

LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT (LIAM)

LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF



COMPARTIMENT DE LA SICAV MULTI UNITS FRAN

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INFORMATION ON THE INVESTMENTS AND MANAGEMENT

Classification

Equities from countries of the European Union.

At least 60% of the MF is continuously exposed in one or several markets of equities issued in one or several European Union countries including any Euro zone markets.

The MF is an index-based fund of the UCITS ETF type.

Terms of determination and allocation of amounts available for distribution

Class of units C-EUR: Capitalisation of all the amounts available for distribution.

Class of units D-EUR: The management company reserves the right to capitalise and/or distribute all or part of the amounts available for distribution, one or more times each year.

Management objective

The MF's management objective is to reproduce the evolution of the CECE EUR Net Total Return Index (the "Benchmark Indicator") listed in Euros, whatever its evolution, while insofar as possible minimizing the tracking error between the MF's performances and those of the Benchmark Indicator.

The anticipated level of the ex-post tracking error under normal market conditions is 0.15%.

Benchmark indicator

The benchmark indicator is the CECE EUR Net Total Return Index (net dividends reinvested).

The Benchmark Indicator is an index based on the weighting of each security according to market capitalisations.

This Benchmark Indicator is made up of equities selected from the indices negotiated for Eastern Europe, established and calculated by the Vienna Stock Exchange (Wiener Börse AG), i.e. currently 3 national indices: the Hungarian index (Hungarian Traded Index), the Czech index (Czech Traded Index) and the Polish index (Polish Traded Index). The Vienna Stock Exchange calculates one index in US dollars and one index in Euros. The objective of these indices is to reflect the performance of the largest market capitalisations in Eastern Europe. The Vienna Stock Exchange calculates and publishes the prices of these indices in real time. It owns all of the rights to these indices.

The monitored performance is that of the closing prices of the Benchmark Indicator.

An exhaustive description and the complete methodology for the construction of the Benchmark Indicator as well as information on the composition and relative weights of the Benchmark Indicator's components are available on the Internet site: http://en.indices.cc/indices/details/ntec/composition/.

The Benchmark Indicator is calculated continuously throughout the trading day, from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm CET, using the Laspeyres formula in accordance with the Vienna stock exchange's methodology.

Calculation of the opening price, closing price and exchange rate:

The Benchmark Indicator's opening price is calculated daily at 9:00 am CET using the previous day's closing prices of the index components (prices published by Reuters). The euro exchange rates against the Hungarian forint, the Polish zloty and the Czech crown are published by Reuters and received by the Vienna stock exchange at 9:00 am CET.

The Benchmark Indicator's closing price is calculated daily at 5:00 pm CET, from the most recent available prices and the euro exchange rates against the Hungarian forint, Polish zloty and Czech crown, published by Reuters and received by the Vienna stock exchange at 5:00 pm CET. Equity prices sent after 5:00 pm CET are not used to calculate the following day's price.

The equity prices used to calculate the Benchmark Indicator are provided by the local stock exchanges and forwarded by Reuters to the Vienna stock exchange. The local stock exchanges are the Prague stock exchange for the Czech index, the Budapest stock exchange for the Hungarian index and the Warsaw stock exchange for the Polish index.

If equity trading is temporarily suspended by a local exchange, the most recent price that Reuters forwarded to the Vienna stock exchange is used to calculate the Benchmark Indicator. If no new price is calculated or forwarded by Reuters to the Vienna stock exchange on a given trading day, the most recent price received will be used to calculate the Benchmark Indicator.

The exchange rate used on a given trading day is the most recent rate in the market and is the median rate between the bid and ask prices simultaneously in the market and published by Reuters.

The Vienna stock exchange updates the exchange rates every two minutes. If no updated exchange rates are available it uses the most recent available rate to calculate the level of the Benchmark Indicator.

The Benchmark Indicator is quoted every trading day on the local stock exchanges (Prague, Budapest and Warsaw stock exchanges). If a stock exchange is closed, the Benchmark Indicator is calculated using the rate on the open stock exchanges and the closing prices for the previous day and the current exchange rate for the closed stock exchange.

Information on the methodology used to calculate the Benchmark Indicator is available on the internet site: http://en.indices.cc/download/rules/.

Benchmark Indicator publication

Benchmark Indicator values are available in real time via Reuters and Bloomberg.

Reuters code: CECENTRE

Bloomberg code: CECENTRE

The Vienna Stock Exchange is responsible for calculating and disseminating the value of the Benchmark Indicator. The Benchmark Indicator is published from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm (Paris time).

Benchmark Indicator revision

If an equity no longer meets the selection criteria at the revision date it is withdrawn from the Benchmark Indicator.

The Benchmark Indicator Committee decides quarterly on the changes in the components of the Benchmark Indicator quarterly. The Benchmark Indicator committee is composed of representatives of the Vienna Stock Exchange, members of the OTOB (derivatives market), financial institutions that market products derived from the Benchmark Indicator, market experts, and members of the local exchanges.

The rebalancing frequency indicated above does not affect the cost of implementing the Investment Strategy.

The rules for index revision are published by the Vienna Stock Exchange and are available on the internet site: http://en.indices.cc/.

Investment strategy

1. Strategy employed

The MF will comply with the investment rules dictated by the European Directive no. 2009/65/EC dated 13 July 2009.

In pursuit of the greatest possible correlation with the performance of the Benchmark Indicator, the MF will achieve its management objective using the indirect replication method which means that it will enter into one or more OTC swap contracts enabling it to achieve its investment objective. The objective of these swap contracts will be to exchange (i) the value of the MF's assets, which will consist of balance sheet assets (excluding any securities received as guarantees), for (ii) the value of the securities that underlie the Benchmark Indicator.

The securities held as assets by the MF may notably be securities that make up the Benchmark Indicator, as well as other international and Euro zone equities, from all economic sectors, listed on all markets, including the small caps markets.

The basket of assets held may be adjusted daily such that its value will generally be at least 100% of the net assets. When necessary, this adjustment will be made to ensure that the counterparty risk arising from the aforementioned swap contract will be entirely neutralized.

Information relative to (i) the updated composition of the basket of the balance sheet assets held in the MF's portfolio and (ii) the market value of the future exchange operation entered into by the MF are available on the page dedicated to the MF on the Internet site www.lyxoretf.com. The update frequency and/or the update date of the aforesaid information is also indicated on the same page of the aforesaid Internet site.

As part of the management of its exposure, the MF may be exposed to the equities and debit securities of a single issuing entity, for up to 20% of its assets. This 20% limit will be checked on each rebalancing date of the Benchmark Indicator, in application of the Benchmark Indicator's calculation method that limits the exposure to each of components to 20%, and for which the calculation is carried out by the sponsor or the calculation agent of the Benchmark Indicator.

This 20% limit can be increased to 35% for a single issuing entity, when this can be justified by exceptional market conditions, notably when certain securities have dominant positions and/or in case of strong volatility of a financial instrument or of the securities related to an economic sector represented within the Benchmark Indicator. This could notably be the case in the event of a public offering that affects one of the securities comprising the Benchmark Indicator, or in case of a significant restriction of liquidity that affects one or more financial instruments included within the composition of the Benchmark Indicator.

2. Balance sheet assets (excluding integrated derivatives)

The MF may hold, in compliance with the ratios contained in the regulation, international equities (from all economic sectors, listed on all markets), including within the small cap markets.

The aforementioned equities will be chosen on the basis of criteria:

- of eligibility, in particular:
- Subordination to the main market indices or to the Benchmark Indicator,
- Liquidity (minimal thresholds applied to mean daily volumes of transactions and to the equity market capitalisation),
- Rating of the country of the issuer's head office (requirement of a minimal threshold in S&P rating or equivalent).
- of diversification, notably:
- Issuer (application of ratios applicable to the eligible assets of a UCITS, as specified in Art. R214-21 of the [French] Monetary and Financial Code),
- Geographical area,
- Sector.

For more information on the abovementioned eligibility and diversification criteria, in particular the list of the eligible indices, investors can visit the following Internet site: www.lyxoretf.com.

The investment in undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities ("UCITS") that comply with Directive 2009/65/EC is limited to 10% of the net assets of the MF. As part of these investments, the MF can subscribe to units or equities of UCITS by the management company, or a company with which it is linked. The manager will not invest in units or equities of AIF or other investment funds established on the basis of foreign laws.

When the MF receives securities as guarantee under the conditions and limits of this section's paragraph 8 below, they will also constitute balance sheet assets received in full ownership by the MF, given that they are received by the MF in full ownership.

As part of the future optimisation of the MF's management, the manager reserves the right to use other instruments within the limits of the regulations in order to achieve the management objective.

3. Off-balance sheet assets (derivative instruments)

The MF will have recourse to index-linked swaps traded over-the-counter, exchanging the value in the MF's assets (or of any other asset held by the MF, where appropriate) against the value of the Benchmark Indicator (in compliance with the description contained in this section's paragraph 1 above).

As part of a future optimisation of the MF management, the manager reserves the right to use other instruments within the limits of the regulations, such as to achieve the management objective, for example including forward financial instruments other than index-linked swaps.

In compliance with its best execution policy, the management company considers that the Société Générale is the counterparty that generally makes it possible to obtain the best possible result with these future financial instruments. These future financial instruments (including index-linked swaps) can therefore be traded with the Société Générale, without prior open competition involving several counterparties.

The counterparty of the aforesaid future financial instruments (the "Counterparty") will have no discretionary power regarding the composition of the MF's investment portfolio, nor regarding the underlying assets of the future financial instruments.

4. Securities with integrated derivatives

None.

5. Deposits

Up to a maximum of 20% of its net assets, the MF can have recourse to deposits with credit institutions belonging to the same group as the depositary in order to optimise its cash management.

6. Cash borrowings

Up to a maximum of 10% of its net assets, the MF may temporarily have recourse to borrowings.

7. Temporary securities acquisition and sale operations

None. The manager will not have recourse to temporary securities acquisition and/or sale operations.

8. Financial guarantees

In all cases in which the MF is subject to a counterparty risk as a result of the deployed investment strategy, notably in the event of the MF's use of forward swap contracts traded over the counter, the MF can receive securities that are considered as guarantees in order to reduce the counterparty risk related to these operations. The portfolio of received guarantees can be adjusted each day in order for its value to be greater than or equal to the level of the counterparty risk borne by the MF in most cases. The objective of this adjustment will be to ensure that the level of counterparty risk borne by the MF is totally neutralized.

Any financial guarantee received by the MF will be provided to the MF in full ownership and listed in the MF's account opened in the books of its depositary. As such, the received financial guarantees will be listed amongst the MF's assets.

Any financial guarantee received by the MF within this framework must comply with the criteria defined by the prevailing laws and regulations, notably in terms of liquidity, valuation, credit quality of the issuers, correlation, risks related to the management of securities, and applicability. The received guarantees must, in particular, comply with the following conditions:

- (a) Any received guarantee must be of high quality, very liquid and traded on a regulated market or in a multilateral trading system with transparent pricing, in order to be sold quickly at a price close to the prior valuation;
- (b) They must be valued at least on a daily basis and assets showing strong price volatility must not be accepted as guarantee except in case of the application of a sufficiently cautious discount;
- (c) They must be issued by an entity that is independent of the counterparty and must not be highly correlated with the counterparty's performances;
- (d) They must be sufficiently diversified in terms of countries, markets and issuers, with a maximum exposure per issuer of 20% of the MF's net asset value;
- (e) The MF's Management Company must be able to fully realise them at any time, without consultation with the counterparty nor approval of the latter.

Notwithstanding the condition specified in (d) above, the Fund may receive a basket of financial guarantees with an exposure to a single issuer corresponding to more than 20% of its net asset value provided that:

• such received financial guarantees are issued by (i) a Member State, (ii) one or more of a Member State's local authorities, (iii) a country that is not a Member State (iv) a public international organization to which one or more Member States belong; and

• such financial guarantees consists of at least six different issues of which none exceeds 30% of the MF's assets.

- In compliance with the aforesaid conditions, the guarantees received by the MF can include:
- (i) Liquid assets or equivalents, notably including short-term bank assets and money market instruments;
- (ii) Bonds issued or guaranteed by an OECD Member State, by its local public authorities or by supranational institutions and bodies of a Community, regional or worldwide nature, or by any other country, provided that conditions (a) to (e) (above) have been fully met;
- (iii) Equities or units issued by money market funds that calculate a daily net asset value and that have a rating of AAA or equivalent;
- (iv) Equities or units issued by UCITS investing primarily in bonds/equities as indicated in points (v) and (vi) below;
- (v) Bonds issued or guaranteed by first-class issuers, offering suitable liquidity;
- (vi) Equities admitted to trading or traded on a regulated market of an EU Member State, on a stock market of an OECD Member State or on a stock market of another country provided that conditions (a) to (e) (above) have been fully met and that these equities are included within a first-class index.

Policy related to discounts:

The MF's management company will apply a margin to the financial guarantees received by the MF. The applied margins will notably depend on the following criteria:

- Nature of the asset received as guarantee;
- Maturity of the asset received as guarantee (if applicable);
- Rating of the issuer of the asset received as guarantee (if applicable).

Reinvestment of received guarantees:

The financial guarantees received on another form than cash will not be sold, reinvested or pledged. The guarantees received in cash will be, at the manager discretion:

i) Placed as a deposit to an approved institution;

ii) Invested in government bonds of highest grade;

iii) Used for reverse repurchase transactions provided that these transactions are concluded with credit institutions which are the subject of prudential supervision and that the UCITS may recall at any time the global amount of liquidities taking into account the accrued interests;

iv) Invested in short-term monetary collective investment undertakings, as set out in the guidelines for a common definition of European monetary collective investment undertakings.

The financial guarantees in cash reinvested shall be diversified in accordance with the requirements applicable to financial guarantees other than in cash.

Risk profile

The bearer's money will primarily be invested in financial instruments selected by the management company. These instruments will be subject to the vagaries of the markets.

Through the MF, the bearer is primarily exposed to the following risks:

<u>Equity risk</u>

An equity price can vary upwards or downwards, and it notably reflects the changing risks related to the issuing company or the economic situation of the corresponding market. The equity markets are more volatile than the rate markets, in which it is possible, over a given period and with equal macroeconomic conditions, to estimate the incomes.

Capital loss risk

The invested capital is not guaranteed. The investor consequently runs the risk of capital loss. The entire or part of the invested amount may not be recovered, notably should the performance of the Benchmark Indicator be negative over the investment period.

Liquidity risk (primary market)

If, when the MF (or one of its counterparties for future financial instrument ("FFI")) adjust its exposure, the markets related to this exposure are then limited, closed or subject to significant purchase/sale price discrepancies, the value and/or liquidity of the MF could be negatively affected. Should low volumes of exchanges result in an inability to carry out transactions linked to the replication of the Benchmark Indicator, this can also have consequences on the processes related to the subscription, conversion or redemption of units.

Liquidity risk on a place of listing

The MF's equity price can deviate from its indicative net asset value. The liquidity of the MF's units or equities on a place of listing can be affected by any suspension, that could notably be due to:

i) Suspension or stoppage of the calculation of the Benchmark Indicator, and/or

ii) Suspension of the market(s) of the underlyings used by the Benchmark Indicator, and/or

- iii) The impossibility for a given place of listing to obtain or calculate the MF's indicative net asset value, and/or
- iv) A market maker's violation of the rules applicable to this marketplace, and/or

v) A failure of this marketplace's IT or electronic systems.

Counterparty risk

The MF is exposed to the risk of bankruptcy, payment default or any other type of default of any counterparty with which it has entered into a contract or transaction. It is particularly exposed to the counterparty risk resulting from its use of future financial instrument ("FFI") traded over-the-counter with Société Générale or with any other counterparty. In compliance with the UCITS regulations, the counterparty risk (whether this counterparty is the Société Générale or any other entity) cannot exceed 10% of the total value of the MF's assets per counterparty.

In case of a Counterparty's default, the contract relating to FFIs can be terminated early. The MF will then make every effort to achieve its management objective by signing, if relevant, another contract relating to FFIs with a third party counterparty, under the market conditions prevailing at the time of the occurrence of this event.

The realisation of this risk can notably have impacts on the MF's ability to achieve its management objective, in particular the replication of the Benchmark Indicator.

When Société Générale is involved as a counterparty of the FFIs, conflicts of interest can arise between the MF's Management Company and the FFI's counterparty. The Management Company manages these conflict of interest risks by setting up procedures intended to identify and limit them, and to ensure their equitable resolution, if relevant.

Risk related to the exposure to Emerging markets

The MF's exposure to emerging markets results in a greater risk of loss that would exist in the event of investments carried out within traditional developed markets. In particular, the operating and supervision rules in an emerging market may differ from the standards applicable to developed markets. The exposure to emerging markets notably results in: increased volatility of the markets, lower transaction volumes, the risk of economic and/or political instability, an unstable or uncertain fiscal and/or regulatory regime, risks of closing of the markets, of government restrictions on foreign investments, and interruption or restriction of the convertibility or transferability of any of the currencies comprising the Benchmark Indicator.

Risk that the management objective may only be partially achieved

Nothing guarantees that the management objective will be achieved. Indeed, no asset or financial instrument will allow an automatic and continuous replication of the Benchmark Indicator, notably should one or more of the following risks arise:

Risk related to the use of derivative instruments

In order to achieve its investment objective, the MF uses future financial instrument ("FFI") traded over-the-counter, that can notably take the form of swap contracts that will allow it to obtain the performance of the Benchmark Indicator. These FFIs can result in a series of risks on the level of the FFIs that notably include: counterparty risk, event affecting the hedging, event affecting the Benchmark Indicator, risk related to the tax regime, risk related to the regulations, operational risk and liquidity risk. These risks can directly affect a FFI and can result in the adjustment or early termination of the FFI transaction, which could affect the MF's net asset value.

Risk related to a change of the tax regime

Any change to the tax legislation in any of the countries in which the MF is established, authorised for marketing or listed can affect the tax treatment of investors. In this case, the MF's manager assumes no liability relative to investors with regard to the payments having to be made to any competent tax authority.

Risk related to a change of the tax regime affecting the underlyings

Any change of the tax legislation applicable to the MF's underlyings can affect the MF's tax treatment. Consequently, in case of divergence between the anticipated tax treatment and the one actually applied to the MF (and/or to its counterparty in the FFI), the MF's net asset value may be affected.

Risk related to regulations

In case of change of the regulations in any country in which the MF is established, authorised for marketing or listed, the processes for the subscription, conversion and redemption of units may be affected.

Risk related to the regulations applicable to the underlyings

In case of change of the regulations applicable to the MF's underlyings, the MF's net asset value can be affected, as can the processes for the subscription, conversion and redemption of units.

Risk related to events affecting the Benchmark Indicator

In case of events affecting the Benchmark Indicator, the manager may, under the conditions and limits of the applicable legislation, have to suspend the subscription and redemption of MF units. The calculation of the MF's net asset value can also be affected.

If the event persists, the MF's manager will decide on measures having to be adopted, which can have an impact on the MF's net asset value. "Events affecting the Benchmark Indicator" are understood to mean the following situations:

- i) The Benchmark Indicator is considered to be incorrect or not reflective of the market's actual evolution,
- ii) The Benchmark Indicator is definitively discontinued by its supplier,
- iii) The supplier of the index is incapable of providing the level or value of the said index,
- iv) The supplier of the index makes a significant change to the formula or calculation method of the Benchmark Indicator (other than a minor modification such as the adjustment of the underlyings of this index or of the respective weightings between its various components), that cannot be effectively replicated by the MF at a reasonable cost.
- v) One or more components of the Benchmark Indicator becomes non-liquid, with the listing being suspended on an organised market, or components traded over-the-counter (such as bonds, for example) become non-liquid,
- vi) The Benchmark Indicator's components are impacted by transaction fees relative to the execution, delivery versus payment or specific fiscal constraints, without these fees being reflected in the Benchmark Indicator's performance.

Securities transaction risk

Should the issuer of a security underlying the index undertake an unanticipated review of a securities transaction ("ST"), that contradicts a prior and official announcement that had resulted in a valuation of the ST by the MF (and/or in a valuation of the ST by the MF's counterparty in a future financial instrument), the MF's net asset value may be affected, notably should the actual treatment of the ST by the MF differ from the ST's treatment in the methodology used by the Benchmark Indicator.

Exchange risk linked to the Benchmark Indicator

The MF is exposed to an exchange risk to the extent that the underlying securities making up the Benchmark Indicator could be listed in a currency other than that of the Benchmark Indicator, or be derived from securities listed in a currency other than that of the Benchmark Indicator. Fluctuating exchange rates are then likely to negatively affect the Benchmark Indicator monitored by the MF.

Legal risk

The MF may bear a legal risk related to the conclusion of any Total Return Swap contract (TRS) as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2015/2365.

Subscribers concerned and typical investor profile:

The MF is open to any subscriber.

An investor subscribing to this MF wishes to obtain an exposure to the equity markets of Eastern Europe.

