41	12.83	2.40	15.65
US Dollar	4.41	29.47	3.84	18.49

^{**}The Fund's floating rate investments earn interest which is variable, based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(e) Derivatives – sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures, to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 3.78% (28 July 2017: 4.10%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 100.81% (28 July 2017: 98.25%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 1.0081 (28 July 2017: 0.9825) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in bonds.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

(g) Counterparty risk

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over The Counter' (OTC) derivative instruments. These types of instruments introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments. In order to reduce this risk, a collateral may be held by the Fund.

Exposure to a counterparty is calculated using the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contracts.

The counterparties to these transactions and any collateral held by the Fund at the balance sheet date are shown below:

28/07/2018	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Barclays Capital		143
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	-	1
HSBC Bank plc	-	4
Morgan Stanley & Company International	-	20
Societe Generale	-	2
State Street Bank and Trust	-	1

28/07/2017	Collateral	Derivatives	
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000	
Barclays Capital	-	390	
BNP Paribas Paris	-	43	
HSBC Bank plc	-	404	
RBC	-	10	

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures

Amendments to FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' – Fair value hierarchy disclosures requires that an analysis of investments and investment liabilities by reference to a fair value hierarchy be disclosed as follows:

Level 1: Fair value based on an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments includes exchange-traded instruments unless there is persistently insufficient activity to regard the market as active. Examples typically include equities, depositary receipts, warrants, rights, money market instruments, exchange-traded derivatives, exchange-traded products (including exchange-traded funds) and some highly liquid exchange-traded debt securities.

Level 2: Fair value based on a valuation technique using observable market data includes over-the-counter instruments, instruments priced via multi-broker quotes or evaluated pricing techniques, exchange-traded instruments where the market is persistently not active and instruments subject to fair value pricing adjustments made by reference to observable market data. Examples typically include OTC derivatives, debt securities, convertible bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and open-ended funds.

Level 3: Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on unobservable data typically includes single broker-priced instruments, suspended/unquoted securities, private equity, unlisted closed-ended funds and open-ended funds with restrictions on redemption rights.

It is the responsibility of the Fair Value Forum ('FVF') to ensure pricing sources and methodologies used to value securities are appropriate as delegated by the ACD. Investments classified as using inputs that are not based on observable market data comprise fair value adjusted securities, stale and single sourced bonds. In seeking to value such securities where no liquid market exists, the FVF will gather valuation related information from multiple internal and external sources. These sources include historic trading and pricing information and the views of internal security analysts. Internal security analysts have access to a range of material including, company specific news and earnings, cash flow forecasts, valuations of the underlying portfolio company and competitor company valuations within related industries and sectors to determine a valuation recommendation for each unlisted security.

Generally for fair valued securities, stale and single source bonds, where there is no price source from an active market, the FVF has applied judgement in determining the fair value. This fair value is established by using measures such as; stale priced securities where the last traded price is used. The FVF has the ability to apply discounts to security valuations. Management determines the discount based on its judgement, after considering market liquidity conditions and company specific factors such as the development stage of the portfolio company. Generally unlisted securities are valued at cost, a trade executed by another Barclays Fund, grey market trades or at a nil value where companies have gone into liquidation, administration or are deemed worthless. Single sourced broker prices use data received from a single pricing vendor and stale prices use the most recent broker quote available.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures (continued)

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at 28/	Fair value	hierarchy	as at 28/	'07/2018
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Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2018				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bonds	38,387	140,487	-	178,874
Equities	-	-	159	159
Forward Currency Contracts	-	28	-	28
Futures	143	-	-	143
	38,530	140,515	159	179,204
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Forward Currency Contracts	-	(293)	-	(293)
Futures	(112)	-	-	(112)
	(112)	(293)	-	(405)
Fair value Hierarchy as at 28/07/2017				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bonds	22,762	212,961	917	236,640
Equities	-	-	577	577
Forward Currency Contracts	-	457	-	457
Futures	390	-	-	390
	23,152	213,418	1,494	238,064
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Forward Currency Contracts	-	(1,060)	-	(1,060)
Futures	(286)	-	-	(286)
	(286)	(1,060)	-	(1,346)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio trai							
29/07/2017 to 2							
	Purchases in				_		6 1
	the year before	C		T	I.	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Taxes £'000	%	costs £'000	costs £'000
Purchases	£ 000	1 000	70	1 000	70	1 000	1 000
Bonds	90,577		0.00%		0.00%		90,577
Total	90,577	-	0.00%		0.00%		90,577
Total	30,377		0.0070		0.0070		30,311
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Bonds	138,766	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	138,766
Corporate Action	is 109	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	109
Total	138,875	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	138,875
Total transaction	costs	-		-			
as a % of the ave	erage net assets	0.00%		0.00%			
29/07/2016 to 2	28/07/2017						
	Purchases in						
	the year before				T	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Bonds	125,642	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	_	125,642
Total	125,642	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	125,642
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Bonds	121,418	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	121,418
Total	121,418	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	121,418
Total transaction	costs	-		-			
as a % of the ave	erage net assets	0.00%		0.00%			

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However, it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares where in existence. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions. The Fund did not hold any equity shares at 28 July 2018 (28 July 2017: Same).

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments, any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares, other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs which form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.76% (28 July 2017: 0.65%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%). Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £122,455 (28 July 2017: £148,177) are due to the ACD.

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 67 to 69. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	2,692,528	2,769,431
Issued during year	13,608	453,314
Cancelled during year	(462,496)	(530,217)
Conversions during the year	93,620	-
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	2,337,260	2,692,528

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds (continued)		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	17,800,888	19,456,461
Issued during year	1,404,167	113,718
Cancelled during year	(1,891,335)	(1,769,291)
Conversions during the year	(152,763)	-
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	17,160,957	17,800,888
Number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	121,883,545	93,798,129
Issued during year	-	60,557,301
Cancelled during year	(99,557,492)	(32,471,885)
Conversions during the year	-	-
Total number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	22,326,053	121,883,545
Number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	18,946,007	20,956,332
Issued during year	2,138,166	115,894
Cancelled during year	(1,714,283)	(2,126,219)
Conversions during the year	-	-
Total number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	19,369,890	18,946,007
Number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	125,378,501	133,425,976
Issued during year	114,021	97,957
Cancelled during year	(9,681,469)	(8,145,432)
Conversions during the year	111,049	-
Total number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	115,922,102	125,378,501

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during a distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

First interim interest distribution in pence per share

	Net Revenue	Equalisation	Distribution Paid 28/12/2017	Distribution Paid 28/12/2016
A-Class Distribution			26/12/2017	26/12/2016
Group 1	0.3806p	_	0.3806p	0.3716p
Group 2	0.1696p	0.2110p	0.3806p	0.3716p
A-Class Accumulation	ээр		٩٠٠٠٠	5.5
Group 1	0.9247p	-	0.9247p	0.8737p
Group 2	0.3684p	0.5563p	0.9247p	0.8737p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.4162p	-	0.4162p	0.4034p
Group 2	0.4162p	-	0.4162p	0.4034p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3881p	-	0.3881p	0.3776p
Group 2	0.3044p	0.0837p	0.3881p	0.3776p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.9495p	-	0.9495p	0.8941p
Group 2	0.4444p	0.5051p	0.9495p	0.8941p

Second interim interest distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/03/2018	24/03/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3661p	-	0.3661p	0.3499p
Group 2	0.1718p	0.1943p	0.3661p	0.3499p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.8963p	-	0.8963p	0.8294p
Group 2	0.1668p	0.7295p	0.8963p	0.8294p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.4011p	-	0.4011 p	0.3806p
Group 2	0.4011p	-	0.4011 p	0.3806р
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3735p	-	0.3735p	0.3560p
Group 2	0.0568p	0.3167p	0.3735p	0.3560p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.9209p	-	0.9209p	0.8496p
Group 2	0.3840p	0.5369p	0.9209p	0.8496p

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018 (continued)

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/06/2018	28/06/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3561p	-	0.3561p	0.4333p
Group 2	0.1687p	0.1874p	0.3561p	0.4333p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.8785p	-	0.8785p	1.0343p
Group 2	0.1205p	0.7580p	0.8785p	1.0343p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3908p	-	0.3908p	0.4721p
Group 2	0.3908p	-	0.3908p	0.4721p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3635p	-	0.3635p	0.4410p
Group 2	0.1722p	0.1913p	0.3635p	0.4410p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.9034p	-	0.9034p	1.0607p
Group 2	0.4328p	0.4706p	0.9034p	1.0607p

Final interest distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/09/2018	28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3432p	-	0.3432p	0.4338p
Group 2	0.1638p	0.1794p	0.3432p	0.4338p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.8527p	-	0.8527p	1.0444p
Group 2	0.1708p	0.6819p	0.8527p	1.0444p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3773p	-	0.3773p	0.4735p
Group 2	0.3773p	-	0.3773p	0.4735p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	0.3507p	-	0.3507p	0.4418p
Group 2	0.0703p	0.2804p	0.3507p	0.4418p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	0.8772p	-	0.8772p	1.0715p
Group 2	0.4453p	0.4319p	0.8772p	1.0715p

Performance Tables

2017 to 7/2018 (pps)	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017 (pps)	28/07/2016	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 2	29/07/2015 to
			28/07/2019		
(pps)	(pps)		20/0//2010	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	\1 1 /	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
49.18	49.50	47.13	119.46	116.40	107.49
0.30	2.05	4.77	0.74	4.92	11.09
(0.59)	(0.60)	(0.58)	(1.46)	(1.43)	(1.34)
(0.29)	1.45	4.19	(0.72)	3.49	9.75
(1.45)	(1.77)	(1.82)	(3.55)	(4.21)	(4.19)
-	-	-	3.55	3.78	3.35
47.44	49.18	49.50	118.74	119.46	116.40
(0.04)	-	-	(0.10)	-	-
0.59%)	2.93%	8.89%	(0.60%)	3.00%	9.07%
1,109	1,324	1,371	20,376	21,266	22,648
2,337	2,693	2,769	17,161	17,801	19,456
1.22%	1.22%	1.23%	1.22%	1.22%	1.23%
0.09%)	0.00%	0.00%	(0.09%)	0.00%	0.00%
50.14	51.24	49.95	121.80	121.10	116.60
47.50	47.71	45.78	117.90	113.10	106.00
	0.30 (0.59) (0.29) (1.45) - 47.44 (0.04) 0.59%) 1,109 2,337 1.22% 0.09%)	0.30 2.05 (0.59) (0.60) (0.29) 1.45 (1.77)	0.30 2.05 4.77 (0.59) (0.60) (0.58) (0.29) 1.45 4.19 (1.45) (1.77) (1.82) - - - 47.44 49.18 49.50 (0.04) - - 0.59%) 2.93% 8.89% 1,109 1,324 1,371 2,337 2,693 2,769 1,22% 1,23% 0.09%) 0.00% 50.14 51.24 49.95	0.30 2.05 4.77 0.74 (0.59) (0.60) (0.58) (1.46) (0.29) 1.45 4.19 (0.72) (1.45) (1.77) (1.82) (3.55) - - - 3.55 47.44 49.18 49.50 118.74 (0.04) - - (0.10) 0.59%) 2.93% 8.89% (0.60%) 1,109 1,324 1,371 20,376 2,337 2,693 2,769 17,161 1,22% 1,22% 1,23% 1,22% 0.09%) 0.00% 0.00% (0.09%) 50.14 51.24 49.95 121.80	0.30 2.05 4.77 0.74 4.92 (0.59) (0.60) (0.58) (1.46) (1.43) (0.29) 1.45 4.19 (0.72) 3.49 (1.45) (1.77) (1.82) (3.55) (4.21) - - - 3.55 3.78 47.44 49.18 49.50 118.74 119.46 (0.04) - - (0.10) - 0.59%) 2.93% 8.89% (0.60%) 3.00% 1,109 1,324 1,371 20,376 21,266 2,337 2,693 2,769 17,161 17,801 1,22% 1,22% 1,23% 1,22% 1,22% 0.09%) 0.00% 0.00% (0.09%) 0.00%

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

^{***}These numbers are being shown gross in line with disclosure updates to comparative tables within the IMA SORP 2014 which was issued by the Investment Association in October 2016. Consequently, the figures for the prior years have been updated with relevant changes also impacting Return before operating charges, Return after operating charges and the Return after charges percentage. The Return after charges percentage in the performance table is calculated using methods prescribed in the IMA SORP 2014 which may differ slightly from returns shown in the Investment Report.

Performance Tables (continued)

	M-Class Distribution			R-Class Distribution		
29/07/	/2017 to	to 29/07/2016 to 29/07/2015 to		29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 29/07/2015 to	
28/0	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per share						
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	53.74	53.69	50.75	50.12	50.29	47.73
Return before operating charges*	0.33	2.25	5.15	0.31	2.09	4.84
Operating charges	(0.27)	(0.27)	(0.25)	(0.46)	(0.46)	(0.44)
Return after operating charges*	0.06	1.98	4.90	(0.15)	1.63	4.40
Distributions***	(1.59)	(1.93)	(1.96)	(1.48)	(1.80)	(1.84)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing net asset value						
per share**	52.21	53.74	53.69	48.49	50.12	50.29
*after direct transaction costs of:	(0.05)	-	-	(0.04)	-	-
Performance						
Return after charges	0.11%	3.69%	9.66%	(0.30%)	3.24%	9.22%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'000)	11,656	65,495	50,362	9,393	9,495	10,539
Closing number of shares ('000)	22,326	121,884	93,798	19,370	18,946	20,956
Operating charges (%)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.92%	0.92%	0.92%
Direct transaction costs	(0.09%)	0.00%	0.00%	(0.09%)	0.00%	0.00%
Prices						
Highest share price	54.82	55.59	54.18	51.11	52.06	50.75
Lowest share price	52.20	51.87	49.50	48.52	48.52	46.45
•						

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

^{***}These numbers are being shown gross in line with disclosure updates to comparative tables within the IMA SORP 2014 which was issued by the Investment Association in October 2016. Consequently, the figures for the prior years have been updated with relevant changes also impacting Return before operating charges, Return after operating charges and the Return after charges percentage. The Return after charges percentage in the performance table is calculated using methods prescribed in the IMA SORP 2014 which may differ slightly from returns shown in the Investment Report.

Performance Tables (continued)

	R-Class Accumulation				
29/	'07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to		
2	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016		
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)		
Change in net assets per sha	are				
Opening net asset value					
per share**:	122.61	119.11	109.66		
Return before operating charg	ges* 0.75	5.04	11.33		
Operating charges	(1.13)	(1.11)	(1.02)		
Return after operating charge	s* (0.38)	3.93	10.31		
Distributions***	(3.65)	(4.31)	(4.29)		
Retained distributions on					
accumulation shares	3.65	3.88	3.43		
Closing net asset value					
per share**	122.23	122.61	119.11		
*after direct transaction costs	s of: (0.11)	-	-		
Performance					
Return after charges	(0.31%)	3.30%	9.40%		
Other information					
Closing net asset value (£'000	0) 141,693	153,731	158,926		
Closing number of shares ('00	00) 115,922	125,379	133,426		
Operating charges (%)	0.92%	0.92%	0.92%		
Direct transaction costs	(0.09%)	0.00%	0.00%		
Prices					
Highest share price	125.00	124.30	119.30		
Lowest share price	121.20	115.80	108.40		
Lowest share price	121.20	115.00	100.10		

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

^{***}These numbers are being shown gross in line with disclosure updates to comparative tables within the IMA SORP 2014 which was issued by the Investment Association in October 2016. Consequently, the figures for the prior years have been updated with relevant changes also impacting Return before operating charges, Return after operating charges and the Return after charges percentage. The Return after charges percentage in the performance table is calculated using methods prescribed in the IMA SORP 2014 which may differ slightly from returns shown in the Investment Report.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a guarantee.

The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Fund is in Category 3 because of the low range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund may invest in bonds, the return on which depends on the issuer's ability to make its payments. There is a risk that the issuer will fail to do so. Although the Fund generally invests in bonds with high ratings, these ratings are subjective and a high rating does not guarantee an issuer's ability to pay.

The Fund may use derivatives in an attempt to reduce risk (hedging) or for investment purposes. It may be that the use of derivatives causes share prices to fluctuate which may in turn result in loss to the Fund. Fluctuations in interest rates may affect the value of your investment.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Tradable debt (bonds) are interest rate sensitive, meaning that the range and frequency of price movements may be significant due to various factors, including changes in interest rates, the creditworthiness of the issuer and the ease with which similar investments may be bought or sold (liquidity). Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the Fund and your investment.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

Barclays UK Alpha Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks superior long-term capital growth primarily through investment in UK companies.

The Fund invests primarily in common stock, preferred shares and securities convertible into common stock of companies across a range of industries, domiciled in the UK or having significant operations in the UK, and listed or traded on a Regulated Market in the UK or in an OECD Country. The Investment Manager and/or sub-investment manager(s) will use stock selection techniques which aim to generate superior long-term capital growth. The allocation to individual companies within the portfolio will be actively managed.

The Fund is not subject to any capitalisation restrictions.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in the common stocks and preferred shares of UK companies. The Fund may, with any remaining portion of the assets (and on an ancillary basis), invest in non-UK Equity securities, Investment Grade government and corporate fixed income securities and Convertible Debt Securities (listed or traded on a Regulated Market).

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares rose by 6.62%.

Market/Economic Review

The UK market traded was range bound in the first half of this reporting period, and only found some momentum in December. Investors are, and remain, somewhat hamstrung over the significant uncertainty about the potential outcome of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union in March 2019. This was in contrast to the UK economy which continued to perform well despite the doom laden predictions that failed to materialise prior to the actual referendum, and have not ceased since. This saw better performance from medium and small sized companies than large caps, despite the weakness of Sterling.

December saw some reversal of this. Commodity and oil prices rose in December and the shares of companies in those appreciated strongly up until Christmas. This reversal caught out many active UK managers who were underweight in natural resources.

In contrast to recent years, there was no significant benefit for UK investors to be invested in a particular style or size bias over the reporting period. Mid sized companies marginally outperformed the wider market over, and value outperformed growth. But this was not a consistent feature of the year. The start of 2018 saw a market correction, the growth style underperform within UK equities, and large companies underperform small and mid cap indices. This reversed in the second quarter of the year.

A notable feature was the number of mergers and acquisitions that were announced or took place. The weakness of Sterling and the significant degree to which the UK equity market is out of favour with global investors has made some companies very attractive to overseas buyers with a long term view. Within the largest companies, the likes of Shire Pharmaceuticals and Sky were bid for by Japanese and US suitors respectively. Other activity was seen in the financial sector, where dealer NEX Group was purchased by CME, and Fidessa by Ion. GKN was purchased by Melrose in the UK which attracted headlines over concerns of potential 'asset stripping'. Some deals did not consummate, with Hammerson rejecting a deal by French property company Kleppiere. The speed at which drinks company Conviviality declined into administration was shocking, but as a relatively small listed company, failed to place too much of a dent in investor confidence.

Barclays UK Alpha Fund (continued)

Market/Economic Review (continued)

The period saw a rising oil price and US Dollar as the US economy was boosted by tax reform. In the absence of any technology sector of note within the UK market, the energy sector was the standout best performing part of the market over this period, rising over thirty percent. Given the size of the likes of BP and Shell in the index, any manager who was underweight the sector found this a material headwind to being able to generate outperformance. Materials was the next best performing sector but only managed to generate around a sixteen percent return. The worst performing sector over the entire period was Telecommunication Services. The market struggles to see value in the likes of BT and Vodafone, both of whom face individual challenges about how to grow their business. Whilst both pay attractive dividends and are lowly priced, there remains huge uncertainty about what will see them become more attractive investments.

The period was also interesting for how company share prices reacted to bad news. In contrast to previous years where disappointing announcements were sometimes ignored, share prices often fell sharply on a profit warning over the period. The most notable of this was Micro Focus. A FTSE 100 company and darling of many growth investors, announcing management change and difficulty integrating a recent purchase saw a 50% fall in its share price in a few days. This type of behaviour is challenging for many investors, but is helpful to those who either invest in companies that are exceptionally well managed or have already gone through their most difficult periods and are already lowly priced by the market.

Fund Review

The Fund marginally lagged the index over the period. The four underlying managers all produced performance in or around that of the benchmark, with none producing significant out or underperformance. Majedie and Old Mutual both managed to exceed the benchmark return, Jupiter and particularly Artemis lagged.

Majedie's mainly value, contrarian style has seen them build big positions in some out of favour shares and sectors in recent years. This has held back performance, but owning Tesco, BP and Pearson were all helpful during this reporting period. It remains a holder of Centrica despite it being the mandate's biggest performance detractor. It generally showed good stock selection in the consumer staples and energy sectors.

Old Mutual also showed good stock selection in consumer staples, with Tesco its best pick in the sector doing well after its Booker acquisition and ongoing performance improvement. Ladbrokes Coral was its best performing share over the period as it was taken over by GVC towards the end of 2017. TP ICAP and Pets at Home and Merlin Entertainment were the biggest detractors.

