

BNP PARIBAS INSTICASH

short-named BNPP INSTICASH

An open-ended investment company incorporated under Luxembourg Law

Prospectus

20 MARCH 2019

INFORMATION REQUESTS

BNP Paribas InstiCash 10, rue Edward Steichen, L-2540 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

NOTICE

This Prospectus may not be used for the purpose of an offer or solicitation to sell in any country or any circumstance in which such an offer or entreaty is not authorised.

The Company is approved as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) in Luxembourg. It is specifically authorised to market its shares in Luxembourg, Austria, Chile, Cyprus, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Jersey, the Netherlands, Peru, Singapore, Spain, Switzerland, and the United-Kingdom. Not all the sub-funds, categories, or classes of shares are necessarily registered in these countries. It is vital that before subscribing, potential investors ensure that they are informed about the sub-funds, categories, or classes of shares that are authorised to be marketed in their country of residence and the constraints applicable in each of these countries.

In particular, the Company's shares have not been registered in accordance with any legal or regulatory provisions in the United States of America. Consequently, this document may not be introduced, transmitted or distributed in that country, or its territories or possessions, or sent to its residents, nationals, or any other companies, associations, employee benefit plans or entities whose assets constitute employee benefit plan assets whether or not subject to the United States Employee Retirement Income Securities Act of 1974, as amended (collectively, "Benefit Plans"), or entities incorporated in or governed by the laws of that country. Furthermore, the Company's shares may not be offered or sold to such persons.

In addition, no one may issue any information other than that presented in the Prospectus or the documents mentioned in it, which may be consulted by the public. The Company's Board of Directors vouches for the accuracy of the information contained in the Prospectus on the date of publication.

Lastly, the Prospectus may be updated to take account of additional or closed sub-funds or any significant changes to the Company's structure and operating methods. Therefore, subscribers are recommended to request any more recent documents as mentioned below under "Information for Shareholders". Subscribers are also recommended to seek advice on the laws and regulations (such as those relating to taxation and exchange control) applicable to the subscription, purchase, holding and redemption of shares in their country of origin, residence or domicile.

The Prospectus is only valid if accompanied by the latest audited annual report as well as the latest interim report if the latter is more recent than the annual report.

If there is any inconsistency or ambiguity regarding the meaning of a word or sentence in any translation of the Prospectus, the English version shall prevail.

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An information section is available relating to each particular sub-fund. It specifies each sub-fund's investment policy and objective, the features of the shares, their accounting currency, valuation day, methods of subscription, redemption and/or conversion, applicable fees and costs, and, if applicable, the history and other specific characteristics of the sub-fund in question. Investors are reminded that, unless otherwise stated in Book II, the general regulations stipulated in Book I of the Prospectus will apply to each sub-fund.

BOOK I

REGISTERED OFFICE

BNP Paribas InstiCash 10, rue Edward Steichen, L-2540 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

THE COMPANY'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman

Mr. Pierre GRANIE, Co-Head of Liquidity Solutions, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France, Paris Members

Mr Marc FLEURY, Co-Head of Liquidity Solutions, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT UK Ltd., London

Mr. Philippe RENAUDIN, Head of Money Market team, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France, Paris

Mr. Christian VOLLE, Chairman of the "Fondation pour l'Art et la Recherche" Paris, France

Company Secretary (non-member of the Board)

Ms. Claire COLLET-LAMBERT, Head of Legal, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Luxembourg, Luxembourg

MANAGEMENT COMPANY

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Luxembourg 10, rue Edward Steichen, L-2540 Luxembourg

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Luxembourg is a Management Company as defined by Chapter 15 of the Luxembourg Law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investment. The Management Company performs the administration, portfolio management and marketing duties.

THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman

Mr Fabrice SILBERZAN, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France, Paris **Members**

Mr. Stéphane BRUNET, Chief Executive Officer, BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Luxembourg, Luxembourg Mr. Georges ENGEL, Independent Director, Vincennes, France

NAV CALCULATION

BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg branch

60 avenue J.F Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

TRANSFER AND REGISTRAR AGENT

BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch

60 avenue J.F. Kennedy

L-1885 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

DEPOSITORY

BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch 60 avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1885 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

INVESTMENT MANAGER

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France 1, boulevard Haussmann, F-75009 Paris, France A French company, incorporated on 28 July 1980.

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Société Coopérative 2 rue Gerhard Mercator B.P. 1443 L-2182 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Company was incorporated on 30 June 1998 and a notice was published in the Mémorial, Recueil Spécial des Sociétés et Associations (the Mémorial).

The Articles of Association have been modified at various times, most recently at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 19 December 2018, and are currently effective as at 14 January 2019. They have been published in the RESA on 29 January 2019.

The latest version of the Articles of Association has been filed with the Trade and Companies Registrar of Luxembourg, where any interested party may consult it and obtain a copy (website <u>www.lbr.lu</u>).

	TERMINOLOGY
	nt, the following terms shall have the following meanings. The below terminology is a hem may therefore not be used in the present document:
AAAm:	Highest rating awarded by Standard &Poor's Global Ratings (hereafter " S&P Global Ratings ") on its "Principal Stability Fund Rating", also known as "money market fund rating" (scale ranging from AAAm to BBBm). This rating is based on an analysis focusing primarily on the creditworthiness of the fund's investments and counterparties, and also its investments maturity structure and management's ability and policies to maintain the fund's stable principal.
Accounting Currency:	Currency in which the assets of a sub-fund are stated for accounting purposes, which may be different of the share category valuation currency.
Active Trading:	Subscription, conversion, or redemption in the same sub-fund over a short period of time and involving substantial amounts, usually with the aim of making a quick profit. This activity is prejudicial to other shareholders as it affects the sub-fund's performance and disrupts management of the assets.
Authorised Investors:	Investors specially approved by the board of directors of the Company.
Certificate of Deposit (CD):	Negotiable debt security generally issued by a bank or financial institution with maturities ranging from 1 day to 1 year. CD may be of different types such as London Certificates of Deposit (ECD).
<u>Circular 11/512:</u>	Circular issued by the CSSF on 30 May 2011 concerning: a) The presentation of the main regulatory changes in risk management following the publication of the CSSF Regulation 10-4 and ESMA clarifications; b) Further clarification from the CSSF on risk management rules; c) Definition of the content and format of the risk management process to be communicated to the CSSF. This document is available on the CSSF website (www.cssf.lu).
<u>Circular 14/592:</u>	Circular issued by the CSSF on 30 September 2014 concerning ESMA guidelines on ETF and other UCITS issues. This document is available on the CSSF website (www.cssf.lu).
<u>Commercial paper (CP):</u>	Negotiable debt security with maturities ranging from 1 day to 1 year. CP may be of different types among which_Euro Commercial Papers (ECP), Belgium Commercial Papers (BCP), US Commercial Papers (USCP) or French Commercial Papers (NeuCP)
Company Name:	BNP Paribas InstiCash.
<u>CSSF:</u>	<i>Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier</i> , the regulatory authority for UCI in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.
Currencies:	
	EUR: Euro
	GBP: British Pound
	USD: United States Dollar
Directive 78/660:	European Council Directive 78/660/EEC of 25 July 1978 concerning the annual accounts of certain forms of companies, as amended.
Directive 83/349:	European Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 concerning consolidated accounts, as amended.
<u>Directive 2004/39:</u>	MiFID: European Council Directive 2004/39/EC of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments.
Directive 2006/48:	European Council Directive 2006/48/EC of 14 June 2006 relating to the taking up and pursuit of the business of credit institutions.
Directive 2009/65:	European Council Directive 2009/65/EC of 13 July 2009 regarding the coordination of legislative, regulatory and administrative provisions concerning undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS IV) as amended by the Directive 2014/91.
Directive 2011/16:	European Council Directive 2011/16/EU of 15 February 2011 on administrative cooperation in the field of taxation as amended by the Directive 2014/107.
Directive 2013/34:	European Council Directive 2013/34 of 26 June 2013 on the annual financial statements, consolidated financial statements and related reports of certain types of undertakings,
<u>Directive 2014/91:</u>	European Parliament and of the Council Directive 2014/91/EU on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investments in transferable securities (UCITS) as regards depositary functions, remuneration policies and sanctions (UCITS V) amending the Directive 2009/65.
Directive 2014/107:	European Council Directive 2014/107/EU of 9 December 2014 amending Directive 2011/16 as regards mandatory automatic exchange information in the field of taxation
EEA:	European Economic Area.

