JPMorgan Emerging Markets Investment Trust plc

Half Year Report & Financial Statements for the six months ended 31st December 2019





Your Company

Objective

To maximise total return from emerging markets worldwide through a diversified portfolio of underlying investments.

Investment Policies

- To invest in a diversified portfolio, concentrating on countries and shares with the most attractive prospects. To have no more than 50% of the Company's assets invested in any one region.
- To invest no more than 15% of gross assets in other UK listed closed-ended investment funds (including investment trusts).

Benchmark

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index with net dividends reinvested, in sterling terms.

Share Capital

At 31st December 2019, the Company's issued share capital comprised 132,363,525 ordinary shares of 25p each, including 11,656,567 shares held in Treasury.

Continuation Vote

At the Annual General Meeting held on 24th November 2017 an ordinary resolution of the shareholders approved the continuation of the Company until the Annual General Meeting in November 2020.

Management Company and Company Secretary

The Company employs JPMorgan Funds Limited ('JPMF' or the 'Manager') as its Alternative Investment Fund Manager and Company Secretary. JPMF delegates the management of the Company's portfolio to JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited ('JPMAM').

FCA regulation of 'non-mainstream pooled investments and MiFID II complex instruments'

The Company currently conducts its affairs so that the shares issued by the Company can be recommended by independent financial advisers to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the FCA's rules in relation to non-mainstream investment products and intends to continue to do so for the foreseeable future.

The shares are excluded from the FCA's restrictions which apply to non-mainstream investment products because they are shares in an investment trust. The Company's shares are not classified as 'complex instruments' under the FCA's revised 'appropriateness' criteria adopted in the implementation of MiFID II.

Association of Investment Companies ('AIC')

The Company is a member of the AIC.

Website

The Company's website, which can be found at www.jpmemergingmarkets.co.uk, includes useful information on the Company, such as daily prices, factsheets and current and historic half year and annual reports.

KEY FEATURES

OWNING SHARES IS AN ACTIVITY IN ITS OWN RIGHT, INVOLVING ONGOING DIALOGUE WITH A COMPANY ABOUT HOW IT'S DOING, NOT JUST IN A FINANCIAL SENSE, BUT IN THE OVERALL WAY IT CONDUCTS ITS BUSINESS.

Austin Forey, Investment Manager, JPMorgan Emerging Markets Investment Trust plc

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Investment Trust plc

Our heritage and our team

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Investment Trust plc has an established long-term track record of investing in emerging markets. The investment team, led by Austin Forey - who has been at the helm for over 20 years - benefits from J.P. Morgan Asset Management's extensive network of emerging market specialists around the world. Their on-the-ground experience and in-depth knowledge of local markets enable them to assess companies' longer-term prospects through rigorous research and not be side tracked by short-term noise.

Our Investment Approach

The Company takes an active, bottom-up approach to investing in emerging markets. Austin Forey looks at the growth potential of specific companies rather than simply taking a view on individual countries, which is reflected in the Company's low stock turnover and concentrated portfolio. Investing sustainably has always been an integral part of the Manager's fundamental research and investment approach, well before environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors became mainstream. With an investment approach which identifies profitable companies that demonstrate sustainable growth potential over the long-term rather than focusing on short-term market movements, the Company has created value for investors over the long term.



¹ Active share is a measurement of the difference in the Company's portfolio compared to the benchmark index, i.e. the higher the figure, the greater the degree of active management.

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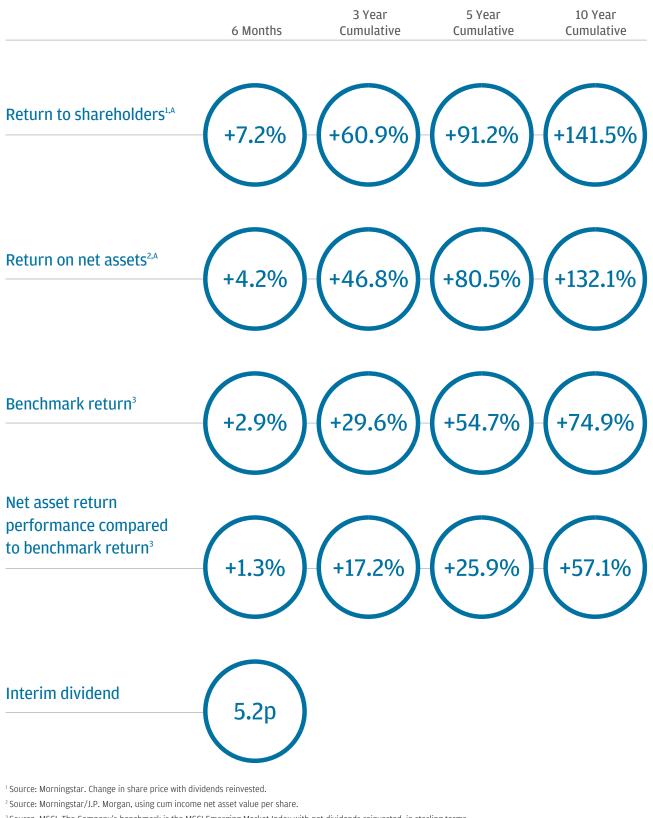
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Half Year Performance



TOTAL RETURNS (INCLUDING DIVIDENDS REINVESTED) TO 31ST DECEMBER 2019

³ Source: MSCI. The Company's benchmark is the MSCI Emerging Market Index with net dividends reinvested, in sterling terms

^AAlternative Performance Measure ('APM').