Jupiter enjoyed a recovery in the Pearson share price, and the improvement in Tesco's operations saw it produce good returns. Anglo American and South32 were two mining shares that also performed well. But the manager had difficulty with some of the more challenging, turnaround situations within the portfolio. Capita, TP ICAP and Centrica had disappointing periods, although both Capita and Centrica are seeing renewed interest with other managers as they progress with their improvement programs.

Artemis continued to find markets hard to navigate successfully. Capita, SIG, and Interserve were three shares that Derek Stuart owned and held back performance. Companies owned that started to meet the manager's expectations included Tesco, British American Tobacco, and Computacenter. But losers outweighed winners and the portfolio lagged the market.

Outlook

The next year will continue to be dominated politically by the impact and implications of the UK's agreement to leave the European Union. The 'base case' for most UK equity managers is that a deal will be done, and few if any have positioned their portfolio for an extreme outcome. This is perhaps a reaction to how the industry was positioned going into the referendum, incorrectly in hindsight.

Looking more broadly, and more longer term, UK equities are desperately out of favour, almost the most unwanted asset class globally in some surveys. The economy is – probably – nearer the end than the beginning of its cycle, there is some wage inflation, interest rates have started to rise, and unemployment is low. The UK stock market has little exposure to technology, the sector that has driven the performance of other large markets over recent years. Banks, oil and mining and pharmaceutical companies dominate the index, all of which face their own challenges. The retail sector is under huge pressure as online sales see long established high street brand names struggle.

But we see opportunity for the patient. It was only a few years ago when European equities were similarly unloved, and they are now widely appreciated by global investors. A resolution to the Brexit debate would be exceptionally helpful for sentiment. Sterling would likely appreciate, boosting returns for overseas investors. Clearly, no deal would be very bad for the market, in the medium to short term. But if panic is averted, we think long term investors – particularly those who believe that market valuations and sentiment revert to the mean – should not forget about UK equities just yet.

Barclays Bank PLC Savings, Wealth and Investment Management (Investment Adviser) September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

0/ - (N -	Market	lolding /
% of Ne	Value	Nominal
Asset	£'000	Value
0.1	705	252.601
0.1	705	252,691
0.0	270	1 677
0.0	2/0	4,677
0.0	EEE	12 502
0.09	555	12,592
0.1	1 110	26.200
0.13	1,112	26,389
1.0	6 225	490 201
1.0	6,235	480,391
0.1	CCA	10 100
0.1	664	10,100
	วา	0.701
	22	9,781
0.7	4.010	102 756
0.7	4,810	182,756
0.0	282	57,671
0.0	282	57,671
0.1	CEO	7067
0.1	658	7,967
0.68	4,135	323,108
0.7	4,793	
2.2	F 37F	402 106
0.8	5,275	482,186

Holding /		Market	0/ 51
Nominal		Value	% of N
Value	Investment	£'000	Asse
	EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 7.77% (4.85%) (continued)		
	ITALY: 0.08% (0.32%) Aerospace & Defense: 0.00% (0.02%)		
	·		
000 120	Fixed Line Telecommunications: 0.08% (0.30%) Telecom Italia	470	0.0
808,138	JERSEY: 2.14% (0.00%)	470	0.0
	Media: 0.82% (0.00%)		
420,000	WPP	4,988	0.
420,000	Mining: 0.79% (0.00%)	4,900	0.
1,473,156	Glencore	4,801	0.
1,773,130	Support Services: 0.53% (0.00%)	7,001	0.
169,014	Experian	3,208	0.
103,011	NETHERLANDS: 0.25% (0.34%)	3,200	0.
	Fixed Line Telecommunications: 0.25% (0.28%)		
668,771	Koninklijke KPN	1,508	0.
000,771	Industrial Engineering: 0.00% (0.06%)	1,500	
	SPAIN: 1.23% (1.12%)		
	Travel & Leisure: 1.23% (1.12%)		
1,084,595	International Airlines Group	7,495	1.
.,00 .,000	SWITZERLAND: 0.16% (0.00%)	7,133	
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 0.16% (0.00%)		
15,399	Novartis	981	0
,	NORTH AMERICA: 1.57% (1.03%)		
	CANADA: 0.57% (0.89%)		
	Mining: 0.57% (0.89%)		
2,305	Agnico Eagle Mines	73	0
266,379	Barrick Gold	2,279	0.
122,670	Goldcorp	1,168	0
·	'	3,520	0.
	CAYMAN ISLANDS: 0.19% (0.00%)		
	Life Insurance: 0.14% (0.00%)		
122,937	Phoenix	842	0
	Software & Computer Services: 0.05% (0.00%)		
13,571	Sohu.com^^	316	0.
	UNITED STATES: 0.81% (0.14%)		
	Banks: 0.06% (0.05%)		
5,193	First Republic Bank	394	0.
	General Retailers: 0.07% (0.00%)		
15,999	Ebay	412	0.
	Oil Equipment, Services & Distribution: 0.06% (0.00%)		
13,418	Diamond Offshore Drilling	195	0.
10,513	Oceaneering International	208	0.
		403	0.

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	UNITED STATES: 0.81% (0.14%) (continued)		
	Software & Computer Services: 0.00% (0.09%)		
	Support Services 0.62% (0.00%)		
59,710	Worldpay	3,792	0.62
	PACIFIC: 0.78% (0.77%)		
	AUSTRALIA: 0.78% (0.77%)		
	Mining: 0.78% (0.77%)		
2,300,000	South32	4,715	0.78
	UNITED KINGDOM: 84.39% (88.05%)		
	Aerospace & Defense: 1.63% (1.92%)		
264,895	BAE Systems	1,731	0.28
2,208,721	Cobham	2,721	0.45
1,995,509	QinetiQ	5,468	0.90
		9,920	1.63
	Banks: 8.38% (10.48%)		
7,282,701	Barclays	13,903	2.29
1,858,812	HSBC	13,528	2.22
12,946,942	Lloyds Banking	8,102	1.33
3,269,284	Royal Bank of Scotland	8,160	1.34
1,038,572	Standard Chartered	7,298	1.20
		50,991	8.38
	Beverages: 0.70% (0.56%)		
186,896	Britvic	1,510	0.25
77,384	Fevertree Drinks^	2,745	0.45
		4,255	0.70
	Chemicals: 0.35% (0.86%)		
409,902	Synthomer	2,133	0.35
	Construction & Materials: 2.32% (2.59%)		
1,807,706	Balfour Beatty	5,273	0.87
83,897	Keller	903	0.15
791,352	Marshalls	3,428	0.56
2,096,194	Melrose Industries	4,509	0.74
		14,113	2.32
	Electricity: 0.47% (0.43%)		
798,989	Drax	2,832	0.47
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 0.20% (0.24%)		
54,437	Spectris	1,243	0.20

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 84.39% (88.05%) (continued)		
	Financial Services: 2.78% (3.40%)		
158,506	3i	1,498	0.25
700,000	Ashmore	2,500	0.4
228,104	IG	2,044	0.34
28,747	London Stock Exchange	1,291	0.2
300,000	NEX	3,114	0.5
656,012	Quilter	1,011	0.17
1,115,297	Sherborne Investors (Guernsey)	1,004	0.16
1,568,375	TP ICAP	4,454	0.73
		16,916	2.78
	Fixed Line Telecommunications: 1.71% (1.85%)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4,417,207	ВТ	10,425	1.71
, ,	Food & Drug Retailers: 7.28% (5.65%)	,	
1,164,454	J Sainsbury	3,798	0.62
12,750,023	Tesco	32,844	5.40
2,987,448	WM Morrison Supermarkets	7,660	1.26
2,307,110	With Morrison Supermarkets	44,302	7.28
	Food Producers: 1.07% (0.38%)	11,302	7.20
188,577	Associated British Foods	4,663	0.77
289,820	Tate & Lyle	1,828	0.30
203,020	rate & Lyie	6,491	1.07
	Forestry & Paper: 0.21% (0.22%)	0,751	1.07
61,990	Mondi	1,289	0.2
01,990	Funds investing in UK Equities: 1.54% (1.58%)	1,203	0.2
	Majedie Asset Management Investment Fund -		
2 626 691	Majedie UK Smaller Companies Fund**	0.272	1 5.
2,626,681	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,372	1.54
0.520.204	Gas, Water & Multiutilities: 2.39% (2.48%)	14 500	2.20
9,520,394	Centrica	14,509	2.39
F00 762	General Industrials: 1.20% (1.39%)	2,000	0.40
598,762	DS Smith	3,009	0.49
270,000	Smiths	4,335	0.7
	Communication A 440/ (4.110/)	7,344	1.20
1 240 001	General Retailers: 4.44% (4.11%)	2.502	0.45
1,248,891	Card Factory	2,593	0.43
538,213	Dixons Carphone	964	0.16
18,293	Dunelm	96	0.02
384,948	Footasylum [^]	266	0.04
600,000	Halfords	2,009	0.33
1,663,317	Kingfisher	5,130	0.84
2,824,831	Marks & Spencer	8,760	1.4
54,682	Next	3,208	0.53
1,294,612	Pets at Home	1,585	0.26
1,934,296	Saga	2,344	0.39
		26,955	4.44

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 84.39% (88.05%) (continued)		
	Health Care Equipment & Services: 1.02% (1.20%)		
436,062	Smith & Nephew	6,000	0.9
63,863	Spire Healthcare	159	0.0
	Household Goods & Home Construction: 0.00% (0.36%)	6,159	1.0
	Industrial Engineering: 0.54% (0.31%)		
203,332	Bodycote	2,068	0.3
62,912	Weir Group	1,220	0.3
02,912	well Gloup	3,288	0.2
	Industrial Transportation: 0.31% (0.00%)	3,200	0.5
400,000	Royal Mail	1,874	0.3
400,000	Life Insurance: 5.51% (6.39%)	1,074	0.5
3,312,040	Aviva	16,212	2.6
1,474,423	Legal & General	3,875	0.6
	Prudential	9,430	1.5
531,399	St James's Place	3,957	0.6
332,934	St James's Flace	33,474	5.5
	Media: 3.71% (2.95%)	33,474	ر.ی
861,713	Daily Mail & General Trust	6,411	1.0
2,226,763	ITV	3,700	0.6
1,303,849	Pearson	12,483	2.0
1,505,645	realson	22,594	3.7
	Mining: 1.94% (4.12%)	22,334	5.7
93,227	Acacia Mining	110	0.0
136,945	Anglo American	2,316	0.3
157,356	BHP Billiton	2,686	0.3
687,828	Hochschild Mining	1,237	0.4
85,738	KAZ Minerals	712	0.2
252,408		97	0.0
252, 4 08 110,863	Lonmin Rio Tinto	4,611	0.0
110,003	NO TITILO	11,769	1.9
	Mobile Telecommunications: 2.26% (2.22%)	11,709	1.9
7,630,160	Vodafone	13,734	2.2
7,030,100	Nonlife Insurance: 0.40% (0.73%)	15,757	2.2
103,229	Direct Line Insurance	342	0.0
23,008	Jardine Lloyd Thompson	317	0.0
285,913	RSA Insurance	1,786	0.2
203,313	NOA IIISUIAIICE	2,445	0.2
	Oil & Gas Producers: 11.24% (9.70%)	2,443	0.4
6,588,362	BP	27260	6.1
160,000	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'A'	37,369 4,158	0.6
944,012	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	4,158 25,101	
	•		4.13
747,787	Tullow Oil	1,690	0.28
		68,318	11.2

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 84.39% (88.05%) (continued)		
	Oil Equipment, Services & Distribution: 0.20% (0.62%)		
220,286	Ensco Class 'A'	1,188	0.2
	Personal Goods: 0.76% (0.36%)		
111,462	Burberry	2,355	0.3
166,173	Superdry	2,046	0.3
4,266	Unilever	184	0.0
		4,585	0.7
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 5.27% (4.32%)		
116,728	AstraZeneca	6,692	1.10
1,596,613	GlaxoSmithKline	24,792	4.0
362,991	PureTech Health	566	0.0
		32,050	5.2
	Real Estate Investment & Services: 0.22% (0.03%)		
131,434	British Land	854	0.1
52,089	Shaftesbury	481	0.0
		1,335	0.2
	Software & Computer Services: 2.16% (3.19%)		
193,250	Computacenter	3,049	0.5
48,827	FDM	467	0.0
92,422	Micro Focus International	1,206	0.2
857,522	Sage	5,538	0.9
577,726	SDL	2,854	0.4
		13,114	2.1
	Support Services: 5.65% (5.78%)		
400,000	Aggreko	2,949	0.4
3,459,232	Capita	5,580	0.9
166,159	De La Rue	846	0.1
590,382	Electrocomponents	4,258	0.7
511,879	Essentra	2,567	0.4
444,818	Hays	893	0.1
533,375	Howden Joinery	2,563	0.4
104,669	Mears	340	0.0
501,933	Northgate	2,147	0.3
1,837,769	Rentokil Initial	6,311	1.0
911,805	Serco	907	0.1
2,377,180	SIG	2,960	0.4
2,704,852	Speedy Hire	1,666	0.2
22,944	Travis Perkins	307	0.0
,-		34,294	5.6
	Technology Hardware & Equipment: 0.41% (0.63%)	•	
2,096,428	Spirent Communications	2,482	0.4

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	UNITED KINGDOM: 84.39% (88.05%) (continued)		
	Tobacco: 1.32% (0.82%)		
57,109	British American Tobacco	2,350	0.39
200,000	Imperial Brands	5,678	0.93
		8,028	1.32
	Travel & Leisure: 4.80% (6.18%)		
405,993	888 Holdings	988	0.16
121,005	easyJet	1,955	0.32
244,409	Ei Group	382	0.06
4,731,010	FirstGroup	4,260	0.70
82,153	Greene King	425	0.07
5,175,491	Ladbrokes Rights†	588	0.10
820,377	Merlin Entertainments	3,294	0.54
703,273	Rank	1,318	0.22
834,095	The Restaurant Group	2,172	0.36
832,536	SSP Group	5,647	0.93
1,700,000	Stagecoach	2,768	0.46
95,261	Whitbread	3,736	0.61
556,052	William Hill	1,653	0.27
		29,186	4.80
	Futures: 0.00% ((0.02%))		
15	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry September 2018	(1)	-
	Portfolio of Investments*	575,574	94.67
	Net other assets	32,428	5.33
	Net assets	608,002	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market except for those denoted with a double asterisk (**).

^{*}Includes derivatives.

[†]These are stale price securities.

[^]These securities are quoted on an Alternative Investment Market (AIM) and comprise 0.49% (28 July 2017: 0.65%) of the Net Asset Value.

^{^^}These securities are quoted on NASDAQ and comprise 0.05% (28 July 2017: 0.09%) of the Net Asset Value.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
	£		£
GlaxoSmithKline	8,839,738	HSBC	10,259,881
Barclays	7,793,849	Anglo American	9,456,410
Capita	7,258,257	BP	6,839,237
Vodafone	6,969,911	Aviva	5,757,507
BT	5,573,490	Ladbrokes Coral	5,562,030
WPP	5,293,211	Tesco	5,321,341
Aviva	4,763,963	Barclays	5,090,829
Associated British Foods	4,716,210	Johnson Matthey	4,833,726
Centrica	4,628,174	Pearson	4,077,899
ITV	3,767,139	Computacenter	4,012,382
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018
Total purchases for the year			£155,608,273
Total sales for the year			£186,423,803

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

		29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018			/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital gains	2		27,798		73,812
Revenue	3	21,511		20,065	
Expenses	4	(7,704)		(7,746)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(3)		(14)	
Net revenue before taxation		13,804		12,305	
Taxation	5	(203)		(95)	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			13,601		12,210
Total return before distributions			41,399		86,022
Distributions	6		(13,601)		(12,210)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			27,798		73,812

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

	29/07/2017 to		29	0/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018		28/07/201	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		610,576		572,467
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	3,397		3,218	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(44,481)		(48,519)	
		(41,084)		(45,301)
Dilution adjustment		-		8
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders				
from investment activities		27,798		73,812
Retained distribution on accumulation shares		10,696		9,590
Unclaimed distributions		16		-
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		608,002		610,576

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		575,575		579,953
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	4,093		1,383	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	1,112		1,666	
Cash and bank balances	9	32,453		34,114	
Total current assets			37,658		37,163
Total assets			613,233		617,116
Liabilities					
Investment liabilities	13		(1)		(132)
Creditors					
Bank overdrafts	9	-		(3,462)	
Distribution payable	10	(1,706)		(1,448)	
Other creditors	10	(3,524)		(1,498)	
Total creditors			(5,230)		(6,408)
Total liabilities			(5,231)		(6,540)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			608,002		610,576

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital gains

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
The net capital gains on investments during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	27,201	72,627
Derivative contracts	632	1,263
Forward currency contracts	3	(33)
Currency losses	(17)	(16)
Transaction charges	(21)	(29)
Net capital gains	27,798	73,812

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Franked UK dividends	19,355	18,178
Non-taxable overseas dividends	1,942	1,683
UK PID Income	12	-
Franked UK fund dividends	202	204
Total revenue	21,511	20,065

4. Expenses

Expenses	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic fee	6,523	6,557
Registration fee	883	884
	7,406	7,441
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either	of them:	
Depositary fee	91	91
Safe custody fee	13	13
	104	104
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	163	160
Audit fee	12	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
Printing fee	8	15
FCA fee	1	-
Tax advisory fee	8	12
	194	201
Total expenses	7,704	7,746

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5. Taxation (a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year 29/07/2017 to 29/07/2016 to 28/07/2018 28/07/2017 £'000 £'000 Prior year adjustment 21 Overseas tax 182 95 Current tax note 5(b) 203 95 Deferred tax note 5(c) 95 Total taxation 203

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	13,804	12,305
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of corporation tax	(
at 20% (2017: 20%)	2,761	2,461
Effects of:		
Overseas tax	182	95
Taxation due to timing difference	2	-
Revenue not subject to taxation	(4,304)	(4,013)
Prior year adjustment	21	-
Non trade loan relationship deficit not utilised	1	3
Excess management expenses not utilised	1,540	1,549
Current tax	203	95

(c) Provision for Deferred Tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end, there is a potential deferred tax asset of £47,993,111 (28 July 2017: £46,452,973) due to surplus management expenses. It is unlikely the Funds will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these amounts and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised (28 July 2017: same).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Interim distribution	4,938	4,684
Final distribution	8,360	7,213
Total Distribution	13,298	11,897
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	322	330
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(19)	(17)
Distributions for the year	13,601	12,210

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Distributions (continued)

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distribution for the year are as follows:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	13,601	12,210
Add: Equalisation uplift	-	-
Distributions for the year	13,601	12,210
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
-	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	3	14
	3	14
8. Debtors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	12	17
Sales awaiting settlement	2,749	249
Accrued revenue	1,308	1,015
Overseas tax recoverable	24	81
UK tax recoverable on PID income	-	21
	4,093	1,383
9. Net uninvested cash		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	1,112	1,666
Bank overdrafts	-	(3,462)
Cash and bank balances	32,453	34,114
Net uninvested cash	33,565	32,318

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10. Creditors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
(a) Other creditors		
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	879	505
Purchases awaiting settlement	1,962	333
Amounts payable on FX contracts	1	-
Accrued expenses	682	660
	3,524	1,498
(b) Distributions payable		
Net distributions payable	1,706	1,448
	1,706	1,448

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 71. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL'). In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund invests in securities which are issued by smaller companies and therefore there is likely to be increased volatility in price movements. The securities may also be less liquid than securities on larger exchanges which are generally traded more frequently.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the utilisation of forward currency contracts as necessary. Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and preceding year. At 28 July 2018, the Fund did not hold any investments in forward currency contracts (28 July 2017: Same).

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

28/07/2018	Monetary exposure	Non-monetary exposure	Total
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Danish Krone	-	1	1
Euro	278	14,926	15,204
Japanese Yen	-	271	271
Swiss Francs	-	981	981
US Dollar	-	6,520	6,520
	278	22,699	22,977
28/07/2017	Monetary exposure	Non-monetary exposure	Total

Monetary	Non-monetary	Iotal
exposure	exposure	
£'000	£'000	£'000
-	333	333
184	19,840	20,024
-	648	648
(234)	636	402
-	6,977	6,977
(50)	28,434	28,384
	exposure £'000 - 184 - (234)	exposure exposure £'000 £'000 - 333 184 19,840 - 648 (234) 636 - 6,977

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

	Net	2018 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2018	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Danish Krone	1	8	-
Euro	15,204	8	1,216
Japanese Yen	271	12	33
Swiss Francs	981	13	128
US Dollar	6,520	12	782
	22,977		2,159

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Danish Krone	333	8	27
Euro	20,024	8	1,602
Hong Kong Dollar	648	11	71
Japanese Yen	402	17	68
US Dollar	6,977	11	767
	28,384		2,535

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. The Fund's only interest bearing financial instruments were its bank balances and overdraft facilities as disclosed in note 9.

Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

(e) Derivatives - sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 0.20% (28 July 2017: 1.00%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 94.87% (28 July 2017: 95.98%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 0.9487 (28 July 2017: 0.9598) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

(g) Counterparty risk

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over The Counter' (OTC) derivative instruments. These types of instruments introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments. In order to reduce this risk, a collateral may be held by the Fund.

Exposure to a counterparty is calculated using the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contracts. As at the balance sheet date, the sub-fund is not exposed to any counterparty risk.

13. Fair value disclosures

Amendments to FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' - Fair value hierarchy disclosures requires that an analysis of investments and investment liabilities by reference to a fair value hierarchy be disclosed as follows:

Level 1: Fair value based on an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments includes exchange-traded instruments unless there is persistently insufficient activity to regard the market as active. Examples typically include equities, depositary receipts, warrants, rights, money market instruments, exchange-traded derivatives, exchange-traded products (including exchange-traded funds) and some highly liquid exchange traded debt securities.

Level 2: Fair value based on a valuation technique using observable market data includes over-the-counter instruments, instruments priced via multi-broker quotes or evaluated pricing techniques, exchange-traded instruments where the market is persistently not active and instruments subject to fair value pricing adjustments made by reference to observable market data. Examples typically include OTC derivatives, debt securities, convertible bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and open-ended funds.

Level 3: Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on unobservable data and this typically includes single broker-priced instruments, suspended/unquoted securities, private equity, unlisted closed-ended funds and openended funds with restrictions on redemption rights.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures (continued)

It is the responsibility of the Fair Value Forum ('FVF') to ensure pricing sources and methodologies used to value securities are appropriate as delegated by the ACD. Investments classified as using inputs that are not based on observable market data comprise fair value adjusted securities, stale and single sourced bonds. In seeking to value such securities where no liquid market exists, the FVF will gather valuation related information from multiple internal and external sources. These sources include historic trading and pricing information and the views of internal security analysts. Internal security analysts have access to a range of material including, company specific news and earnings, cash flow forecasts, valuations of the underlying portfolio company and competitor company valuations within related industries and sectors to determine a valuation recommendation for each unlisted security.

Generally for fair valued securities, stale and single source bonds, where there is no price source from an active market, the FVF has applied judgement in determining the fair value. This fair value is established by using measures such as; stale priced securities where the last traded price is used. The FVF has the ability to apply discounts to security valuations. Management determines the discount based on its judgement, after considering market liquidity conditions and company specific factors such as the development stage of the portfolio company. Generally unlisted securities are valued at cost, a trade executed by another Barclays Fund, grey market trades or at a nil value where companies have gone into liquidation, administration or are deemed worthless. Single sourced broker prices use data received from a single pricing vendor and stale prices use the most recent broker quote available.

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2018

Tall Value fileraterly as at 207077 2010				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	565,615	-	588	566,203
Collective Investment Schemes	-	9,372	-	9,372
	565,615	9,372	588	575,575
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Futures	(1)	-	-	(1)
	(1)	-	-	(1)
Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2017				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	570,308	-	-	570,308
Collective Investment Schemes	-	9,645	-	9,645
	570,308	9,645	-	579,953
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Futures	(132)	-	-	(132)
	(132)	-	-	(132)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,				
14. Portfolio tran 29/07/2017 to 2							
	Purchases in						
	the year before				Т	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	154,614	83	0.05%	707	0.46%	790	155,404
Collective Investn	nent						
Schemes	204	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	204
Total	154,818	83	0.05%	707	0.46%	790	155,608
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	185,803	(95)	(0.05%)	(3)	0.00%	(98)	185,705
Collective Investn	nent	, ,	,	, ,		, ,	
Schemes	719	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	719
Total	186,522	(95)	(0.05%)	(3)	0.00%	(98)	186,424
Total transaction	costs	178		710			
as a % of the ave	rage net assets	0.03%		0.12%			
29/07/2016 to 2	8/07/2017						
	Purchases in						
	the year before				Т	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	211,851	167	0.08%	911	0.43%	1,078	212,929
Total	211,851	167	0.08%	911	0.43%	1,078	212,929
							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	246,270	(186)	(0.08%)	(2)	0.00%	(188)	246,082
Collective Investn	nent						
Schemes	806	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	806
Total	247,076	(186)	(0.08%)	(2)	0.00%	(188)	246,888
Total transaction	costs	353		913			
as a % of the ave		0.07%		0.16%			
	-						

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However, it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions.

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares, other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs which form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

Direct transaction costs comprise commissions and taxes, principally applicable to collective investment scheme holdings' purchases and sales. In addition, as a result of the Fund's investment in collective investment scheme holdings, there will potentially be dealing spread costs applicable to their purchases and sales.

Also, there will be indirect transaction costs suffered within those underlying collective investment scheme holdings, throughout the Fund's holding period of the investments, which are not separately identifiable and do not form part of the analysis above.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.14% (28 July 2017: 0.15%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%). Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £575,155 (28 July 2017: £505,473) are due to the ACD.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 96 to 99. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	35,343,217	37,399,660
Issued during year	412,920	421,398
Cancelled during year	(2,206,241)	(2,489,026)
Conversions during the year	(49,284)	11,185
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	33,500,612	35,343,217
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	10,530,075	11,386,450
Issued during year	13,660	29,044
Cancelled during year	(602,753)	(799,268)
Conversions during the year	(5,735)	(86,151)
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	9,935,247	10,530,075
Number of B-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	3,481,349	3,951,817
Issued during year	23,057	4,486
Cancelled during year	(520,433)	(474,954)
Conversions during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Total number of B-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	2,983,973	3,481,349
Number of B-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	516,725	594,206
Issued during year	-	29
Cancelled during year	(38,740)	(77,510)
Conversions during the year	(33,, 10)	(, ,,,510)
Total number of B-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	477,985	516,725
	177,505	510,725

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
28/07/2018	28/07/2017
702,613	2,235,609
-	8,379
(95,329)	(1,556,621)
-	15,246
607,284	702,613
4,932,041	5,440,326
-	-
(759,922)	(508,285)
-	_
4,172,118	4,932,041
716 263	751,009
*	98,845
	(157,868)
, ,	24,277
40,000	24,277
638 851	716,263
030,031	710,203
77 793 026	83,009,409
· · ·	265,838
	(5,528,869)
7,196	46,648
7,130	10,010
	702,613

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/03/2018	24/03/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.2205p	-	2.2205p	1.9853p
Group 2	0.7642p	1.4563p	2.2205p	1.9853p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	3.0186p	-	3.0186p	2.6571p
Group 2	0.3862p	2.6324p	3.0186p	2.6571p
B-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.6608p	-	2.6608p	2.4002p
Group 2	0.1088p	2.5520p	2.6608p	2.4002p
B-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	3.7297p	-	3.7297p	3.2949p
Group 2	3.7297p	-	3.7297p	3.2949p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	3.7954p	-	3.7954p	3.4364p
Group 2	3.7954p	-	3.7954p	3.4364p
M-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	4.0491p	-	4.0491p	3.5940p
Group 2	4.0491p	-	4.0491p	3.5940p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	3.3160p	-	3.3160p	3.0039p
Group 2	1.0019p	2.3141p	3.3160p	3.0039p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	4.6695p	-	4.6695p	4.1411 p
Group 2	1.3131p	3.3564p	4.6695p	4.1411 p

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018 (continued)

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/09/2018	28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	4.4413p	-	4.4413p	3.5130p
Group 2	3.1683p	1.2730p	4.4413p	3.5130p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	6.0735p	-	6.0735p	4.7299p
Group 2	3.9142p	2.1593p	6.0735p	4.7299p
B-Class Distribution				
Group 1	4.8887p	-	4.8887p	3.9517p
Group 2	3.7795p	1.1092p	4.8887p	3.9517p
B-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	6.8868p	-	6.8868p	5.4661p
Group 2	6.8868p	-	6.8868p	5.4661p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	6.0360p	-	6.0360p	5.0709p
Group 2	6.0360p	-	6.0360p	5.0709p
M-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	6.5043p	-	6.5043p	5.3353p
Group 2	6.5043p	-	6.5043p	5.3353p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	5.5545p	-	5.5545p	4.6015p
Group 2	3.5982p	1.9563p	5.5545p	4.6015p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	7.8935p	-	7.8935p	6.3964p
Group 2	3.6625p	4.2310p	7.8935p	6.3964p

Performance Tables

	A-	-Class Distributio	n	A-C	A-Class Accumulation		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	
Change in net assets pe	r share						
Opening net asset value							
per share**:	358.84	317.07	324.55	487.81	424.47	426.92	
Return before operating of	charges* 29.90	53.20	3.10	40.78	71.31	4.40	
Operating charges	(6.23)	(5.93)	(5.22)	(8.49)	(7.97)	(6.85)	
Return after operating ch	arges* 23.67	47.27	(2.12)	32.29	63.34	(2.45)	
Distributions	(6.66)	(5.50)	(5.36)	(9.09)	(7.39)	(7.08)	
Retained distributions on							
accumulation shares	-	-	-	9.09	7.39	7.08	
Closing net asset value							
per share**	375.85	358.84	317.07	520.10	487.81	424.47	
*after direct transaction of	costs of : 0.54	(0.73)	(0.70)	0.73	(0.98)	(0.92)	
Performance							
Return after charges	6.60%	14.91%	(0.65%)	6.62%	14.92%	(0.57%)	
Other information							
Closing net asset value (£	E'000) 125,912	126,827	118,582	51,673	51,367	48,332	
Closing number of shares	s ('000) 33,501	35,343	37,400	9,935	10,530	11,386	
Operating charges (%)	1.70%	1.70%	1.71%	1.70%	1.70%	1.70%	
Direct transaction costs	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	
Prices							
Highest share price	391.10	370.40	331.40	534.80	498.70	436.00	
Lowest share price	341.70	312.40	269.90	467.20	418.20	357.40	
•							

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	B-	Class Distributio	n	B-Cl	B-Class Accumulation		
29/07/	2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 2	29/07/2015 to	
28/0	7/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	
Change in net assets per share							
Opening net asset value							
per share**:	357.76	316.09	323.56	500.31	434.27	435.67	
Return before operating charges*	29.83	53.07	3.09	41.89	73.00	4.61	
Operating charges	(5.30)	(5.05)	(4.45)	(7.44)	(6.96)	(6.01)	
Return after operating charges*	24.53	48.02	(1.36)	34.45	66.04	(1.40)	
Distributions	(7.55)	(6.35)	(6.11)	(10.62)	(8.76)	(8.27)	
Retained distributions on							
accumulation shares	-	-	-	10.62	8.76	8.27	
Closing net asset value							
per share**	374.74	357.76	316.09	534.76	500.31	434.27	
*after direct transaction costs of	0.54	(0.73)	(0.70)	0.75	(1.01)	(0.95)	
Performance							
Return after charges	6.86%	15.19%	(0.42%)	6.89%	15.21%	(0.32%)	
Other information							
Closing net asset value (£'000)	11,182	12,455	12,491	2,556	2,585	2,580	
Closing number of shares ('000)	2,984	3,481	3,952	478	517	594	
Operating charges (%)	1.45%	1.45%	1.46%	1.45%	1.45%	1.46%	
Direct transaction costs	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	
Prices							
Highest share price	390.20	369.60	330.50	549.60	511.30	444.90	
Lowest share price	340.80	311.40	269.10	480.00	427.90	365.20	

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	М	-Class Distributio	n	M-C	M-Class Accumulation		
29/07/	'2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 2	29/07/2015 to	
28/0	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	
Change in net assets per share							
Opening net asset value							
per share**:	357.89	316.16	323.65	381.81	329.36	328.36	
Return before operating charges*	29.92	53.13	3.06	32.09	55.48	3.58	
Operating charges	(3.04)	(2.89)	(2.53)	(3.26)	(3.03)	(2.58)	
Return after operating charges*	26.88	50.24	0.53	28.83	52.45	1.00	
Distributions	(9.83)	(8.51)	(8.02)	(10.55)	(8.93)	(8.19)	
Retained distributions on							
accumulation shares	-	-	-	10.55	8.93	8.19	
Closing net asset value							
per share**	374.94	357.89	316.16	410.64	381.81	329.36	
*after direct transaction costs of	: 0.54	(0.73)	(0.70)	0.57	(0.77)	(0.72)	
Performance							
Return after charges	7.51%	15.89%	0.16%	7.55%	15.92%	0.30%	
Other information							
Closing net asset value (£'000)	2,277	2,515	7,068	17,132	18,831	17,918	
Closing number of shares ('000)	607	703	2,236	4,172	4,932	5,440	
Operating charges (%)	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	
Direct transaction costs	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	
Prices							
Highest share price	391.20	370.50	330.60	421.60	391.00	335.41	
Lowest share price	341.30	311.50	269.20	367.80	336.00	276.21	

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	R-	Class Distributio	n	R-Cl	R-Class Accumulation		
29/07/	'2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 2	29/07/2015 to	
28/0	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	
Change in net assets per share							
Opening net asset value							
per share**:	359.11	317.26	324.76	505.73	437.43	437.29	
Return before operating charges*	29.99	53.31	3.08	42.43	73.63	4.74	
Operating charges	(4.04)	(3.85)	(3.37)	(5.71)	(5.33)	(4.60)	
Return after operating charges*	25.95	49.46	(0.29)	36.72	68.30	0.14	
Distributions	(8.87)	(7.61)	(7.21)	(12.56)	(10.54)	(9.78)	
Retained distributions on							
accumulation shares	-	-	-	12.56	10.54	9.78	
Closing net asset value							
per share**	376.19	359.11	317.26	542.45	505.73	437.43	
*after direct transaction costs of	: 0.54	(0.73)	(0.70)	0.76	(1.02)	(0.95)	
Performance							
Return after charges	7.23%	15.59%	(0.09%)	7.26%	15.61%	0.03%	
Other information							
Closing net asset value (£'000)	2,403	2,572	2,383	394,867	393,424	363,113	
Closing number of shares ('000)	639	716	751	72,793	77,793	83,009	
Operating charges (%)	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	1.11%	
Direct transaction costs	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	0.15%	0.21%	0.23%	
Prices							
Highest share price	392.10	371.50	331.70	557.20	516.50	446.60	
Lowest share price	342.30	312.60	270.10	486.30	431.00	367.30	

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a guarantee.

The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Fund is in Category 5 because of the high range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the fund and your investment.

The Fund may use financial contracts (known as derivatives) in an attempt to reduce risk (hedging) or for investment purposes. It may be that the use of derivatives causes share prices to fluctuate which may in turn result in loss to the Fund.

If you purchase shares in the Fund through a clearing or settlement system, you will be bound by its terms and conditions, which may include the payment of additional fees.

The Fund may be exposed to stock market movements in a single country or region which may be adversely affected by political or economic developments, government action or natural events that do not affect a fund investing in broader markets.

Stock markets can be volatile, meaning that the prices of shares held by the Fund can change quickly and substantially.

The Fund may seek to identify and invest in undervalued securities. The identification of investment opportunities in undervalued securities is difficult and there can be no assurance that such opportunities will be successfully identified.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

Barclays UK Core Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks long-term total return through capital growth and income primarily through investment in UK companies.

The Fund invests primarily in common stock, preferred shares and securities convertible into common stock of companies across a range of industries, domiciled in the UK or having significant operations in the UK, and listed or traded on a Regulated Market in the UK or in an OECD country. While the Fund is not subject to any capitalisation restrictions, the Fund will seek to invest primarily in large, established companies which meet the Investment Manager's and/or sub-investment manager's selection criteria.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in the common stocks and preferred shares of UK companies. The Fund may, with any remaining portion of the assets (and on an ancillary basis), invest in non-UK equity securities, investment grade government and corporate fixed income securities and convertible debt securities (listed or traded on a Regulated Market).

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares rose by 7.62%.

Market/Economic Review

The UK market traded was range bound in the first half of this reporting period, and only found some momentum in December. Investors are, and remain, somewhat hamstrung over the significant uncertainty about the potential outcome of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union in March 2019. This was in contrast to the UK economy which continued to perform well despite the doom laden predictions that failed to materialise prior to the actual referendum, and have not ceased since. This saw better performance from medium and small sized companies than large caps, despite the weakness of Sterling.

December saw some reversal of this. Commodity and oil prices rose in December and the shares of companies in those appreciated strongly up until Christmas. This reversal caught out many active UK managers who were underweight in natural resources.

In contrast to recent years, there was no significant benefit for UK investors to be invested in a particular style or size bias over the reporting period. Mid sized companies marginally outperformed the wider market over, and value outperformed growth. But this was not a consistent feature of the year. The start of 2018 saw a market correction, the growth style underperform within UK equities, and large companies underperform small and mid cap indices. This reversed in the second quarter of the year.

A notable feature was the number of mergers and acquisitions that were announced or took place. The weakness of Sterling and the significant degree to which the UK equity market is out of favour with global investors has made some companies very attractive to overseas buyers with a long term view. Within the largest companies, the likes of Shire Pharmaceuticals and Sky were bid for by Japanese and US suitors respectively. Other activity was seen in the financial sector, where dealer NEX Group was purchased by CME, and Fidessa by Ion. GKN was purchased by Melrose in the UK which attracted headlines over concerns of potential 'asset stripping'. Some deals did not consummate, with Hammerson rejecting a deal by French property company Kleppiere. The speed at which drinks company Conviviality declined into administration was shocking, but as a relatively small listed company, failed to place too much of a dent in investor confidence.

Market/Economic Review (continued)

The period saw a rising oil price and US Dollar as the US economy was boosted by tax reform. In the absence of any technology sector of note within the UK market, the energy sector was the standout best performing part of the market over this period, rising over thirty percent. Given the size of the likes of BP and Shell in the index, any manager who was underweight the sector found this a material headwind to being able to generate outperformance. Materials was the next best performing sector but only managed to generate around a sixteen percent return. The worst performing sector over the entire period was Telecommunication Services. The market struggles to see value in the likes of BT and Vodafone, both of whom face individual challenges about how to grow their business. Whilst both pay attractive dividends and are lowly priced, there remains huge uncertainty about what will see them become more attractive investments.

The period was also interesting for how company share prices reacted to bad news. In contrast to previous years where disappointing announcements were sometimes ignored, share prices often fell sharply on a profit warning over the period. The most notable of this was Micro Focus. A FTSE 100 company and darling of many growth investors, announcing management change and difficulty integrating a recent purchase saw a 50% fall in its share price in a few days. This type of behaviour is challenging for many investors, but is helpful to those who either invest in companies that are exceptionally well managed or have already gone through their most difficult periods and are already lowly priced by the market.

Fund Review

The Fund's performance was driven by strong returns from the portion of the Fund managed by Liontrust. Accounting for just under a third of the total assets, the Liontrust investment style enjoyed very favourable market conditions, particularly at the start and the end of the reporting period. The mandates managed by Threadneedle and Jupiter had a more muted period, performing either in line or just behind the FTSE All Share index.

Liontrust were well positioned during the year. It owned Fidessa and Nex Group, both acquired during the year, as well as a healthy weight in the oil majors. Exposure to the UK industrial sector was helpful through the likes of Rotork and Renishaw. In the debit column, the AA and TP ICAP held back returns to some extent but did not manage to dampen down a good period for the manager.

Jupiter enjoyed a recovery in the Pearson share price, and the improvement in Tesco's operations saw it produce good returns. Anglo American and South32 were two mining shares that also performed well. But the manager had difficulty with some of the more challenging, turnaround situations within the portfolio. Capita, TP ICAP and Centrica had disappointing periods, although both Capita and Centrica are seeing renewed interest with other managers as they progress with their improvement programs.

Threadneedle lagged the FTSE All Share over the period. Underweight the oil sector was unhelpful, as were holdings in Crest Nicholson, Imperial Brands and BT. Owning Johnson Matthey and bid target GKN were two of the manager's successful decisions over what was a disappointing period for the manager.

Outlook

The next year will continue to be dominated politically by the impact and implications of the UK's agreement to leave the European Union. The 'base case' for most UK equity managers is that a deal will be done, and few if any have positioned their portfolio for an extreme outcome. This is perhaps a reaction to how the industry was positioned going into the referendum, incorrectly in hindsight.

Looking more broadly, and more longer term, UK equities are desperately out of favour, almost the most unwanted asset class globally in some surveys. The economy is – probably – nearer the end than the beginning of its cycle, there is some wage inflation, interest rates have started to rise, and unemployment is low. The UK stock market has little exposure to technology, the sector that has driven the performance of other large markets over recent years. Banks, oil and mining and pharmaceutical companies dominate the index, all of which face their own challenges. The retail sector is under huge pressure as online sales see long established high street brand names struggle.