Elizible Curre & Dublic	
Eligible Supra & Public Debt Collateral:	 Issuer belonging to the following category of national and/or supranational entities for reverse repurchase agreements by way of derogation to article 15.6 of Regulation 2017/1131, provided that a favourable internal credit quality assessment has been received: the Union, a central authority or central bank of a Member State (for example: Republic of France or the "Caisse d'amortissement de la dette sociale - CADES" in France), the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Stability Mechanism, the European Financial Stability Facility, a central authority or central bank of a Third Country, (such as the Federal Reserve)
	System of the United Stated of America - FED).
<u>EMTN:</u>	Euro Medium Term Notes: Medium-term debt securities characterised by their high level of flexibility for both the issuer (corporate issuers and public bodies) and the investor. EMTN are issued according to an EMTN programme, which means that use of debt funding can be staggered and the amounts involved varied. The arranger of the issue will not necessarily underwrite it, which means that the issuer cannot be certain of raising the full amount envisaged (it is therefore in the issuer's interest to have a good credit rating).
ESMA:	European Securities and Markets Authority.
<u>ESMA/2011/112:</u>	Guidelines to competent authorities and UCITS management companies on risk measurement and the calculation of global exposure for certain types of structured UCITS issued by the ESMA on April 14, 2011. This document is available on the ESMA website (www.esma.europa.eu).
	P): Specific commercial paper negotiated on the London market (fixed rates only). It can be issued by both financial and non-financial institutions.
Indirect Fee:	Ongoing charges incurred in underlying UCITS and/or UCIs the Company is invested in and included in the Ongoing Charges mentioned in the KIID.
Institutional Investors:	Legal entities who hold their own account or hold an account on behalf of physical persons in connection with a group savings scheme or an equivalent scheme and UCI. Portfolio managers subscribing within the scope of discretionary individual portfolios management mandates are not included in this category ("Managers").
IRS:	Interest Rate Swap: OTC agreement between two parties to exchange one stream of interest payments for another, over a set period of time without exchange of notionals. IRS allows portfolio managers to adjust interest rate exposure. For each sub-fund of the Company, IRS are only negotiated for hedging purpose (i.e. IRS with a fixed rate paying leg and a variable rate receiving leg (e.g. Eonia, Sonia, Fed Funds Effective Rate)).
KIID:	Key Investor Information Document.
Law:	Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investment. This law implements Directive 2009/65/EC (UCITS IV) of 13 July 2009 into Luxembourg law.
Law of 10 August 1915:	Luxembourg law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended.
LVNAV:	Low Volatility Net Asset Value as defined by Regulation 2017/1131.
<u>Management Fee:</u>	Fee calculated and deducted monthly from the average net assets of a sub-fund, share category, or share class, paid to the Management Company and serving to cover remuneration of the Investment Managers and also distributors in connection with the marketing of the Company's stock.
<u>Managers:</u>	Portfolio managers subscribing within the scope of discretionary individual portfolios management mandates.
<u>Market Timing:</u>	Arbitrage technique whereby an investor systematically subscribes and redeems or converts units or shares in a single UCITS within a short space of time by taking advantage of time differences and/or imperfections or deficiencies in the system of determining the NAV of the UCITS. This technique is not authorised by the Company.
<u>Member State:</u>	Member state of the European Union. The states that are contracting parties to the Agreement creating the European Economic Area other than the Member States of the European Union, within the limits set forth by this Agreement and related acts are considered as equivalent to Member states of the European Union.
Money Market Funds (herein	after "MMF"): Money market funds compliant with Regulation 2017/1131 that:
	 Require authorization as UCITS or are authorized as UCITS under Directive 2009/65/EC or are Alternative Investment Funds under Directive 2011/61/EU
	- Invest in short-term assets; and
	 Have distinct or cumulative objectives returns in line with money market rates or preserving the value of the investment.

	Short-Term Money Market Funds are a sub-part of this category with stricter guidelines (in terms of maximum maturities or minimum liquidity threshold) defined in the Regulation 2017/1131 and can only invest in other Short-Term Money Market Funds.
	Standard Money Market Funds are a sub-part of this category with less strict guidelines (in terms of maximum maturities or minimumliquidity threshold) defined in the same Regulation and can invest in both Short-Term Money Market Funds and other Standard Money Market Funds.
NAV:	Net Asset Value.
Net Investment Income:	Capital gain and loss realised, including coupons.
OECD:	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
One-off Expenses:	Expenses other than management, performance, distribution and other fees described below borne by each sub-fund. These expenses include but are not limited
	to legal fees, taxes, assessments or miscellaneous fees levied on sub-funds and not considered as ordinary expenses.
<u>OTC:</u>	Over The Counter.
<u>Other Fees:</u>	Fees calculated and deducted monthly from the average net assets of a sub-fund, share category, or share class and serving to cover general custody assets expenses (remuneration of the Depositary) and daily administration expenses (NAV calculation, record and book keeping, notices to the shareholders, providing and printing the documents legally required for the shareholders, domiciliation, auditors cost and fees), except for brokerage fees, commissions for transactions not related to the deposit, director fees, interest and bank fees, one-off expenses, and the taxe d'abonnement in force in Luxembourg, as well as any other specific foreign tax.
Prospectus:	The present document.
Public Debt CNAV:	Public Debt Constant Net Asset Value as defined by Regulation 2017/1131.
Reference Currency:	Main currency when several valuation currencies are available for a same share category.
Regulation 1060/2009:	Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies.
<u>Regulation 2015/2365:</u>	Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) 648/2012 (SFTR).
Regulation 2016/679:	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation – "GDPR").
Regulation 2017/1131:	Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on money market funds.
Repurchase agreement/	
	<u>nt</u>: An agreement by which a counterparty transfers securities, or guaranteed rights relating to title to securities where that guarantee is issued by a recognised exchange which holds the rights to the securities and the agreement does not allow a counterparty to transfer or pledge a particular security to more than one counterparty at a time, subject to a commitment to repurchase them, or substituted securities of the same description at a specified price on a future date specified, or to be specified, by the transferor, being a repurchase agreement for the counterparty selling the securities and a reverse repurchase agreement for the counterparty buying them.
RESA:	Recueil Electronique des Sociétés et Associations.
<u>SFT:</u>	Securities Financing Transactions which means:
	 a repurchase or reverse repurchase agreement; securities lending and securities borrowing; a buy-sell back transaction or sell-buy back transaction a margin lending transaction
<u>Sovereign Eligible Issuer</u> :	 Issuer belonging to the following category of national and/or supranational entities eligible for diversification by way of derogation to article 17.7 of Regulation 2017/1131: the Union, the national administrations (countries or state agencies - for example: Republic of Singapore or the "Caisse d'amortissement de la dette sociale - CADES" in France), regional (for example: 18 regions or 101 French departments) and local (for example: Société du Grand Paris, Rennes Métropole but also City of Stockholm or City of Turin) of the Member States or their central banks administrations, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Investment Fund, the European Stability Mechanism, the European Financial Stability Facility,

	 a central authority or the central bank of a Third Country (such as the Federal Reserve System of the United Stated of America - FED), the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Council of Europe Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Bank for International Settlements
<u>Structured EMTN:</u>	It is a combination of an EMTN issue and a derivative enabling the conversion of the cash flows generated by the EMTN. For example, if the issuer floats an EMTN that pays LIBOR + spread, and simultaneously enters into a LIBOR/fixed-rate swap over the same period, it obtains the equivalent of a fixed-rate financing, while the investor obtains a floating-rate investment. These structured EMTNs may be subscribed by investment funds seeking to offer their clients personalised products that meet their specific needs in view of their risk profiles.
Third Country:	A country part of the OECD, Brazil, People's Republic of China, India, Russia, Singapore, South Africa and any other country member of the G20 organisation
<u>Time Deposit (TD):</u>	Interest-bearing bank deposit that has a specified date of maturity.
<u>Treasury Bill (T-bill):</u>	Government debt security issued for maturities ranging from 1 month to 1 year. They are traded on a discount basis (fixed rates) and redeemed at par.
UCI:	Undertaking for Collective Investment.
UCITS:	Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities.
<u>Valuation Currenc(ies)y:</u>	Currency in which the net asset values of a sub-fund, share category, or share class are calculated. There may be several valuation currencies for the same sub-fund, share category, or share class (so called "Multi-Currency" facility). When the currency available in the share category, or share class is different from the accounting currency, subscription/conversion/redemption orders may be taken into account without suffering exchange rate charges.
Valuation Day:	Each open bank day in Luxembourg and subject to exceptions available in the Book II:
	 It corresponds also to: Date attached to the NAV when it is published Trade date attached to orders With regards to exceptions in the valuation rules, closing date prices used for the
	valuation method of the underlying assets in the sub-funds portfolios.
VNAV:	Variable Net Asset Value as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131.
WAL:	Weighted Average Life which means the average length of time to legal maturity of all of the underlying assets in the sub-fund reflecting the relative holdings in each asset.
WAM:	Weighted Average Maturity which means the average length of time to legal maturity or, if shorter, to the next interest rate reset to a money market rate, of all of the underlying assets in the sub-fund reflecting the relative holdings in each asset.

The SICAV is an open-ended investment company (*société d'investissement à capital variable – abbreviated to SICAV*), incorporated under Luxembourg law on 30 June 1998 for an indefinite period.

The Company is currently governed by the provisions of Part I of the Law, the provisions of Regulation 2017/1131 unless otherwise stated in Book II, as well as by Directive 2009/65.

The Company's capital is expressed in euros ("EUR") and is at all times equal to the total net assets of the various subfunds. It is represented by fully paid-up shares issued without a designated par value, described below under "The Shares". The capital varies automatically without the notification and specific recording measures required for increases and decreases in the capital of limited companies. Its minimum capital is defined by the Law.

The Company is registered in the Luxembourg Trade Register under the number B 65 026.

The Company is an umbrella fund, which comprises multiple sub-funds, each with distinct assets and liabilities of the Company. Each sub-fund shall have an investment policy and an Accounting currency that shall be specific to it as determined by the Board of Directors.

The Company is a single legal entity.

In accordance with Article 181 of the Law:

- the rights of shareholders and creditors in relation to a sub-fund or arising from the constitution, operation or liquidation of a sub-fund are limited to the assets of that sub-fund;
- the assets of a sub-fund are the exclusive property of shareholders in that sub-fund and of creditors where the credit arises from the constitution, operation or liquidation of the sub-fund;
- in relations between shareholders, each sub-fund is treated as a separate entity.

The Board of Directors may at any time create new sub-funds, investment policy and offering methods of which will be communicated at the appropriate time by an update to the Prospectus. Shareholders may also be informed via press publication if required by regulations or if deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors. Similarly, the Board of Directors may close sub-funds, in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 4.

ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

The Company is directed and represented by the Board of Directors acting under the authority of the General Shareholders' Meeting. The Company outsources management, audit and asset custody services. The roles and responsibilities associated with these functions are described below. The composition of the Board of Directors and the names, addresses and detailed information about the service providers are listed above in "General Information".

The Management Company, the Investment Managers, the Depositary, the Administrative agent, Distributors and other service providers and their respective affiliates, directors, officers and shareholders are or may be involved in other financial, investment and professional activities that may create conflicts of interest with the management and administration of the Company. These include the management of other funds, purchases and sales of securities, brokerage services, depositary and safekeeping services, and serving as directors, officers, advisors or agents for other funds or other companies, including companies in which a sub-fund may invest. Each of the Parties will ensure that the performance of their respective duties will not be impaired by any such other involvement that they might have. In the event that a conflict of interest does arise, the Directors and the relevant Parties involved shall endeavour to resolve it fairly, within reasonable time and in the interest of the Company.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors assumes ultimate responsibility for the management of the Company and is therefore responsible for the Company's investment policy definition and implementation.

The Board has granted Ms. Claire COLLET-LAMBERT (Company Secretary) responsibilities relating to the day-to-day management of the Company (including the right to act as an authorised signatory of the Company) and its representation.

Management Company

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Luxembourg was incorporated as a limited company (*société anonyme*) in Luxembourg on 19 February 1988. Its Articles of Association have been modified at various times, most recently at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 17 May 2017 with effect on 1st June 2017, published in the RESA on 2 June 2017. Its share capital is EUR 3 million, fully paid up.

The Management Company performs administration, portfolio management and marketing tasks on behalf of the Company.

Under its own responsibility and at its own expense, the Management Company is authorised to delegate some or all of these tasks to third parties of its choice.

It has used this authority to delegate:

- the functions of NAV calculation, Registrar (both for registered and bearer shares) and Transfer Agent to BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg branch;
- the management of the Company's holdings, and the observance of its investment policy and restrictions, to the Investment Managers listed above in "General Information". A list of the Investment Managers effectively in charge of management and details of the portfolios managed are appended to the Company's periodic reports. Investors may request an up-to-date list of Investment Managers specifying the portfolios managed by each.

In executing securities transactions and in selecting any broker, dealer, or other counterparty, the Management Company and any Investment Managers will use due diligence in seeking the best overall terms available. For any transaction, this will involve consideration of all factors deemed relevant, such as market breadth, security price and the financial condition and execution capability of the counterparty. An Investment Manager may select counterparties from within BNP Paribas so long as they appear to offer the best overall terms available.

In addition, the Management Company may decide to appoint Distributors/Nominees to assist in the distribution of the Company's shares in the countries where they are marketed.

Distribution and Nominee contracts will be concluded between the Management Company and the various Distributors/Nominees.

In accordance with the Distribution and Nominee Contract, the Nominee will be recorded in the register of shareholders in place of the end shareholders.

Shareholders who have invested in the Company through a Nominee can at any time request the transfer to their own name of the shares subscribed via the Nominee. In this case, the shareholders will be recorded in the register of shareholders in their own name as soon as the transfer instruction is received from the Nominee.

Investors may subscribe to the Company directly without necessarily subscribing via a Distributor/Nominee.

The Company draws the investors' attention to the fact that any investor will only be able to fully exercise his investor rights directly against the Company, (notably the right to participate in general shareholders' meetings) if the investor is registered himself and in his own name in the shareholders' register of the Company. In cases where an investor invests in the Company through an intermediary investing into the Company in his own name but on behalf of the investor, it may not always be possible for the investor to exercise certain shareholder rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take advice on their rights.

Remuneration policy:

Remuneration policy of the Management Company

The Management Company applies a sound, effective and sustainable Remuneration Policy in line with the strategy, risk tolerance, goals and values of the Investment Institutions and the Company under management.

The Remuneration Policy is in line with and contributes to sound and effective risk management and doesn't encourage taking more risk than appropriate within the investment policy and terms and conditions of the Company.

The key principles of the remuneration policy are:

• Deliver a market-competitive remuneration policy and practice to attract, motivate and retain best performing employees;

- Avoid conflicts of interest;
- Achieve sound and effective remuneration policy & practice, avoiding excessive risk-taking;
- Ensure long-term risk alignment, and reward of long-term goals;

• Design and implement a sustainable and responsible remuneration strategy, with pay levels and structure which make economic sense for the business.

The details of the up-to-date Remuneration Policy can be found on the Website under <u>http://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/remuneration-disclosure</u> and will also be made available free of charge by the Management Company upon request.

Depositary

The Depositary performs three types of functions, namely (i) the oversight duties (as defined in Article 22.3 of the Directive 2009/65/CE as amended, (ii) the monitoring of the cash flows of the Company (as set out in Article 22.4 of the Directive 2009/65/CE as amended) and (iii) the safekeeping of the Company's assets (as set out in Article 22.5 of the Directive 2014/91/EUIn accordance with standard banking practices and current regulations, the depositary may, under its responsibility, entrust some or all of the assets in its safekeeping to other banking establishments or financial intermediaries.