The amount that it is reasonable to invest in this MF depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, you must take into account your personal wealth and/or estate, cash requirements at the present and for five years, but also your desire to take risks or, on the contrary, to prefer a cautious investment. It is also highly recommended to sufficiently diversify one's investments so as to avoid an exposure only to this MF's risks.

Investors are therefore recommended to study their individual situations with their usual estate management advisers. The minimum recommended investment term is greater than 3 years.

Indications on the tax treatment:

Investors should take note that the following information constitutes only a general summary of the tax regime applicable to an investment in a French MF, under the current French tax legislation. Investors are therefore requested to study their personal situations with their usual tax advisers.

France: The MF can serve as the support for a life insurance contract listed in units of account.

<u>1. On the level of the MF</u>

In France, the co-ownership status of MFs means that they are automatically exempt from corporate tax; by nature, they therefore benefit from a certain degree of transparency. As such, the incomes collected and generated by the MF through its management are not taxable at the level of the MF itself.

Abroad (in countries in which the MF is invested), capital gains on the sale of foreign transferable securities and foreign income received by the MF as part of its management may, if relevant, be subject to tax (generally in the form of a withholding tax). In certain limited cases, the foreign taxation can be reduced or cancelled in the presence of tax agreements that may be applicable.

2. On the level of the bearers of MF units

2.1 Bearers residing in France

The sums distributed by the MF to French residents as well as the capital gains or losses on transferable securities are subject to the applicable taxation.

Investors are invited to study their personal situations with their usual tax advisers.

2.2 Bearers not residing in France

Subject to any applicable tax agreements, the amounts distributed by the MF may, in certain circumstances, be subject to a levy or withholding tax in France.

Moreover, the capital gains realised on the purchase/sale of the MF's units are generally tax exempt. Bearers residing outside of France will be subject to the provisions of the tax legislation applicable in their country of residence.

Information relative to the "FATCA" law

France and the United States have signed a Model I intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") for the implementation in France of the American law known as the "FATCA" law that targets tax evasion amongst American taxpayers holding financial assets abroad. The expression "American taxpayers" refers to a natural person who is an American citizen or resident, a partnership or company created in the United States or by virtue of American federal law or of the laws of one of the American States, or a trust if (i) a court located in the United States has, pursuant to the law, the power to issue orders or decisions substantially relating to all questions relative to the trust's administration and if (ii) one or more American taxpayers has/have a right of control over all of the trust's substantial decisions, or over the estate of a deceased person who was a citizen or resident of the United States.

The MF has been registered as a "reporting financial institution" with the American tax authorities. As such, the MF is required to provide the French tax authorities, for 2014 and subsequent years, with information regarding certain holdings or sums paid to certain American taxpayers or to non-American financial institutions considered as non-participants in the FATCA that will be the subject of an automatic information exchange between the French and American tax authorities. Investors will be required to certify their FATCA status to their financial intermediary or to the management company, as relevant.

As a result of the MF's application of its obligations under the IGA as implemented in France, the MF will be considered as complying with the FATCA and should be exempt from the withholding tax established by the FATCA on certain revenues or proceeds from American sources.

For investors whose units are held through an account holder located in a jurisdiction that has not signed an IGA, it is recommended that they should consult this account holder in order to be informed of its intentions with regard to the FATCA. Moreover, certain account holders may be required to collect additional information from investors in order to comply with their obligations under the FATCA or of the country in which the account is held. Also, the scope of the obligations under the FATCA or an IGA can vary according to the account holder's jurisdiction. Investors should therefore check with their usual tax advisers.

For more details, the complete prospectus can be obtained by requesting it from the management company.

[•] The net asset value is available from the head office of LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT. The CIU complete prospectus and the latest annual and periodic documents are sent within one week of the bearer's written request, submitted to LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT, 17, cours Valmy - 92800 Puteaux.

[•] Approval date by the AMF (French Financial Markets Authority): 8 July 2005.

[•] Fund creation date: 21 July 2005.

Activity report

The net asset value of the unit C-EUR of the LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF MF shows an evolution of 36.18% over the fiscal year and stands at EUR 22.676 on 31/10/2017, meaning a fund performance of 50.18% since inception.

The net asset value of the unit D-EUR of the LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF MF shows an evolution of 36.17% over the fiscal year (dividends reinvested) and stands at EUR 112.2479 on 31/10/2017, meaning a fund performance of 27.02% since inception (dividends reinvested).

The fund replicates the performance of the CECENTRE Index, listed in Euros (EUR), representative of Hungarian, Czech and Polish equity markets.

This index has shown an evolution of 36.88% over the fiscal year.

This gap between the annual performance of the UCITS and that of its Benchmark Index can be explained by the result of the various parameters listed below:

- The operating and management fees as well as the external management fees of the management company,

- The costs for accessing the local markets of the securities of the replicated indexing,

- The costs or gains related to the instruments used as part of the replication of the indexing.

In pursuit of the greatest possible correlation with the performance of the CECENTRE Index, the MF will achieve its management objective using the indirect replication method which means that it will enter into one or more OTC swap contracts enabling it to achieve its investment objective. The objective of these swap contracts will be to exchange (i) the value of the MF's assets, which will consist of balance sheet assets (excluding any securities received as guarantees), for (ii) the value of the securities that underlie the CECENTRE Index.

The equities in the MF's assets will notably be equities making up the CECENTRE Index, as well as other European equities, from all economic sectors, listed on all markets, including the small caps markets.

The fund's risk and yield profile has been classed as category 6 given its exposure to the Benchmark Index.

On 31/10/2017, the tracking error reached the level of 0.0254% for the MF. The level of the target tracking error for the period was of 0.15%.

The discrepancy between the target tracking error and the actual tracking error was not significant which shows a compliance with the TE objective set at the beginning of the year.

The counterparty for the Index-Linked Swaps obtained by the fund is: Société Générale.

The figures referring to past performance relate to past periods and are not a reliable indicator of future results.

Regulatory information

Transfer commission (not audited by the auditor)

None.

Provisions for providing the investors with the various documents and reports relative to the management company's voting policy and its implementation.

The "voting policy" document, the report from the management company on the conditions whereby it exercised the voting rights of the CIU that it manages and the information relative to the vote on each resolution can, pursuant to article 322-75, 322-76 and 322-77 of the Financial Markets Authority General Regulations, be consulted either on the management company's website or at its head office (upon request).

Overall risk of the CIU

The management company's method for measuring the overall risk of the CIU: the method chosen is the commitment method.

ESG criteria

Pursuant to articles L533 22-1 and D533-16-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

1. Description of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) criteria (reference II-2°)

Lyxor is a signatory to the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI) and has adopted a responsible investment policy that sets out the values and practices established by our organization to integrate environmental, social and governance ("ESG" ") in its investment solutions. Lyxor's SRI Policy is available under the website Lyxor.com and is revised each year.

For this fund the SRI Policy includes the following key areas:

a) Description of the nature of the main criteria considered for ESG issues and the reasons for choosing them (reference III-1°-a)

The fund applies exclusions of the firms that are to be excluded in application of the Defense Sector Policy, due to their involvement in activities linked to prohibited or controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, depleted uranium weapons).

b) Description of the general information used for the analysis of issuers on criteria relating to compliance with ESG issues (reference III-2°)

The explicit inclusion of ESG risks and opportunities into traditional financial analysis and investment decisions must be based on a systematic process and appropriate research sources. The integration process focuses on the potential impact of ESG issues on company financials (positive and negative), which in turn may affect the investment decision.

LYXOR is using a variety of external information sources, including the following extra-financial rating agencies:

ISS Ethix to identify companies that are considered in breach of its Defence Policy,

Sustainalytics to identify companies that are associated with serious and repeated breaches of norms and standards adopted by LYXOR
and/or mandatory requirements related to controversial sectors and products,

ISS Proxy voting adviser for research on the governance performance of companies and for voting recommendations. These
recommendations are based on the LYXOR's Voting Policy,

MSCI and Sustainalytics ESG research to integrate ESG issues,

· Vigeo-Eiris to develop its ESG analysis and rating methodology applied to unlisted SME / ETI assets.

Each partnership has been put in place following a rigorous selection based on request for proposals and due diligence processes addressing specific topics.

c) Description of the methodology of the ESG analysis and the results (reference III-3°a)

More than 80 listed and non-listed securities in nearly 20 countries around the world are prohibited.

Specific controls are performed (pre & post trade) within the Risk department, in totally independence of operational teams. All breaches are notified to Funds Managers for immediate resolution. The post trade control is on NAV frequency basis.

For the swap based vehicles, the financial exposition via the derivative product is reported on a monthly basis.

d) Description of how the results of the analysis on ESG issues are integrated in investment policies (Reference II-2°-d)

The exclusion described above is applied to 100% of the fund holdings.

2. Description of integration of climate risks and the contribution to the energy transition (Reference II-2°)

Lyxor extends gradually an ESG & Carbon rating capacity with a proprietary approach for its vehicles.

In addition to carbon footprint, in regard with the communication on how climate risk are taken into account and the contribution of a portfolio to the energy and ecological transition and its alignment with the international goal of limiting global warming to 2 degrees by 2100, we have decided to report whenever it is possible the following metrics calculated at portfolio level:

- Portfolio Carbon Footprint

- Portfolio exposure to transition risk

- Portfolio exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions

Measuring the GHG emissions of its investments is seen as a first step. This will provide investors with an indication of their current financed emissions.

Portfolio ESG Rating as of 2017-10-31

ESG score 4.8	Environmental 4.4	Social	Govern	nance 5.7
Pillars	Ther	nes	Score	Weight
Environment			4.4	26.5%
	Climate Change		4.8	11.5%
	Environmental Opportunitie	25	4.5	2.9%
	Natural Capital	4.3	5.0%	
	Pollution & Waste		3.7	7.1%
Social			4.5	45.2%
	Human Capital		5.4	18.1%
	Product Liability		4.0	19.0%
	Social Opportunities		4.1	8.2%
	Stakeholder Opposition		0.0	0.0%
Governace			5.7	27.6%
	Corporate Behavior		5.8	10.7%
	Corporate Governance		5.6	16.9%

Breakdown	of	companies	according	to	their ESG	rating
-----------	----	-----------	-----------	----	-----------	--------

Leaders (AAA,AA) Average (A, BBB,BB) Laggards (B,CCC)								9% 86% 5%
Sector	AAA	AA	А	BBB	BB	в	ccc	Not Rated
Consumer Discretionary				2.7%	1.7%			
Energy		5.7%	10.3%		3.1%			
Financials		3.2%	18.3%	22.1%	13.4%			
Health Care					2.7%			
Materials			0.6%	4.6%		1.5%		
Telecommunication Services			0.7%	0.9%				
Utilities			4.6%			3.2%		

ESG Measurement methodology (Corporate & Government issuers)

The underlying notes of the environmental, social and governance pillars aim to stablish the risk Companies. They assess the financial risks associated with exposure to ESG factors and their management.

The risk scale ranges from 0 (high risk) to 10 (low risk).

Security scores at the Theme and ESG Pillar level are absolute and comparable across all industries. For Sectors and Themes, the portfolio-level score is based only on the subset of securities that have relevant scores. Security weights of the subset are rebalanced to equal 100%.

The weightings of the three criteria, Environmental, Social, and Governance, take into account the specific issues of each sector.

For Corporate: Metrics exposure and management of Key ESG issues cover the following themes: For Government: Metrics exposure and management of Key ESG issues cover the following themes:

- Environment: Climate Change, Natural Capital, Pollution & Waste, Env Opportunities

- Environment: Env Externalities, Natural Resources

Portfolio rated

Nb Securities rated

99%

25

- Social: Human Capital, Economic Environment

Social: Human Capital, Product Liability, Stakeholder Opposition, Soc Opportunities

- Governance; Financial Governance, Political Governance - Governance; Corporate Governance, Stakeholder Opposition, Soc Opportunities

Source : The Company carbon footprint data are provided by the MSCI agency

Portfolio Exposure to ESG Controversies

Shows the percentage of portfolio securities with Red, Orange, Yellow and Green flagged ESG	Red Flag	0%
controversies.	Orange Flag	0%
The severity of the assessment through color-coded alerts :	Yellow Flag	1%
 Red indicates involvement in one or more very severe controversies 	Green Flag	98%
 Orange indicates involvement in controversies just shy of the criteria for a red flag 		

- Yellow indicates significant controversie

- Green indicates no involvement in any major ESG controversies

Portfolio Carbon Footprint as of 2017-10-31

nissions tons I invested	Carbon Intensity tons CO2e/\$M sales	Weighted Average Carbon Intensity tons CO2e/\$M	Portfolio rated by weight Scope 1 reported (vs estimated)	99% 89%
500	075	sales	Scope2 reported (vs estimated)	34%
588	875	611	Scope 1& 2 estimations are based on MSCI metho	odology

Carbon Measurement methodology

Definition : The carbon footprint aims to account for the greenhouse gas emissions produced by the companies held in portfolio.

Carbon Emissions tons CO2e/\$M invested : It measures the volume of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions that the portfolio is responsible for, in proportion to its share capital.

Carbon Intensity tons CO2e/\$M sales : An intensity metric that shows the fund's proprietary share of the portfolio companies' carbon dioxide emissions relative to the fund's proprietary share of the portfolio companies' income shall be used when reporting the equity portfolio's carbon footprint

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / \$M sales: The Weighted Average Carbon Intensity is the sum product of the portfolio weights and Carbon Intensities.

Scope : Carbon emissions are separated into scope 1 + scope 2 emissions.

Scope 1 emissions: direct greenhouse gas emissions(combustibles, refrigerants, fuel consumption of owned vehicles).

Scope 2 emissions: indirect emissions (electricity,generated steam).

Source : The Company carbon footprint data are provided by the MSCI agency.

Please note that while each of the metrics is applicable to equity portfolios, the Portfolio-level Carbon Emissions (#1), Total Carbon Emissions (#2), and Carbon Intensity metrics (#3), are not applicable to fixed income and multi-asset class portfolios. These metrics utilize an ownership methodology that is not relevant to bond holders. The Weighted Average Carbon Intensity metric (#4), is applicable to both equity and corporate fixed income/ multi-asset class portfolios.

Portfolio exposure to transition risk

The data below represents portfolio exposure to issuers with fossil fuel reserves (in terms of	Weight of the portfolio	
the weight of the portfolio), which may be stranded in the context of a low carbon transition. Thermal coal reserves are the most carbon intensive and therefore the most at risk.	Fossil Fuel Reserves	29%
The basis area is defined as the association of MM/b consisted from feedil field or Chara of	Thermal Coal	9%
The brown area is defined as the percentage of MWh generated from fossil fuels or Share of fossil fuel energies or share of the portfolio invested in fossil fuel extraction (to reflect products	Natural Gaz	19%
and services exposed to fossil fuels).	Oil	19%

Porfolio exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions

The data represent the portfolio's exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions (in terms of the weight of the portfolio) and the type of solutions proposed: energy efficiency,	environmental solutions between:	
alternative energy, sustainable water, pollution prevention or sustainable construction. These emitters are likely to benefit from a low carbon transition.	1-19.9% 20%	
The green area is defined as the percentage of outstandings invested in companies whose	20-49.9% 0%	
activity contributes to the fight against climate change (to reflect eco-solutions / green products)	50-100% 0%	

Information on the compensation policy:

The management company has established a compensation policy in compliance with the regulations in force. This policy complies with the economic strategy, the objectives, and the values and interests of the management company and the Funds which it manages, as well as those of the investors in these Funds, and includes measures designed to avoid conflicts of interest.

The compensation policy of the management company implements a balanced system whereby the compensation of the employees concerned is based on the below principles, in particular:

- the compensation policy of the management company is compatible with efficient and healthy risk management, encouraging such an approach, and discouraging any risk-taking which would be incompatible with the risk profiles, the present brochure, or the other governing documents of the Funds managed by the management company;

- the compensation policy was adopted by the Supervisory Board of the management company, which adopts and reexamines the general principles of such policy at least once a year;

- personnel engaged in monitoring functions are compensated in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their position, regardless of the performance of the sectors that they monitor;

- when the compensation varies according to performances, its amount is established by combining the evaluation of the performance of the person concerned and the valuation of the business unit or the Funds, and with regard to their risks and the results of the entirety of the management company during the evaluation of individual performances, taking financial and non-financial criteria into account;

- an appropriate balance is established between the fixed and variable components of the overall compensation;

- above a certain threshold, a large portion (which in all cases is at least 50% of the entire variable component of the compensation) consists of exposure to an index the components and the operational rules of which guarantee the alignment of the interests of the personnel concerned and those of the investors;

- above a certain threshold, a substantial portion (and in all cases at least 40%) of the variable component of the compensation is delayed for an appropriate period;

- variable compensation, including the delayed part, is only paid or acquired if it is compatible with the overall financial situation of the management company and if it is justified by the performances of the business unit, the Funds and the person concerned.

The updated details of the compensation policy are available on the following website: http://www.lyxor.com/fr/menu-corporate/nous-connaitre/mentions-reglementaires/

Transparency of securities financing operations and reuse of financial instruments SFTR regulation (Accounting currency of the CIU)

1. General information.

1.1. Amount of securities and raw materials loaned in proportion with the total assets that can be loaned, defined as excluding the cash and cash equivalents.

	Securities
	lending
% of assets that	
can be loaned	-

1.2. Amount of the assets committed to each type of securities financing operation and total return swap, expressed in absolute value (in the currency of the collective investment undertaking) and in proportion with the assets under management of the collective investment undertaking.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Absolute value	-	-	-	-	211,748,927
% of assets under management	-	-	-	-	80.54

2. Concentration data

2.1. The ten biggest issuers of guarantees for all types of securities financing operations and total return swaps (breakdown of the volumes of guarantees and raw materials received, with the names of the issuers).

	Name	DASSAULT AVIATION
1	Amount	2,028,585
	Name	BNP PARIBAS
2	Amount	1,767,040
	Name	TAG TEGERNSEE IMMOBILIEN UND BETEILIGUNG
3	Amount	1,756,843
	Name	ARRIS INTERNATIONAL
4	Amount	320,412
_	Name	AMUNDI
5	Amount	313,755
	Name	LLOYDS BANKING GROUP
6	Amount	220,764
7	Name	BP PLC
7	Amount	212,478
	Name	SCOUT 24 AG
8	Amount	207,122
	Name	BOIRON
9	Amount	202,585
10	Name	ABN AMRO INTERNATIONAL
10	Amount	196,715

2.2. The ten main counterparties for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap separately (name of the counterparty and gross volume of operations in progress).

		Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1	Name	-	-	-	-	SOCIETE GENERALE
	Amount	-	-	-	-	211,748,927

3. Aggregated operation data for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap separately, broken down according to the following categories.

3.1. Type and quality of the guarantees.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Cash	-	-	-	-	-
Security	-	-	-	-	7,385,528
Rating or literary	Not applicable				

3.2. Guarantee maturity.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Under 1 day	-	-	-	-	-
1 day to 1 week	-	-	-	-	-
1 week to 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
More than 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
Open	-	-	-	-	7,385,528

3.3. Guarantee currency.

		Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1	Currency	-	-	-	-	EUR
'	Amount	-	-	-	-	6,631,874
2	Currency	-	-	-	-	GBP
2	Amount	-	-	-	-	433,242
2	Currency	-	-	-	-	USD
3	Amount	-	-	-	-	320,412

3.4. Maturity of the securities financing operations and total return swaps.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Under 1 day	-	-	-	-	-
1 day to 1 week	-	-	-	-	-
1 week to 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	211,748,927
More than 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
Open	-	-	-	-	-

3.5. Countries where the counterparties are established.

		Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1	Country	-	-	-	-	FRANCE
	Amount	-	-	-	-	211,748,927

3.6. Settlement and clearing.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Tripartite	-	-	-	-	-
Central counterparty	-	-	-	-	-
Bilateral	-	-	-	-	211,748,927

4. Data on the reuse of guarantees (collateral).

Financial guarantees received in a non-cash form shall not be sold, reinvested or pledged.

5. Retention of the guarantees received by the collective investment undertaking in connection with securities financing operations and total return swaps.

Nui	mber of custodians	1
4	Name SOCIETE GENERALE	
'	Amount	7,385,528

6. Retention of the guarantees provided by the collective investment undertaking in connection with securities financing operations and total return swaps.

The custodian, Société Générale S.A., exercises three types of responsibility; respectively, the monitoring of the regularity of the decisions of the management company, the monitoring of cash flows of the CIU and the custody of the assets of the CIU.

Société Générale S.A also works with a limited number of sub-custodians, selected according to the most rigorous quality standards, including the management of possible conflicts of interest which may arise from these appointments. The Custodian has established an effective policy for identification, prevention and management of conflicts of interest, in compliance with national and international regulations as well as international norms.

7. Data on the earnings and costs for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap.

The CIU shall utilise over-the-counter index-linked swaps trading the value of the CIU's assets (or, as the case may be, any other asset held by the CIU) against the value of the Benchmark Indicator.