But we see opportunity for the patient. It was only a few years ago when European equities were similarly unloved, and they are now widely appreciated by global investors. A resolution to the Brexit debate would be exceptionally helpful for sentiment. Sterling would likely appreciate, boosting returns for overseas investors. Clearly, no deal would be very bad for the market, in the medium to short term. But if panic is averted, we think long term investors – particularly those who believe that market valuations and sentiment revert to the mean – should not forget about UK equities just yet.

Barclays Bank PLC Savings, Wealth and Investment Management (Investment Adviser) September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	PACIFIC: 1.01% (1.02%)		
	AUSTRALIA: 1.01% (1.02%)		
	Industrial Metals & Mining: 1.01% (1.02%)		
1,600,000	South32	3,280	1.01
	EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 1.34% (0.74%)		
	IRELAND: 0.71% (0.74%)		
	Construction & Materials: 0.71% (0.74%)		
87,862	CRH	2,313	0.71
	JERSEY, CHANNEL ISLANDS: 0.63% (0.00%)		
	Support Services: 0.63% (0.00%)		
33,822	Ferguson	2,054	0.63
	UNITED KINGDOM: 93.76% (95.50%)		
	Aerospace & Defense: 3.39% (3.20%)		
445,504	BAE Systems	2,911	0.90
1,473,228	Cobham	1,815	0.57
1,258,493	QinetiQ	3,448	1.06
186,915	Rolls-Royce	1,858	0.57
54,372	Ultra Electronics	918	0.29
		10,950	3.39
	Automobiles & Parts: 0.00% (0.62%)		
	Banks: 5.38% (6.17%)		
3,221,616	Barclays	6,150	1.90
100,000	HSBC	728	0.23
1,500,000	Royal Bank of Scotland	3,744	1.16
963,622	Standard Chartered	6,771	2.09
		17,393	5.38
	Beverages: 2.60% (2.46%)		
296,761	Diageo	8,412	2.60
	Chemicals: 1.02% (0.84%)		
87,935	Johnson Matthey	3,296	1.02
	Construction & Materials: 1.37% (1.81%)		
350,000	Balfour Beatty	1,021	0.32
1,577,832	Breedon^	1,278	0.39
996,615	Melrose Industries	2,144	0.66
		4,443	1.37
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 2.34% (2.09%)		
208,247	Halma	2,926	0.90
47,903	Renishaw	2,704	0.83
85,124	Spectris	1,943	0.61
		7,573	2.34

Nominal Value 470,000	Investment UNITED KINGDOM: 93.76% (95.50%) (continued)	Value £'000	% of Ne
470,000		f'nnn	
	INITED KINCDOM: 93 76% (95 50%) (continued)	2 000	Asset
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Financial Services: 4.49% (6.26%)		
	Ashmore	1,679	0.52
100,203	Hargreaves Lansdown	2,076	0.64
166,356	Intermediate Capital	1,778	0.55
64,881	London Stock Exchange	2,914	0.9
150,000	NEX	1,557	0.4
44,162	Schroders - SDRC	1,051	0.32
1,231,099	TP ICAP	3,496	1.08
		14,551	4.49
	Fixed Line Telecommunications: 1.79% (2.12%)		
2,452,451	BT	5,788	1.79
	Food & Drug Retailers: 2.31% (1.92%)		
2,509,053	Tesco	6,463	2.00
399,651	WM Morrison Supermarkets	1,025	0.3
		7,488	2.3
	Gas, Water & Multiutilities: 1.24% (1.25%)		
2,625,000	Centrica	4,001	1.24
	General Industrials: 2.21% (2.46%)		
368,544	DS Smith	1,852	0.57
330,259	Smiths	5,302	1.64
		7,154	2.2
	General Retailers: 4.19% (2.62%)	,	
850,000	Card Factory	1,765	0.54
650,000	Halfords	2,176	0.67
166,566	Inchcape	1,211	0.39
800,000	Kingfisher	2,467	0.76
1,235,000	Marks & Spencer	3,830	1.18
109,696	WH Smith	2,112	0.65
103,030	WIT STITLET	13,561	4.19
	Health Care Equipment & Services: 0.60% (0.62%)	15,501	1.1.5
141,461	Smith & Nephew	1,947	0.60
171,701	Household Goods & Home Construction: 2.28% (3.21%)		0.00
371,691	Crest Nicholson	1,410	0.44
115,154	Headlam	541	0.16
79,734	Reckitt Benckiser	5,430	1.68
	Industrial Francisco 2 740/ (1 740/)	7,381	2.28
000 020	Industrial Engineering: 2.74% (1.74%)	2 22 4	1.04
909,029	Rotork	3,224	1.00
40,690	Spirax-Sarco Engineering	2,804	0.87
147,243	Weir Group	2,854 8,882	0.87

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 93.76% (95.50%) (continued)		
	Industrial Transportation: 0.82% (0.94%)		
566,432	Royal Mail	2,654	0.82
	Life Insurance: 4.54% (5.24%)		
1,050,000	Aviva	5,140	1.59
1,097,081	Legal & General	2,883	0.89
245,953	Prudential	4,364	1.35
196,221	St James's Place	2,332	0.7
		14,719	4.54
	Media: 8.15% (6.12%)		
489,075	Daily Mail & General Trust	3,639	1.12
238,554	Informa	1,908	0.59
1,385,662	ITV	2,302	0.7
682,142	Pearson	6,531	2.02
355,312	RELX	6,005	1.85
49,988	Rightmove	2,466	0.76
300,000	WPP	3,563	1.10
		26,414	8.15
	Mining: 1.16% (2.16%)		
10,000	Anglo American	169	0.0
86,652	Rio Tinto Plc	3,604	1.1
		3,773	1.16
	Mobile Telecommunications: 0.56% (0.68%)		
1,000,000	Vodafone	1,800	0.56
	Nonlife Insurance: 0.40% (0.49%)	<u>·</u>	
209,588	RSA Insurance	1,309	0.40
	Oil & Gas Producers: 8.67% (7.12%)	<u>·</u>	
2,063,539	BP	11,704	3.62
615,734	Royal Dutch Shell Class B	16,372	5.05
,	,	28,076	8.67
	Oil Equipment, Services & Distribution: 1.62% (1.65%)	20,070	0.07
81,507	Hunting	629	0.19
101,920	Petrofac	616	0.19
611,782	Wood Group	4,012	1.24
,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,257	1.62
	Personal Goods: 2.68% (3.57%)	3,237	1.02
40,483	Burberry	855	0.26
164,329	PZ Cussons	373	0.12
172,734	Unilever	7,452	2.30
172,731	Office	8,680	2.68
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 6.84% (6.93%)	0,000	2.00
114,859	AstraZeneca	6,585	2.03
835,861	GlaxoSmithKline	12,979	4.0
198,617	Indivior	625	0.19
45,146	Shire	1,967	0.61
		22,156	6.84

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 93.76% (95.50%) (continued)		
	Real Estate Investment & Services: 0.89% (0.91%)		
367,631	Grainger	1,121	0.3
200,340	Savills	1,759	0.5
		2,880	0.8
	Real Estate Investment Trusts: 0.67% (0.81%)		
31,369	Derwent London	969	0.3
131,508	Land Securities	1,213	0.3
		2,182	0.6
	Software & Computer Services: 2.14% (2.18%)		
160,800	EMIS^	1,492	0.4
129,704	FDM	1,241	0.3
55,367	Fidessa	2,137	0.6
320,677	Sage	2,071	0.6
		6,941	2.1
	Support Services: 5.13% (5.60%)		
767,799	AA	896	0.2
375,111	Aggreko	2,765	0.8
1,250,000	Capita	2,016	0.6
237,906	Howden Joinery	1,143	0.3
42,550	Intertek	2,547	0.7
306,048	PageGroup	1,861	0.5
144,154	PayPoint	1,345	0.4
441,918	Rentokil Initial	1,518	0.4
538,099	RWS^	2,524	0.7
		16,615	5.1
	Tobacco: 5.52% (4.79%)		
229,252	British American Tobacco	9,433	2.9
297,381	Imperial Brands	8,443	2.6
		17,876	5.5
	Travel & Leisure: 6.02% (6.92%)		
53,482	Carnival	2,328	0.7
339,095	Compass Group	5,476	1.6
556,764	Domino's Pizza	1,828	0.5
1,600,000	FirstGroup	1,441	0.4
115,411	Greene King	597	0.1
39,368	Intercontinental Hotels	1,852	0.5
1,460,000	Ladbrokes Rights†	166	0.0
362,916	Merlin Entertainments	1,457	0.4
1,721,741	Stagecoach	2,803	0.8
13,162	Wembley†	-	
39,700	Whitbread	1,557	0.4
22,700		19,505	6.0

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	Futures: 0.03% ((0.01%))		
42	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry September 2018	86	0.03
	Portfolio of investments*	311,390	96.14
	Net other assets	12,511	3.86
	Net assets	323,901	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market.

^{*}Includes derivatives.

[†]These are delisted securities and have been valued at the manager's best assessment of their value.

[^]These securities are quoted on an Alternative Investment Market (AIM) and comprise 1.63% (28 July 2017: 1.74%) of the Net Asset Value.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
-	£	-	£
Barclays	4,163,815	Anglo American	5,050,722
WPP	3,827,803	HSBC	4,065,467
British American Tobacco	3,286,664	Ladbrokes Coral	2,861,892
Imperial Brands	2,765,441	AstraZeneca	2,690,535
Kingfisher	2,410,980	NEX	2,442,928
Capita	2,399,297	TalkTalk Telecom	2,024,152
ВТ	2,354,111	Balfour Beatty	1,952,749
Weir Group	2,043,553	TP ICAP	1,861,363
Card Factory	1,885,128	Unilever	1,743,870
Stagecoach	1,859,820	Smiths	1,689,719
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018
Total purchases for the year			£46,702,508
Total sales for the year			£67,079,368

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

		,	07/2017 to 8/07/2018		/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital gains	2		18,458		30,927
Revenue	3	10,925		10,911	
Expenses	4	(5,475)		(5,528)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(4)		(13)	
Net revenue before taxation		5,446		5,370	
Taxation	5	(84)		(17)	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			5,362		5,353
Total return before distributions			23,820		36,280
Distributions	6		(5,362)		(5,353)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			18,458		30,927

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

			/07/2017 to 28/07/2018		0/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders			322,578		312,715
Amounts receivable on creation of shares		4,737		4,563	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(22,097)		(25,812)	
			(17,360)		(21,249)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			18,458		30,927
Retained distribution on accumulation shares			192		185
Unclaimed distributions			33		-
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders			323,901		322,578

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is due to movements in the second half of the year.

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		311,390		313,754
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	793		341	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	363		174	
Cash and bank balances	9	15,174		12,497	
Total current assets			16,330		13,012
Total assets			327,720		326,766
Liabilities					
Investment liabilities	13		-		(41)
Distribution payable	10	(3,024)		(3,032)	
Other creditors	10	(795)		(1,115)	
Total creditors			(3,819)		(4,147)
Total liabilities			(3,819)		(4,188)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			323,901		322,578

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital gains

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	
	£'000	£'000	
The net capital gains on investments during the year comprise:			
Non-derivative securities	18,348	30,802	
Derivative contracts	117	131	
Currency gains	2	5	
Transaction charges	(9)	(11)	
Net capital gains	18,458	30,927	

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Franked UK dividends	10,276	10,568
UK REIT dividends	67	20
UK PID income	42	71
Non-taxable overseas dividends	537	250
Bank interest	3	2
Total revenue	10,925	10,911

4. Expenses

T. Expenses	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of then	า:	
ACD's periodic fee	4,808	4,845
Registration fee	483	487
	5,291	5,332
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of e	either of them:	
Depositary fee	48	49
Safe custody fee	7	6
	55	55
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	107	106
Audit fee	12	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
FCA fee	1	-
Other professional fees	(1)	5
Printing fee	8	16
	129	141
Total expenses	5,475	5,528

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5. Taxation

(a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year

29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	28/07/2017
C'000	
£ 000	£'000
84	17
84	17
-	-
84	17
	84

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (28 July 2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	5,446	5,370
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of		
corporation tax at 20% (2017: 20%)	1,089	1,074
Effects of:		
Overseas tax	84	17
Revenue not subject to taxation	(2,171)	(2,168)
Non-trade loan relationship deficit not utilised	-	2
Excess management expenses not utilised	1,082	1,092
Current tax	84	17

(c) Provision for deferred tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end there is a potential deferred tax asset of £29,543,131 (28 July 2017: £28,458,077) due to surplus management expenses. It is unlikely the Funds will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these amounts and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised (28 July 2017: same).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Interim distribution	2,117	2,083
Final distribution	3,139	3,144
Total Distribution	5,256	5,227
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	129	148
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(23)	(22)
Distributions for the year	5,362	5,353

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distribution for the year are as follows:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	5,362	5,353
Distributions for the year	5,362	5,353

7. Interest payable and similar charges

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	4	13
	4	13

8. Debtors

	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	2	6
Sales awaiting settlement	156	-
Accrued revenue	635	330
UK tax recoverable on PID income	-	5
	793	341

9. Net uninvested cash

28/07/2018	28/07/2017
£'000	£'000
363	174
15,174	12,497
15,537	12,671
	£'000 363 15,174

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10. Creditors		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
(a) Other creditors		
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	305	638
Accrued expenses	490	477
	795	1,115
(b) Distributions payable		
Net distributions payable	3,024	3,032
	3,024	3,032

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 101. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL'). In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the utilisation of forward currency contracts as necessary. Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and preceding year.

As the majority of the Fund's assets and liabilities are denominated in Sterling in the current and preceding year, there is no significant exposure to risk from exchange rate movements.

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

20 (07 (2017	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
	23	-	23
US Dollar	19	-	19
Euro	4	-	4
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
28/07/2018	exposure	exposure	Total
	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Iotal
28/07/2017	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Euro	60	-	60
US Dollar	19	-	19
	79	-	79

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

	Net	2018 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2018	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Euro	4	8	-
US Dollar	19	12	2
	23		2

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Euro	60	8	5
US Dollar	19	11	2
	79		7

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. The Fund's only interest bearing financial instruments were its bank balances and overdraft facilities as disclosed in note 9.

Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(e) Derivatives – sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 0.99% (28 July 2017: 0.59%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 97.10% (28 July 2017: 97.85%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 0.9710 (28 July 2017: 0.9785) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

(g) Counterparty risk

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over The Counter' (OTC) derivative instruments. These types of instruments introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments. In order to reduce this risk, a collateral may be held by the Fund.

Exposure to a counterparty is calculated using the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contracts. The counterparties to these transactions and any collateral held by the Fund at the balance sheet date are shown below:

28/07/2018	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	86
28/07/2017	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	86

13. Fair value disclosures

Amendments to FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' - Fair value hierarchy disclosures requires that an analysis of investments and investment liabilities by reference to a fair value hierarchy be disclosed as follows:

Level 1: Fair value based on an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments includes exchange-traded instruments unless there is persistently insufficient activity to regard the market as active. Examples typically include equities, depositary receipts, warrants, rights, money market instruments, exchange-traded derivatives, exchange-traded products (including exchange-traded funds) and some highly liquid exchange traded debt securities.

Level 2: Fair value based on a valuation technique using observable market data includes over-the-counter instruments, instruments priced via multi-broker quotes or evaluated pricing techniques, exchange-traded instruments where the market is persistently not active and instruments subject to fair value pricing adjustments made by reference to observable market data. Examples typically include OTC derivatives, debt securities, convertible bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and open-ended funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures (continued)

Level 3: Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on unobservable data and this typically includes single broker-priced instruments, suspended/unquoted securities, private equity, unlisted closed-ended funds and openended funds with restrictions on redemption rights.

It is the responsibility of the Fair Value Forum ('FVF') to ensure pricing sources and methodologies used to value securities are appropriate as delegated by the ACD. Investments classified as using inputs that are not based on observable market data comprise fair value adjusted securities, stale and single sourced bonds. In seeking to value such securities where no liquid market exists, the FVF will gather valuation related information from multiple internal and external sources. These sources include historic trading and pricing information and the views of internal security analysts. Internal security analysts have access to a range of material including, company specific news and earnings, cash flow forecasts, valuations of the underlying portfolio company and competitor company valuations within related industries and sectors to determine a valuation recommendation for each unlisted security.

Generally for fair valued securities, stale and single source bonds, where there is no price source from an active market, the FVF has applied judgement in determining the fair value. This fair value is established by using measures such as; stale priced securities where the last traded price is used. The FVF has the ability to apply discounts to security valuations. Management determines the discount based on its judgement, after considering market liquidity conditions and company specific factors such as the development stage of the portfolio company. Generally unlisted securities are valued at cost, a trade executed by another Barclays Fund, grey market trades or at a nil value where companies have gone into liquidation, administration or are deemed worthless. Single sourced broker prices use data received from a single pricing vendor and stale prices use the most recent broker quote available.

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2018

. a value				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	311,304	-	-	311,304
Derivatives	86	-	-	86
	311,390	-	-	311,390
Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2017				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	313,754	-	-	313,754
	313,754	-	-	313,754
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Derivatives	(41)	-	-	(41)
	(41)	-	-	(41)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

	transaction costs						
29/0//201/	to 28/07/2018						
	Purchases in				т	otal Purchase	Cross Burchase
	the year before transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes	1		Gross Purchase Costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	costs £'000	£'000
Purchases	1 000	1 000	70	1 000	70	1 000	2 000
Equities	46,470	27	0.06%	206	0.44%	233	46,703
Total	46,470	27	0.06%	206	0.44%	233	46,703
Total	10,170	27	0.0070	200	0.1170	233	10,702
							Total sales
	Sales in						net o
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	67,079	(31)	(0.05%)	(1)	0.00%	(32)	67,047
Total	67,079	(31)	(0.05%)	(1)	0.00%	(32)	67,047
T-+-1+	4:	F0.		207			
Total transac		58		207			
as a 70 UI LITE	e average net assets	0.02%		0.06%			
29/07/2016	to 28/07/2017						
	Purchases in						
	the year before				T	otal Purchase	Gross Purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	Costs
	£'000	£'000	%	C1000	0/	C1000	
				£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	47,937	31	0.06%	235	0.49%	266	48,203
	47,937 47,937						
Equities	<u> </u>	31	0.06%	235	0.49%	266	48,203
Equities	<u> </u>	31	0.06%	235	0.49%	266	48,203 48,203
Equities	47,937	31	0.06%	235	0.49%	266	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of
Equities	47,937 Sales in	31	0.06%	235	0.49%	266 266	48,203 48,203 Total sales
Equities	47,937 Sales in the year before	31 31	0.06%	235 235	0.49%	266 266 Total sales	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of transaction costs
Equities	47,937 Sales in the year before transaction costs	31 31 Commissions	0.06% 0.06%	235 235 Fees	0.49% 0.49%	266 266 Total sales costs	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of transaction
Equities Total	47,937 Sales in the year before transaction costs	31 31 Commissions	0.06% 0.06%	235 235 Fees	0.49% 0.49%	266 266 Total sales costs	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of transaction costs
Equities Total Sales	Sales in the year before transaction costs £'000	31 31 Commissions £'000	0.06% 0.06% %	235 235 Fees	0.49% 0.49%	266 266 Total sales costs £'000	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of transaction costs £'000
Equities Total Sales Equities	Sales in the year before transaction costs £'000	31 31 Commissions £'000	0.06% 0.06% % (0.06%)	235 235 Fees	0.49% 0.49% %	266 266 Total sales costs £'000	48,203 48,203 Total sales net of transaction costs £'000

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions.

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments, any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares, other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs which form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.12% (28 July 2017: 0.08%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%).

Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £412,184 (28 July 2017: £412,680) are due to the ACD.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 122 to 124. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	44,884,133	47,899,286
Issued during year	670,440	678,146
Cancelled during year	(2,982,956)	(3,654,832)
Conversions during the year	(46,799)	(38,467)
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	42,524,818	44,884,133
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	1,357,416	1,463,139
Issued during year	17,546	6,852
Cancelled during year	(85,659)	(113,439)
Conversions during the year	3,633	864
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	1,292,936	1,357,416
Number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	437,941	488,923
Issued during year	7,977	2,933
Cancelled during year	(79,636)	(91,255)
Conversions during the year	42,240	37,340
Total number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	408,522	437,941
Number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	21,238	18,047
Issued during year	4,285	6,817
Cancelled during year	(2,071)	(3,626)
Conversions during the year		- -
Total number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	23,452	21,238

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during a distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/03/2018	24/03/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	4.5876p	-	4.5876p	4.2609p
Group 2	1.0582p	3.5294p	4.5876p	4.2609p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	5.6382p	-	5.6382p	5.1541p
Group 2	0.3450p	5.2932p	5.6382p	5.1541 p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	6.6921p	-	6.6921p	6.2060p
Group 2	0.4231p	6.2690p	6.6921p	6.2060p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	8.5320p	-	8.5320p	7.7342p
Group 2	2.0745p	6.4575p	8.5320p	7.7342p

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid 28/09/2018	Paid 28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	7.0239p	-	7.0239p	6.6700p
Group 2	4.1051 p	2.9188p	7.0239p	6.6700p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	8.6938p	-	8.6938p	8.1248p
Group 2	4.4692p	4.2246p	8.6938p	8.1248p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	9.1557p	-	9.1557p	8.7553p
Group 2	8.1973p	0.9584p	9.1557p	8.7553p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	11.7766p	-	11.7766p	11.0571p
Group 2	5.1160p	6.6606p	11.7766p	11.0571p

Performance Tables

	A-	-Class Distributio	n	A-Cl	ass Accumulation	1
29/07	/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 2	29/07/2015 to
28/	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per share						
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	686.07	623.17	586.37	843.48	753.96	697.24
Return before operating charges	* 64.13	85.26	56.69	79.12	103.39	68.42
Operating charges	(12.02)	(11.43)	(9.80)	(14.83)	(13.87)	(11.70)
Return after operating charges*	52.11	73.83	46.89	64.29	89.52	56.72
Distributions	(11.61)	(10.93)	(10.09)	(14.33)	(13.28)	(12.05)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	14.33	13.28	12.05
Closing net asset value						
per share**	726.57	686.07	623.17	907.77	843.48	753.96
*after direct transaction costs of	: 0.58	(0.60)	(0.97)	0.71	(0.73)	(1.16)
Performance						
Return after charges	7.60%	11.85%	8.00%	7.62%	11.87%	8.13%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'000)	308,971	307,936	298,493	11,737	11,449	11,033
Closing number of shares ('000)	42,525	44,884	47,899	1,293	1,357	1,463
Operating charges (%)	1.71%	1.71%	1.71%	1.71%	1.71%	1.71%
Direct transaction costs	0.08%	0.09%	0.17%	0.08%	0.09%	0.17%
Prices						
Highest share price	746.10	713.90	629.90	923.20	869.40	754.70
Lowest share price	655.10	613.50	512.10	810.60	742.20	613.50

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest $\mathfrak L$ and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	M-	Class Distributior	1 ⁽¹⁾	R-C	Class Distribution	
29/07/	2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
28/0	7/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per share						
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	-	-	587.64	686.63	623.61	586.76
Return before operating charges*	-	-	(35.82)	64.32	85.41	56.78
Operating charges	-	-	(3.60)	(7.82)	(7.43)	(6.37)
Return after operating charges*	-	-	(39.42)	56.50	77.98	50.41
Distributions	-	-	(548.22)**	** (15.85)	(14.96)	(13.56)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing net asset value						
per share**	-	-	-	727.28	686.63	623.61
*after direct transaction costs of:	-	-	(0.97)	0.58	(0.60)	(0.98)
Performance						
Return after charges	0.00%	0.00%	(6.71%)	8.23%	12.50%	8.59%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'000)	_	-	-	2,971	3,007	3,049
Closing number of shares ('000)	-	-	-	409	438	489
Operating charges (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.63%	1.11%	1.11%	1.11%
Direct transaction costs	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%	0.08%	0.09%	0.17%
Prices						
Highest share price	_	_	604.30	748.20	716.00	632.20
Lowest share price	-	-	528.70	656.30	614.00	512.50

⁽¹⁾ M-Class Distribution shares closed on 22 January 2016. Figures disclosed are actual and not annualised.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

^{***} This is not related to distributions but rather the liquidation NAV per Share.

Performance Tables (continued)

	R-C	lass Accumulation	on
29/07/	/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
28/0	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per share			
Opening net asset value			
per share**:	874.79	777.29	714.46
Return before operating charges'		106.81	70.63
Operating charges	(10.02)	(9.31)	(7.80)
Return after operating charges*	72.36	97.50	62.83
Distributions	(20.31)	(18.79)	(16.63)
Retained distributions on			
accumulation shares	20.31	18.79	16.63
Closing net asset value			
per share**	947.15	874.79	777.29
*after direct transaction costs of:	0.74	(0.76)	(1.19)
Performance			
Return after charges	8.27%	12.54%	8.79%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	222	186	140
Closing number of shares ('000)	23	21	18
Operating charges (%)	1.11%	1.11%	1.11%
Direct transaction costs	0.08%	0.09%	0.17%
Prices			
	962.20	900.80	778.10
Highest share price	844.00	765.30	630.70
Lowest share price	044.00	/65.30	030.70

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a guarantee.

The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Fund is in Category 5 because of the high range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund may use derivatives in an attempt to reduce risk (hedging) or for investment purposes. It may be that the use of derivatives causes share prices to fluctuate which may in turn result in loss to the Fund.

The Fund may be exposed to stock market movements in a single country or region which may be adversely affected by political or economic developments, government action or natural events that do not affect a fund investing in broader markets.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the fund and your investment.

Stock markets can be volatile, meaning that the prices of shares held by the Fund can change quickly and substantially.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment. If you purchase shares in the Fund through a clearing or settlement system, you will be bound by its terms and conditions, which may include the payment of additional fees.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

Barclays UK Equity Income Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks to provide investors with a reasonable level of income, together with the prospect of growth in both income and capital. It aims to achieve a yield in line with, or in excess of, the yield of the FTSE All-Share Index.

The Fund invests primarily in common stock, preferred shares and securities convertible into common stock of established companies across a range of industries, domiciled in the UK or having significant operations in the UK, and listed on a Regulated Market in the UK or in an OECD Country. This Fund is not subject to any capitalisation restrictions.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in the common stocks and preferred shares of UK companies. The Fund may, with the remaining portion of the assets (and on an ancillary basis), invest in non-UK equity securities, Investment Grade government and corporate fixed income securities and Convertible Debt Securities (listed or traded on a Regulated Market).

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares rose by 7.67%.

Market/Economic Review

The UK market traded was range bound in the first half of this reporting period, and only found some momentum in December. Investors are, and remain, somewhat hamstrung over the significant uncertainty about the potential outcome of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union in March 2019. This was in contrast to the UK economy which continued to perform well despite the doom laden predictions that failed to materialise prior to the actual referendum, and have not ceased since. This saw better performance from medium and small sized companies than large caps, despite the weakness of Sterling.

December saw some reversal of this. Commodity and oil prices rose in December and the shares of companies in those appreciated strongly up until Christmas. This reversal caught out many active UK managers who were underweight in natural resources.

In contrast to recent years, there was no significant benefit for UK investors to be invested in a particular style or size bias over the reporting period. Mid sized companies marginally outperformed the wider market over, and value outperformed growth. But this was not a consistent feature of the year. The start of 2018 saw a market correction, the growth style underperform within UK equities, and large companies underperform small and mid cap indices. This reversed in the second quarter of the year.

A notable feature was the number of mergers and acquisitions that were announced or took place. The weakness of Sterling and the significant degree to which the UK equity market is out of favour with global investors has made some companies very attractive to overseas buyers with a long term view. Within the largest companies, the likes of Shire Pharmaceuticals and Sky were bid for by Japanese and US suitors respectively. Other activity was seen in the financial sector, where dealer NEX Group was purchased by CME, and Fidessa by Ion. GKN was purchased by Melrose in the UK which attracted headlines over concerns of potential 'asset stripping'. Some deals did not consummate, with Hammerson rejecting a deal by French property company Kleppiere. The speed at which drinks company Conviviality declined into administration was shocking, but as a relatively small listed company, failed to place too much of a dent in investor confidence.

Market/Economic Review (continued)

The period saw a rising oil price and US Dollar as the US economy was boosted by tax reform. In the absence of any technology sector of note within the UK market, the energy sector was the standout best performing part of the market over this period, rising over thirty percent. Given the size of the likes of BP and Shell in the index, any manager who was underweight the sector found this a material headwind to being able to generate outperformance. Materials was the next best performing sector but only managed to generate around a sixteen percent return. The worst performing sector over the entire period was Telecommunication Services. The market struggles to see value in the likes of BT and Vodafone, both of whom face individual challenges about how to grow their business. Whilst both pay attractive dividends and are lowly priced, there remains huge uncertainty about what will see them become more attractive investments.

The period was also interesting for how company share prices reacted to bad news. In contrast to previous years where disappointing announcements were sometimes ignored, share prices often fell sharply on a profit warning over the period. The most notable of this was Micro Focus. A FTSE 100 company and darling of many growth investors, announcing management change and difficulty integrating a recent purchase saw a 50% fall in its share price in a few days. This type of behaviour is challenging for many investors, but is helpful to those who either invest in companies that are exceptionally well managed or have already gone through their most difficult periods and are already lowly priced by the market.

Fund Review

The Fund outperformed over the period. Majedie had a very strong period, and Artemis managed to modestly outperform. Lazard were broadly in line with the index return.

Majedie's outperformance was driven by its exposure to the strong share price returns in the old and gas sector. Genel Energy contributed over one and a half percent of outperformance alone, BP and Shell one percent each. Centrica was the biggest detractor over the period; the managers remain convinced in the merits of that particular business. The decision of the manager to leave Majedie to return to academia was a disappointing news item in early 2018. We are considering the future of the holding.

Artemis outperformed with its holdings in property company Segro and Dutch information business Walters Kluwer leading the list of outperformers. Consumer staples were the mandate's best sector, the manager owning Tesco. Standard Life Aberdeen has been a disappointing holding for the manager, who was not keen on the merger of the two businesses at the time of its announcement. Saga and Inmarsat were other laggards.

Lazard performed in line with the index. Computacenter led the way within Information technology, the best sector for the manager of the period. But reasonably sized positions in BT and Vodafone held back returns in the telecoms sector, as did a holding in specialist clothing company N Brown.

Outlook

The next year will continue to be dominated politically by the impact and implications of the UK's agreement to leave the European Union. The 'base case' for most UK equity managers is that a deal will be done, and few if any have positioned their portfolio for an extreme outcome. This is perhaps a reaction to how the industry was positioned going into the referendum, incorrectly in hindsight.

Looking more broadly, and more longer term, UK equities are desperately out of favour, almost the most unwanted asset class globally in some surveys. The economy is – probably – nearer the end than the beginning of its cycle, there is some wage inflation, interest rates have started to rise, and unemployment is low. The UK stock market has little exposure to technology, the sector that has driven the performance of other large markets over recent years. Banks, oil and mining and pharmaceutical companies dominate the index, all of which face their own challenges. The retail sector is under huge pressure as online sales see long established high street brand names struggle.

But we see opportunity for the patient. It was only a few years ago when European equities were similarly unloved, and they are now widely appreciated by global investors. A resolution to the Brexit debate would be exceptionally helpful for sentiment. Sterling would likely appreciate, boosting returns for overseas investors. Clearly, no deal would be very bad for the market, in the medium to short term. But if panic is averted, we think long term investors – particularly those who believe that market valuations and sentiment revert to the mean – should not forget about UK equities just yet.

Barclays Bank PLC Savings, Wealth and Investment Management (Investment Adviser) September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

	Market		Holding /
% of N	Value		Nominal
Asse	£'000	Investment	Value
		ASIA: 0.14% (0.16%)	
		SINGAPORE: 0.14% (0.16%)	
		Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 0.14% (0.16%)	
0	185	XP Power	5,190
		PACIFIC: 0.00% (0.35%)	
		AUSTRALIA: 0.00% (0.35%)	
		Industrials Metal & Mining :0.00% (0.27%)	
		Mining: 0.00% (0.08%)	
		EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 0.00% (8.37%)	
		FRANCE: 0.56% (0.93%)	
		Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 0.00% (0.19%)	
		Media 0.26% (0.00%)	
0.	346	Vivendi	18,707
		Oil & Gas Producers: 0.30% (0.27%)	
0.	409	TOTAL	8,432
		Support Services: 0.00% (0.47%)	
		GERMANY: 2.52% (2.54%)	
		General Retailers: 0.49% (0.27%)	
0.	657	Delivery Hero	14,519
		Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 0.85% (1.41%)	
0.	1,142	Bayer	13,336
		Software & Computer Services: 0.59% (0.00%)	
0.	800	SAP	8,741
		Travel & Leisure: 0.59% (0.86%)	
0.	797	TUI	49,362
		GREECE: 0.00% (0.22%)	
		Banks: 0.00% (0.22%)	
	5	Piraeus Bank	2,130
		IRELAND: 0.61% (0.28%)	
		Food Producers: 0.30% (0.00%)	
0.	409	Origin enterprises [^]	76,806
		Mining: 0.31% (0.28%)	
0.	419	Kenmare Resources	190,248
		ITALY: 0.57% (0.00%)	
		Oil & Gas Producers : 0.57% (0.00%)	
0.	768	Eni	53,408
		NETHERLANDS: 0.21% (1.26%)	
		Food producers: 0.21% (0.00%)	
0.	282	Corbion	10,835
		Media: 1.41% (1.26%)	
0.	445	RELX	26,468
1.	1,455	Wolters Kluwer	31,656

	Market		Holding /
% of N	Value		Nominal
Asse	£'000		Value
		EURO	
		NORW	
0	909	Food I	EO C 41
0.6	808		50,641
		SPAIN Gas, V	
		Travel	
		SWED	
		Banks	
0.6	866		107,028
0	000	SWITZ	107,020
		Pharm	
0.2	357		5,602
0.2	357		1,912
0	714		,
		NORT	
		CANA	
		Indust	
		UNITE	
		Aeros	
0.	143		579
		Banks	
0.	138		3,092
		Pharm	
0.2	397		6,781
0.3	465	0 Pfizer	15,900
0.6	862		
		Softw	
0.0	55	5	889
		VIRGI	
		Electro	
		Real E	
		UNITE	
0.4	593	Aeros 0 BAE Sy	90,800
0.4	540		438,335
0.9	1,133	J CODITIO	430,333
	1,155	Auton	
		Banks	
1.3	1,668		873,624
3.	5,226		718,123
2.0	2,764		4,416,164
0.3	468	-	187,563
0.5	702		99,849
8.0	10,828		,

	Market		Holding /
% of N	Value		Nominal
Ass	£'000	Investment	Value
		UNITED KINGDOM: 87.87% (88.23%) (continued)	
		Beverages: 0.22% (0.21%)	
0.	303	Britvic	37,524
		Construction & Materials: 1.21% (1.61%)	
0	166	Balfour Beatty	56,769
0.	1,271	Melrose Industries	591,024
0	190	Norcros	87,003
1.	1,627		
		Electricity: 0.74% (0.68%)	
0.	353	Drax	99,679
0.	648	SSE	51,257
0	1,001		
		Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 0.15% (0.09%)	
0	202	Discoverie	48,616
		Equity Investment Instruments: 0.41% (0.42%)	
0	554	NextEnergy Solar Fund**	512,504
		Financial Services: 6.16% (6.62%)	
2	2,890	3i	305,859
0	194	Arrow Global	76,190
0.	330	Brewin Dolphin	94,015
0.	1,019	IG	113,772
0	250	Intermediate Capital	23,399
1.	1,345	London Stock Exchange	29,945
0.	337	Man	195,013
0	219	Morses Club^	130,127
0	213	Mortgage Advice Bureau^	32,211
0	256	Quilter	166,358
0.	1,056	Standard Life	343,185
0	202	Xafinity	115,652
6	8,311		
		Fixed Line Telecommunications: 1.06% (1.76%)	
1.	1,426	BT	604,389
		Food & Drug Retailers: 2.45% (1.23%)	
0.	27	Conviviality	26,682
2.	3,274	Tesco	1,270,813
2.	3,301		
		Food Producers: 0.43% (0.00%)	
0.	574	Tate & Lyle	90,984
		Forestry & Paper: 0.31% (0.00%)	
0.	412	Mondi	19,796
		Gas, Water & Multiutilities: 1.26% (2.08%)	
0.	1,332	Centrica	873,960
0.	367	Pennon	48,543
1.	1,699		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 87.87% (88.23%) (continued)		
	General Industrials: 0.93% (0.26%)		
25,008	RPC	201	0.1
261,579	Low & Bonar	130	0.10
56,807	Smiths	912	0.6
	G	1,243	0.9
220 274	General Retailers: 0.82% (2.84%)	474	0.0
228,274	Card Factory	474	0.3
213,437	Lookers	224	0.1
89,382	Marks & Spencer	277	0.2
86,351	N Brown	128	0.09
		1,103	0.82
0.5.000	Health Care Equipment and Services: 0.27% (0.00%)	0.54	
26,220	Smith & Nephew	361	0.2
11 456	Household Goods & Home Construction: 0.76% (1.08%)	427	0.00
11,456	Berkeley	427	0.3
55,656	Headlam	262	0.1
191,866	Taylor Wimpey	337	0.2
	1.1.4.15	1,026	0.70
17,000	Industrial Engineering: 0.26% (0.00%)	240	0.20
17,988	Weir	349	0.20
222 216	Industrial Transportation: 1.37% (1.45%)	701	0.5
223,316	BBA Aviation	781	0.5
171,601	Eddie Stobart Logistics^	232	0.1
178,282	Royal Mail	835	0.6
	Laisura Canda 0 000/ (0 100/)	1,848	1.3
	Leisure Goods: 0.00% (0.10%)		
872,206	Life Insurance: 9.43% (10.18%) Aviva	4,269	3.10
672,206 1,691,183		4,269 4,444	3.29
448,589	Legal & General Phoenix	3,073	2.2
53,512	Prudential	950	0.7
55,512	Prudential		9.4
	Madia 6 250/ /5 240/ \	12,736	9.4.
44,856	Media: 6.35% (5.34%) Daily Mail & General Trust	334	0.2
	Informa		
346,116 622,159	ITIV	2,769 1,034	2.0. 0.7
143,481	NAHL^	1,034	0.7
	Pearson		
189,521		1,814	1.3
133,501 64,971	RELX	2,256 201	1.6
n4 9/1	Tarsus	ZUI	0.1

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	UNITED KINGDOM: 87.87% (88.23%) (continued)		
	Mining: 4.61% (3.71%)		
50,772	Anglo American	859	0.64
66,521	BHP Billiton	1,135	0.84
134,738	Central Asia Metals^	317	0.24
54,990	Hochschild Mining	99	0.07
91,570	Rio Tinto	3,809	2.82
		6,219	4.61
	Mobile Telecommunications: 3.70% (3.37%)		
187,744	Inmarsat	1,066	0.79
2,179,818	Vodafone	3,924	2.91
		4,990	3.70
	Nonlife Insurance: 2.71% (3.46%)		
603,229	Direct Line Insurance	2,000	1.48
123,305	Randall & Quilter Investment^	195	0.14
234,909	RSA Insurance	1,467	1.09
		3,662	2.71
	Oil & Gas Producers: 13.09% (10.30%)		
1,349,734	BP	7,656	5.67
185,492	Cairn Energy	450	0.33
522,934	EnQuest	187	0.14
203,111	Genel Energy	545	0.40
637,583	Lekoil Class D^	125	0.09
586,192	Ophir Energy	255	0.19
305,493	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	8,123	6.02
342,393	Soco International	336	0.25
		17,677	13.09
	Oil Equipment, Services & Distribution: 0.00% (0.04%)		
	Personal Goods: 0.85% (0.97%)		
26,464	Unilever	1,142	0.85
<u> </u>	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 5.88% (5.29%)	<u> </u>	
32,050	AstraZeneca	1,837	1.36
323,838	GlaxoSmithKline	5,029	3.73
213,520	Indivior	672	0.50
8,953	Shire	390	0.29
		7,928	5.88
	Real Estate Investment & Services: 0.28% (0.13%)		
182,620	Belvoir Lettings^	190	0.14
52,987	Palace Capital	182	0.13
204,883	Speymill Deutsche Immobilien†	11	0.01
,	'	383	0.28

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	UNITED KINGDOM: 87.87% (88.23%) (continued)		
	Real Estate Investment Trusts: 4.46% (4.08%)		
,820,660	Assura	1,038	0.7
101,685	British Land	661	0.49
59,795	Hammerson	305	0.23
232,599	Hansteen	253	0.19
414,197	Secure Income^	1,574	1.13
326,025	Segro	2,171	1.6
		6,002	4.46
	Software & Computer Services: 0.60% (0.35%)		
15,590	Computacenter	246	0.18
23,007	FDM	220	0.16
54,192	Sage	350	0.26
	-	816	0.60
	Support Services: 2.11% (2.47%)		
65,548	Essentra	329	0.24
7,067	Ferguson	429	0.33
115,030	Gateley^	191	0.14
59,217	Hays	119	0.09
160,120	Lakehouse^	66	0.0
48,472	Northgate	207	0.15
356,984	Rentokil Initial	1,226	0.9
82,737	SThree	285	0.2
- , -		2,852	2.1
	Technology Hardware & Equipment: 0.11% (0.79%)	7	
133,613	Vianet^	151	0.1
	Tobacco: 3.29% (4.42%)		
64,064	British American Tobacco	2,636	1.90
63,445	Imperial Brands	1,801	1.33
,		4,437	3.29
	Travel & Leisure: 2.73% (2.58%)	.,	5.2.
143,973	888 Holdings	350	0.26
34,254	Compass	553	0.4
70,696	Greene King	365	0.2
30,627	GVC Holdings	335	0.2
55,968	Hostelworld	165	0.1
173,568	SSP	1,177	0.8
251,329	William Hill	747	0.5!
دع،,عد	vviii(atti i III)	3,692	2.73

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	Futures: 0.01% ((0.03%))		
40	Fut Sep 18 FTSE 100	10	0.01
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS: (0.04%) ((0.12%))		
€(535,000)	Sold Euro		
£477,421	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	2	-
CHF 29,800	Bought Swiss Franc		
£(29,786)	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	-	-
CHF(30,200)	Sold Swiss Franc		
£22,837	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	-	-
€(305,000)	Sold Euro		
£266,963	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	(4)	-
CHF(407,000)	Sold Swiss Franc		
£308,112	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	(4)	-
SEK(8,563,000)	Sold Swedish Krona		
£732,843	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	(7)	(0.01)
€(5,011,000)	Sold Euro		
£4,407,024	For Sterling (Expires 10/09/2018)	(47)	(0.03)
		(60)	(0.04)
	Portfolio of investments*	130,215	96.51
	Net other assets	4,706	3.49
	Net assets	134,921	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market except for those denoted with an asterisk (**).

