Jupiter Europa

MIKE BUHL-NIELSEN Fund Manager

Fund Objective

The Fund objective is to generate positive long term returns across varying market conditions principally from a portfolio of investments in European equities and equity related securities.



Fund Management

Mike Buhl-Nielsen joined Jupiter in 2006. Mike has managed the Jupiter Europa fund since May 2013.

Fund Information as at 31.10.2020

Product Information	
Launch Date Fund:	04.01.2010
Launch Date Share Class:	24.10.2014
Benchmark:	Euribor EBF 3 Months
Morningstar Category:	Alt - Long/Short Equity - Europe
Lipper Classification:	Alternative Long/Short Equity Europe
FE fundinfo Sector:	Off Mt Absolute Return

Market Exposure		
	Net	Gross
As a % of assets	45.4%	434.7%
	Short	long
Fund	-194.7%	240.1%
Equities	-21.9%	110.1%
NAV Price		
D EUR B ACC		EUR 11.88

Price Information	
Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in Luxembourg
Base Currency Fund:	EUR
Currency Share Class:	EUR
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com
Fund Size	
Fund Value:	EUR 54m
Long Holdings:	88
Short Holdings:	106

Fund Performance as at 31.10.2020

Cumulative Performance (%)									
	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs	Since Launch				
Fund	-1.3	-6.9	4.4	-	18.8				
Benchmark	-0.4	-1.1	-1.6	-	-1.6				
Sector Average	-1.4	-1.6	-4.1	-	3.7				
Position in Sector	152/282	171/213	66/155	-	-				
Quartile Ranking	3	4	2	-	-				

Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

o a	` '				
	01 Nov '19 to 31 Oct '20	01 Nov '18 to 31 Oct '19	01 Nov '17 to 31 Oct '18	01 Nov '16 to 31 Oct '17	01 Nov '15 to 31 Oct '16
Fund	-1.3	2.3	-7.8	15.9	-3.2
Benchmark	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2
Calendar Year Performance (%)					
	YTD	2019	2018	2017	2016
Fund	-6.2	10.9	-11.1	12.3	-1.4
Benchmark	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3
Monthly Returns (%)					

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2020	1.5	0.2	-11.1	3.1	0.6	4.1	-1.0	-0.3	0.2	-2.7	-	-	-6.2
2019	5.0	0.8	1.0	1.9	-3.3	1.2	1.1	-3.9	2.0	-0.1	4.1	1.0	10.9
2018	0.2	-1.7	0.2	1.6	-0.2	-1.1	1.4	0.0	-2.3	-6.4	-0.8	-2.1	-11.1
2017	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.7	-0.4	1.2	-0.5	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.6	12.3
2016	-2.1	-0.1	-0.6	-0.6	1.9	-2.8	1.9	0.0	-0.2	-2.4	1.4	2.4	-1.4
2015	3.1	3.5	1.6	0.3	1.9	0.0	-0.4	-1.0	-1.6	0.5	0.8	1.0	10.1

Performance Over 5 Years (%)

Past performance is no indication of current or future performance. Performance data does not take into account commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of shares. All performance figures in this factsheet are for the D EUR B ACC share class.

10/17

10/18

10/19 10/20

10/16

Fund Benchmark

Source: FE fundinfo, gross income reinvested, net of fees. 31.10.2020.

Risks

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Investors should carefully read the Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) before making an investment decision. The fund manager can use derivatives for investment purposes, to take long and short positions based on their view of the market direction, so in certain circumstances the fund's performance might not track the performance of broader bond and equity markets. Taking short positions creates the opportunity for a fund to deliver positive returns in falling markets, but also means that a fund could deliver negative returns in rising markets. The potential loss on a short position is unlimited, because the price of the underlying investment can carry on rising. There is also a risk that counter parties to derivatives may become insolvent, which may cause losses to the fund. A performance fee may apply which is 15% outperformance above 3 month EURIBOR, subject to a High Water Mark. The KIID and Prospectus are available from Jupiter on request. This fund can invest more than 35% of its value in securities issued or guaranteed by an EEA state. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at www. jupiteram.com.