Under its oversight duties, the depositary must also ensure that:

(a) the sale, issue, redemption and cancellation of the shares of the Company are conducted in accordance with the Law and the Articles of Association.

(b) the value of the shares of the Company is calculated in accordance with the Law and the Articles of Association.

(c) it carries out the instructions of the Management Company, unless they conflict with the Law or the Articles of Association.

(d) in transactions involving the Company's assets, any consideration is remitted to it within the usual time limits.

(e) the Company's income is applied in accordance with these Articles of Association.

The Depositary shall not carry out activities with regard to the Company or the Management Company on behalf of the UCITS that may create conflicts of interest between the Company, the investors in the Company, the Management Company and itself, unless the Depositary has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its depositary tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks.

Conflicts of interest

The overriding objective of the Depositary is to protect the interests of the Shareholders of the Company, which always prevail over any commercial interests.

Conflicts of interest may arise if and when the Management Company or the Company maintains other business relationships with BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch in parallel with an appointment of BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch acting as Depositary. For example, in the case where BNP Paribas Securities Services, Luxembourg Branch would provide the Company and the Management Company with fund administration services, including the net asset value calculation.

In order to address any situations of conflicts of interest, the Depositary has implemented and maintains a management of conflicts of interest policy, aiming namely at:

- Identifying and analysing potential situations of conflicts of interest;
- Recording, managing and monitoring the conflict of interest situations either in:

- Relying on the permanent measures in place to address conflicts of interest such as segregation of duties, separation of reporting lines, insider lists for staff members; or

- Implementing a case-by-case management to (i) take the appropriate preventive measures such as drawing up a new watch list, implementing a new Chinese wall (i.e by separating functionally and hierarchically the performance of its Depositary duties from other activities), making sure that operations are carried out at arm's length and/or informing the concerned Shareholders of the Company, or (ii) refuse to carry out the activity giving rise to the conflict of interest.

- Implementing a deontological policy;

- Recording of a cartography of conflict of interests permitting to create an inventory of the permanent measures put in place to protect the Company's interests; or

- setting up internal procedures in relation to, for instance (i) the appointment of service providers which may generate conflicts of interests, (ii) new products/activities of the Depositary in order to assess any situation entailing a conflict of interest.

Sub-delegation by the Depositary:

In order to provide custody services in a large number of countries allowing the Company to meet its investment objectives, the Depositary has appointed entities as delegates for sub-custody functions. A list of these delegates is available on the website:

http://securities.bnpparibas.com/files/live/sites/portal/files/contributed/files/Regulatory/Ucits_delegates_EN.pdf.

Such list may be updated from time to time. A complete list of all delegates may be obtained, free of charge and upon request, from the Depositary.

The process of appointing such delegates and their continuing oversight follows the highest quality standards, including the management of any potential conflict of interest that should arise from such an appointment in accordance with the principles set out in the previous paragraph.

There is currently no conflict of interest arising from any delegation of the functions of safekeeping of the assets of the Company described in article 34(3) of the Law as amended. However in the event that conflicts of interest do arise, the Depositary will undertake to use its reasonable endeavours to resolve any such conflicts of interest fairly (having regard to its respective obligations and duties) and to ensure that the Company and the shareholders are fairly treated.

Independence requirement

The selection of the Depositary by the Management Company is based on robust, objective and pre-defined criteria and warrants the sole interest of the Company and its investors, Details about this selection process can be provided to investors upon request with the Management Company.

Auditor

All the Company's accounts and transactions are subject to an annual audit by the Auditor.

INVESTMENT POLICY, OBJECTIVES, RESTRICTIONS AND TECHNIQUES

The Company's general objective is to provide its investors with the highest possible appreciation of capital invested while offering them a broad distribution of risks. To this end, the Company will principally invest its assets in a range of high quality short-term liquid assets as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131, units or shares of MMFs, credit institution deposits, and financial derivative instruments (such as interest rate swaps ("IRS"), forwards and futures) for hedging purposes only, denominated in various currencies and issued in different countries.

The Company's investment policy is determined by the Board of Directors in light of current political, economic, financial and monetary circumstances. The policy will vary for different sub-funds, within the limits of, and in accordance with, the specific features and objective of each as stipulated in Book II.

The investment policy will be conducted with strict adherence to the principle of diversification and spread of risks. To this end, without prejudice to anything that may be specified for one or more individual sub-funds, the Company will be subject to a series of investment restrictions as stipulated in Appendix 1. In this respect, the attention of investors is drawn to the investment risks described in Appendix 3.

The Board of Directors has adopted a corporate governance policy that includes voting at shareholders' meetings of companies in which sub-funds invest. The main principles governing the Board's voting policy relate to a company's ability to provide shareholders with transparency and accountability with respect to the shareholders' investments and that a company should be managed to assure growth and return of the shares over the long term. The Board of Directors shall execute the voting policy in good faith taking into account the best interest of the shareholders of the investment funds. For further reference please consult also the website <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Unless otherwise specified in each sub-fund's investment policy on Book II, no guarantee can be given on the realisation of the investment objectives of the sub-funds, and past performance is not an indicator of future performance. The Company is not a guaranteed investment. An investment in a sub-fund is different from an investment in deposits, with the risk that the principal invested in a sub-fund is capable of fluctuation. The Company does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the sub-funds or stabilising the NAV per share. The risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the shareholders.

SHARE CATEGORIES, SUB-CATEGORIES AND CLASSES

A. CATEGORIES

Within each sub-fund, the Board of Directors will be able to create and issue share categories listed below and add new valuation currencies to existing shares:

Cotoromy	Invoctors	Initial Minimum holding Maximum fees paya subscription (in EUR or its equivalent investors					
Category	Investors	price per share ⁽¹⁾	in any other Valuation Currency) ⁽²⁾	Entry (max)	Conversion (max)	Exit (max)	
Classic		100,- in the Reference Currencies					
Classic Distribution ⁽³⁾	All	1,- in the Reference Currencies	None				
Classic T1 ⁽⁴⁾		100,- in the Reference Currencies					
Privilege		100,- in the Reference Currencies					
Privilege Distribution ⁽³⁾	Distributors	1,- in the Reference Currencies	<u>Distributors</u> ⁽⁷⁾ : none <u>Managers</u> : none Others: 3 million per sub-				
Privilege M Distribution ⁽⁵⁾	Managers All	10.000,- in the Reference Currencies	fund				
Privilege T1 ⁽⁴⁾		100,- in the Reference Currencies					
I		100,- in the Reference Currencies		_ None			
I Distribution ⁽³⁾	Institutional Investors	1,- in the Reference Currencies	Institutional Investors: 3 million per sub-fund				
I M Distribution	and UCIs	10.000,- in the Reference Currencies	<u>UCIs</u> : None				
IT1 ⁽⁴⁾		100,- in the					
IT3 ⁽⁶⁾		Reference Currencies					
Х	Authorized	100,- in the Reference Currencies	Nere				
X Distribution ⁽³⁾	Investors	1,- in the Reference Currencies	None				

(1) Entry costs excluded, if any

(2) At the discretion of the Board of Directors. However, the equal treatment of shareholders shall be preserved at all time.

(3) Stable NAV

(4) "T1": Subscriptions and Redemptions are paid on the business day following the applicable Valuation day.

(5) Monthly dividend

(6) "T3": Subscriptions and Redemptions are paid on the third Bank Business day following the applicable Valuation day.

(7) Distributors which provide only fee-based independent advisory services as defined by MiFID, with respect to distributors that are incorporated in the EEA

B. CAPITALISATION / DISTRIBUTION CLASSES

Any of the above share categories / sub-categories is issued in Capitalisation ("CAP") and/or Distribution ("DIS") classes as defined below.

CAP

CAP shares retain their net investment income (if any) to reinvest it.

DIS

DIS shares pay dividend to unitholders on a monthly or quarterly basis.

The general meeting of shareholders holding DIS shares for each sub-fund concerned decides each year on the Board of Directors' proposal to pay a dividend, which is calculated in accordance with the limitations defined by law and the Articles of Association. In this respect, the general meeting reserves the right to distribute the net assets of each of the Company's sub-funds up to the limit of the legal minimum capital. The nature of the distribution (net investment income or capital) will be mentioned in the Company's Financial Statements.

If, given market conditions, it is in the shareholders' interest not to distribute a dividend, and then no such distribution will be carried out.

If it deems it advisable, the Board of Directors may decide to distribute interim dividends.

The Board of Directors determines the payment methods for the dividends and interim dividends that are decided upon. Dividends will, in principle, be paid in the reference currency of the class (exchange costs incurred for payments in different currencies will be borne by the investor).

Declared dividends and interim dividends not collected by shareholders within a period of five years from the payment date will lapse and revert to the sub-fund concerned.

Interest will not be paid on declared and unclaimed dividends or interim dividends, which will be held by the Fund on behalf of the shareholders of the sub-fund for the duration of the legal limitation period.

For Classic Distribution, I Distribution, Privilege Distribution, and X Distribution shares (stable NAV):

To keep the Net Asset Value of the class stable, a significant portion or even all of the positive net investment income available for allotment to the shares of the class will be declared daily as dividends in order to keep the Net Asset Value of the distribution shares at the initial subscription price and will be distributed on a monthly basis. The distributed dividends will be reinvested automatically in new shares or, at the shareholder's request, will be credited to separate account. The objective is to preserve the capital, to keep investments liquid and to maintain a consistent performance by means of the investment policy.

For I M Distribution and Privilege M Distribution share categories: the dividend distribution will be executed on a monthly basis, if there is any dividend to be paid.

C. SHARE LEGAL FORMS

All shares are issued in registered form.

The shares are all listed in specific registers of unitholders kept in Luxembourg by the registrar indicated in the section "General Information". Unless otherwise specified, shareholders whose shares are held in registered form will not receive a certificate representing their shares. Instead, they will be sent confirmation of their entry in the register.

D. GENERAL PROVISION AVAILABLE FOR ALL CATEGORIES

The Board of Directors may depart from the initial subscription price per share. However, equal treatment of shareholders shall be preserved at all time.

The Board of Directors may decide at any time to split or consolidate the shares issued within one same sub-fund, category, or class into a number of shares determined by the Board itself. The total net asset value of such shares must be equal to the net asset value of the subdivided/consolidated shares existing at the time of the splitting/consolidation event.

If the assets of a category/class fall below EUR 1.000.000 or equivalent, the Board of Directors reserves the right to liquidate or merge it with another category/class if it decides it is in the best interest of shareholders.

If it transpires that shares are held by persons other than those authorised, they will be converted to the appropriate category, class or currency.

The shares must be fully paid-up and are issued without a par value. Unless otherwise indicated, there is no limitation on their number. The rights attached to the shares are those described in the law of 10 August 1915, unless exempted by the Law.

Fractions of shares may be issued up to one-millionth of a share.

All the Company's whole shares, whatever their value, have equal voting rights. The shares of each sub-fund, category, or class have an equal right to the liquidation proceeds of the sub-fund, category, or class.

Orders received will be processed only in the reference currency of the category.

SUBSCRIPTION, CONVERSION AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The shares of the Company may be locally offered for subscription via regular savings plans, redemption and conversion programs, specific to this local supply, and may be subject to additional charges.

In the event that a regular savings plan is terminated prior to the agreed final date, the sum of entry fees payable by the shareholders concerned may be greater than would have been the case for standard subscriptions.

Investors may be required to appoint a paying agent as nominee (the "Nominee") for all actions connected with their shareholding in the Company.

On the basis of this mandate, the Nominee is specifically required to:

- send requests for subscription, redemption and conversion, grouped by share category, share class, sub-fund and distributor to the Company;
- be listed on the Company's register in its name "on behalf of a third party"; and
- exercise the investor's voting right (if any), according to the investor's instructions.

The Nominee must make every effort to keep an up-to-date electronic list of investors' names and addresses and the number of shares held; the status of shareholder can be verified via the confirmation letter sent to the investor by the Nominee.

Investors are informed that they may be required to pay additional fees for the activity of the above Nominee.

Preliminary Information

Subscriptions, conversions and redemptions of shares are made with reference to their unknown net asset value (NAV). Subscriptions must only concern a set amount, except subscriptions requests for "T1" and "T3" shares which can be submitted either for a set number of shares or for a set amount.

The Board of Directors reserves the right to:

- (a) refuse a subscription, or conversion request for any reason whatsoever in whole or in part;
- (b) redeem, at any time, shares held by persons who are not authorised to buy or hold the Company's shares;
- (c) reject subscription, conversion or redemption requests from any investor who it suspects of using practices associated with Market Timing and Active Trading, and, where applicable, take necessary measures to protect the other investors in the Company, notably by charging an additional exit fees up to 2% of the order amount, to be retained by the sub-fund.

The Board of Directors is authorised to set minimum amounts for subscription, conversion, redemption and holding.

Subscriptions from entities which submit subscription applications and whose names show that they belong to one and the same group, or which have one central decision-making body, will be grouped together to calculate these minimum subscription amounts.

Should a share redemption or conversion request, a merger/splitting procedure, or any other event, have the effect of reducing the number or the total net book value of the shares held by a shareholder to below the number or value decided upon by the Board of Directors, the Company may redeem all the shares.

In certain cases stipulated in the section on suspension of the calculation of the NAV, the Board of Directors is authorised to temporarily suspend the issue, conversion and redemption of shares and the calculation of their net asset value.

The Board of Directors may decide, in the interest of the shareholders, to close a sub-fund, category and/or class for subscription or conversion in, under certain conditions and for the time it defines. Such a decision will not be published but the website <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com</u> will be updated accordingly.

In connection with anti-money laundering procedures, the subscription form must be accompanied, in the case of an individual, by the identity card or passport of the subscriber, authenticated by a competent authority (for example, an embassy, consulate, notary, police superintendent) or by a financial institution subject to equivalent identification standards to those applicable in Luxembourg or the Articles of Association; and by an extract from the trade and companies register for a legal entity, in the following cases:

- 1. direct subscription to the Company;
- subscription through a professional financial sector intermediary resident in a country that is not subject to an obligation for identification equivalent to Luxembourg standards as regards preventing the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering;
- subscription through a subsidiary or branch office, the parent company of which would be subject to an obligation for identification equivalent to that required under Luxembourg law, if the law applicable to the parent company does not oblige it to ensure that its subsidiaries or branch offices adhere to these provisions.

The Company is also bound to identify the source of funds if they come from financial institutions that are not subject to an obligation for identification equivalent to those required under Luxembourg law. Subscriptions may be temporarily frozen pending identification of the source of the funds.

It is generally accepted that finance sector professionals resident in countries that have signed up to the conclusions of the FATF (Financial Action Task Force) on money laundering are deemed to have an obligation for identification equivalent to that required under Luxembourg law.

Processing of Personal Information

In accordance with GDPR, when submitting a subscription request, personal data of the investor ("Personal Data") may be collected, recorded, stored, adapted, transferred or otherwise processed and used by the Company and the Management Company (as data controllers) with a view to managing its account and business relationship (such as to maintain the register of shareholder, process requests, provide shareholder services, guard against unauthorised account access, conduct statistical analyses, provide information on other products and services and/or comply with various laws and regulations). To the extent that this usage so requires, the investor further authorises the sharing of this information with different service providers of the Company, including some of which that may be established outside of the European Union, who may need to process these Personal Data for carrying out their services and complying with their own legal obligations, but which may not have data protection requirements deemed equivalent to those prevailing in the European Union. The Personal Data may notably be processed for purposes of filing, order processing, responding to shareholder's requests, and providing them with information on other products and services. Neither the Company nor its Management Company will disclose such Personal Data on shareholder unless required to do so by specific regulations or where necessary for legitimate business interests.