A glossary of terms and APMs is provided on pages 25 and 26.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

	31st December 2019	30th June 2019	% change
Shareholders' funds (£'000)	1,341,402	1,313,769	+2.1
Net asset value per share ⁴	1,111.3p	1,075.8p	+3.3 ¹
Share price	1,064.0p	1,002.0p	+6.2 ²
Share price discount to capital-only net asset value per share ^A	3.8%	6.0%	
Share price discount to cum-income net asset value per share ^A	4.3%	6.9%	
Shares in issue (excluding shares held in Treasury)	120,706,958	122,119,236	-1.2
Net cash ^a	0.2%	0.7%	
Ongoing charges ^A	0.95%	1.02%	

¹ This return excludes dividends reinvested. Including dividends reinvested, the return of would be +4.2%.

² This return excludes dividends reinvested. Including dividends reinvested, the return of would be +7.2%.

^A Alternative Performance Measure ('APM').

A glossary of terms and APMs is provided on pages 25 and 26.

Chairman's Statement



Sarah Arkle Chairman

In the last annual report, I discussed the three key objectives that the Directors of your Company had set out at the beginning of the financial year to June 2019: to continue the strong record of investment performance; to reduce the discount of our share price to the net asset value; and to continue to offer a competitive proposition through a reduction in the management fee. Having negotiated with the Manager a reduction in the management fee last year, I am very pleased to report that we have also continued to make progress on performance and on the discount.

Performance

During the first half of the Company's financial year, emerging markets produced a positive return for investors, as measured by the Company's benchmark index, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index (in sterling terms), which rose by 2.9% over the six months. In the same period the Company's return on net assets, at +4.2%, was again better than the benchmark. The return to shareholders was +7.2%, reflecting a narrowing of the discount to net asset value at which the Company's shares trade, from 6.9% at the previous financial year end to 4.3% at the half year end.

This continues the Company's outstanding record of long term performance, the net asset value and share price having both outperformed the benchmark index over one, two, three, five and ten years to 31st December 2019 and, as you will see on page 4 of this report, over five years the cumulative return to shareholders is 91.2%, against the benchmark return of 54.7%. I think it is worth re-stating that this sustained, long-term outperformance is a great credit to Austin Forey and the team at JPMorgan Asset Management and their focus on investing in long term winners with strong environmental, social and governance practices. This outperformance shows the significant benefits that can be achieved in the emerging markets area by active management compared with investments in either passive or exchange traded funds.

A review of the Company's performance for the first six months of this financial year and the outlook for the remainder of the year is provided in the Investment Manager's Report which follows.

Revenue and Dividends

In the first half of the Company's financial year, the portfolio generated earnings of 5.59 pence per share (2018: 4.70 pence). Last year, the Board declared an interim dividend for the first time, of 5.0 pence per share, in order to more closely reflect the receipt of income from the investment portfolio, and the Company paid a total dividend of 14.0 pence per share for the year. For the current financial year, the Board has declared an interim dividend of 5.2 pence per share, an increase of 4.0%, payable on 17th April 2020 to shareholders on the register as at 13th March 2020. The ex-dividend date will be 12th March 2020.

Share Repurchases and Discount

The Board is very pleased that the discount on the Company's shares has continued to narrow over the first half of the financial year. It regularly considers the merits of buying back shares in order to manage the level and volatility of the discount. For some time, the Board's policy was to buy back shares if the discount was wider than 10% for an extended period, was out of line with the peer group and market conditions were orderly. This time last year we broadened the scope of this policy to allow the Company to buy back shares at a discount narrower than 10% if the Board believes this to be in shareholders' interests.

During the six months the Company was active in buying back shares, repurchasing a total of 1,412,278 shares into Treasury at an average discount of 8.2% and a total cost of £14.0 million. As shares are only bought back at a discount to the prevailing net asset value, share buybacks benefit shareholders as they increase the net asset value per share. Over the six months the discount (to the cum income net asset value) on the Company's shares ranged between 9.5% and 4.3%, averaging 7.8%. At the time of writing the discount is 8.8% as the response to coronavirus has caused stock markets to be extremely volatile and market movements in ADRs and Latin American markets after the Company's closing price on the London stock market have impacted the NAV on which the discount is calculated.

Marketing

The Board has agreed with the Manager an increased marketing and PR programme, to be part funded by the Company, with the aim of attracting new investors to the Company and thereby broadening the shareholder base. We believe this to be an important factor in helping to achieve our objective of reducing the level and volatility of the discount at which the Company's shares trade.

The Board encourages all shareholders to exercise their rights regarding voting, receiving Company documentation and attending the AGM so that we can receive feedback on the Company's progress. As the number of shareholders investing via specialist platforms has been increasing, the Board urges those shareholders to refer to their investment platforms or visit the website of the Association of Investment Companies for more details on how to vote their shares ahead of the Company's continuation vote in November 2020.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers were auditors to the Company from its launch in 1991 until last year when, in accordance with the Audit Regulations and Guidance effective from April 2017, the Company was required to change its auditors. The Audit Committee undertook an auditor review and it was agreed to appoint BDO to succeed PricewaterhouseCoopers. Their appointment was confirmed by shareholders at the AGM held in November 2019.

