

## Institutional US Dollar Liquidity Fund

Institutional Cash Series plc (Admin III share class)

FOR UK INVESTORS ONLY



### Investment Objective

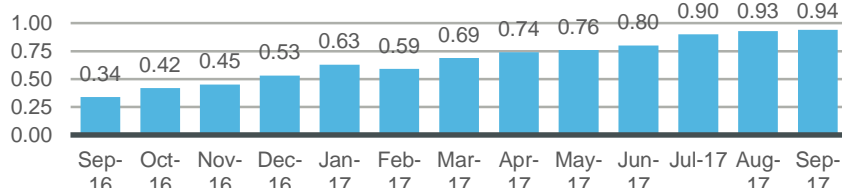
The Institutional US Dollar Liquidity Fund (the Fund) seeks to maximise current income consistent with the preservation of principal and liquidity through the maintenance of a portfolio of high quality short-term "money market" instruments.

### Investment Policy

The Fund invests primarily in first-tier securities, which include commercial paper, certificates of deposit, floating rate notes, time deposits and fully collateralised repurchase agreements.

### Performance

1 Month Net Annualised Yield %



Annualised Performance History	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	5 years	Since Inception
Fund	0.94	0.93	0.85	0.70	0.29	0.18	1.14
Benchmark	1.07	1.07	0.97	0.75	0.33	0.21	-

Standardised Yearly Fund Performance %<sup>^</sup>

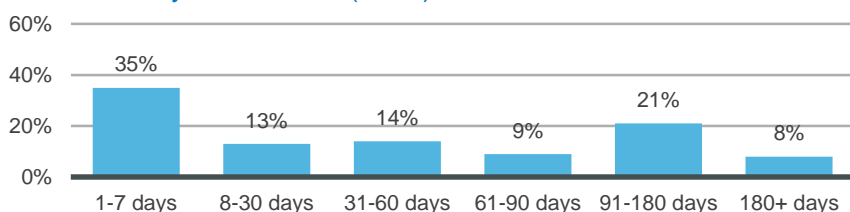
Annual Gross Performance:	30/09/2017	30/09/2016	30/09/2015	30/09/2014	30/09/2013
Fund	1.16	0.55	0.24	0.23	0.26
Benchmark	0.75	0.24	0.02	0.00	0.04

Source: Internal and Bloomberg as at 30 September 2017.

\*Yields are annualised and quoted net of 45 bps, except benchmark yields which have no associated fees. Our funds are benchmarked against our gross yields.

<sup>^</sup> Yields are gross

### Final Maturity Distribution (WAL)



Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) as at 30 September 2017

36 days

Weighted Average Life (WAL) as at 30 September 2017

75 days

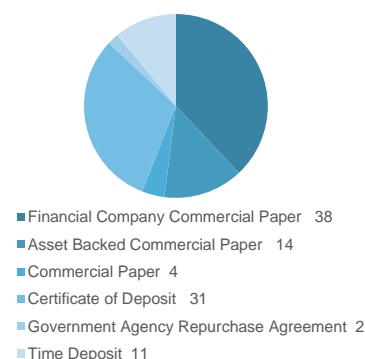
### Key Risk

In general, if interest rates decline, then the yield to Shareholders will also decline. An increase in interest rates will generally reduce the value of each Fund's investments and a decline in interest rates will generally increase the value. If there are unusually heavy redemption requests because of changes in interest rates or for any other reason, a Fund may have to sell a portion of its investment portfolio at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so. Each Fund will be exposed to the risk of deterioration in the credit quality of the parties with whom it deals and may also bear the risk of settlement or counterparty default.