Further detailed information in relation to the processing of Personal Data can be found in the Management Company's "Data Protection Notice" as well as on the "Personal Data Privacy Charter", which are accessible via the following link <u>https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/footer/data-protection/</u>

Each shareholder whose Personal Data has been processed has a right of access to his/her/its Personal Data and may ask for a rectification thereof in case where such data is inaccurate or incomplete.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

All subscription requests have to be submitted for a set amount, except "T1" share class which can be submitted either for a set number of shares or for a set amount.

The shares will be issued at a price corresponding to the net asset value per share plus the entry fees as described the above table.

For an order to be executed at the net asset value on a given valuation day, it must be received by the Company before the time and date specified in the detailed conditions for each sub-fund in Book II. Orders received after this deadline will be processed at the net asset value on the next valuation day.

In order to be accepted by the Company, the order must include all necessary information relating to the identification of the subscribed shares and the identity of the subscriber as described above.

The Company reserves the right to postpone, and/or cancel subscription requests if it is not certain that the appropriate payment will reach the Depositary within the required payment time or if the order is incomplete. The Board of Directors or its agent may process the request by applying an additional charge to reflect interest owed at the customary market rates; or cancelling the share allotment, as applicable accompanied by a request for compensation for any loss owing to failure to make payment before the stipulated time limit. The shares will not be assigned until the duly completed subscription request has been received accompanied by the payment or a document irrevocably guaranteeing that the payment will be made before the deadline. The Company cannot be held responsible for the delayed processing of incomplete orders.

Any outstanding balance remaining after subscription will be reimbursed to the shareholder, unless the amount is less than EUR 15 or its currency equivalent, as the case may be. Amounts thus not reimbursed will be retained by the relevant sub-fund.

The Board of Directors may accept the issue of shares in exchange for the contribution in kind of transferable securities, in accordance with the conditions defined by Luxembourg Law, in particular with respect to the obligation for the submission of a valuation report by the Auditor mentioned under "General Information" above, and provided that these transferable securities meet the Company's investment policy and restrictions for the sub-fund concerned as described in Book II. Unless otherwise specified, the costs of such a transaction will be borne by the applicant.

CONVERSIONS

Without prejudice to the specific provisions of a sub-fund, category, or class, shareholders may request the conversion of some or all of their shares into shares of another category, or class in the same sub-fund. The number of newly issued shares and the costs arising from the transaction are calculated in accordance with the formula described below.

Shareholders may not convert part or all of their shares in one sub-fund into shares of another sub-fund.

Conversions are only permitted between the following categories within the same sub-fund:

To From	I	IT1	IT3	l Distribution	I M Distribution	Privilege	Privilege T1	Privilege Distribution	Privilege M Distribution	Classic	Classic Distribution	Classic T1	x	X Distribution
I	-	No	No	Yes	Yes	3	No	Ye	es	Yes	Yes	No		No
IT1	No	-	No		No		Yes		No			Yes		
IT3	No	No	-		No				No			Yes		
l Distributio n	Yes	No	No	-	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		No
l M Distributio n				Yes	-									

Privilege	Yes	No	No	Yes -		-	No		Yes		Yes	No	No
Privilege T1	No	Yes	Yes	No		No	-		No		No	Yes	
Privilege Distributio n	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Privilege M Distributio n								Yes	-				
Classic	Yes	No	No	Yes		No	Yes	Yes	-	No	No	No	
Classic Distributio n	Yes	No	No	Yes		No	Yes	Yes	No	-	No		
Classic T1	No	Yes	Yes	No		Yes	No		No	-			
x	Yes	No	No	Yes		No		Yes		Yes	No	-	
X Distributio n	Yes	No	No	Yes			No		Yes		Yes	No	-

For a conversion order to be executed at the net asset value on a given valuation day, it must be received by the Company before the time and date specified for each sub-fund in Book II. Orders received after this deadline will be processed at the net asset value on the next valuation day.

Conversion Formula

The number of shares allocated to a new sub-fund, category or class will be established according to the following formula:

$$Sn = (\frac{So \times Po) - C}{Pn}$$

Sn the number of shares to be issued in the new category/class;

So the number of shares to be redeemed in the original category/class;

Po the redemption price of the shares of the original dated category/class (including exit costs if any);

Pn the share subscription price of the new category/class (including entry costs if any), and

C conversion costs (if applicable).

In the case of shares held in account (with or without attribution of fractions of shares), any outstanding balance remaining after conversion will be reimbursed to the shareholder, unless the amount is less than EUR 15 or its currency equivalent, as the case may be. Amounts thus not reimbursed will be deemed belonging to the relevant sub-fund.

REDEMPTIONS

I. General Rules

Redemptions can be submitted either for a set number of shares or for a set amount.

Subject to the exceptions and limitations prescribed in the Prospectus, all shareholders are entitled, at any time, to have their shares redeemed by the Company.

For an order to be executed at the net asset value on a given valuation day, it must be received by the Company before the time and date specified in the conditions for each sub-fund in Book II. Orders received after this deadline will be processed at the net asset value on the next valuation day.

In order to be accepted by the Company, the order must include all necessary information relating to the identification of the shares in question and the identity of the shareholder as described above.

Unless otherwise specified for a particular sub-fund, the redemption amount for each share will be reimbursed in the subscription currency, less, where necessary, the applicable exit fees.

The redemption proceeds will only be paid when the Depositary has received the bearer securities representing the redeemed shares, with unexpired coupons attached, or a guarantee from an independent depositary of the forthcoming delivery of the securities.

The Company reserves the right to postpone redemption requests if the order is incomplete. The Company cannot be held responsible for the delayed processing of incomplete orders.

Redemptions in kind are possible upon specific approval of the Board of Directors, provided that the remaining shareholders are not prejudiced and that a valuation report is produced by the Company's Auditor. The type and kind of assets that may be transferred in such cases will be determined by the Investment Manager, taking into account the investment policy and restrictions of the sub-fund in question. The costs of such transfers may be borne by the applicant.

In the case of shares held in account (with or without attribution of fractions of shares), any outstanding balance remaining after redemption will be reimbursed to the shareholder, unless the amount is less than EUR 15 or its currency equivalent, as the case may be. Amounts thus not reimbursed will be deemed belonging to the relevant sub-fund.

In the event that the total net redemption/conversion applications received for a given sub-fund on a Valuation Day equals or exceeds 10% of the net assets of the sub-fund in question, the Board of Directors may decide to split and/or defer the redemption/conversion applications on a pro-rata basis so as to reduce the number of shares redeemed/converted to date to 10% of the net assets of the sub-fund concerned. Any redemption/conversion applications deferred will be treated equally as redemption/conversion applications received on the next Valuation Day, again subject to the limit of 10% of net assets.

II. Multi-batch for LVNAV sub-funds

Requests for redemptions in relation to LVNAV sub-funds may be dealt with by the Management Company at the times during the Valuation Day as specified on the website www.bnpparibas-am.lu and redemption payments made thereafter. Regardless of the different times at which redemptions are dealt with during the same Valuation Day, shareholders who redeem during the Valuation Day will not be holding shares in the relevant sub-fund at the end of the day and thus will not be entitled to accrued income distributed on that day. There is no guarantee or assurance that redemptions will be dealt with at a particular time before the end of the Valuation Day. The Management Company may, at its absolute discretion and without prior notice, modify the times at which redemptions are dealt with, delay redemptions at a later time during the Valuation Day or suspend at any time during the day redemptions in the circumstances referred to under section "SUSPENSION OF THE CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE AND THE ISSUE, CONVERSION AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES" described below.

LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

The liquidity of the sub-funds is carefully monitored by the Investment Manager who is responsible for ensuring the subfund's ability to meet any necessary inflows and outflows and avoid any significant mismatches between the structure and liquidity profile of a sub-fund and its shareholders concentration. Minimum daily and weekly liquidity regulatory thresholds can be adjusted upwards if needed, taking into account:

(i) the size of the sub-fund

(ii) expected flows - shareholders' concentration

(iii) market conditions

Liquidity risk is being addressed at all times by maintaining liquidity pockets above daily and weekly regulatory requirements by:

- the use of reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements negotiated only with a 24-hour call option;
- the possibility to negotiate very liquid papers such as T-bills, CDs, NeuCPs and CPs;
- ensuring that the value of shares held by a single shareholder does not materially impact the liquidity profile of the sub-fund where it accounts for a substantial part of the total NAV of the sub-fund.