The revenue and costs linked to these Total Return Swaps (TRS) are included in the assessment of the instruments as well as in the result presented in the statement of net assets and the statement of net asset values.

Statutory auditor's report



STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 October 2017

LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF UCITS CONSTITUTED AS A FONDS COMMUN DE PLACEMENT Governed by the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier)

Management Company LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT 17, cours Valmy 92800 PUTEAUX

Opinion

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by the management company, we conducted an audit of the accompanying financial statements of LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF, a UCITS constituted as a fonds commun de placement, for the year ended 31 October 2017.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the fund at 31 October 2017 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended, in accordance with French accounting principles.

Basis of our opinion

Audit standards

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities under these standards are described in the section *"Statutory Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements"* in this report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in accordance with the applicable rules on independence, from 1 November 2016 and up to the date of this report, and in particular we did not provide any non-audit services prohibited under Article 5, paragraph 1 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 or by the auditors' professional code of ethics.

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Justification of our assessments - Key audit matters

In accordance with the requirements of articles L.823-9 and R.823-7 of the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce) relating to the justification of our assessments, we bring to your attention the key matters as regards to the risk of material misstatement that, in our professional judgement, were the most significant for the audit of the financial statements and our responses to these risks.

These assessments were made as part of our audit of the financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the opinion we formed which is expressed above. We do not provide an opinion on individual items in the financial statements.

Key audit matters	Audit response to cover these risks
The main risks of the fund relate to the financial instruments in its portfolio. Any error in valuing or recording these financial instruments could lead to a misstatement in the calculation of the fund's net asset value and in the financial statements. We therefore focused our work on the valuation and existence of the financial instruments in the portfolio.	
Valuation of financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market Valuation of the fund's financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market is not complex as it is based primarily on listed prices provided by independent sources.	We compared the year-end valuation of the fund's financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market with observable prices obtained from market databases.
However, the related amounts are significant and could lead to a material misstatement.	
The value of the financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market is recorded in the balance sheet and presented in the detailed portfolio provided in the notes to the financial statements. The valuation rules for these financial instruments are disclosed in the "Significant accounting policies" note to the financial statements.	

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Existence of financial instruments	
custody or maintained by the fund's depositary. The depositary certifies the existence of financial instruments at year-end.	We verified the existence of the portfolio's financial instruments by reviewing the fund's reconciliation between the fund's financial instruments held at year- end and these identified by the depositary in an account opened in the fund's name. Any material differences were examined, if applicable using trade
instruments could be inaccurately or only partially recorded in the fund's accounting.	tickets or contracts.
The existence of these financial instruments is a key audit matter as the related amounts are material and could lead to a material misstatement.	

Verification of the management report and other documents addressed to unit-holders

In accordance with professional standards applicable in France, we have also performed the specific verifications required by French law.

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given in the management report, and in the documents addressed to the unit-holders with respect to the financial position and the financial statements.

Disclosures arising from other legal and regulatory requirements

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed as Statutory Auditor of LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF, a UCITS constituted as a fonds commun de placement, by the management company on 21 July 2005.

At 31 October 2017, our firm was in the twelfth consecutive year of its engagement, i.e. the twelfth year following the admission of the fund's securities for trading on a regulated market.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

It is the management company's responsibility to prepare the fund's financial statements presenting a true and fair view in accordance with French accounting principles and to implement the internal control that it deems appropriate for the preparation of financial statements that do not contain material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing in the financial statements, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the fund or to cease operations.

It is the management company's responsibility to monitor the preparation of financial information and oversee the efficiency of the internal control and risk management system and the internal audit system relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information.

These financial statements have been prepared by the management company.

Statutory Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Audit purpose and approach

It is our responsibility to prepare a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, taken as a whole, are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As indicated in article L.823-10-1 of the French Commercial Code, our statutory audit of the financial statements is not to guarantee the viability or the quality of your management.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the Statutory Auditor uses professional judgement throughout the entire audit. He also:

• identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

• obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;

• evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the financial statements;

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• concludes on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Such conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to issue a qualified opinion or a disclaimer of opinion;

• evaluates the overall presentation of the financial statements and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Neuilly sur Seine, date of e-signature

Document authenticated by e-signature The Statutory Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit Marie-Christine Jetil

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

BALANCE SHEET assets

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Net fixed assets	-	-
Deposits	-	-
Financial instruments	270,424,801.81	166,673,275.70
EQUITIES AND SIMILAD SECUDITIES		
• EQUITIES AND SIMILAR SECURITIES Traded on a regulated or similar market	267,080,295.97	166,362,405.33
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	
BONDS AND SIMILAR SECURITIES		
Traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
• DEBT SECURITIES		
Traded on a regulated or similar market		
Negotiated debt securities	-	-
Other debt securities	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKINGS		
General purpose UCITS and Investment Fund intended for non-		
professionals and equivalent, of other countries	-	-
Other Funds intended for non-professionals and equivalent, of other EU		
member states	-	-
General purpose professional Funds and equivalent, of other EU member		
states and listed securitisation entities	-	-
Other professional investment Funds and equivalent of other EU member states and non-listed securitisation entities		
Other non-European entities		-
• TEMPORARY SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS		
Receivables representing financial securities under reverse repurchase		
agreements	-	-
Receivables representing loaned financial securities	-	-
Financial securities borrowed Financial securities under repurchase agreements	-	-
Other temporary transactions	_	-
• FINANCIAL CONTRACTS		
Operations on a regulated or similar market	-	-
Other operations	3,344,505.84	310,870.37
• OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	-	-
Receivables	6,247,909.76	743,291.65
Future foreign exchange operations	-	-
Other	6,247,909.76	743,291.65
Financial accounts	2,735,306.60	
Financial accounts Liquidities	2,735,306.60	-
Liquidities	•	-
Other Assets		-
Total assets	279,408,018.17	167,416,567.35

BALANCE SHEET liabilities

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Shareholders' equities		
• Capital	228,821,574.83	166,231,491.68
• Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses	-	-
Carried forward	-	-
• Net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	17,217,610.81	-6,412,073.84
• Profit and loss during the fiscal year	16,888,507.28	6,784,244.06
Total shareholders' equity (amount representing the net assets)	262,927,692.92	166,603,661.90
Financial instruments	7,385,528.05	
• SALE OPERATIONS ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	-	
• TEMPORARY FINANCIAL SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS Debts representing financial securities under repurchase agreements Debts representing borrowed financial securities Other temporary transactions	- - 7,385,528.05	- - -
• FINANCIAL CONTRACTS Operations on a regulated or similar market Other operations	-	-
Debts Future foreign exchange operations	9,094,797.20	812,904.83
Other	9,094,797.20	812,904.83
Financial accounts Bank loans and overdrafts Loans	-	0.62 0.62
Total liabilities	279,408,018.17	167,416,567.35

Off-balance sheet commitments

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Hedging		
Commitments on regulated or similar markets		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)		-
Over-the-counter commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
• Other commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
Other operations		
Commitments on regulated or similar markets		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
Course the course of course iteration		
Over-the-counter commitments - Futures market		
	-	-
- Options market - Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	211,748,926.54	180,397,537.22
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	211,740,720.34	100,577,557.22
Conducts for Differences (CrD)		
• Other commitments		-
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	

Profit and loss account

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Earnings on financial transactions		
• Earnings on deposits and financial accounts	-	-
• Earnings on equities and similar securities	2,338,566.44	2,110,195.00
• Earnings on bonds and similar securities	-	-
• Earnings on debt securities	14,322,751.14	5,780,977.19
• Earnings on temporary financial securities acquisitions and sales	-	-
• Earnings on financial contracts	-	-
• Other financial products	-	-
Total (I)	16,661,317.58	7,891,172.19
Charges on financial operations		
Charges on temporary financial securities acquisitions and sales	-	
Charges on financial contracts	-	-
• Charges on financial debts	-27.85	-11.24
• Other financial charges	-	-
Total (II)	-27.85	-11.24
Profit and loss on financial operations (I - II)	16,661,289.73	7,891,160.95
Other earnings (III)	-	-
Management fees and depreciation charges (IV)	-1,049,356.58	-798,867.80
Net profit and loss of the fiscal year (L.214-17-1) (I - II + III - IV)	15,611,933.15	7,092,293.15
Adjustment of the fiscal year's incomes (V)	1,381,061.33	231,350.91
Advances on profit and loss paid for the fiscal year (VI)	-104,487.20	-539,400.00
Profit and loss (I - II + III - IV +/- V - VI):	16,888,507.28	6,784,244,06

<u>1 Accounting rules and methods</u>

The annual accounts are presented in the form required by Regulation ANC 2014-01 that repealed the amended CRC Regulation 2003-02.

Assessment rules

The MF's assets are assessed in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations, and more particularly with the rules defined in regulation no. 2014-01 of the Accounting Regulatory Committee dated 14 January 2014 relative to the chart of accounts of open-ended undertakings for collective investment.

The financial instruments traded on a regulated market are assessed at the closing price on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value. When these financial instruments are traded on several regulated markets at the same time, the chosen closing price is the one of the regulated market in which they are primarily traded.

However, in the absence of significant transactions on a regulated market, the following financial instruments are assessed using the following specific methods:

- Negotiable debt securities ("NDS") having a residual life upon acquisition that is less than or equal to 3 months are assessed with a straight-line extension over the residual lifespan of the difference between the acquisition value and the redemption value. The management company nevertheless reserves the possibility of assessing these securities at the actual value in case of particular sensitivity to market risks (rates, etc.). The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer;
- NDS, of which the residual lifespan at acquisition is greater than 3 months but of which the residual lifespan on the net asset value closing date is equal to or less than 3 months, are assessed by means of a linear distribution, over the residual lifespan, of the difference between the last adopted current value and the reimbursement value. The management company nevertheless reserves the possibility of assessing these securities at the actual value in case of particular sensitivity to market risks (rates, etc.). The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer;
- NDS, of which the residual lifespan on the net asset value closing date is greater than 3 months, are assessed at their current value. The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer.
- Firm future financial instruments traded on organised markets are assessed at the clearing price on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value. Conditional future financial instruments traded on organised markets are assessed at the market value on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value. Over-the-counter firm or conditional future financial instruments are assessed at the price given by the financial instrument's counterparty. They are presented in the off-balance sheet on the basis of the nominal value defined in the contract.

In the event of the holding of an EMTN, it will be valued on the basis of a market price given by the financial instrument's counterparty.

The management company independently carries out a verification of this valuation.

- Deposits are assessed at their nominal value, plus any related interest that has accrued.
- Subscription warrants, cash certificates, promissory notes and mortgage notes are assessed at their probable negotiation value, under the management company's responsibility.
- Temporary securities acquisitions and sales are assessed at the market price.
- Units and equities of undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities operating under French law are assessed at the last net asset value known on the calculation date of the MF's net asset value.
- Units and equities of UCITS operating under foreign law are assessed at the last unit net asset value known on the calculation date of the MF's net asset value.

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Financial instruments traded on a regulated market for which the price has not been determined or for which the price has been corrected are assessed at their probable negotiation value, under the management company's responsibility.

The exchange rates used for the assessment of financial instruments listed in a currency other than the MF's reference currency are the exchange rates published by the fixing WM Reuters on the day of the MF's net asset value date.

Posting method for the negotiation fees

The chosen method is that of included fees.

Posting method of incomes from fixed income securities

The chosen method is that of the coupon received.

Financial instruments received as collateral

These financial instruments are listed under the "Financial instruments" item according to their nature, and the debt representing the obligation to return financial instruments is recorded on the liabilities side, for the same value, under the "Other temporary operations" item.

These financial instruments are valued according to the same valuation rules as financial securities of a similar nature, as presented above.

Valuation methods for off-balance sheet commitments

Off-balance sheet operations are valued at the commitment value.

The commitment value for firm futures contracts is equal to the price (in the currency of the CIU) multiplied by the number of contracts multiplied by the face value.

The commitment value for conditional operations is equal to the price of the underlying security (in the currency of the CIU) multiplied by the number of contracts multiplied by the delta multiplied by the underlying face value.

The commitment value for the swap contracts is equal to the contract's nominal amount (in the currency of the CIU).

Operation and management fees

These fees include all of the fees invoiced directly to the MF, except for the transaction fees. The transaction fees include intermediation fees (brokerage, stock exchange tax, etc.) and the transfer commission which, if relevant, may notably be collected by the depository and management company.

For this MF, the following fees can be added to the operation and management fees (see summary Table hereinafter):

- Outperformance commissions: these commissions reward the management company when the MF has exceeded its objectives and are invoiced to the MF;
- Transfer commissions invoiced to the MF.

For more details on the fees actually invoiced to the MF, refer to the Statistical Part of the Key Investor Information Document "KIID".

Fees invoiced to the MF	Basis	Schedule rate
Operating and management fees and external management fees payable to the management company including tax ⁽¹⁾	Net assets	maximum 0.50%
Outperformance commissions	Net assets	None
Transfer commissions	Collection on each transaction	None

⁽¹⁾ including all fees excluding transaction fees, outperformance fees and fees related to investments in UCITS.

appendix

Accounting currency

The MF accounting is carried out in Euro.

Indication of accountancy changes declared to each of the bearers individually

- Occurred change: None.
- Future change: None.

Indication of other changes declared to each of the bearers individually (Not certified by the auditor)

- Occurred change: None.
- Future change: None.

Indication and justification of the changes to estimates and application provisions None.

appendix

Indication of the nature of the errors corrected during the fiscal year None.

Indication of the rights and conditions attached to each category of units

UNITS C-EUR: Capitalisation of all the amounts available for distribution.

<u>UNITS D-EUR</u>: The management company reserves the right to capitalise and/or distribute all or part of the amounts available for distribution, one or more times each year.

CECE EUR Net Total Return Index (CECE[®] composite index in EUR) was developed and is calculated and published in real-time by the Vienna Stock Exchange. The complete index name and its abbreviations are protected as brands by intellectual property law. The description, regulation and composition of the index are available on the site of the Vienna Stock Exchange, at the address www.indices.cc. The authorisation to use the CECE EUR Net Total Return Index in relation with the present product was granted by means of a licence contract with the Vienna Stock Exchange.

<u>2. Evolution of the net assets</u>

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Net assets at the start of the fiscal year	166,603,661.90	156,710,011.66
Subscriptions (including subscription commission acquired by the CIU)	134,205,265.82	82,191,327.63
Redemptions (less the redemption commission acquired by the CIU)	-100,434,524.67	-69,146,834.06
Capital gains generated on deposits and financial instruments	35,111,779.33	20,987,265.05
Capital losses generated on deposits and financial instruments	-29,676,735.46	-24,335,363.59
Capital gains generated on financial contracts	624,621,837.25	425,515,685.07
Capital losses generated on financial contracts	-593,144,668.97	-430,614,259.89
Transaction fees	-	-0.01
Exchange differentials	-10,848,026.36	2,854,247.41
Changes to the estimate difference of the deposits and financial instruments: - Estimate difference fiscal year N - Estimate difference fiscal year N-1 Changes to the estimate difference of financial contracts: - Estimate difference fiscal year N - Estimate difference fiscal year N-1	18,000,995.46 35,713,840.48 17,712,845.02 3,033,635.47 3,344,505.84 310,870.37	-4,633,943.40 17,712,845.02 22,346,788.42 522,632.88 310,870.37 -211,762.51
Previous fiscal year distribution of net capital gains and losses	-	-
Previous fiscal year distribution on profit and loss	-52,972.80	-
Net profit and loss of the fiscal year before adjustment account	15,611,933.15	7,092,293.15
Advance(s) paid during the fiscal year on net capital gains and losses	-	-
Advance(s) paid during the fiscal year on profit and loss	-104,487.20	-539,400.00
Other elements	-	-
Net assets at the end of the fiscal year	262,927,692.92	166,603,661.90

<u>3. Information supplements</u>

3.1 Financial instruments: breakdown by the instrument's legal or economic type

3.1.1 Breakdown of the "Bonds and similar securities" item by type of instrument

	Traded on a regulated or similar market	Not traded on a regulated or similar market
Index-linked bonds	-	-
Convertible bonds	-	-
Fixed-rate bonds	-	-
Variable-rate bonds	-	-
Zero-coupon bonds	-	-
Participating securities	-	-
Other instruments	-	-

3.1.2 Breakdown of the "Debt securities" item by legal or economic type

	Traded on a regulated or similar market	Not traded on a regulated or similar market
Treasury Bills	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Commercial Paper		
(NEU CP) issued by non-financial issuers	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Commercial Paper		
(NEU CP) issued by bank issuers	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Medium Term Note		
(NEU MTN)	-	
Other instruments	-	-

3.1.3 Breakdown of the "Sale operations on financial instruments" item by instrument type

	Securities under reverse repurchase agreement sold	Securities borrowed sold	Securities acquired with redemption right sold	Short sales
Equities	-	-	-	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-

3.1.4 Breakdown of the off-balance sheet headings by market type (notably rates, equities)

	Rate	Equities	Exchange	Other
Hedging				
Commitments on regulated or similar markets	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter commitments	-	-	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	-	-
Other operations				
Commitments on regulated or similar markets	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter commitments	- 2	11,748,926.54	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	-	-

3.2 Breakdown by rate types of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

	Fixed rate	Variable rate	Revisable rate	Other
Assets Deposits	-	-	-	-
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	2,735,306.60
Liabilities Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet Hedging	-	_	-	-
Other operations	-	-	-	-

3.3 Breakdown by residual maturity of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

	0-3 months	3 months - 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years
Assets Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	_	-
Financial accounts	2,735,306.60	-	-	-	-
Liabilities Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet Hedging	_	-	_	-	-
Other operations	- 2	11,748,926.54	-	-	-

3.4 Breakdown by listing or assessment currency of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

This breakdown is given for the main listing or assessment currencies, with the exception of the currency for the keeping of the accounts.

				Other
By main currency	JPY	USD	CHF	currencies
Assets				
Deposits				
Equities and similar securities	92,051,996.06	56,561,791.50	7,267,882.22	7,752,502.69
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
CIU	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Sale operations on financial instruments	=	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities				
operations				
Debts	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet				
Hedging	-	-	-	-
Other operations	-	-	-	-

3.5 Receivables and Debts: breakdown by type

Details of the elements comprising the "other receivables" and "other debts" items, notably breakdown of the future foreign exchange operations by type of operation (purchase/sale).

Receivables	6 247 000 76
Future currency exchange operations:	6,247,909.76
Future purchases of currency	-
Total traded amount of future Sales of currencies	-
Other receivables:	
Account receivable	5,190,899,57
Deferred settlement sales	1,057,010.19
-	-
	-
-	-
Other operations	-
Debts	0 004 707 20
Future currency exchange operations:	9,094,797.20
Future sales of currencies	-
Total traded amount of future Purchases of currencies	-
Other debts:	
Deferred settlement purchases	8,983,214.93
Accrued expenses	111,582.12
Account payable	0.15
	-
Other operations	

3.6 Shareholders' equity

		Subscriptions		Redemptions
Unit category issued/redeemed during the fiscal year:	Number of units	Amount	Number of units	Amount
UNIT USD / FR0010654095	-	-	-	-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	6,889,129	134,205,265.82	4,366,000	83,134,078.09
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198	-	-	183,400	17,300,446.58
Subscription / redemption commission by unit category:		Amount		Amount
UNIT USD / FR0010654095		-		-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073		-		-
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198				-
Retrocessions by unit category:		Amount		Amount
UNIT USD / FR0010654095		-		-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073		-		-
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198		-		-
Commissions acquired by the CIU by unit category:		Amount		Amount
UNIT USD / FR0010654095		-		-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073		-		-
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198		-		-

3.7 Management fees

Operating and management fees (fixed fees) as % of the average net assets	%
Unit category:	
UNIT USD / FR0010654095	-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	0.50
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198	0.50
Outperformance commissions (variable fees): amount of costs for the year	Amount
Unit category:	
UNIT USD / FR0010654095	-
UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	-
UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198	-
Retrocession of management fees:	
- Total amount of fees retroceded to the CIU	-
- Breakdown by "target" CIU:	
- CIU 1	-
- CIU 2	-
- CIU 3	-
- CIU 4	-

3.8 Commitments given and received

3.8.1	Description of guarantees received by the UCITS with indication of the capital guarantees None	!
3.8.2	Description of the other commitments received and/or givenNone	;

3.9 Other information

3.9.1	Current value of the financial instruments that are the subject of temporary acquisition: - Financial instruments sold under forward repurchase agreements	-
	- Other temporary operations	-
	Current value of the financial instruments comprising security deposits: cial instruments received as guarantees and not included in the balance sheet: - equities	
	- bonds	-
	- debt securities	-
	- other financial instruments	-
Finan	cial estimates given as guarantees and maintained in their original item: - equities	-
	- bonds	-
	- debt securities	-
	- other financial instruments	-
3.9.3	Financial instruments held in the portfolio, issued by entities linked to the management comp financial managers (MF) and CIU managed by these entities: - CIU	bany (fund) or to the
	- other financial instruments	3,344,505.84