Corporate Governance

In July 2018, the FRC issued the revised UK Corporate Governance Code and in February 2019, this was followed by the publication of the revised AIC Code of Corporate Governance (the 'AIC Code'). Last year and during the course of this current financial year, the Board has taken the appropriate steps to ensure that the Company is compliant with the AIC Code and further disclosures will be made in the annual report to be published later this year.

The Board

In the last annual report, I advised that the Board would look to recruit another Director before the November 2020 Annual General Meeting and intends to meet the Hampton-Alexander recommendation of having a minimum of 33% female representation on the Board in the medium term. The recruitment process will start shortly and an announcement will follow in due course.

Outlook

At the time of writing there are significant uncertainties surrounding the future direction of global economic growth and the potential impact from coronavirus, and the share price has fallen sharply from the highs reached in January 2020. The discount has also widened from the tight levels seen at the end of the half year. However, your Investment Manager invests for the long term and believes that emerging markets still provide interesting opportunities to invest in companies with sustainable profit growth on reasonable valuations. As we have said before, there may be short term periods when your Investment Manager's approach of focusing on sustainable high quality growth companies may not outperform the index but the Directors believe that over the longer term this strategy will outperform, as has been the case over a number of years.

Sarah Arkle Chairman

6th March 2020

Investment Review



Austin Forey Investment Manager

Markets finished 2019 in relatively optimistic mood, though over the last six months as a whole our emerging markets benchmark returned a modest +2.9%. Your Company ended the period slightly ahead of the index, with the return on net assets +4.2%, while the return to shareholders was +7.2%, as the discount to NAV narrowed throughout December in particular.

In spite of plenty of political noise about trade, this was a relatively uneventful period, with few big market events to offer anomalous prices and hence opportunity. Nevertheless the companies owned in your Company's portfolio continued, in aggregate, to show solid growth in profits, even though corporate earnings in emerging markets as a whole were flat during the year. Against such a backdrop we have made few changes to the portfolio during the last six months, preferring instead to see the companies in the portfolio compounding their intrinsic value through their own efforts. The few transactions that we did make had the effect of tilting the mix of investments further towards Asia, and specifically towards China, but this continues a trend that has been in place for several years already, and which is likely to continue. The depth of investment opportunity in China in particular, combined with a level of entrepreneurial activity which is unmatched in other emerging markets, means that we are simply finding more interesting companies to look at there than elsewhere.

It is worth mentioning two other things. First, a few words about the coronavirus which is currently dominating news headlines. We fully recognise the seriousness and importance of this situation in everyday life for those directly affected, including our colleagues who are based in China; but as investors we also know that profits earned in the next few months account for a small part of any company's intrinsic value. We continue to focus on the potential of companies to generate cash flows many years into the future; it is the net present value of those cash flows which most reliably determines the value of any business, and we do not think that this is altered even by considerable uncertainty in the short term. There are a few companies in the portfolio whose business is being adversely affected right now; but we are confident that the businesses owned in your Company's portfolio are strongly positioned and able to ride out any short term difficulties; indeed, the best companies expand their competitive advantages most rapidly when times are tough. So despite the blanket news coverage, as investors we are trying to keep our eyes on the long term; in the past, events like the spread of a virus have generally faded in significance from an investment point of view when seen with the benefit of hindsight, and this seems likely to happen again in this instance.

The second issue we are regularly asked about is our view of the global economy, and especially whether the long economic cycle seen in the USA will come to an end. This is a question that has been confounding forecasters for several years already. It seems to us that interest rates are likely to remain low by historical standards, and that economic growth in emerging markets is also likely to continue to exceed that of developed countries, for a number of structural reasons. But it is also worth stressing that as investors, we do not base our decisions on this kind of macroeconomic view. We invest on your behalf in the shares of companies around the world, not in countries' GDP, and so we are far more interested in factors that are specific to a given company, especially its competitive strengths and weaknesses, and the extent to which it can earn a financial return from the skills it has; those skills include the ability to manage a business in a sustainable manner, something we pay ever more attention to in our research process. As I wrote a year ago, well run companies which can sustainably grow their share of the economic opportunity before them are what we are looking for, and that is not going to change; so you can expect that we will keep approaching investment decisions in the future in the same way that we have done in the past.

Austin Forey

Investment Manager

6th March 2020

LIST OF INVESTMENTS

AT 31ST DECEMBER 2019

Company	aluation/ £'000
CHINA AND HONG KONG	
Tencent	77,604
Alibaba ¹	74,213
AIA	59,050
Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China	49,971
Budweiser Brewing	22,866
51job ¹	19,658
Kweichow Moutai	18,101
Greentown Service	16,444
Huazhu ¹	15,128
Techtronic Industries	14,336
Midea	13,954
Yum China	13,601
Jardine Matheson	10,071
Cafe de Coral	8,430
Baidu ¹	7,835
Foshan Haitian Flavouring & Food	7,607
Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing	7,284
JD.com ¹	6,182
	442,335