^{*}Includes derivatives.

[†]This is a delisted security and has been valued at the manager's best assessment of its fair value.

[^]These securities are quoted on an Alternative Investment Market (AIM) and comprise 2.99% (2017: 2.50%) of the Net Asset Value.

^{^^}These securities are quoted on NASDAQ and comprise 0.33% (2017: 2.76%) of the Net Asset Value.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
	£		£
Vodafone	1,535,778	BP	2,878,110
Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	1,485,023	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	2,485,204
Tesco	1,456,010	HSBC	2,311,176
GlaxoSmithKline	1,343,171	Lloyds Banking	2,087,793
BHP Billiton	1,119,333	Saga	1,956,766
BP	1,053,993	RELX	1,616,606
Legal & General	981,912	Rio Tinto	1,527,404
Smiths	941,597	Ashmore	1,463,809
Direct Line Insurance	922,342	Laird	1,458,123
ITV	904,399	Aviva	1,284,701
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018

£40,867,354

£73,015,232

Total purchases for the year

Total sales for the year

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

			07/2017 to 8/07/2018		/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital gains	2		6,965		17,767
Revenue	3	6,324		7,705	
Expenses	4	(1,437)		(1,677)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(2)		(4)	
Net revenue before taxation		4,885		6,024	
Taxation	5	(40)		(60)	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			4,845		5,964
Total return before distributions			11,810		23,731
Distributions	6		(6,244)		(7,611)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			5,566		16,120

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018		29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		159,170		206,557
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	9,068		12,686	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(39,084)		(76,498)	
		(30,016)		(63,812)
Dilution adjustment		25		99
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders				
from investment activities		5,566		16,120
Retained distribution on accumulation shares		169		206
Unclaimed distributions		7		-
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		134,921		159,170

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Assets					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		130,277		155,736
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	689		673	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	244		307	
Cash and bank balances	9	5,271		4,581	
Total current assets			6,204		5,561
Total assets			136,481		161,297
Liabilities					
Investment liabilities	13		(62)		(282)
Creditors					
Bank overdrafts	9	-		(65)	
Distribution payable	10	(1,089)		(1,314)	
Other creditors	10	(409)		(466)	
Total creditors			(1,498)		(1,845)
Total liabilities			(1,560)		(2,127)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			134,921		159,170

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital gains/(losses)

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
The net capital gains on investments during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	6,715	17,688
Derivative contracts	73	527
Forward currency contracts	269	(486)
Currency (losses)/gains	(71)	59
Transaction charges	(21)	(21)
Net capital gains	6,965	17,767

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Franked UK dividends	5,452	6,438
UK REIT dividends	26	91
UK PID income	190	153
Non-taxable overseas dividends	653	1,023
Bank interest	3	<u> </u>
Total revenue	6,324	7,705

4. Expenses

4. Expenses	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic fee	1,251	1,466
Registration fee	71	81
	1,322	1,547
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of eithe	r of them:	
Depositary fee	23	26
Safe custody fee	4	5
	27	31
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	60	65
Audit fee	12	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
Printing fee	8	14
FCA fee	1	-
Tax advisory fee	5	6
	88	99
Total expenses	1,437	1,677

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

5 Taxation

(a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Overseas tax	40	60
Current tax note 5(b)	40	60
Deferred tax note 5(c)	-	-
Total taxation	40	60

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	4,885	6,024
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of co	orporation tax	
at 20% (2017: 20%)	977	1,205
Effects of:		
Overseas tax	40	60
Revenue not subject to taxation	(1,226)	(1,509)
Non-trade loan relationship deficit not utilised	-	1
Movement in taxation due to accruals	3	-
Excess management expenses not utilised	246	303
Current tax	40	60

(c) Provision for deferred tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end there is a potential deferred tax asset of £6,782,401 (28 July 2017: £6,535,522) due to surplus management expenses. It is unlikely the Funds will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these amounts and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised (28 July 2017: same).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
First interim distribution	1,781	2,524
Second interim distribution	912	944
Third interim distribution	2,318	2,601
Final distribution	1,121	1,356
Total Distribution	6,131	7,425
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	123	243
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(11)	(57)
Distributions for the year	6,244	7,611

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Distributions (continued)	tuile, utions four the account on the line was	
The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the dis	tribution for the year are as follows: 29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	4,845	5,964
Add: Expenses taken to capital	1,437	1,677
Less: Tax relief on expenses taken to capital	(38)	(30)
Distributions for the year	6,244	7,611
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	2	4
	2	4
8. Debtors	20/07/2010	20 /07 /201
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	6	900
Sales awaiting settlement	230	200
Accrued revenue	373	280
Overseas tax recoverable	52	82
UK tax recoverable on PID income	2	17
Amounts receivable on FX contracts	26 689	88 673
9. Net uninvested cash		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	244	307
Bank overdrafts	-	(65)
Cash and bank balances	5,271	4,581
Net uninvested cash	5,515	4,823
10. Creditors		
	28/07/2018 £'000	28/07/2017 £'000
(a) Other creditors	_ 555	
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	24	128
Purchases awaiting settlement	205	88
Accrued expenses	154	162
Amounts payable on FX contracts	26	88
	409	466
(b) Distributions payable		
Net distributions payable	1,089	1,314
	1,089	1,314

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 126. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL'). In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the utilisation of forward currency contracts as necessary. Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and preceding year.

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2018	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Euro	(5,191)	7,521	2,330
Norwegian Krone	-	357	357
Swedish Krona	(740)	3	(737)
Swiss Francs	(313)	392	79
US Dollar	-	678	678
	(6,244)	8,951	2,707

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk (continued)

	Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
28/07/2017	exposure	exposure	
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000
Australian Dollar	-	129	129
Canadian Dollar	-	317	317
Euro	(5,250)	7,089	1,839
Norwegian Krone	-	733	733
Swedish Krona	(1,266)	1,381	115
Swiss Francs	(557)	1,214	657
US Dollar	-	767	767
	(7,073)	11,630	4,557

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

	Net	2018 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2018	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Euro	2,317	8	185
Norwegian Krone	357	12	43
Swedish Krona	(740)	18	(133)
Swiss Francs	44	13	6
US Dollar	678	12	81
	2,656		182

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Australian Dollar	129	11	14
Canadian Dollar	317	12	38
Euro	1,839	8	147
Norwegian Krone	1,466	13	191
Swedish Krona	115	10	12
Swiss Francs	657	9	59
US Dollar	767	11	84
	5,290		545

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. The Fund's only interest bearing financial instruments were its bank balances and overdraft facilities as disclosed in note 9.

Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(e) Derivatives - sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 2.27% (28 July 2017: 2.61%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 98.77% (28 July 2017: 100.31%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 0.9877 (28 July 2017:1.0031) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

(g) Counterparty risk

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over The Counter' (OTC) derivative instruments. These types of instruments introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments. In order to reduce this risk, a collateral may be held by the Fund.

Exposure to a counterparty is calculated using the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contracts. The counterparties to these transactions and any collateral held by the Fund at the balance sheet date are shown below:

28/07/2018	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	10
UBS	-	2
28/07/2017	Collateral	Derivatives
Exposures by Counterparty	£'000	£'000
Goldman Sachs International	-	-
UBS	-	30

13. Fair value disclosures

Amendments to FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' - Fair value hierarchy disclosures requires that an analysis of investments and investment liabilities by reference to a fair value hierarchy be disclosed as follows:

Level 1: Fair value based on an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments includes exchange-traded instruments unless there is persistently insufficient activity to regard the market as active. Examples typically include equities, depositary receipts, warrants, rights, money market instruments, exchange-traded derivatives, exchange-traded products (including exchange-traded funds) and some highly liquid exchange traded debt securities.

Level 2: Fair value based on a valuation technique using observable market data includes over-the-counter instruments, instruments priced via multi-broker quotes or evaluated pricing techniques, exchange-traded instruments where the market is persistently not active and instruments subject to fair value pricing adjustments made by reference to observable market data. Examples typically include OTC derivatives, debt securities, convertible bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and open-ended funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures (continued)

Level 3: Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on unobservable data and this typically includes single broker-priced instruments, suspended/unquoted securities, private equity, unlisted closed-ended funds and openended funds with restrictions on redemption rights.

It is the responsibility of the Fair Value Forum ('FVF') to ensure pricing sources and methodologies used to value securities are appropriate as delegated by the ACD. Investments classified as using inputs that are not based on observable market data comprise fair value adjusted securities, stale and single sourced bonds. In seeking to value such securities where no liquid market exists, the FVF will gather valuation related information from multiple internal and external sources. These sources include historic trading and pricing information and the views of internal security analysts. Internal security analysts have access to a range of material including, company specific news and earnings, cash flow forecasts, valuations of the underlying portfolio company and competitor company valuations within related industries and sectors to determine a valuation recommendation for each unlisted security.

Generally for fair valued securities, stale and single source bonds, where there is no price source from an active market, the FVF has applied judgement in determining the fair value. This fair value is established by using measures such as; stale priced securities where the last traded price is used. The FVF has the ability to apply discounts to security valuations. Management determines the discount based on its judgement, after considering market liquidity conditions and company specific factors such as the development stage of the portfolio company. Generally unlisted securities are valued at cost, a trade executed by another Barclays Fund, grey market trades or at a nil value where companies have gone into liquidation, administration or are deemed worthless. Single sourced broker prices use data received from a single pricing vendor and stale prices use the most recent broker quote available.

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2018

Financial Assets	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Equities	130,254	-	11	130,265
Forward Curreny Contracts	-	2	-	2
Futures	10	-	-	10
	130,264	2	11	130,277
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Forward Curreny Contracts	-	(62)	-	(62)
	-	(62)	-	(62)

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

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13. Fai	r valu	ue disc	closures (continued	d)		

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	155,694	-	12	155,706
Forward Curreny Contracts	-	30	-	30
	155,694	30	12	155,736
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Forward Curreny Contracts	(55)	-	-	(55)
Futures	-	(227)	-	(227)
	(55)	(227)	-	(282)

14. Portfolio transaction costs 29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018

Purchases in

	the year before					Total Purchase	Gross Purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	Costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	40,683	21	0.05%	164	0.40%	185	40,868
Total	40,683	21	0.05%	164	0.40%	185	40,868

Sales in						Total sales net of
the year before					Total sales	transaction
transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
73,049	(33)	(0.05%)	(1)	0.00%	(34)	73,015
73,049	(33)	(0.05%)	(1)	0.00%	(34)	73,015
	the year before transaction costs £'000	the year before transaction costs £'000 £'000 \pm '000 (33)	the year before transaction costs £'000 £'000 % 73,049 (33) (0.05%)	the year before transaction costs £'000 £'000 % £'000 $\%$ 10	the year before transaction costs £'000 £'000 % £'000 % 73,049 (33) (0.05%) (1) 0.00%	the year before transaction costs £'0000 £'0000 % £'0000 % £'0000 % £'0000 (34)

Total transaction costs 54 165 as a % of the average net assets 0.04% 0.11%

29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017

Purchases in

	the year before				-	Total Purchase	Gross Purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	Costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	54,710	46	0.08%	189	0.35%	235	54,945
Total	54,710	46	0.08%	189	0.35%	235	54,945

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued) 29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017

							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	114,461	(81)	(0.07%)	(1)	0.00%	(82)	114,379
Total	114,461	(81)	(0.07%)	(1)	0.00%	(82)	114,379
Total transactio	n costs	127		190			
as a % of the av	verage net assets	0.07%		0.11%			

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions.

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs, these costs form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.18% (28 July 2017: 0.49%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%). Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £94,302 (28 July 2017: £108,635) are due to the ACD.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 152 to 154. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	3,580,412	3,777,438
Issued during year	86,820	87,722
Cancelled during year	(314,074)	(276,885)
Conversions during the year	11,470	(7,863)
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	3,364,628	3,580,412
Newshare of A. Chan Assessed attack Change		
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares	102 222	105.612
Balance at beginning of year	103,323	105,612
Issued during year	876	2,705
Cancelled during year	(11,406)	(4,994)
Conversions during the year	(6,989)	
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares	05.004	100 000
in issue at end of year	85,804	103,323
Number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	27,168,379	40,161,523
Issued during year	1,698,417	2,542,058
Cancelled during year	(7,126,903)	(15,783,168)
Conversions during the year	-	247,966
Total number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	21,739,893	27,168,379
Number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares	202 270	500,000
Balance at beginning of year	383,270	502,099
Issued during year	26,632	37,784
Cancelled during year	(55,672)	(43,442)
Conversions during the year	803	(113,171)
Total number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	355,033	383,270

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds (continued)		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	515,577	761,145
Issued during year	6,512	47,698
Cancelled during year	(155,021)	(203,551)
Conversions during the year	-	(89,715)
Total number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	367,068	515,577

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

First interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/12/2017	28/12/2016
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	5.1427p	-	5.1427p	5.1643p
Group 2	1.3122p	3.8305p	5.1427p	5.1643p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	8.7559p	-	8.7559p	8.4284p
Group 2	4.9910p	3.7649p	8.7559p	8.4284p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	5.7332p	-	5.7332p	5.7074p
Group 2	1.8264p	3.9068p	5.7332p	5.7074p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	5.3160p	-	5.3160p	5.3063p
Group 2	1.2433p	4.0727p	5.3160p	5.3063p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	9.0356p	-	9.0356p	8.6478p
Group 2	0.9745p	8.0611p	9.0356p	8.6478p

Second interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/03/2018	24/03/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.6505p	-	2.6505p	2.4135p
Group 2	0.7322p	1.9183p	2.6505p	2.4135p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	4.5635p	-	4.5635p	3.9867p
Group 2	1.3847p	3.1788p	4.5635p	3.9867p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.9611p	-	2.9611p	2.6727p
Group 2	1.5994p	1.3617p	2.9611p	2.6727p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.7439p	-	2.7439p	2.4834p
Group 2	1.5690p	1.1749p	2.7439p	2.4834p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	4.7173p	-	4.7173p	4.0962p
Group 2	2.4626p	2.2547p	4.7173p	4.0962p

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018 (continued)

Third interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/06/2018	28/06/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	7.6212p	-	7.6212p	7.2243p
Group 2	3.8712p	3.7500p	7.6212p	7.2243p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	13.1915p	-	13.1915p	12.0007p
Group 2	7.8113p	5.3802p	13.1915p	12.0007p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	8.5411p	-	8.5411 p	8.0222p
Group 2	7.4680p	1.0731p	8.5411 p	8.0222p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	7.9045p	-	7.9045p	7.4474p
Group 2	4.4976p	3.4069p	7.9045p	7.4474p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	13.6845p	-	13.6845p	12.3535p
Group 2	10.6021p	3.0824p	13.6845p	12.3535p

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/09/2018	28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	3.8738p	-	3.8738p	3.8431p
Group 2	0.7259p	3.1479p	3.8738p	3.8431p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	6.8179p	-	6.8179p	6.4884p
Group 2	2.2012p	4.6167p	6.8179p	6.4884p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	4.3447p	-	4.3447p	4.2747p
Group 2	2.0638p	2.2809p	4.3447p	4.2747p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	4.0232p	-	4.0232p	3.9664p
Group 2	2.7824p	1.2408p	4.0232p	3.9664p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	7.0687p	-	7.0687p	6.6867p
Group 2	0.6120p	6.4567p	7.0687p	6.6867p

Performance Tables

	A-	-Class Distributio	n	A-Cl	A-Class Accumulation			
29/07	7/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 3	29/07/2015 to		
28/	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016		
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)		
Change in net assets per share	!							
Opening net asset value								
per share**:	450.61	412.38	425.87	767.16	672.98	665.47		
Return before operating charges	* 42.03	64.41	11.27	72.61	106.67	18.68		
Operating charges	(7.97)	(7.53)	(7.03)	(13.77)	(12.49)	(11.17)		
Return after operating charges*	39.58	56.88	4.24	58.84	94.18	7.51		
Distributions	(19.29)	(18.65)	(17.73)	(33.33)	(30.90)	(28.14)		
Retained distributions on								
accumulation shares	-	-	-	33.33	30.90	28.14		
Closing net asset value								
per share**	465.38	450.61	412.38	826.00	767.16	672.98		
*after direct transaction costs of	f: 0.59	(0.78)	(0.94)	1.03	(1.30)	(1.49)		
Performance								
Return after charges	7.56%	13.79%	1.00%	7.67%	13.99%	1.13%		
Other information								
Closing net asset value (£'000)	15,658	16,134	15,577	709	793	711		
Closing number of shares ('000)	3,365	3,580	3,777	86	103	106		
Operating charges (%)	1.74%	1.73%	1.73%	1.74%	1.73%	1.73%		
Direct transaction costs	0.13%	0.18%	0.23%	0.13%	0.18%	0.23%		
Prices								
Highest share price	483.70	461.00	439.60	851.30	778.20	686.90		
Lowest share price	431.00	408.50	362.60	746.40	668.00	576.30		
•								

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	M	-Class Distributio	n	R-C	R-Class Distribution			
2	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to 3	29/07/2015 to		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016		
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)		
Change in net assets per	share							
Opening net asset value								
per share**:	501.97	455.38	466.17	465.55	423.49	434.70		
Return before operating ch	arges* 47.03	71.42	12.50	43.56	66.33	11.60		
Operating charges	(4.46)	(4.15)	(3.80)	(5.41)	(5.07)	(4.66)		
Return after operating char	rges* 42.57	67.27	8.70	38.15	61.26	6.94		
Distributions	(21.58)	(20.68)	(19.49)	(19.99)	(19.20)	(18.15)		
Retained distributions on								
accumulation shares	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Closing net asset value								
per share**	522.96	501.97	455.38	483.71	465.55	423.49		
*after direct transaction co	ests of: 0.66	(0.87)	(1.03)	0.62	(0.80)	(0.95)		
Performance								
Return after charges	8.48%	14.77%	1.87%	8.19%	14.47%	1.60%		
Other information								
Closing net asset value (£'	000) 113,690	136,378	182,890	1,717	1,784	2,126		
Closing number of shares	('000) 21,740	27,168	40,162	355	383	502		
Operating charges (%)	0.87%	0.86%	0.85%	1.14%	1.13%	1.12%		
Direct transaction costs	0.13%	0.18%	0.23%	0.13%	0.18%	0.23%		
Prices								
Highest share price	542.70	512.80	481.30	502.20	475.80	448.80		
Lowest share price	482.40	452.10	398.80	446.80	420.20	371.30		
•								

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

		·	
/		Class Accumulation	
	/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
28/0	07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per share			
Opening net asset value			
per share**:	791.43	690.12	678.29
Return before operating charges'	* 75.12	109.70	19.22
Operating charges	(9.32)	(8.39)	(7.39)
Return after operating charges*	65.80	101.31	11.83
Distributions	(34.51)	(31.78)	(28.77)
Retained distributions on			
accumulation shares	34.51	31.78	28.77
Closing net asset value			
per share**	857.23	791.43	690.12
*after direct transaction costs of:	1.06	(1.34)	(1.52)
Performance			
Return after charges	8.31%	14.68%	1.74%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	3,147	4,081	5,253
Closing number of shares ('000)	367	516	761
Operating charges (%)	1.14%	1.13%	1.12%
Direct transaction costs	0.13%	0.18%	0.23%
Prices			
Highest share price	882.50	802.10	700.20
Lowest share price	772.50	685.10	589.30

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a quarantee.

The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Fund is in Category 5 because of the high range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund may be exposed to stock market movements in a single country or region which may be adversely affected by political or economic developments, government action or natural events that do not affect a fund investing in broader markets.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the fund and your investment.