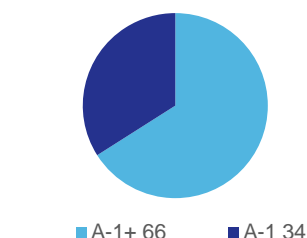
### Fund Details

Umbrella	Institutional Cash Series plc
Domicile	Ireland
Fund structure	UCITS
Size	\$37 billion
Benchmark	7-Day LIBID
Inception date	17 December 1998
Minimum Investment	US \$50,000
Dealing deadline	4:00pm New York time
Distributions	Distributing: Monthly Accumulating: Rolled Up
ISIN	IE0030005791-Distributing Shares IE00B29LM892-Accumulating Shares
Standard and Poor's	AAAm
Moody's	Aaa-mf

### Portfolio Composition %



### S&P Rating %



S&P deem all A-1 securities maturing within 7 days as A-1+. Any security under a year with a long term rating of AA- or above would also be considered to have a short term rating of A-1+, whilst those with a long term rating of A or above would be considered to have a short term rating of A-1.

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## Glossary

### Asset Backed Commercial Paper

Asset Backed Commercial Paper (ABCP) is a short-term investment vehicle with a maturity that is typically between 90 and 180 days. The security itself is generally issued by a bank or other financial institution. The notes are backed by physical assets such as trade receivables, and are generally used for short-term financing needs.

### Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of Deposit (CDs) are short-term tradable deposits, issued by banks, that pay a fixed rate of interest.

### Commercial Paper

Commercial Paper (CP) are short-term securities, issued by banks and large corporates. CP is issued at a discount with zero coupon.

### First Tier Securities

This refers to the highest rating available for short term financial securities

### Floating Rate Note

Floating Rate Notes (FRNs) are bonds whereby the rate of interest 'floats' to reflect changes in interest rates or LIBOR.

### LIBID

London Interbank Bid Rate (LIBID) is an indicative rate that banks lend to other banks. Typically 7-day LIBID is used as a benchmark for triple-A rated money market funds. LIBID is not published by BBA, but is accepted as being LIBOR minus 0.125%.

### Maturity

The maximum time that a bond can be outstanding; the date when the principal capital will be repaid.

### Money Market Instruments

Short term financial securities that mature within one year.

### Moody's

One of the three leading credit rating agencies.

### Repurchase agreements

Repurchase Agreements (Repos) are instruments under which the funds sell portfolio securities and at the time of sale agrees to repurchase those securities at a mutually agreed time and price including interest payment. This is usually on an overnight basis.

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## Important information

Unless otherwise specified all data is as of 30 September 2017.

BlackRock have not considered the suitability of this investment against your individual needs and risk tolerance. To ensure you understand whether our product is suitable, please read the Key Investor Information Document. Any decision to invest must be based solely on the information contained in the Company's Prospectus, Key Investor Information Document and the latest half-yearly report and unaudited accounts and/or annual report and audited accounts. Investors should read the fund specific risks in the Key Investor Information Document and the Company's Prospectus. We recommend you seek independent professional advice prior to investing. If, after reading this brochure, you have any questions or would like any additional information please contact your financial adviser or speak to our Investor Services Team on 0800 445522.

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### Standard & Poor's (S&P)

One of the three leading credit rating agencies.

### Time Deposit

A deposit at a banking institution made for a certain (short) period of time.

### Weighted Average Maturity (WAM)

WAM is a measure of the average length of time to maturity of all of the underlying securities in the fund weighted to reflect the relative holdings in each instrument, assuming that the maturity of a floating rate instrument is the time remaining until the next interest rate reset to the money market rate, rather than the time remaining before the principal value of the security must be repaid. In practice, WAM is used to measure the sensitivity of a money market fund to changing money market interest rates.

### Weighted Average Life (WAL)

WAL is the weighted average of the remaining life (maturity) of each security held in a fund, meaning the time until the principal is repaid in full (disregarding interest and not discounting). Contrary to what is done in the calculation of the WAM, the calculation of the WAL for floating rate securities and structured financial instruments does not permit the use of interest rate reset dates and instead only uses a security's stated final maturity. WAL is used to measure the credit risk, as the longer the reimbursement of principal is postponed, the higher is the credit risk. WAL is also used to limit the liquidity risk.

### Yield

The rate of return/interest on a money market fund expressed as a percentage of its capital value.