INDIA

	264,905
HDFC Life Insurance	14,496
Supreme Industries	17,047
ITC	17,889
United Breweries	19,203
Infosys ¹	24,421
IndusInd Bank	43,405
Tata Consultancy Services	45,262
Housing Development Finance	83,182

TAIWAN

	138,723
Delta Electronics	6,775
Chailease	13,851
President Chain Store	18,395
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing ¹	99,702

Company	Valuation £'000
SOUTH AFRICA	
Clicks	38,557
Capitec Bank	22,520
Bid	21,737
RMB	11,771
Sanlam	8,629
Discovery	6,756
Bidvest	4,544
Mr Price	4,146
	118,660

BRAZIL	
Itau Unibanco	24,555
Lojas Renner	24,400
WEG	17,500
Ambev ¹	17,185
Raia Drogasil	9,613
	93,253

BELARUS

	07,021
EPAM Systems	57,021

INDONESIA

Bank Rakyat Indonesia Persero	20,726
Bank Central Asia	19,255
Unilever Indonesia	10,323
Astra International	5,364
	55,668

MEXICO

	55,567
Fomento Economico Mexicano ¹	12,726
Grupo Financiero Banorte	13,375
Wal-Mart de Mexico	14,270
Grupo Aeroportuario del Sureste ¹	15,196

Company	Valuation £'000
ARGENTINA	
MercadoLibre	27,566
Globant	18,550
	46,116
RUSSIA	
Sberbank of Russia	26,414
	26,414
PERU	
Credicorp	15,447
	15,447
SOUTH KOREA	
NAVER	11,522
	11,522
CHILE	
Banco Santander Chile ¹	8,385
	8,385
PHILIPPINES	
Jollibee Foods	4,450
	4,450
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	1,338,466
Investments in American Deposi ('ADRs').	tary Receipts
Hong Kong 'H' shares, that is, sh	ares in companies

Hong Kong 'H' shares, that is, shares in companies incorporated in mainland China and listed in Hong Kong and other foreign stock exchanges.

GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS

		31st December 2019		30th June 2019		
	Portfolio %1	Benchmark %	Over/(Under) weight %1	Portfolio %1	Benchmark %	Over/(Under) weight % ¹
East Asia						
China and Hong Kong	33.0	34.3	(1.3)	29.4	31.6	(2.2)
Taiwan	10.4	11.7	(1.3)	8.4	10.8	(2.4)
South Korea	0.9	11.7	(10.8)	0.6	12.4	(11.8)
	44.3	57.7	(13.4)	38.4	54.8	(16.4)
South Asia						
India	19.8	8.6	11.2	21.4	9.0	12.4
Indonesia	4.2	1.9	2.3	4.6	2.1	2.5
Philippines	0.3	1.0	(0.7)	0.5	1.1	(0.6)
Thailand	-	2.6	(2.6)	_	3.0	(3.0)
Malaysia	-	1.8	(1.8)	-	2.1	(2.1)
	24.3	15.9	8.4	26.5	17.3	9.2
Latin America						
Brazil	7.0	7.5	(0.5)	7.7	7.7	_
Mexico	4.1	2.3	1.8	4.4	2.5	1.9
Argentina	3.4	0.2	3.2	4.7	0.4	4.3
Peru	1.1	0.3	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.9
Chile	0.6	0.7	(0.1)	0.9	0.9	_
Colombia	-	0.4	(0.4)	_	0.4	(0.4)
	16.2	11.4	4.8	19.0	12.3	6.7
Europe/Middle East/Africa						
South Africa	8.9	4.8	4.1	9.9	6.0	3.9
Belarus	4.3	_	4.3	4.3	_	4.3
Russia	2.0	3.9	(1.9)	1.9	4.0	(2.1)
Saudi Arabia	-	2.6	(2.6)	_	1.4	(1.4)
Qatar	-	0.9	(0.9)	_	1.0	(1.0)
Poland	-	0.9	(0.9)	_	1.1	(1.1)
United Arab Emirates	-	0.6	(0.6)	_	0.7	(0.7)
Turkey	-	0.5	(0.5)	_	0.5	(0.5)
Hungary	-	0.3	(0.3)	_	0.3	(0.3)
Greece	-	0.3	(0.3)	_	0.3	(0.3)
Egypt	-	0.1	(0.1)	_	0.1	(0.1)
Czech Republic	-	0.1	(0.1)	_	0.2	(0.2)
	15.2	15.0	0.2	16.1	15.6	0.5
Total	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}~$ Based on total portfolio of £1,338.5m (30th June 2019: £1,305.0m).

SECTOR ANALYSIS

		31st December 20	019		30th June 201	9
			Over/(Under)			Over/(Under)
	Portfolio	Benchmark	weight	Portfolio	Benchmark	weight
	% ¹	%	%	% ¹	%	%
Financials	33.6	24.2	9.4	35.1	25.2	9.9
Information Technology	18.8	15.7	3.1	18.5	13.9	4.6
Consumer Staples	17.1	6.3	10.8	16.2	6.6	9.6
Consumer Discretionary	14.7	14.2	0.5	14.2	13.4	0.8
Industrials	7.3	5.3	2.0	7.0	5.4	1.6
Communications Services	7.2	11.0	(3.8)	7.0	11.7	(4.7)
Materials	1.3	7.4	(6.1)	1.5	7.6	(6.1)
Energy	-	7.4	(7.4)	0.5	7.9	(7.4)
Real Estate	-	3.0	(3.0)	-	3.0	(3.0)
Healthcare	-	2.9	(2.9)	-	2.6	(2.6)
Utilities	-	2.6	(2.6)	-	2.7	(2.7)
Total	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}\,$ Based on total portfolio of £1,338.5m (30th June 2019: £1,305.0m).