As regards public debt CNAV sub-funds and LVNAV sub-funds, the liquidity management procedures are described below.

Specific requirements applicable to public debt CNAV sub-funds and LVNAV sub-funds

In accordance with Regulation 2017/1131 and its applicable delegated regulations, the Management Company of a public debt CNAV sub-fund and/or a LVNAV sub-fund shall establish, implement and consistenly apply prudent and rigourous liquidity management procedures for ensuring compliance with the weekly liquity thresholds applicable to such sub-funds.

- **1.1** In ensuring compliance with the weekly liquidity thresholds, the following shall apply:
- (a) whenever the proportion of weekly maturing assets as defined in Regulation 2017/1131 falls below 30 % of the total assets of the public debt CNAV sub-fund or of a LVNAV sub-fund and the net daily redemptions on a single working day exceed 10 % of total assets, the Investment Manager shall immediately inform the Board of Directors thereof and the Board of Directors shall undertake a documented assessment of the situation to determine the appropriate course of action having regard to the interests of the shareholders.
 - Should this situation arise, the Board of Directors is empowered to apply one or more of the following measures:
 - (i) liquidity fees on redemptions that adequately reflect the cost to the sub-fund of achieving liquidity and ensure that shareholders who remain in the fund are not unfairly disadvantaged when other shareholders redeem their shares during the period;
 - (ii) redemption gates that limit the amount of shares to be redeemed on any one working day to a maximum of 10 % of the shares in a sub-fund for any period up to 15 working days;
 - (iii) suspension of redemptions for any period up to 15 working days; or
 - (iv) take no immediate action other than fulfilling the obligation laid down in Article 24(2) of the Regulation;
- (b) whenever the proportion of weekly maturing assets as set out in the Regulation 2017/1131 falls below 10 % of its total assets, the Board of Directors is empowered to apply one or more of the following measures only:
 - (i) liquidity fees on redemptions that adequately reflect the cost to the sub-fund of achieving liquidity and ensure that shareholders who remain in the fund are not unfairly disadvantaged when other shareholders redeem their shares during the period;

(ii suspension of redemptions for a period of up to 15 working days.

- **1.2** When, within a period of 90 days, the total duration of the suspensions exceeds 15 days, a public debt CNAV subfund or a LVNAV sub-fund shall automatically cease to be a public debt CNAV sub-fund or a LVNAV sub-fund. The Board of Directors of one of these sub-funds will immediately inform each shareholder thereof in writing in a clear and comprehensible way.
- 1.3 After the Board of Directors of the public debt CNAV sub-fund or of the LVNAV sub-fund has determined its course of action with regard to both points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1.1 above, it shall promptly provide details of its decision to the CSSF.

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

By decision of the Board of Directors, may be admitted to official listing on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and/or as applicable on another securities exchange.

At the date of this Prospectus, there are no shares listed on any stock exchange.

INTERNAL CREDIT QUALITY ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE

In accordance with the Regulation and applicable delegated regulations, supplementing the Regulation, the Management Company has established, implemented and consistently applies a tailored internal credit quality assessment procedure ("ICAP"), for determining the credit quality of money market instruments, taking into account the issuer of the instrument and the characteristics of the instrument itself.

The Management Company ensures that the information used in applying the internal credit quality assessment procedure is of sufficient quality, up-to-date and from reliable sources.

The internal assessment procedure is based on prudent, systematic and continuous assessment methodologies. The methodologies are subject to validation by the Management Company based on historical experience and empirical evidence, including back testing.

The Management Company ensures that the internal credit quality assessment procedure complies with all of the following general principles:

- (a) an effective process is established to obtain and update relevant information on the issuer and the instrument's characteristics;
- (b) adequate measures are adopted and implemented to ensure that the ICAP is based on a thorough analysis of the information that is available and pertinent, and includes all relevant driving factors that influence the creditworthiness of the issuer and the credit quality of the instrument;
- (c) the ICAP is monitored on an ongoing basis and all credit quality assessments are reviewed at least annually;
- (d) while there is to be no mechanistic over-reliance on external ratings in accordance with Article 5a of Regulation 1060/2009, the Management Company shall undertake a new credit quality assessment for a money market instrument when there is a material change that could have an impact on the existing assessment of the instrument; (e) the credit quality assessment methodologies are reviewed at least annually by the Management Company to determine whether they remain appropriate for the current portfolio and external conditions and the review is transmitted to the CSSF. Where the Management Company becomes aware of errors in the credit quality assessment methodology or in its application, it shall immediately correct those errors;
- (f) when methodologies, models or key assumptions used in the ICAP are changed, the Management Company will review all affected internal credit quality assessments as soon as possible.

Internal credit quality assessment

The Management Company applies the internal credit quality assessment procedure above to determine whether the credit quality of a money market instrument receives a favourable assessment. Where a credit rating agency registered and certified in accordance with Regulation 1060/2009 has provided a rating of that money market instrument, the Management Company may have regard to such rating and supplementary information and analysis in its internal credit quality assessment, while not solely or mechanistically relying on such rating in accordance with Article 5a of Regulation 1060/2009.

The Credit Research Department of the BNP Paribas Asset Management group provides opinions on issuers, covering the fundamental trend of the companies, expectations for event risk, expected and floor ratings benchmarked against the rating agencies and a relative value view based on market trading levels.

The credit quality assessment takes into account at least the following factors and general principles:

1. Quantification of the credit risk of the issuer and of the relative risk of default of the issuer and of the instrument

The internal credit quality assessment procedure starts with a top down view of the economic dynamics of each industry, in the light of the macroeconomic trends. Analysts look at industry drivers to formulate opinion on improvement or deterioration of industries. Factors taken into consideration include the stage of the cycle, structure of the industry, demographics, regulation, legal risks and consolidation trends. The industry recommendation is used to assist with indepth issuer analysis.

The criteria for quantifying the credit risk of the issuer and of the relative risk of default of the issuer and of the instrument are the following:

- (i) bond pricing information, including credit spreads and the pricing of comparable fixed income instruments and related securities;
- (ii) pricing of money market instruments relating to the issuer, the instrument or the industry sector;
- (iii) default statistics relating to the issuer, the instrument or the industry sector as provided by external credit ratings; (iv) financial indicators relating to the geographic location, the industry sector or the asset class of the issuer or instrument;
- (v) financial information relating to the issuer, including profitability ratios, interest coverage ratio, leverage metrics and the pricing of new issues, including the existence of more junior securities.

Additional indicators such as revenue, earnings, cash flow, growth, leverage, interest are used in the context of the issuer's review. Historic trends are examined and serve as a basis to anticipate that future operating results and financial position are reasonable, thus allowing to assess the impact on credit quality over the short, medium and long term.

Individual issuers are selected using well-established analytical measurements (including revenue, earnings and cash flow (EBITDA) growth, free cash flow, leverage, interest and fixed charge coverage). For an issuer review, historic trends are examined relative to the current financial position and operating performance. These trends serve as the basis for

judging the degree to which forecasts for future operating results and financial position are reasonable and allows our analysts to anticipate credit quality migration, changes in the issuer's financial strategies, and its ultimate impact on credit quality over the short, medium and long term. Qualitative factors are important as well, including industry position, corporate strategy, quality of management and corporate risks.

2. Qualitative indicators on the issuer of the instrument, including in the light of the macroeconomic and financial market situation

- The criteria for establishing qualitative indicators in relation to the issuer of the instrument are the following:
- (i) an analysis of any underlying assets;
- (ii) an analysis of any structural aspects of the relevant instruments issued;
- (iii) an analysis of the relevant markets, including the degree of volume and liquidity of those markets;
- (iv) a sovereign analysis, to the extent it could impact the issuer credit quality;
- (v) an analysis of the governance risk relating to the issuer, including frauds, conduct fines, litigation, financial restatements, exceptional items, management turnover, borrower concentration;
- (vi) securities-related external research on the issuer or market sector;
- (vii) where relevant, an analysis of the credit ratings or rating outlook given to the issuer of an instrument by a credit rating agency registered with the ESMA and selected by the Management Company if suited to the specific investment portfolio of one of the Company's sub-fund.