Stock markets can be volatile, meaning that the prices of shares held by the Fund can change quickly and substantially.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment.

The underlying funds into which the Fund invests may seek to identify and invest in undervalued securities. The identification of investment opportunities in undervalued securities is difficult and there can be no assurance that such opportunities will be successfully identified.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

Barclays UK Opportunities Fund

Investment Objective and Policy

The Fund seeks to maximise long-term total return primarily through investment in UK companies with strong prospects for growth.

The Fund invests primarily in common stocks, preferred shares and securities convertible into common stock of companies across a range of industries, domiciled in the UK or having significant operations in the UK, and listed on a UK Regulated Market or Regulated Market of an OECD country.

The Fund will seek to invest in UK companies which the Investment Manager and/or sub-investment manager(s) believe(s) to possess strong growth prospects and may be undervalued. As higher growth rates are often achieved by small to medium sized companies, a portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in the securities of such companies.

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its assets in the common stocks and preferred shares of UK companies that are believed to offer better than average growth. The Fund may, with the remaining portion of the assets (and on an ancillary basis), invest in non-UK equity securities, Investment Grade government and corporate fixed income securities and Convertible Debt Securities (listed or traded on a Regulated Market).

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and near cash, deposits and units in collective investment schemes (use may be made of stocklending, borrowing, cash holdings, hedging and other efficient portfolio management techniques permitted in the applicable FCA Rules).

Investment Report

During the year under review, the net asset value per share attributable to the A-Class Accumulation shares rose by 9.51%.

Market/Economic Review

The UK market traded was range bound in the first half of this reporting period, and only found some momentum in December. Investors are, and remain, somewhat hamstrung over the significant uncertainty about the potential outcome of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union in March 2019. This was in contrast to the UK economy which continued to perform well despite the doom laden predictions that failed to materialise prior to the actual referendum, and have not ceased since. This saw better performance from medium and small sized companies than large caps, despite the weakness of Sterling.

December saw some reversal of this. Commodity and oil prices rose in December and the shares of companies in those appreciated strongly up until Christmas. This reversal caught out many active UK managers who were underweight in natural resources.

In contrast to recent years, there was no significant benefit for UK investors to be invested in a particular style or size bias over the reporting period. Mid sized companies marginally outperformed the wider market over, and value outperformed growth. But this was not a consistent feature of the year. The start of 2018 saw a market correction, the growth style underperform within UK equities, and large companies underperform small and mid cap indices. This reversed in the second quarter of the year.

Market/Economic Review (continued)

A notable feature was the number of mergers and acquisitions that were announced or took place. The weakness of Sterling and the significant degree to which the UK equity market is out of favour with global investors has made some companies very attractive to overseas buyers with a long term view. Within the largest companies, the likes of Shire Pharmaceuticals and Sky were bid for by Japanese and US suitors respectively. Other activity was seen in the financial sector, where dealer NEX Group was purchased by CME, and Fidessa by Ion. GKN was purchased by Melrose in the UK which attracted headlines over concerns of potential 'asset stripping'. Some deals did not consummate, with Hammerson rejecting a deal by French property company Kleppiere. The speed at which drinks company Conviviality declined into administration was shocking, but as a relatively small listed company, failed to place too much of a dent in investor confidence.

The period saw a rising oil price and US Dollar as the US economy was boosted by tax reform. In the absence of any technology sector of note within the UK market, the energy sector was the standout best performing part of the market over this period, rising over thirty percent. Given the size of the likes of BP and Shell in the index, any manager who was underweight the sector found this a material headwind to being able to generate outperformance. Materials was the next best performing sector but only managed to generate around a sixteen percent return. The worst performing sector over the entire period was Telecommunication Services. The market struggles to see value in the likes of BT and Vodafone, both of whom face individual challenges about how to grow their business. Whilst both pay attractive dividends and are lowly priced, there remains huge uncertainty about what will see them become more attractive investments.

The period was also interesting for how company share prices reacted to bad news. In contrast to previous years where disappointing announcements were sometimes ignored, share prices often fell sharply on a profit warning over the period. The most notable of this was Micro Focus. A FTSE 100 company and darling of many growth investors, announcing management change and difficulty integrating a recent purchase saw a 50% fall in its share price in a few days. This type of behaviour is challenging for many investors, but is helpful to those who either invest in companies that are exceptionally well managed or have already gone through their most difficult periods and are already lowly priced by the market.

Fund Review

The Fund outperformed over the period. Lindsell Train and JO Hambro produced very strong outperformance over the reporting period, a pleasing result given they manage money using very different processes. Heronbridge had a better start to 2018 than it had end of 2017, and performed broadly in line with the FTSE All Share index.

Lindsell Train's strong period was led by its holdings in Hargreaves Lansdown and Fidessa. Burberry and the London Stock Exchange also made strong contributions. Schroders, Sage and Rathbones were the only meaningful detractors; Greene King struggled but was a smaller holding in the portfolio.

Heronbridge saw strong performance from Fenner, which was taken over by Michelin during the reporting period. Recruitment companies Page Group and Hays also performed well, as did UBM, which was acquired by Informa. But performance was held back by not owning Royal Dutch Shell and BP, as well as active positions in Mitie and Mears Group.

JO Hambro demonstrated good stock selection in a variety of sectors. Miner Anglo American, stock broker Numis, and electrical component distributor Electrocomponents led the manager's list of winners. The manager looks for turnaround situations, so names like SDL and Restaurant Group are held in anticipation of a reversal of fortunes. Whilst SDL is a more recent disappointment, Restaurant Group remains a more challenging turnaround although the manager retains his faith in the business.

Outlook

The next year will continue to be dominated politically by the impact and implications of the UK's agreement to leave the European Union. The 'base case' for most UK equity managers is that a deal will be done, and few if any have positioned their portfolio for an extreme outcome. This is perhaps a reaction to how the industry was positioned going into the referendum, incorrectly in hindsight.

Looking more broadly, and more longer term, UK equities are desperately out of favour, almost the most unwanted asset class globally in some surveys. The economy is – probably – nearer the end than the beginning of its cycle, there is some wage inflation, interest rates have started to rise, and unemployment is low. The UK stock market has little exposure to technology, the sector that has driven the performance of other large markets over recent years. Banks, oil and mining and pharmaceutical companies dominate the index, all of which face their own challenges. The retail sector is under huge pressure as online sales see long established high street brand names struggle.

But we see opportunity for the patient. It was only a few years ago when European equities were similarly unloved, and they are now widely appreciated by global investors. A resolution to the Brexit debate would be exceptionally helpful for sentiment. Sterling would likely appreciate, boosting returns for overseas investors. Clearly, no deal would be very bad for the market, in the medium to short term. But if panic is averted, we think long term investors – particularly those who believe that market valuations and sentiment revert to the mean – should not forget about UK equities just yet.

Barclays Bank PLC Savings, Wealth and Investment Management (Investment Adviser) September 2018

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018

All investments are in ordinary shares unless stated otherwise. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent sector holdings at 28 July 2017.

	Market		Holding /
% of Ne	Value		Nominal
Assets	£'000	Investment	Value
		EUROPE EXCLUDING UK: 1.34% (1.39%)	
		NETHERLANDS: 1.34% (1.39%)	
		Beverages: 1.34% (1.39%)	
1.34	1,106	Heineken	14,651
		NORTH AMERICA: 1.54% (1.46%)	
		CAYMAN ISLANDS: 0.19% (0.15%)	
		Travel & Leisure: 0.19% (0.15%)	
0.19	159	Manchester United	10,107
		UNITED STATES: 1.35% (1.31%)	
		Food Producers: 1.35% (1.31%)	
1.35	1,115	Mondelez International^^	34,112
		UNITED KINGDOM: 94.85% (95.22%)	
		Aerospace & Defense: 6.84% (5.92%)	
1.50	1,245	BAE Systems	190,600
0.40	335	Chemring	151,230
1.30	1,072	Cobham	870,125
1.10	911	QinetiQ	332,587
0.97	799	Senior	263,107
1.57	1,302	Ultra Electronics	77,144
6.84	5,664		
		Banks: 3.80% (4.33%)	
1.07	882	Barclays	462,030
1.51	1,248	HSBC	171,469
1.22	1,012	Lloyds Banking	1,616,678
3.80	3,142		
		Beverages: 4.78% (5.52%)	
0.43	360	A.G.BARR	52,282
0.41	337	Britvic	41,715
3.18	2,637	Diageo	93,049
0.76	625	Stock Spirits	279,826
4.78	3,959		
		Chemicals: 0.43% (0.58%)	
0.43	359	Elementis	139,214
		Construction & Materials: 0.43% (0.00%)	
0.43	356	Melrose Industries	165,614
		Electronic & Electrical Equipment: 1.18% (2.04%)	
0.76	630	Spectris	27,591
0.42	347	TT Electronics	152,719
1.18	977		

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 94.85% (95.22%) (continued)		
	Financial Services: 12.27% (13.28%)		
117,061	3i	1,106	1.3
64,362	CMC Markets	122	0.1
99,664	Hargreaves Lansdown	2,065	2.49
39,379	London Stock Exchange	1,769	2.1
251,866	Man	435	0.5
46,929	Numis^	201	0.2
69,925	Rathbone Brothers	1,723	2.0
53,343	Schroders	1,270	1.5
47,703	Schroders VTG	1,466	1.7
		10,157	12.2
	Food & Drug Retailers: 3.23% (2.42%)		
333,917	Tesco	860	1.0
707,472	WM Morrison Supermarkets	1,814	2.1
		2,674	3.2
	Food Producers: 0.06% (0.00%)		
25,755	Devro	52	0.0
	General Industrials: 1.86% (1.97%)		
72,486	DS Smith	364	0.4
73,240	Smiths	1,176	1.4
		1,540	1.8
	General Retailers: 0.67% (1.26%)	<u> </u>	
43,650	Majestic Wine [^]	200	0.2
113,133	Marks & Spencer	351	0.4
<u> </u>	'	551	0.6
	Household Goods & Home Construction: 2.66% (2.04%		
147,553	Headlam	693	0.8
196,739	McBride	280	0.3
179,579	McCarthy & Stone	189	0.2
15,250	Reckitt Benckiser	1,039	1.2
,		2,201	2.6
	Industrial Engineering: 2.11% (3.64%)	2,20.	2.0
117,257	IMI	1,345	1.6
32,733	Vitec	403	0.4
32,733	VILLE	1,748	2.1
	Industrial Transportation: 0.97% (0.95%)	1,770	۷.۱
31,598	Clarkson	806	0.9
31,330	Life Insurance: 1.11% (1.46%)	800	0.9
107250	· · ·	017	1 1
187,259	Aviva	917	1.1
44404	Media: 12.13% (10.84%)	100	2.2
44,404	Ascential	182	0.2
383,635	Daily Mail & General Trust	2,854	3.4

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Ne
Value	Investment	£'000	Asset
	UNITED KINGDOM: 94.85% (95.22%) (continued)		
	Media: 12.13% (10.84%) (continued)		
135,788	Euromoney Institutional Investor	1,868	2.2
12,494	Informa	100	0.1
479,317	ITE	393	0.4
194,279	ITV	323	0.3
119,704	Moneysupermarket.com	365	0.4
186,810	Pearson	1,789	2.7
128,083	RELX	2,165	2.6
		10,039	12.
	Mining: 3.88% (3.76%)		
47,249	Anglo American	799	0.9
57,919	Rio Tinto	2,409	2.9
		3,208	3.8
	Mobile Telecommunications: 1.06% (1.25%)		
485,215	Vodafone	873	1.0
	Oil & Gas Producer: 3.67% (3.66%)		
275,983	BP	1,565	1.8
55,525	Royal Dutch Shell Class 'B'	1,476	1.3
, -	.,	3,041	3.6
	Oil Equipment, Services & Distribution: 0.47% (0.00%)	-,	
50,760	Hunting	392	0.4
,	Personal Goods: 5.27% (4.67%)		
82,636	Burberry	1,746	2.
176,793	PZ Cussons	401	0.4
51,325	Unilever	2,214	2.6
31,323	Office	4,361	5.2
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology: 2.59% (3.79%)	7,501	J.2
5,996	AstraZeneca	344	0.4
115,853	GlaxoSmithKline	1,799	2.
113,033	GlaxOSITIILIINIII le	2,143	2.5
	Real Estate Investment & Services: 2.17% (1.62%)	2,143	Ζ
00.000	` ,	700	0.0
90,000	Savills	790	0.0
118,524	St. Modwen Properties	468	0.5
177,982	Urban & Civic	541	0.6
	D 15 () 1 () () () () () () () ()	1,799	2.
	Real Estate Investment Trusts - 0.03% (0.00%)	0.7	
28,095	Empiric Student Property	27	0.0
	Software & Computer Services: 3.93% (3.74%)		
46,339	EMIS^	430	0.5
32,695	Fidessa	1,262	1.5
215,415	Sage	1,391	1.6
34,992	SDL	173	0.2
		3,256	3.9

Portfolio Statement as at 28 July 2018 (continued)

Holding /		Market	
Nominal		Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£'000	Assets
	UNITED KINGDOM: 94.85% (95.22%) (continued)		
	Support Services: 12.18% (12.37%)		
176,143	Aggreko	1,299	1.57
29,799	De La Rue	152	0.18
145,830	Electrocomponents	1,052	1.27
344,125	Essentra	1,726	2.08
597,549	Hays	1,200	1.45
169,071	iEnergizer^	85	0.10
148,977	Mears	484	0.58
518,944	Mitie	800	0.97
279,867	PageGroup	1,702	2.06
264,473	SIG	329	0.40
358,118	Speedy Hire	221	0.27
77,625	Travis Perkins	1,037	1.25
		10,087	12.18
	Tobacco: 3.53% (1.96%)		
27,031	British American Tobacco	1,112	1.34
63,771	Imperial Brands	1,810	2.19
		2,922	3.53
	Travel & Leisure: 1.54% (2.15%)		
101,615	National Express	416	0.50
220,377	Restaurant	574	0.69
16,569	Young & Co's Brewery VTG^	287	0.35
		1,277	1.54
	Futures: 0.00% ((0.01%))		
26	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry September 2018	(2)	-
	Portfolio of investments*	80,906	97.73
	Net other assets	1,883	2.27
	Net assets	82,789	100.00

All investments are listed as transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange or traded on a regulated market.

^{*}Includes derivatives

[^]These securities are quoted on an Alternative Investment Market ('AIM') and comprise 1.45% (28 July 2017: 1.18%) of the Net Asset Value

^{^^}These securities are quoted on NASDAQ and comprise 1.35% (28 July 2017: 1.31%) of the Net Asset Value.

Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the year ended 28 July 2018

10 Largest Purchases	Cost	10 Largest Sales	Proceeds
-	£	-	£
Imperial Brands	1,082,770	AtraZeneca	1,312,387
Essentra	880,210	London Stock Exchange	1,074,111
Reckitt Benckiser	644,862	Diageo	924,737
Ultra Electronics	558,310	Fenner	814,622
Tesco	537,626	Rotork	701,865
British American Tobacco	434,916	Pearson	701,814
3i	414,100	Hargreaves Lansdown	673,480
PZ Cussons	395,954	Electrocomponents	669,175
Daily Mail & General Trust	383,368	Anglo American	664,157
Moneysupermarket.com	379,712	ВР	639,179
			Year to
Portfolio Information			28/07/2018
Total purchases for the year			£14,753,185
Total sales for the year			£25,929,472

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 28 July 2018

			07/2017 to 8/07/2018		/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Net capital gains	2		6,548		13,323
Other					
Revenue	3	2,818		2,831	
Expenses	4	(1,106)		(1,098)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	-		(2)	
Net revenue before taxation		1,712		1,731	
Taxation	5	(5)		(7)	
Net revenue after taxation for the year			1,707		1,724
Total return before distributions			8,255		15,047
Distributions	6		(1,707)		(1,724)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities			6,548		13,323

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Shareholders for the year ended 28 July 2018

	29/07/2017 to		29/07/2016	
	2	28/07/2018		28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		87,400		83,460
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	5,166		863	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(16,931)		(10,791)	
		(11,765)		(9,928)
Dilution adjustment		11		-
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders				
from investment activities		6,548		13,323
Retained distribution on accumulation shares		595		545
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		82,789		87,400

Balance Sheet as at 28 July 2018

		2	8/07/2018		28/07/2017
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
ASSETS					
Fixed Assets					
Investments	13		80,908		85,713
Current Assets					
Debtors	8	178		271	
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	9	237		133	
Cash and bank balances	9	2,429		2,593	
Total other assets			2,844		2,997
Total assets			83,752		88,710
LIABILITIES					
Investment liabilities	13		(1)		(11)
Creditors					
Distribution payable	10	(563)		(649)	
Other creditors	10	(399)		(650)	
Total other liabilities			(962)		(1,299)
Total liabilities			(963)		(1,310)
Net assets attributable to shareholders			82,789		87,400

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting policies

The accounting policies can be found on pages 13 to 15.

2. Net capital gains

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
The net capital gains on investments during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	6,447	13,060
Derivative contracts	114	277
Currency gains	4	1
Transaction charges	(17)	(15)
Net capital gains	6,548	13,323

3. Revenue

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Franked UK dividends	2,751	2,757
UK PID income	-	3
Non-taxable overseas dividends	65	71
Bank interest	2	-
Total revenue	2,818	2,831

4. Expenses

4. Expenses	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018 £'000	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017 £'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic fee	929	917
Registration fee	76	73
	1,005	990
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either	r of them:	
Depositary fee	13	13
Safe custody fee	2	2
	15	15
Other expenses:		
Administration fee	56	56
Audit fee	12	12
VAT on audit fee	2	2
Printing fee	8	13
FCA fee	1	-
Tax advisory fee	7	10
	86	93
Total expenses	1,106	1,098

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

,		
5. Taxation		
(a) Analysis of taxation charge for the year		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Overseas tax	5	7
Current tax note 5(b)	5	7
Deferred tax note 5(c)	-	-
Total taxation	5	7

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (28 July 2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an open-ended investment company (20%). The differences are explained below:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue before taxation	1,712	1,731
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the appropriate rate of corporation tax	(
at 20% (2017: 20%)	342	346
Effects of:		
Overseas tax	5	7
Revenue not subject to taxation	(563)	(566)
Excess management expenses not utilised	221	220
Current tax	5	7

(c) Provision for deferred tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current year (28 July 2017: same).

At the year end there is a potential deferred tax asset of £3,256,425 (28 July 2017: £3,035,727) due to surplus management expenses. It is unlikely the Funds will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these amounts and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised (28 July 2017: same).

6. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Interim distribution	664	649
Final distribution	945	1,005
Total Distribution	1,609	1,654
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	103	75
Less: Revenue received on creation of shares	(5)	(5)
Distributions for the year	1,707	1,724

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Distributions (continued)

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distribution for the year are as follows:

	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation for the year	1,707	1,724
Distributions for the year	1,707	1,724
7 between weekle and distillanch as a		
7. Interest payable and similar charges	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft interest	-	2
	-	2
8. Debtors		
o. Debiois	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable for creation of shares	5	9
Sales awaiting settlement	55	167
Accrued revenue	117	88
Overseas tax recoverable	1	3
UK tax recoverable on PID income	-	4
	178	271
9. Net uninvested cash		
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
	£'000	£'000
Amounts held at futures clearing houses and brokers	237	133
Cash and bank balances	2,429	2,593
Net uninvested cash	2,666	2,726
10. Creditors	00/07/00/0	00/07/00/7
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
(a) Other graditors	£'000	£'000
(a) Other creditors	68	235
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	197	
Purchases awaiting settlement Accrued expenses	134	287 128
Accided experises	399	650
(b) Distributions payable	333	030
Net distributions payable	563	649
	505	012

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (28 July 2017: same).

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments

The Fund's investment objective is stated on page 156. In pursuing its objective, the Fund holds financial instruments which expose it to various types of risk. The main risks, and the ACD's policy for managing these risks are set out below. These were applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Credit and liquidity risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering loss due to another party not meeting its financial obligations. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is for trade counterparties to fail to meet their transaction commitments. This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and trade counterparties.

Liquidity risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Shareholders for any cancellation of shares. This risk is minimised by holding cash and readily realisable securities and via access to overdraft facilities.

(b) Market risk

Market risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the potential movement in the value of financial instruments held as a result of price fluctuations. The ACD adheres to the investment guidelines and borrowing powers established in the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Scheme sourcebook ('COLL'). In this way, the ACD monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

The Fund may also use derivative instruments to mitigate risk and/or reduce costs. These instruments are not utilised for speculative purposes. Derivative instruments were utilised during the current and preceding year.

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of movements in the value of overseas financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the utilisation of forward currency contracts as necessary. Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and preceding year. At 28 July 2018, the Fund did not hold any investments in forward currency contracts (28 July 2017: same).

The foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
exposure	exposure	
£'000	£'000	£'000
6	1,107	1,113
1	1,274	1,275
7	2,381	2,388
Monetary	Non-monetary	Total
exposure	exposure	
£'000	£'000	£'000
6	1,219	1,225
36	1,274	1,310
42	2,493	2,535
	exposure £'000 6 1 7 Monetary exposure £'000 6 36	exposure

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

12. Risk in relation to the financial instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk (continued)

A sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk is presented below reflecting current and prior year information.

	Net	2018 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2018	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Euro	1,111	8	89
US Dollar	1,275	12	153
	2,386		242

	Net	2017 Max change	Monetary
28/07/2017	exposure	in currency	change
Currency	£'000	%	£'000
Euro	1,225	8	98
US Dollar	1,310	11	144
	2,535		242

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. The Fund's only interest bearing financial instruments were its bank balances and overdraft facilities as disclosed in note 9.

Cash is deposited, and overdraft facilities utilised, on normal commercial terms and earn or bear interest based on LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

(e) Derivatives – sensitivity analysis

The Fund invests in futures to obtain market exposure to enable it to meet the Fund objectives whilst reducing transaction costs.

The effect of these futures is to increase market exposure by 2.40% (28 July 2017: 2.67%) of net assets.

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 100.13% (28 July 2017: 100.74%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 1.0013 (28 July 2017: 1.0074) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

(f) Fair value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no significant difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair value disclosures

Below is an analysis of the Fund's investments and investment liabilities as at the current and preceding year end.

Fair value hierarchy as at	28/07/	2018
----------------------------	--------	------

,	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	80,906	-	-	80,906
	80,906	-	-	80,906
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Futures	(2)		-	(2)
	(2)	-	-	(2)
Fair value hierarchy as at 28/07/2017	7 Level 1	Lovel 2	Lovel 2	Total
Financial Assets		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	85,713	-		85,713
	85,713	-	-	85,713
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Futures	(11)		-	(11)
	(11)	-	-	(11)

14. Portfolio transaction costs 29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018

Purchases in

	the year before				То	tal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	14,673	10	0.07%	70	0.48%	80	14,753
Total	14,673	10	0.07%	70	0.48%	80	14,753

							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	25,945	(15)	(0.06%)	(1)	0.00%	(16)	25,929
Total	25,945	(15)	(0.06%)	(1)	0.00%	(16)	25,929

lotal transaction costs	25	/1
as a % of the average net assets	0.03%	0.08%

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017

	Purchases in the year before				т	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	the year before				'	otal purchase	Gross purchase
	transaction costs	Commissions		Taxes		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Purchases							
Equities	16,657	16	0.10%	80	0.48%	96	16,753
Total	16,657	16	0.10%	80	0.48%	96	16,753

							Total sales
	Sales in						net of
	the year before					Total sales	transaction
	transaction costs	Commissions		Fees		costs	costs
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	£'000
Sales							
Equities	25,085	(21)	(0.08%)	(1)	0.00%	(22)	25,063
Total	25,085	(21)	(0.08%)	(1)	0.00%	(22)	25,063
Total transact	ion costs	37		81			
as a % of the	average net assets	0.04%		0.09%			

The above analysis covers any direct transaction costs suffered by the Fund during the year which are separately identifiable. However it is important to understand the nature of other transaction costs associated with different investment classes and instruments types.

Separately identifiable direct transaction costs (commissions and taxes etc.) are attributable to the Fund's purchase and sale of equity shares. Additionally for equity shares, there is a dealing spread cost (the difference between the buying and selling prices) which will be suffered on purchase and sale transactions.

For the Fund's investment transactions in debt and money market instruments any applicable transaction charges form part of the dealing spread for these instruments. Unlike shares other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments and derivatives) have no separately identifiable transactions costs, these costs form part of the dealing spread. Transactions in money market instruments to manage the fund's daily liquidity position are excluded from the analysis.

At the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.28% (28 July 2017: 0.33%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. Related party transactions

The ACD is related to the Fund as defined by the Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures' as a result of it carrying out key management personnel services in relation to the operation of the Fund.

At the year end, the ACD and its associates held 0.00% of the Fund's shares in issue (28 July 2017: 0.00%). Details of all other material related party transactions during the year and any payment amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date are disclosed in notes 4, 8 and 10 to the financial statements. Within note 10, accrued expenses (including amounts due to associates and agents) of £77,064 (28 July 2017: £77,997) are due to the ACD.

16. Shareholder funds

The net asset value of each share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in each share class is given in the performance tables on pages 175 to 177. All Share Classes have the same rights on winding up.

The movement in the number of shares for the years ended 28 July 2018 and 28 July 2017 is shown below:

	29/07/2017 to 28/07/2018	29/07/2016 to 28/07/2017
Number of A-Class Distribution Shares	26/0//2016	26/07/2017
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	984,827	1,017,841
Issued during year	29.001	28,039
Cancelled during year	(60,585)	(61,053)
Conversions during the year	(55,555)	(01,033)
Total number of A-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	953,243	984,827
Number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	14,211,977	15,017,863
Issued during year	242,880	267,074
Cancelled during year	(859,912)	(1,072,960)
Conversions during the year	(7,920)	-
Total number of A-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	13,587,025	14,211,977
Number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	22,281,196	26,363,068
Issued during year	1,974,839	-
Cancelled during year	(6,622,403)	(4,081,872)
Conversions during the year	-	-
Total number of M-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	17,633,632	22,281,196

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Shareholder funds (continued)		
	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017
Number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	26,954	15,552
Issued during year	18,758	16,956
Cancelled during year	(13,141)	(5,554)
Conversions during the year	-	-
Total number of R-Class Distribution Shares		
in issue at end of year	32,571	26,954
Number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
Issued and cancelled shares		
Balance at beginning of year	169,548	157,711
Issued during year	72,128	38,058
Cancelled during year	(40,657)	(26,221)
Conversions during the year	7,580	-
Total number of R-Class Accumulation Shares		
in issue at end of year	208,599	169,548

17. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

There are no events after the balance sheet date which in the opinion of the ACD requires an adjustment or a disclosure in the financial statements.

Distribution Tables for the year ended 28 July 2018

Group 1: Shares purchased prior to a distribution period

Group 2: Shares purchased during a distribution period

Equalisation applies only to shares purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares and is refunded to the holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to Income tax but must be deducted from the cost of shares for Capital Gains tax purposes.

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/03/2018	24/03/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	1.1270p	-	1.1270p	0.9797p
Group 2	0.1257p	1.0013p	1.1270p	0.9797p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	1.4873p	-	1.4873p	1.2746p
Group 2	0.0876p	1.3997p	1.4873p	1.2746p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.1004p	-	2.1004p	1.8305p
Group 2	2.1004p	-	2.1004p	1.8305p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	1.7639p	-	1.7639p	1.5381p
Group 2	0.9418p	0.8221p	1.7639p	1.5381p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	2.4277p	-	2.4277p	2.0698p
Group 2	0.6164p	1.8113p	2.4277p	2.0698p

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

	Net		Distribution	Distribution
	Revenue	Equalisation	Paid	Paid
			28/09/2018	28/09/2017
A-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.0787p	-	2.0787p	1.8857p
Group 2	0.7447p	1.3340p	2.0787p	1.8857p
A-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	2.7569p	-	2.7569p	2.4659p
Group 2	1.1319p	1.6250p	2.7569p	2.4659p
M-Class Distribution				
Group 1	3.0738p	-	3.0738p	2.8265p
Group 2	2.9637p	0.1101 p	3.0738p	2.8265p
R-Class Distribution				
Group 1	2.7143p	-	2.7143p	2.5048p
Group 2	1.2424p	1.4719p	2.7143p	2.5048p
R-Class Accumulation				
Group 1	3.7870p	-	3.7870p	3.4034p
Group 2	2.1796p	1.6074p	3.7870p	3.4034p

Performance Tables

	A-	-Class Distributio	n	A-C	lass Accumulatio	on
29	/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to
	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)
Change in net assets per sh	nare					
Opening net asset value						
per share**:	206.59	176.93	172.18	272.64	230.22	219.80
Return before operating chair	rges* 23.39	35.99	10.92	30.95	46.93	14.23
Operating charges	(3.80)	(3.46)	(2.97)	(5.03)	(4.51)	(3.81)
Return after operating charg	es* 19.59	32.53	7.95	25.92	42.42	10.42
Distributions	(3.21)	(2.87)	(3.20)	(4.24)	(3.74)	(4.11)
Retained distributions on						
accumulation shares	-	-	-	4.24	3.74	4.11
Closing net asset value						
per share**	222.97	206.59	176.93	298.56	272.64	230.22
*after direct transaction						
costs of:	0.21	(0.25)	(0.40)	0.28	(0.33)	(0.51)
Performance						
Return after charges	9.48%	18.39%	4.62%	9.51%	18.43%	4.74%
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£'00	00) 2,125	2,034	1,801	40,565	38,747	34,574
Closing number of shares ('C	953	985	1,018	13,587	14,212	15,018
Operating charges (%)	1.78%	1.79%	1.79%	1.78%	1.79%	1.79%
Direct transaction costs	0.10%	0.13%	0.24%	0.10%	0.13%	0.24%
Prices						
Highest share price	227.10	212.40	179.10	301.20	277.70	230.40
Lowest share price	200.80	174.50	147.60	266.30	227.00	189.80

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest £ and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

	М	-Class Distributio	on	R-0	R-Class Distribution			
29/0	07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	29/07/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to		
2	8/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	28/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016		
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)		
Change in net assets per sha	re							
Opening net asset value								
per share**:	206.81	177.07	172.31	206.80	177.09	172.33		
Return before operating charg	es* 23.47	36.09	10.96	23.49	36.05	10.95		
Operating charges	(1.83)	(1.69)	(1.45)	(2.53)	(2.30)	(1.98)		
Return after operating charges	s* 21.64	34.40	9.51	20.96	33.75	8.97		
Distributions	(5.17)	(4.66)	(4.75)	(4.48)	(4.04)	(4.21)		
Closing net asset value								
per share**	223.28	206.81	177.07	223.28	206.80	177.09		
*after direct transaction								
costs of:	0.21	(0.25)	(0.40)	0.21	(0.25)	(0.40)		
Performance								
Return after charges	10.46%	19.43%	5.52%	10.14%	19.06%	5.21%		
Other information								
Closing net asset value (£'000) 39,372	46,080	46,680	73	56	28		
Closing number of shares ('00	,	22,281	26,363	33	27	16		
Operating charges (%)	0.86%	0.87%	0.87%	1.18%	1.19%	1.19%		
Direct transaction costs	0.10%	0.13%	0.24%	0.10%	0.13%	0.24%		
Prices								
Highest share price	228.10	213.20	180.10	227.90	213.00	179.80		
Lowest share price	201.30	174.60	147.70	201.20	174.70	147.70		
20 est share price	201.50	1, 1.00	1 17.70	201.20	1, 1., 0	1 17.70		

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Performance Tables (continued)

D.C. A. L.				
20 /05	R-Class Accumulation			
	7/2017 to	29/07/2016 to	29/07/2015 to	
28,	/07/2018	28/07/2017	28/07/2016	
	(pps)	(pps)	(pps)	
Change in net assets per share	2			
Opening net asset value				
per share**:	284.63	238.92	226.72	
Return before operating charges	s* 32.44	48.83	14.82	
Operating charges	(3.50)	(3.12)	(2.62)	
Return after operating charges*	28.94	45.71	12.20	
Distributions	(6.21)	(5.47)	(5.59)	
Retained distributions on				
accumulation shares	6.21	5.47	5.59	
Closing net asset value				
per share**	313.57	284.63	238.92	
*after direct transaction				
costs of:	0.29	(0.34)	(0.53)	
Performance				
Return after charges	10.17%	19.13%	5.38%	
Other information				
Closing net asset value (£'000)	654	483	377	
Closing number of shares ('000) 209	170	158	
Operating charges (%)	1.18%	1.19%	1.19%	
Direct transaction costs	0.10%	0.13%	0.24%	
Prices				
Highest share price	316.20	289.70	239.10	
Lowest share price	279.20	235.60	196.40	
	_, 5.20	233.00	.5 5.10	

The operating charges (%) represents the ongoing charges figures for the year as referred to in the key investor information document ('KIID') and other literature.

^{**}Opening and closing net asset values ('NAVs') per share in the above table have been calculated using the NAV and number of shares figures rounded to the nearest \pounds and shares respectively.

Risk and Reward Profile

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The risk and reward category is calculated using historical data (and in the case of insufficient historical fund performance data, using the historical returns of a representative benchmark) which may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund's future risk profile.

The risk and reward category may shift over time and is not a target or a guarantee.

The lowest category (i.e. Category 1) does not mean a riskfree investment.

The Fund is in Category 5 because of the high range and frequency of price movements (volatility) of the underlying investments in which the Fund invests.

The following are additional risks not covered by the risk and reward category.

The Fund relies upon the performance of one or more investment managers. If the investment managers perform poorly, the value of your investment is likely to be adversely affected.

Future legal or regulatory change could have a substantial adverse effect on the fund and your investment.

The Fund may use derivatives in an attempt to reduce risk (hedging) or for investment purposes. It may be that the use of derivatives causes share prices to fluctuate which may in turn result in loss to the Fund.

If you purchase shares in the Fund through a clearing or settlement system, you will be bound by its terms and conditions, which may include the payment of additional fees.

The Fund may be exposed to stock market movements in a single country or region which may be adversely affected by political or economic developments, government action or natural events that do not affect a fund investing in broader markets.

Stock markets can be volatile, meaning that the prices of shares held by the Fund can change quickly and substantially.

The Fund is not guaranteed and your investment is at risk. You may lose some or all of your investment.

The Fund may seek to identify and invest in undervalued securities. The identification of investment opportunities in undervalued securities is difficult and there can be no assurance that such opportunities will be successfully identified.

The figure for the synthetic risk and reward indicator disclosed in the financial statements is the same as the most up-to-date key investor information document ('KIID').

More information in relation to risks in general may be found in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

UCITS V Remuneration Disclosures (Unaudited)

The UCITS V Directive requires the Financial Statements of the Company to include some remuneration-related information applicable to delegates of a self managed UCITS including the requirement to establish a remuneration policy which aligns with the interests of the UCITS.

The UCITS V Directive requires that delegates of a UCITS self managed company have a remuneration policy which is consistent with, and promotes, sound and effective risk management and which discourages excessive risk taking. The policy must address the manner in which variable remuneration is paid to "identified staff" (which includes senior management, risk takers and control functions).

The Investment Manager has in place a remuneration policy to ensure that the interests of the Investment Manager and the Shareholders are aligned. Such remuneration policy imposes remuneration rules on staff and senior management within the Investment Manager whose activities have an impact on the risk profile of the Company.

The Investment Manager will ensure that such remuneration policies and practices will be consistent with sound and effective risk management and will not encourage risk-taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile and Articles of the Company and will be consistent with UCITS V and ESMA's remuneration guidelines.

The Investment Manager will ensure the remuneration policy will at all times be consistent with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of each Fund and the Shareholders and includes measures to ensure that all relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times to avoid conflicts of interests.

Remuneration and performance

Our remuneration philosophy applies to all employees across the whole of Barclays. It ensures that all employees are aligned with and support the achievement of Barclays' Group priorities.

This is achieved by linking remuneration to a broad assessment of performance, based on expected standards of delivery and behaviour, which are discussed with employees at the start of and throughout the performance year. Under the Barclays' performance management approach, employees are encouraged to align each of their objectives to business and team goals and behavioural expectations are set in relation to our values. This ensures that clear expectations are set for not only 'what' employees are expected to deliver, but also 'how' they are expected to go about it.

Individual performance is then evaluated against both the 'what' (performance against objectives) and the 'how' (demonstration of our values). This evaluation takes into account various factors including:

- (i) Performance against agreed objectives (both financial and non-financial) and core job responsibilities.
- (ii) Adherence to relevant risk policies and procedures and control frameworks.
- (iii) Behaviour in line with Barclays' values.
- (iv) Colleague and stakeholder feedback.
- (v) Input from the risk and compliance functions where there are concerns about the behaviour of any individuals or the risk of the business undertaken.

UCITS V Remuneration Disclosures (Unaudited)(continued)

Remuneration and performance (continued)

There is no specific weighting between the financial and non-financial considerations for employees because all of them are important to the determination of the overall performance assessment.

Linking individual performance assessment and remuneration decisions to both the Barclays' business strategy and our values in this way promotes the delivery of sustainable individual and business performance, and establishes clear alignment between remuneration policy and Barclays' strategy.

The table below outlines the quantitative remuneration information of the Investment Manager relevant to the Company as required under the UCITS V Directive:

Year ended 28 July 2018

	Head Count	Total Remuneration £
Investment Manager staff of which:	13	64,443
Fixed remuneration	13	36,729
Variable remuneration	11	27,714
Investment Manager Remuneration Code Staff of which:	11	59,975
Senior Management *	5	42,384
Other Code Staff	6	17,592

^{*}Chief Risk Officer and Chief Compliance Officer included here as they are Board Members but also have Control Function responsibilities. Non Executive Director fees are also included.

Other Code Staff includes an individual who left during the period (hence the small number reported).

Fixed and variable pay determined by reference to the amount of time that an individual is dedicated to the Investment Manager vis a vis work carried out on the Company.

General Information

Barclays Global Core Fund

Constitution

Launch date:26 May 2006Period end dates for distributions:28 JulyDistribution dates:28 SeptemberMinimum initial lump sum investment:A Class - £500

R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.50%

R-Class - 0.90%

Initial charges: A-Class - 4.50%

R-Class - 2.00%

Barclays Sterling Corporate Bond Fund

Constitution

Launch date: 26 May 2006

Period end dates for distributions: 28 January, 28 April, 28 July, 28 October

Distribution dates: 28 March, 28 June, 28 September, 28 December

Minimum initial lump sum investment: A Class - £500

M-Class - N/A

R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

M-Class - N/A R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.00%

M-Class - Capped at 0.90%

R-Class - 0.70%

Initial charges: A-Class - 4.00%

M-Class - N/A R-Class - 2.00%

General Information (continued)

Barclays UK Alpha Fund

Constitution

Launch date: 8 December 2005
Period end dates for distributions: 28 January, 28 July
Distribution dates: 28 March, 28 September

Minimum initial lump sum investment: A Class - £500

B-Class - £100,000

M-Class - N/A R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

B-Class - £1,000 M-Class - N/A R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.50%

B-Class - 1.25%

M-Class - Capped at 0.90%

R-Class - 0.90% Initial charges: A-Class - 4.50%

> B-Class - 2.50% M-Class - N/A R-Class - 2.00%

Barclays UK Core Fund

Constitution

Launch date:8 December 2005Period end dates for distributions:28 January, 28 JulyDistribution dates:28 March, 28 September

Minimum initial lump sum investment: A Class - £500

M-Class* - N/A

R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

M-Class - N/A R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.50%

M-Class - Capped at 0.90%

R-Class - 0.90%

Initial charges: A-Class - 4.50%

M-Class - N/A R-Class - 2.00%

^{*}M-Class Distribution shares closed on 22 January 2016.

General Information (continued)

Barclays UK Equity Income Fund

Constitution

Launch date: 8 December 2005

Period end dates for distributions: 28 January, 28 April, 28 July, 28 October

Distribution dates: 28 March, 28 June, 28 September, 28 December

Minimum initial lump sum investment: A Class - £500

M-Class - N/A

R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

M-Class - N/A

R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.50%

M-Class - Capped at 0.90%

R-Class - 0.90%

Initial charges: A-Class - 4.50%

M-Class - N/A R-Class - 2.00%

Barclays UK Opportunities Fund

Constitution

Launch date: 8 December 2005
Period end dates for distributions: 28 January, 28 July
Distribution dates: 28 March, 28 September

Minimum initial lump sum investment: A Class - £500

M-Class - N/A

R-Class - £2,000,000

Minimum additional investment: A Class - £100

M-Class - N/A R-Class - £500

Valuation point: 1am

Annual management charges: A-Class - 1.50%

M-Class - Capped at 0.90%

R-Class - 0.90%

Initial charges: A-Class - 4.50%

M-Class - N/A R-Class - 2.00%

General Information (continued)

Pricing and Dealing

The Funds are valued at 1 am daily. Prices are available on the internet at: www.barclaysinvestments.com.

Dealing in shares takes place on a forward pricing basis, from 9:00am to 5:30pm, Monday to Friday, excluding Bank Holidays.

Buying and Selling Shares

Shares may be bought on any business day from the ACD or through financial adviser by telephoning or by completing an application form. Shares may normally be sold back to the ACD on any business day at the price calculated at the following valuation point.

Prospectus and ACD's Reports

Copies of the Prospectus and the most recent annual or interim reports are available on www.barclaysinvestments.com.

Do you have difficulty in reading information in print because of a disability? If so, we can help. We are able to produce information for our clients in large print and braille. If you would like to discuss your particular requirements, please contact us on 0333 300 0093.

Calls charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