Financial Statements

	Six m	Inaudited) nonths end ecember 20		(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2018		(Audited) Year ended 30th June 2019			
	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
Gains/(losses) on investments held at fair value through									
profit or loss	-	49,725	49,725	-	(28,351)	(28,351)	_	141,133	141,133
Net foreign currency									
(losses)/gains	-	(48)	(48)	_	533	533	-	100	100
Income from investments	9,742	-	9,742	8,872	-	8,872	24,975	-	24,975
Interest receivable	109	-	109	91	_	91	187	-	187
Gross return/(loss)	9,851	49,677	59,528	8,963	(27,818)	(18,855)	25,162	141,233	166,395
Management fee	(1,670)	(3,896)	(5,566)	(1,642)	(3,831)	(5,473)	(3,316)	(7,738)	(11,054)
Other administrative expenses	(714)	-	(714)	(638)	-	(638)	(1,305)	-	(1,305)
Net return/(loss) before									
taxation	7,467	45,781	53,248	6,683	(31,649)	(24,966)	20,541	133,495	154,036
Taxation	(679)	-	(679)	(885)	_	(885)	(2,269)	-	(2,269)
Net return/(loss) after									
taxation	6,788	45,781	52,569	5,798	(31,649)	(25,851)	18,272	133,495	151,767
Return/(loss) per share									
(note 3)	5.59p	37.71p	43.30p	4.70p	(25.64)p	(20.94)p	14 . 85p	108.50p	123 . 35p

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2019

All revenue and capital items in the above statement derive from continuing operations. No operations were acquired or discontinued in the period.

The 'Total' column of this statement is the profit and loss account of the Company and the 'Revenue' and 'Capital' columns represent supplementary information prepared under guidance issued by the Association of Investment Companies.

The net return/(loss) after taxation represents the profit/(loss) for the period and also the total comprehensive income.

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Other reserve £'000	Capital reserves £'000	Revenue reserve ¹ £'000	Total £'000
Six months ended 31st December 20 (Unaudited)	19						
At 30th June 2019	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	1,009,708	25,709	1,313,769
Repurchase of shares into Treasury	_	-	_	_	(14,041)	_	(14,041)
Net return	_	-	_	_	45,781	6,788	52,569
Dividend paid in the period (note 4)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,895)	(10,895)
At 31st December 2019	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	1,041,448	21,602	1,341,402
Six months ended 31st December 20 (Unaudited)	18						
At 30th June 2018	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	889,474	29,029	1,196,855
Repurchase of shares into Treasury	-	_	_	_	(6,719)	_	(6,719)
Net (loss)/return	-	-	-	-	(31,649)	5,798	(25,851)
Dividend paid in the period (note 4)	-	_	-	-	-	(15,452)	(15,452)
At 31st December 2018	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	851,106	19,375	1,148,833
Year ended 30th June 2019 (Audited)						
At 30th June 2018	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	889,474	29,029	1,196,855
Repurchase of shares into Treasury	_	-	_	_	(13,261)	_	(13,261)
Net return	_	_	-	_	133,495	18,272	151,767
Dividend paid in the period (note 4)	-	-	-	-	-	(21,592)	(21,592)
At 30th June 2019	33,091	173,657	1,665	69,939	1,009,708	25,709	1,313,769

¹ This reserve forms the distributable reserve of the Company and may be used to fund distributions to investors.

AT 31ST DECEMBER 2019

	(Unaudited) 31st December 2019 £'000	(Unaudited) 31st December 2018 £'000	(Audited) 30th June 2019 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments held at fair value through profit or loss	1,338,466	1,137,562	1,305,035
Current assets			
Debtors	1,335	571	3,102
Cash and cash equivalents	3,862	10,905	5,947
	5,197	11,476	9,049
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(2,260)	(205)	(315)
Derivative financial liabilities	(1)	-	-
Net current assets	2,936	11,271	8,734
Total assets less current liabilities	1,341,402	1,148,833	1,313,769
Net assets	1,341,402	1,148,833	1,313,769
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	33,091	33,091	33,091
Share premium	173,657	173,657	173,657
Capital redemption reserve	1,665	1,665	1,665
Other reserve	69,939	69,939	69,939
Capital reserves	1,041,448	851,106	1,009,708
Revenue reserve	21,602	19,375	25,709
Total shareholders' funds	1,341,402	1,148,833	1,313,769
Net asset value per share (note 5)	1,111.3p	935.5p	1,075.8p