3.10 Allocation of the profit and loss table (*in the CIU accounting currency*)

Advances paid during the fiscal year

Date	Unit category	Overall amount	Unit amount	Total tax credits	Unit tax credits
14/12/16	-	99,547.20	0.54	-	-
12/07/17	-	4,940.00	1.90	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Allocation of the profit and loss	EUR	EUR
Sums still to be allocated		
Carried forward	-	-
Profit and loss	16,888,507.28	6,784,244.06
Total	16,888,507.28	6,784,244.06

UNIT USD / FR0010654095	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Carried forward for the fiscal year	-	-
Capitalisation	-	0.05
Total	-	0.05
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-
Tax credits linked to the allocation of the profit and loss	-	-

UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Carried forward for the fiscal year	-	-
Capitalisation	16,875,607.84	6,605,655.45
Total	16,875,607.84	6,605,655.45
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-
Tax credits linked to the allocation of the profit and loss	-	-

UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	740.48	52,972.80
Carried forward for the fiscal year	-	125,615.76
Capitalisation	12,158.56	-
Total	12,899.44	178,588.56
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	2,600.00	186,000
Unit distribution	0.28	0.2848
Tax credits linked to the allocation of the profit and loss	-	-

3.11. Allocation table of the distributable sums related to the net capital gains and losses

(in the CIU accounting currency)

Advances on net capital gains and losses paid for the fiscal year

Date	Overall amount	Unit amount
-	-	-
-	_	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
Total advances	-	-

	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Allocation of the net capital gains and losses	EUR	EUR
Sums still to be allocated		
Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses	-	-
Net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	17,217,610.81	-6,412,073.84
Advances paid on net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	-	-
Total	17,217,610.81	-6,412,073.84

UNIT USD / FR0010654095	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Non-distributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Capitalisation	-	1,421,567.56
Total	-	1,421,567.56
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-

UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Non-distributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Capitalisation	10,524,573.33	-8,713,707.52
Total	10,524,573.33	-8,713,707.52
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-

UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198	31.10.2017	31.10.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Non-distributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Capitalisation	6,693,037.48	880,066.12
Total	6,693,037.48	880,066.12
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-

3.12 Table of the profit and loss and other characteristic elements of the MF during the last 5 fiscal years *Fund creation date: 21 July 2005.*

Currency					
EUR	31.10.2017	31.10.2016	30.10.2015	31.10.2014	31.10.2013
Net assets	262,927,692.92	166,603,661.90	156,710,011.66	301,875,441.86	370,835,413.25

UNIT USD / FR0010654095		Currenc	y of the unit and	of the net asset v	alue: USD
	31.10.2017	31.10.2016	30.10.2015	31.10.2014	31.10.2013
Number of outstanding units	-	-	446,884	446,884	446,884
Net asset value	-	-	3.764	4.7443	5.2892
Unit distribution on net capital gains and losses (including advances)	-	-	-	-	
Unit distribution (including advances)*	-	-	-	-	-
Unit tax credit transferred to holders (natural persons) ⁽¹⁾	-	_	-	-	-
Unit capitalisation*	-	-	-2.46	-0.55	-0.37

* The amounts of the unit distribution, the unit capitalisation and the tax credits are indicated in the accounting currency of the UCITS. The unit capitalisation corresponds to the profit or loss and the capital gains or losses on the number of outstanding units. This calculation method is applied from 1 January 2013.

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Fiscal Instruction of 4 March 1993 from the Directorate General for taxes, the unit tax credit will be determined on the ex-dividend date by distribution of the total amount of the tax credits between the outstanding equities on that date.

UNITS C-EUR / FR0010204073	Currency of the unit and of the net asset value: EUR					
	31.10.2017	31.10.2016	30.10.2015	31.10.2014	31.10.2013	
Number of outstanding units	11,582,088	9,058,959	8,141,677	14,839,377	19,009,877	
Net asset value	22.676	16.651	17.0049	18.8978	19.416	
Unit distribution on net capital gains and losses (including advances)	-					
Unit distribution (including advances)*	-	-	-	-	-	
Unit tax credit transferred to holders (natural persons) ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	
Unit capitalisation*	2.36	-0.23	-1.79	1.83	0.75	

* The amounts of the unit distribution, the unit capitalisation and the tax credits are indicated in the accounting currency of the UCITS. The unit capitalisation corresponds to the profit or loss and the capital gains or losses on the number of outstanding units. This calculation method is applied from 1 January 2013.

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Fiscal Instruction of 4 March 1993 from the Directorate General for taxes, the unit tax credit will be determined on the ex-dividend date by distribution of the total amount of the tax credits between the outstanding equities on that date.

31.10.2016

186,000

84.7446

3.18

5.40

* The amounts of the unit distribution, the unit capitalisation and the tax credits are indicated in the accounting currency of the UCITS. The unit capitalisation corresponds to the profit or loss and the capital gains or losses on the number of outstanding units.

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Fiscal Instruction of 4 March 1993 from the Directorate General for taxes, the unit tax credit will be determined

on the ex-dividend date by distribution of the total amount of the tax credits between the outstanding equities on that date.

31.10.2017

2,600

2.72

2,578.92

112.2479

Currency of the unit and of the net asset value: EUR

31.10.2014

190,000

103.9517

2.55

-232.79

31.10.2013

30.10.2015

186,000

89.9909

3.11

-58.47

UNIT D-EUR / FR0011656198

Unit distribution on net capital

Unit tax credit transferred

This calculation method is applied from 1 January 2013.

Number of

outstanding units

Net asset value

gains and losses (including advances)

Unit distribution (including advances)*

(natural persons) (1)

Unit capitalisation*

to holders

4. Inventory as of 31.10.2017

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
Investment Secur	ities					
Equity						
NL0011540547	ABN AMRO GROUP N.V.	PGARAN	7,419.00	196,714.79	EUR	0.07
ES0167050915	ACS	PROPRE	73,282.00	2,480,962.11	EUR	0.94
US00846U1016	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES INC	PROPRE	13,717.00	801,036.53	USD	0.30
FR0000120073	AIR LIQUIDE	PROPRE	77,000.00	8,416,100.00	EUR	3.20
US0126531013	ALBEMARLE	PROPRE	2,873.00	347,462.96	USD	0.13
DE0008404005	ALLIANZ SE-NOM	PROPRE	2,836.00	565,356.60	EUR	0.22
US02079K3059	ALPHABET INC	PROPRE	72.00	63,847.27	USD	0.02
US02079K1079	ALPHABET INC SHS C	PROPRE	359.00	313,295.64	USD	0.12
FR0004125920	AMUNDI SA	PGARAN	4,311.00	313,754.58	EUR	0.12
US0367521038	ANTHEM INC	PROPRE	45,665.00	8,200,845.23	USD	3.12
GB00BZ04Y379	ARRIS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	PGARAN	13,097.00	320,412.46	USD	0.12
US0427351004	ARROW ELECTRONICS INC	PROPRE	27,317.00	1,960,108.18	USD	0.75
FR0000120628	AXA	PROPRE	182,889.00	4,742,311.77	EUR	1.80
ES0105026001	AXIARE PATRIMONIO SHARE	PROPRE	10,488.00	168,856.80	EUR	0.06
CH0012410517	BALOISE-HOLDING NOM.	PROPRE	8,458.00	1,145,748.71	CHF	0.44
US0605051046	BANK OF AMERICA CORP	PROPRE	85,158.00	2,002,212.64	USD	0.76
US0758871091	BECTON DICKINSON & CO	PROPRE	8,938.00	1,601,006.45	USD	0.61
US0846707026	BERKSHIRE HATAW B	PROPRE	1,178.00	189,034.14	USD	0.07
FR0000131104	BNP PARIBAS	PGARAN	26,358.00	1,767,040.32	EUR	0.67
FR0000061129	BOIRON	PGARAN	2,614.00	202,585.00	EUR	0.08
GB0007980591	BP PLC	PGARAN	36,534.00	212,478.16	GBP	0.08
JP3830800003	BRIDGESTONE CORP	PROPRE	403,280.00	16,420,834.27	JPY	6.25
FR0000120172	CARREFOUR SA	PROPRE	431,151.00	7,450,289.28	EUR	2.83
US1255091092	CIGNA CORP	PROPRE	1,485.00	251,402.81	USD	0.10
FR0000120222	CNP ASSURANCES	PGARAN	5,071.00	101,293.23	EUR	0.04

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
CH0012138530	CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG-NOM	PROPRE	205,156.00	2,779,111.16	CHF	1.06
AU000000CWN6	CROWN RESORTS	PROPRE	106,448.00	813,441.24	AUD	0.31
FR0000120644	DANONE	PGARAN	826.00	57,935.64	EUR	0.02
FR0000121725	DASSAULT AVIATION	PGARAN	1,515.00	2,028,585.00	EUR	0.77
DE0005552004	DEUTSCHE POST AG-NOM	PROPRE	30,477.00	1,198,355.64	EUR	0.46
FR0010208488	ENGIE SA	PROPRE	35,002.00	507,879.02	EUR	0.19
US3021301094	EXPEDIT INTL WASH	PROPRE	1,963.00	98,373.27	USD	0.04
SE0000950636	FABEGE AB	PROPRE	38,612.00	699,966.84	SEK	0.27
JP3802300008	FAST RETAILING	PROPRE	85,678.00	24,342,905.99	JPY	9.26
US3377381088	FISERV INC	PROPRE	2,994.00	332,643.82	USD	0.13
AU000000FMG4	FORTESCUE METAL	PROPRE	403,601.00	1,232,612.81	AUD	0.47
US3682872078	GAZPROM PJSC-SPON ADR REG	PROPRE	246,045.00	907,026.27	USD	0.34
CH001221405E	HOLCIM LTD-NOM EUR	PROPRE	26,040.00	1,260,336.00	EUR	0.48
NL0011821202	ING GROUP NV	PROPRE	375,042.00	5,948,166.12	EUR	2.26
JP3726800000	JAPAN TOBACCO INC	PROPRE	114,628.00	3,244,697.22	JPY	1.23
NL0000009538	KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS N.V.	PROPRE	56,559.00	1,977,019.85	EUR	0.75
JP3626800001	LIXIL GROUP CORPORATION	PROPRE	286,928.00	6,741,135.99	JPY	2.56
GB0008706128	LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	PGARAN	283,592.00	220,763.73	GBP	0.08
FR0000120321	L'OREAL SA	PROPRE	60,000.00	11,463,000.00	EUR	4.36
US55024U1097	LUMENTUM HOLDINGS INC	PROPRE	36,999.00	2,005,654.19	USD	0.76
FR0000121014	LVMH MOET HENNESSY LOUIS VUITTON SE	PROPRE	50,000.00	12,805,000.00	EUR	4.87
US5745991068	MASCO CORP	PROPRE	131,892.00	4,508,296.01	USD	1.71
AU000000MTS0	METCASH LIMITED	PROPRE	60,449.00	107,028.11	AUD	0.04
JP3047550003	NIPPON PROLOGIS REIT INC	PROPRE	125.00	225,498.73	JPY	0.09
US6698881090	NOVATEK OAO-SPONS GDR REG S	PROPRE	107,654.00	10,544,076.05	USD	4.01
US67020Y1001	NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS	PROPRE	56,848.00	719,292.26	USD	0.27
US69343P1057	OIL COMPANY LUKOIL ADR 1 SH	PROPRE	138,343.00	6,305,861.45	USD	2.40
FR0000133308	ORANGE	PROPRE	51,313.00	722,743.61	EUR	0.27
US6710441055	OSI SYSTEMS	PROPRE	23,808.00	1,806,215.75	USD	0.69
JP3188220002	OTSUKA HOLDINGS CO LTD	PROPRE	185,349.00	6,625,745.52	JPY	2.52