Fund Holdings as at 31.10.2020

Top Ten Holdings (% of net assets)	
ASML	6.3
Burford Capital	4.6
Banca Farmafactoring	4.5
GVC	3.8
B&M European Value Retail	3.4
Stmicroelectronics	3.3
SAP	3.2
Prudential	3.1
Infineon Technologies	3.0
Fresenius Medical Care	2.8
Total ¹	38.0

Some of this exposure is through derivatives. These measures of equity market exposure exclude cash, cash-like instruments, bonds, bond futures and volatility futures

Industry Allocation(%)		
	Short	Long
Financials	-2.8	28.7
Technology	-1.4	19.9
Consumer Goods	-3.4	13.9
Industrials	-3.9	13.9
Consumer Services	-5.4	10.2
Health Care	-1.9	8.9
Utilities	-0.4	6.1
Basic Materials	-1.6	3.5
Telecommunications	-0.4	2.8
Technology Consumer Goods Industrials Consumer Services Health Care Utilities Basic Materials Telecommunications Oil & Gas Delta Adjusted Options ¹	-0.6	2.0
	-21.9	110.1
Delta Adjusted Options ¹	-172.7	113.3
Other ²	-	16.7
Total ³	-194.6	240.1

Represents both Index and Equity Options. The delta figures are calculated using the close of business NAV rather than the midday NAV that is used to calculate all other figures.

²Other represents the Fund's exposure to Index Futures. ³Some of this exposure is through derivatives. These measures of equity market exposure exclude cash, cash-like instruments, bonds, bond futures and volatility futures.

Additional Information	
Economic Gross	146 11%

Country Allocation(%)		
	Short	Long
United Kingdom	-5.0	22.5
Germany	-3.2	15.9
Netherlands	-0.7	14.4
Italy	-	14.3
France	-2.2	10.2
Sweden	-2.1	5.8
Ireland	-	4.9
Guernsey	-	4.6
Switzerland	-1.3	3.7
Spain	-0.8	3.2
	-15.2	99.5
Delta Adjusted Options ¹	-172.7	113.3
Other ²	-6.7	27.3
Total ³	-194.6	240.1

Represents both Index and Equity Options. The delta figures are calculated using the close of business NAV rather than the midday NAV that is used to calculate all other figures.

²Other represents other countries and the fund's exposure to Index Futures.

or this exposure is through derivatives. These measures of equity market exposure exclude cash, cash-like instruments, bonds, bond futures and volatility fitures.

Charges and Codes

	Income Distribution			Initial Charge	Ongoing Charges	Annual Management	Minimum Initial	Minimum Top Up	Performance
Share Class	Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	(max.)	Figure	Charge (max.)	Investment	Investment	Fee
D EUR B ACC	Accumulation	LU0946223442	JPEDEBA LX	5.00%	1.00%	0.75%	EUR 1,000,000	EUR 100,000	15.00%

The Ongoing Charges Figure is based on fees and expenses for the year ended 30 September 2019. It includes the Annual Management Charge and aggregate operating fees chargeable to the fund. Where the fund invests in other funds, it includes the impact of the charges made in those funds. Jupiter does not engage in stock lending. For details of all share classes and fees and charges, please refer to the Prospectus and Annual Report for each financial year.

Benchmark Information: EURIBOR 3 Month* - The Fund is actively managed and uses the benchmark for index performance comparison purposes and performance fee calculation purposes only. This means the Investment Manager is taking investment decisions with the intention of achieving the Fund's investment objective without reference to a benchmark. The Investment Manager is not in any way constrained by a benchmark in its portfolio positioning.

* EURIBOR will be replaced by SONIA in 2021.

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Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

Bond a debt instrument ('1 Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond),

Bond a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

CFROI: means cash flow return on investment.

Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See Bond.

Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

Delta/Weighted Average Delta: delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." **Weighted Average Delta** refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. **See Derivative.**

Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**

Distribution Yield: the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.

Duration/Modified Duration: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. **Modified duration** estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

Economic Gross:the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure, Long/short position, Hedge.**

Effective duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

Engagement: means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index. **Exposure:** describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure.**

Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond**

Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond.**

Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future, Derivative**.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond, Coupon.**

Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee.**

Leverage: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. **Money market instruments** are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

Net asset value: in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure, Long/short Position**

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.

Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See Net Asset Value.

Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a **hurdle rate**.

Preferred bonds:have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

Risk and Reward Profile: The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. The lowest rank does not mean 'no risk'. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also **Equity**. **SICAV:**Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price. Total return:** the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

Stewardship: our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

Sustainability: by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies, we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.

Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to maturity (YTM) measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

Yield: the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage