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2019

	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2019 £'000	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2018 £'000	(Audited) Year ended 30th June 2019 £'000
Net cash outflow from operations before			
dividends and interest (note 6)	(6,486)	(5,964)	(12,591)
Dividends received	10,688	12,542	24,552
Interest received Overseas tax recovered/(paid)	111 87	93 (183)	187
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net cash inflow from operating activities	4,400	6,488	12,148
Purchases of investments	(60,303)	(8,553)	(59,437)
Sales of investments	78,669	33,930	86,841
Settlement of foreign currency contracts	88	189	220
Net cash inflow from investing activities	18,454	25,566	27,624
Dividend paid	(10,895)	(15,452)	(21,592)
Repurchase of shares into Treasury	(14,041)	(6,719)	(13,261)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(24,936)	(22,171)	(34,853)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,082)	9,883	4,919
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period	5,947	1,023	1,023
Exchange movements	(3)	(1)	5
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3,862	10,905	5,947
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,082)	9,883	4,919
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash and short term deposits	390	445	5,327
Cash held in JPMorgan US Dollar Liquidity Fund	3,472	10,460	620
Total	3,862	10,905	5,947

RECONCILIATION OF NET DEBT

	As at 30th June 2019 £'000	Cash flows £'000	Other non-cash charges £'000	As at 31st December 2019 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	5,327	(4,934)	(3)	390
Cash equivalents	620	3,078	(226)	3,472
	5,947	(1,856)	(229)	3,862
Borrowings				
Debt due within one year	-	-	-	-
Debt due after one year	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	-
Total	5,947	(1,856)	(229)	3,862

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2019

1. Financial statements

The information contained within the financial statements in this half year report has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors.

The figures and financial information for the year ended 30th June 2019 are extracted from the latest published financial statements of the Company and do not constitute statutory accounts for that year. Those financial statements have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies and including the report of the auditors which was unqualified and did not contain a statement under either section 498(2) or 498(3) of the Companies Act 2006.

2. Accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ('UK GAAP'), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts' (the 'SORP') issued by the Association of Investment Companies in October 2019.

FRS 104, 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the Financial Reporting Council ('FRC') in March 2015, and updated in March 2018 has been applied in preparing this condensed set of financial statements for the six months ended 31st December 2019.

All of the Company's operations are of a continuing nature.

The accounting policies applied to this condensed set of financial statements are consistent with those applied in the financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2019.

3. Return/(loss) per share

	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2019 £'000	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2018 £'000	(Audited) Year ended 30th June 2019 £'000
Return/(loss) per share is based on the following: Revenue return	6,788	5.798	18,272
Capital return/(loss)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-, -	,
	45,781	(31,649)	133,495
Total return/(loss)	52,569	(25,851)	151,767
Weighted average number of shares in issue			
(excluding shares held in Treasury)	121,393,043	123,454,610	123,040,936
Revenue return per share	5.59p	4.70p	14.85p
Capital return/(loss) per share	37.71p	(25.64)p	108.50p
Total return/(loss) per share	43.30p	(20 . 94)p	123.35p

4. Dividends paid

	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Six months ended	Six months ended	Year ended
	31st December 2019	31st December 2018	30th June 2019
	£'000	£'000	£'000
2019 final dividend of 9.0p (2018: 12.5p)	10,895	15,452	15,452
2019 interim dividend of 5.0p	n/a	n/a	6,140
Total dividends paid in the period/year	10,895	15,542	21,592

All dividends paid in the period have been funded from the revenue reserve.

An interim dividend of 5.2p (2019: 5.0p) per share amounting to £6,277,000 (2019: £6,140,000), has been declared payable in respect of the six months ended 31st December 2019.

5. Net asset value per share

	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Six months ended	Six months ended	Year ended
	31st December 2019	31st December 2018	30th June 2019
Net assets (£'000)	1,341,402	1,148,833	1,313,769
Number of shares in issue	120,706,958	122,798,331	122,119,236
Net asset value per share	1,111.3p	935.5p	1,075.8p

6. Reconciliation of net return/(loss) before finance costs and taxation to net cash outflow from operations before dividends and interest

	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2019 £'000	(Unaudited) Six months ended 31st December 2018 £'000	(Audited) Year ended 30th June 2019 £'000
Net return/(loss) before finance costs and taxation	53,248	(24,966)	154,036
(Less capital return)/add capital loss before finance			
costs and taxation	(45,781)	31,649	(133,495)
Scrip dividends received as income	(33)	(21)	(21)
Decrease in accrued income and other debtors	1,767	4,386	1,855
Decrease in accrued expenses	(94)	(186)	(92)
Overseas withholding tax	(766)	(702)	(2,269)
Management fee charged to capital	(3,896)	(3,831)	(7,738)
Dividends received	(10,688)	(12,542)	(24,552)
Interest received	(111)	(93)	(187)
Realised gain/(loss) on foreign currency transactions	94	(4)	(41)
Realised (loss)/gain on liquidity fund	(226)	346	(87)
Net cash outflow from operations before			
dividends and interest	(6,486)	(5,964)	(12,591)

7. Fair valuation of investments

The fair value hierarchy disclosures required by FRS 102 are given below.

	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Audited)	
	Six months ended		Six months ended		Year ended	
	31st December 2019		31st December 2018		30th June 2019	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Level 1	1,338,466	_	1,137,562	_	1,305,035	_
Total value of investments	1,338,466	-	1,137,562	-	1,305,035	-

Interim Management Report

The Company is required to make the following disclosures in its half year report:

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company have not changed from those reported in the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30th June 2019 ('AFRS') and fall into the following broad categories: investment underperformance; political and economic; loss of investment team or investment manager; strategy/business management; operational and cyber crime; share price discount; change of corporate control of the manager; legal and regulatory; corporate governance and shareholder relations; and financial. Information on each of these areas is given in the Business Review within the AFRS.