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
US69351T1060	PPL CORP	PROPRE	270,184.00	8,711,198.80	USD	3.31
AU000000QAN2	QANTAS AIRWAYS LTD	PROPRE	427,896.00	1,732,087.41	AUD	0.66
US74834L1008	QUEST DIAGNOSTICS INC	PROPRE	31,657.00	2,548,429.94	USD	0.97
US7703231032	ROBERT HALF INTL	PROPRE	17,767.00	789,559.72	USD	0.30
FR0000120578	SANOFI	PROPRE	80,310.00	6,528,399.90	EUR	2.48
DE0007164600	SAP SE	PROPRE	23,679.00	2,312,491.14	EUR	0.88
DE000A12DM80	SCOUT 24 AG	PGARAN	6,028.00	207,122.08	EUR	0.08
JP3420600003	SEKISUI HOUSE LTD	PROPRE	29,512.00	470,637.63	JPY	0.18
JP3422950000	SEVEN & I HOLDINGS CO LTD	PROPRE	268,092.00	9,259,549.22	JPY	3.52
AU000000SYD9	SIDNEY AIRPORT	PROPRE	468,894.00	2,194,323.93	AUD	0.83
JP3436100006	SOFTBANK GROUP CORP	PROPRE	146,103.00	10,978,702.58	JPY	4.18
DE000A2GS401	SOFTWARE AG	PROPRE	114,060.00	4,985,562.60	EUR	1.90
US8425871071	SOUTHERN CO	PROPRE	898.00	40,238.29	USD	0.02
US8522341036	SQUARE INC	PROPRE	10,178.00	324,923.66	USD	0.12
CH0126881561	SWISS RE AG	PROPRE	41,363.00	3,343,022.35	CHF	1.27
US8715031089	SYMANTEC CORP	PROPRE	4,946.00	137,984.46	USD	0.05
US8716071076	SYNOPSYS INC	PROPRE	2,402.00	178,394.82	USD	0.07
DE0008303504	TAG IMMOBBILIEN AG	PGARAN	118,987.00	1,756,843.06	EUR	0.67
DE0008303504	TAG IMMOBBILIEN AG	PROPRE	6,086.00	89,859.79	EUR	0.03
US88160R1014	TESLA INC	PROPRE	1,055.00	300,239.62	USD	0.11
JP3627000007	TODA CORP	PROPRE	233,655.00	1,625,677.81	JPY	0.62
FR0000120271	TOTAL	PROPRE	305,326.00	14,615,955.62	EUR	5.56
JP3634200004	TOYODA GOSEI CO LTD	PROPRE	26,035.00	540,473.09	JPY	0.21
JP3126190002	ULVAC INC	PROPRE	185,389.00	11,190,010.90	JPY	4.26
JP3045540006	UNITED URBAN INVESTMENT CORP	PROPRE	313.00	386,127.11	JPY	0.15
US92345Y1064	VERISK ANALYTICS INC	PROPRE	743.00	54,244.52	USD	0.02
FR0000125486	VINCI SA	PROPRE	50,000.00	4,202,500.00	EUR	1.60
FR0000127771	VIVENDI	PROPRE	169,728.00	3,619,449.60	EUR	1.38
US9285634021	VMWARE CLASS A	PROPRE	2,486.00	255,418.12	USD	0.10
US2546871060	WALT DISNEY COMPANY	PROPRE	3,138.00	263,468.63	USD	0.10

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
AU000000WOW2	WOOLWORTHS LTD	PROPRE	57,123.00	973,042.35	AUD	0.37
Total Equity				267,080,295.97		101.58
Total Investment S	ecurities			267,080,295.97		101.58
Interest rate swap						
SWAP03589633	FEES LEG C EUR LYX E	PROPRE	1.00	111,455.57	EUR	0.04
SWAP03589605	FEES LEG D EUR LYX E	PROPRE	1.00	126.24	EUR	0.00
SWAP03589612	INDEX LEG C EUR LYX	PROPRE	211,488,926.76	262,635,846.34	EUR	99.89
SWAP03589642	INDEX LEG D EUR LYX	PROPRE	260,000.00	291,845.60	EUR	0.11
SWAP03589614	VRAC LEG LYX ETF EAS	PROPRE	211,748,926.54	-259,694,767.91	EUR	-98.77
Total Interest rate	swap			3,344,505.84		1.27
Cash						
AT BANK OR PEN	NDING					
	RECEIVABLE ON SWAP	PROPRE	0.00	5,190,899.57	EUR	1.97
	DEF. PURCHASES EUR SECURITIES	PROPRE	0.00	-8,983,214.93	EUR	-3.42
	EUR SGP BANK	PROPRE	0.00	2,735,306.60	EUR	1.04
	DEF. SALES EUR SECURITIES	PROPRE	0.00	1,057,010.19	EUR	0.40
Total AT BANK O	R PENDING			1.43		0.00
MANAGEMENT I	FEES					
	PRCOMGESTADM	PROPRE	0.00	-111,582.12	EUR	-0.04
	PRN-1COMGESTADM	PROPRE	0.00	-0.15	EUR	-0.00
Total MANAGEM	ENT FEES			-111,582.27		-0.04
Total Cash				-111,580.84		-0.04
Files						
AD1 REME: Depo	sit of Collateral (File)					
PDC-02061158	PDC LYXODE000A12DM80	PGAR1	-207,122.08	-207,122.08	EUR	-0.08
PDC-02061168	PDC LYXODE0008303504	PGAR1	-1,756,843.06	-1,756,843.06	EUR	-0.67
PDC-02061133	PDC LYXOFR0000061129	PGAR1	-202,585.00	-202,585.00	EUR	-0.08
PDC-02061144	PDC LYXOFR0000120222	PGAR1	-101,293.23	-101,293.23	EUR	-0.04
PDC-02061149	PDC LYXOFR0000120644	PGAR1	-57,935.64	-57,935.64	EUR	-0.02
PDC-02061154	PDC LYXOFR0000121725	PGAR1	-2,028,585.00	-2,028,585.00	EUR	-0.77
PDC-02061128	PDC LYXOFR0000131104	PGAR1	-1,767,040.32	-1,767,040.32	EUR	-0.67
PDC-02061118	PDC LYXOFR0004125920	PGAR1	-313,754.58	-313,754.58	EUR	-0.12

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
PDC-02061123	PDC LYXOGB00BZ04Y379	PGAR1	-373,264.50	-320,412.46	USD	-0.12
PDC-02061138	PDC LYXOGB0007980591	PGAR1	-186,396.47	-212,478.16	GBP	-0.08
PDC-02061163	PDC LYXOGB0008706128	PGAR1	-193,664.98	-220,763.73	GBP	-0.08
PDC-02061113	PDC LYXONL0011540547	PGAR1	-196,714.79	-196,714.79	EUR	-0.07
AD1 REME: Dep	osit of Collateral (File)			-7,385,528.05		-2.81
Total Files				-7,385,528.05		-2.81
Total LYXOR U	CITS ETF EASTERN EUROPE			262,927,692.92		100.00

APPENDIX TO THE REPORT intended for Swiss subscribers

This appendix makes the annual report compliant with the FINMA requirements for the marketing in Switzerland. It has not been certified by the accountants.

<u>Country of origin of the Fund</u> France.

Representative of the Swiss Fund

Société Générale, Paris, Zurich Branch, has been authorised by the FINMA as the Fund's representative in Switzerland while also assuming the payment service. The prospectus, articles of association, annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund, the KIIDs as well as the list of purchases and sales made by the Fund during the fiscal year can be obtained on request and at no cost from the representative's head office in Switzerland, Société Générale Paris, Zurich Branch, Talacker 50, P.O. Box 1928, 8021 Zurich.

<u>Calculation of the Total Expense Ratio</u> (in compliance with the recommendations of the Swiss Funds & Asset Management Association SFAMA)

Annual closing of the collective investment: 31-Oct.

Management commission of the fund

% tax included

Average fortune of the Fund for the period from 01/11/16 to 31/10/17:

209,626,353.19

0.50

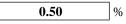
Excerpt of the profit and loss statement

Expenses in euros	Annual report	Half-yearly report	Annual report
	31/10/2016	28/04/2017	31/10/2017
Management commission of the fund	798,867.80	470,086.68	1,049,356.58
Performance fee to be paid to the manager of collective investments of capital	0.00	0.00	0.00
Custodian bank fee	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00
Taxes	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total operating expenses	798,867.80	470,086.68	1,049,356.58

Calculation of the TER for 12 months, from 01/11/16 to 31/10/17:

TER including performance fee

(1,049,356.58 / 209,626,353.19) * 100



Performance fee as a share in percentage of the net average assets:



Performance of the fund

The details of the performances of the Fund's units calculated in compliance with the principles of the Swiss Fund Association are given below:

	Annual	Annual	Annual
	performance	performance	performance
	from 31/10/2016	from 30/10/2015	from 31/10/2014
	to 31/10/2017	to 31/10/2016	to 30/10/2015
LYXOR EASTERN EUROPE (CECE NTR EUR) UCITS ETF			
Unit C-EUR	+36.18%	-2.08%	-10.02%
Unit D-EUR	+36.17%	-2.08%	-9.97%
CECE EUR Net Total Return			
Unit C-EUR	+36.88%	-1.69%	-9.65%
Unit D-EUR	+36.88%	-1.69%	-9.65%

Past performances are no indicator of future performances. The performances indicated here do not take into account the commissions and costs resulting from the subscription or the redemption of Fund units.