Related Parties Transactions

During the first six months of the current financial year, no transactions with related parties have taken place which have materially affected the financial position or the performance of the Company.

Going Concern

The Directors believe, having considered the Company's investment objectives, risk management policies, capital management policies and procedures, nature of the portfolio and expenditure projections, that the Company has adequate resources, an appropriate financial structure and suitable management arrangements in place to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future and more specifically, that there are no material uncertainties pertaining to the Company that would prevent its ability to continue in such operational existence for at least twelve months from the date of the approval of this half year financial report. For these reasons, they consider there is reasonable evidence to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Directors' Responsibilities

The Board of Directors confirms that, to the best of its knowledge:

- the condensed set of financial statements contained within the half yearly financial report has been prepared in accordance with FRS 104 'Interim Financial Reporting' and gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the assets, liabilities, financial position and net return of the Company, as at 31st December 2019 as required by the UK Listing Authority Disclosure and Transparency Rules 4.2.4R; and
- (ii) the interim management report includes a fair review of the information required by 4.2.7R and 4.2.8R of the UK Listing Authority Disclosure and Transparency Rules.

In order to provide these confirmations, and in preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business;

and the Directors confirm that they have done so.

For and on behalf of the Board **Sarah Arkle** Chairman

6th March 2020

Shareholder Information

Return to Shareholders (APM)

Total return to the shareholder, on a last traded price to last traded price basis, assuming that all dividends received were reinvested, without transaction costs, into the shares of the Company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend.

		Period ended	
Total return calculation	Page	31st December 2019	
Opening share price (p)	5	1,002.0	(a)
Closing share price (p)	5	1,064.0	(b)
Total dividend adjustment factor ¹		1.008982	(C)
Adjusted closing share price (d = b x c)		1,073.6	(d)
Total return to shareholder (e = d / a - 1)		7.2%	(e)

¹ The dividend adjustment factor is calculated on the assumption that the dividends paid out by the Company are reinvested into the shares of the Company at the last traded price quoted at the ex-dividend date.

Return on Net Assets (APM)

Total return on net asset value ('NAV') per share, assuming that all dividends paid out by the Company were reinvested, without transaction costs, into the shares of the Company at the NAV per share at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend.

		Period ended	
Total return calculation	Page	31st December 2019	
Opening cum-income NAV per share (p)	5	1,075.8	(a)
Closing cum-income NAV per share (p)	5	1,111.3	(b)
Total dividend adjustment factor ²		1.008366	(C)
Adjusted closing cum-income NAV per share (d = b x c)		1,120.6	(d)
Total return on net assets (e = d / a - 1)		4.2%	(e)

² The dividend adjustment factor is calculated on the assumption that the dividends paid out by the Company are reinvested into the shares of the Company at the cum-income NAV at the ex-dividend date.

Benchmark Return

Total return on the benchmark, on a closing-market value to closing-market value basis, assuming that all dividends received were reinvested, without transaction costs, in the shares of the underlying companies at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend (see page 4).

The benchmark is a recognised index of stocks which should not be taken as wholly representative of the Company's investment universe. The Company's investment strategy does not follow or 'track' this index and consequently, there may be some divergence between the Company's performance and that of the benchmark.

Net asset value per share (APM)

The value of the Company's net assets (total assets less total liabilities) divided by the number of ordinary shares in issue. Please see note 5 on page 20 for detailed calculations.

Gearing/(Net Cash) (APM)

Gearing represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total investments, expressed as a percentage of the shareholders' funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this is shown as a 'net cash' position.

	31st December 2019		30th June 2019	
Gearing calculation	Page	£'000	£'000	
Investments held at fair value through profit or loss	17	1,338,466	1,305,035	(a)
Net assets	17	1,341,402	1,313,769	(b)
Gearing/(Net cash) (c = a / b - 1)		(0.2)%	(0.7)%	(C)

Ongoing Charges (APM)

The ongoing charges represent the Company's management fee and all other operating expenses excluding finance costs payable expressed as a percentage of the average of the daily cum-income net assets during the year and is calculated in accordance with guidance issued by the Association of Investment Companies. The figure as at 31st December 2019 is an estimated figure based on the actual figures annualised for the six months ended 31st December 2019.

	31st December 2019		30th June 2019	
Ongoing charges calculation	Page	£'000	£'000	
Management fee	15	11,132	11,054	
Other administrative expenses	15	1,428	1,305	
Total management fee and other administrative expenses		12,560	12,359	(a)
Average daily cum-income net assets		1,321,489	1,206,032	(b)
Ongoing charges (c = a / b)		0.95%	1.02%	(C)

Share Price Discount/Premium to Net Asset Value ('NAV') per Share (APM)

If the share price of an investment trust company is lower than the NAV per share, the shares are said to be trading at a discount. The discount is shown as a percentage of the NAV per share. The opposite of a discount is a premium.

Net Asset Values

The capital-only net asset value excludes current year income received from investments.

The cum-income net asset value includes current year income received from investments.

American Depositary Receipts (ADRs)

Certificates that are traded on US stock exchanges representing a specific number of shares in a non-US company. ADRs are denominated and pay dividends in US dollars and may be treated like regular shares of stock.

Hong Kong H-Shares

Companies incorporated in mainland China and listed in Hong Kong and other foreign stock exchanges.

Association of Investment Companies ('AIC')

The AIC is the UK trade association for the closed-ended investment company industry.

You can invest in a J.P. Morgan investment trust through the following:

1. Via a third party provider

Third party providers include:

- AJ Bell Barclays Smart Investor Charles Stanley Direct Fidelity FundsNetwork Halifax
- Hargreaves Lansdown Interactive Investor Selftrade The Share Centre

Please note this list is not exhaustive and the availability of individual trusts may vary depending on the provider. These websites are third party sites and J.P. Morgan Asset Management does not endorse or recommend any. Please observe each site's privacy and cookie policies as well as their platform charges structure.

The Board encourages all of its shareholders to exercise their rights and notes that many specialist platforms provide shareholders with the ability to receive company documentation, to vote their shares and to attend general meetings, at no cost. Please refer to your investment platform for more details, or visit the Association of Investment Companies' ('AIC') website at www.theaic.co.uk/aic/shareholder-voting-consumer-platforms for information on which platforms support these services and how to utilise them.

2. Through a professional adviser

Professional advisers are usually able to access the products of all the companies in the market and can help you find an investment that suits your individual circumstances. An adviser will let you know the fee for their service before you go ahead. You can find an adviser at unbiased.co.uk

You may also buy investment trusts through stockbrokers, wealth managers and banks.

To familiarise yourself with the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) adviser charging and commission rules, visit fca.org.uk

Be ScamSmart

Investment scams are designed to look like genuine investments

Spot the warning signs

Have you been:

- contacted out of the blue
- promised tempting returns
- and told the investment is safecalled repeatedly, or
- told the offer is only available for a limited time?

If so, you might have been contacted by fraudsters.

Avoid investment fraud

1 Reject cold calls If you've received unsolicited contact about an investment opportunity, chances are

- an investment opportunity, chances are it's a high risk investment or a scam. You should treat the call with extreme caution. The safest thing to do is to hang up.
- **2 Check the FCA Warning List** The FCA Warning List is a list of firms and individuals we know are operating without our authorisation.
- **3 Get impartial advice** Think about getting impartial financial advice before you hand over any money. Seek advice from someone unconnected to the firm that has approached you.

Remember: if it sounds too good to be true, it probably is!

Report a Scam

If you suspect that you have been approached by fraudsters please tell the FCA using the reporting form at www.fca.org.uk/consumers/reportscam-unauthorised-firm. You can also call the FCA Consumer Helpline on 0800 111 6768

If you have lost money to investment fraud, you should report it to Action Fraud on 0300 123 2040 or online at www.actionfraud.police.uk

Find out more at www.fca.org.uk/scamsmart



FINANCIAL CALENDAR

Financial year end	30th June
Final results announced	September
Half year end	31st December
Half year results announced	February/March
Final dividend paid	November
Annual General Meeting	November

History

The Company was launched in July 1991 with assets of £60 million. In March 1993 the Company raised a further £50 million by an issue of conversion shares. On 13th April 2006, an additional £76 million was raised by an issue of shares following the reconstruction of F&C Emerging Markets Investment Trust plc. The Company adopted its current name in November 2005.

Directors

Sarah Arkle (Chairman) Richard Laing Aidan Lisser Ruary Neill Andrew Page

Company Numbers

Company registration number: 2618994 LEI: 5493001VPQDYH1SSSR77

Ordinary shares

London Stock Exchange number: 0341895 ISIN: GB0003418950 Bloomberg code: JMG LN

Market Information

The Company's net asset value ('NAV') per share is published daily, via the London Stock Exchange. The Company's shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange. The market price is shown daily in the Financial Times, The Times, The Daily Telegraph, The Scotsman and on the Company's website at www.jpmemergingmarkets.co.uk, where the share price is updated every fifteen minutes during trading hours.

Website

www.jpmemergingmarkets.co.uk

Share Transactions

The Company's shares may be dealt in directly through a stockbroker or professional adviser acting on an investor's behalf.

Manager and Company Secretary

JPMorgan Funds Limited



A member of the AIC

Company's Registered Office

60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y OJP Telephone: 020 7742 4000 For Company Secretarial issues and administrative matters, please contact Jonathan Latter.

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon (International) Limited 1 Canada Square London E14 5AL The Depositary has appointed JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as the Company's custodian.

Registrars

Equiniti Limited Reference 1081 Aspect House Spencer Road Lancing West Sussex BN99 6DA Telephone number: 0371 384 2320

Lines open 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Monday to Friday. Calls to the helpline will cost no more than a national rate call to a 01 or 02 number. Callers from overseas should dial +44 121 415 0225.

Notifications of changes of address and enquiries regarding share certificates or dividend cheques should be made in writing to the Registrar quoting reference 1081.

Registered shareholders can obtain further details on their holdings on the internet by visiting www.shareview.co.uk

Independent Auditors

BDO LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU Telephone number: 020 7486 5888

Brokers

Stifel Nicolaus Europe Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET Telephone number: 020 7710 7600

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