In addition, the Management Company assesses the following qualitative credit risk criteria for the issuer:

- (viii) the financial situation of the issuer; or where applicable, of the guarantor;
- (ix) the sources of liquidity of the issuer, or where applicable, of the guarantor;
- (x) he ability of the issuer to react to future market-wide or issuer-specific events, including the ability to repay debt in a highly adverse situation;
- (xi) the strength of the issuer's industry within the economy relative to economic trends and the issuer's competitive positon in its industry.

3. Short-term nature and asset class of money market instruments

- The universe of eligible money market instruments covers instruments which are normally dealt in on the money market:
- (i) short-term negotiable instruments such as, but not limited to, NEU Commercial Paper, Certificates of Deposit, Euro Commercial Papers;
- (ii) senior unsecured bonds (excluding subordinated debts);
- (iii) treasury-bills.

Specific constraints associated to those instruments and their definitions are detailed in the Prospectus, in the limit and as permitted by the Regulation.

The universe of eligible instruments has to comply with the WAL and WAM requirements as defined by the Regulation.

4. Type of issuer

Issuers are distinguished at least as follows:

- (i) national, regional or local administrations;
- (ii) financial corporations and non-financial corporations.

5. Liquidity profile of the instrument

All money market instruments selected are issued by Financial Institutions (such as Banks and insurance company), Corporates and Sovereign (such as Government, Local administration and Supranational, Agency).

The instruments are categorized depending on their ability to be sold in due time and under favorable conditions to ensure that the liquidity of the sub-fund is met at all times. The Management Company may, in addition to the factors and general principles referred to in this section, take into account warnings and indicators when determining the credit quality of a money market instrument referred to in point 2 of Diversification Rules of Appendix 1.

A global policy of the Management Company's internal ratings which sets the principles and the methodology to qualify and quantify the credit quality inherent of the issuers held within the portfolios monitored by investment credit limits has been defined.

An internal rating reflecting the default risk is allocated for each issuer. As a result of the group internal credit assessment of credit analysts' review, investment limits will be provided on issuers considered to be of high credit quality.

The internal ratings provided are considered more relevant than ratings provided by external rating agencies or other sources of information.

Governance of the credit quality assessment

The ICAP is approved by the senior management of the Management Company and by the Board of Directors of the Company ("Senior Management"). Those parties have a good understanding of the ICAP and the methodologies applied by the Management Company, as well as a detailed comprehension of the associated reports.

The Management Company reports to the parties referred to in paragraph 1 on the Company's credit risk profile, based on an analysis of the Company's internal credit quality assessments. Reporting frequencies depend on the significance and type of information and are at least annual.

Senior Management ensures that the ICAP is operating properly on an ongoing basis. Senior Management is regularly informed about the performance of the internal credit quality assessment procedures, the areas where deficiencies were identified, and the status of efforts and actions taken to improve previously identified deficiencies.

Internal credit quality assessments and their periodic reviews by the Management Company are not performed by the persons performing or responsible for the portfolio management of the sub-funds of the Company. The credit risk committee is the body responsible for:

- (i) validating the authorizations in place or suggested;
- (ii) and disseminating information on any critical file, based on the agenda established by the risk department of the Management Company.

This Committee is held on a regular basis and possibly on an extraordinary basis.

Should the internal credit rating quality of an issuer and/or an instrument decrease and/or change, appropriate measures will be taken by the credit risk committee to remedy the situation as soon as possible.

CALCULATION OF THE NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

Each net asset value calculation will be made as follows under the responsibility of the Board of Directors:

- 1. The NAV will be calculated as specified in Book II for each sub-fund.
- 2. The NAV per share will be calculated and published with reference to the total net assets of the corresponding subfund, category, or class in accordance with mark-to-market or mark-to-model valuation methods, or both, divided by the number of outstanding shares of the sub-fund at least on a daily basis. The total net assets of each sub-fund, category, or class will be calculated by adding all the asset items held by each (including the entitlements or percentages held in certain internal sub-portfolios as more fully described in point 5, below) from which any related liabilities and commitments will be subtracted, all in accordance with the description in point 5, paragraph 4, below.
- 3. The NAV per share of each sub-fund, category, or class will be calculated by dividing its respective total net assets by the number of shares in issue up to six decimal places.
- 4. The NAV per share of a VNAV sub-fund shall be rounded to the nearest basis point or its equivalent when the NAV is published in a currency unit.

The constant NAV per share of a public debt CNAV sub-fund or a LVNAV sub-fund shall be rounded to the nearest percentage point or its equivalent when the constant NAV is published in a currency unit. The difference between the constant NAV per share and the NAV per share of such sub-fund is monitored and published daily.

5. Internally, in order to ensure the overall financial and administrative management of the set of assets belonging to one or more sub-funds, categories, or classes, the Board of Directors may create as many internal sub-portfolios as there are sets of assets to be managed (the "internal sub-portfolios").

Accordingly, one or more sub-funds, categories, or classes that have entirely or partially the same investment policy may combine the assets acquired by each of them in order to implement this investment policy in an internal subportfolio created for this purpose. The portion held by each sub-fund, category, or class within each of these internal sub-portfolios may be expressed either in terms of percentages or in terms of entitlements, as specified in the following two paragraphs. The creation of an internal sub-portfolio will have the sole objective of facilitating the Company's financial and administrative management.

The holding percentages will be established solely on the basis of the contribution ratio of the assets of a given internal sub-portfolio. These holding percentages will be recalculated on each valuation day to take account of any redemptions, issues, conversions, distributions or any other events generally of any kind affecting any of the sub-funds, categories, or classes concerned that would increase or decrease their participation in the internal sub-portfolio concerned.

The entitlements issued by a given internal sub-portfolio will be valued as regularly and according to identical methods mutatis mutandis as those mentioned in points 1, 2 and 3, above. The total number of entitlements issued will vary according to the distributions, redemptions, issues, conversions, or any other events generally of any kind affecting any of the sub-funds, categories, or classes concerned that would increase or decrease their participation in the internal sub-portfolio concerned.

- 6. Whatever the number of categories, or classes created within a particular sub-fund, the total net assets of the sub-fund will be calculated at the intervals defined by Luxembourg Law, the Articles of Association, or the Prospectus. The total net assets of each sub-fund will be calculated by adding together the total net assets of each category, or class created within the sub-fund.
- 7. Without prejudice to the information in point 5, above, concerning entitlements and holding percentages, and without prejudice to the particular rules that may be defined for one or more particular sub-funds, the net assets of the various sub-funds will be valued in accordance with the rules stipulated below.

COMPOSITION OF ASSETS

The Company's assets, from an accounting perspective in line with international accounting standards, primarily include:

- (1) cash in hand and cash deposit including interest accrued but not yet received and interest accrued on these deposits until the payment date;
- (2) all notes and bills payable on demand and accounts receivable (including the results of sales of securities before the proceeds have been received);
- (3) all securities, units, shares, bonds, swaps and other investments and securities which are the property of the Company;
- (4) all dividends and distributions to be received by the Company in cash or securities that the Company is aware of;
- (5) all interest accrued but not yet received and all interest generated up to the payment date by securities which are the property of the Company, unless such interest is included in the principal of these securities;
- (6) the Company's formation expenses, insofar as these have not been written down;
- (7) all other assets, whatever their nature, including prepaid expenses.

VALUATION RULES

The assets of each sub-fund shall be valued using mark-to-market whenever possible as follows:

- (1) the value of cash in hand and cash deposit, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, and dividends and interest due but not yet received, shall comprise the nominal value of these assets, unless it is unlikely that this value could be received; in that event, the value will be determined by deducting an amount which the Company deems adequate to reflect the actual value of these assets;
- (2) the value of shares or units in MMFs shall be determined on the basis of the last net asset value available on the Valuation Day;
- (3) the valuation of all securities listed on a stock exchange or any other regulated market, which functions regularly, is recognised and accessible to the public, is based on the last known closing price on the valuation day, and, if the securities concerned are traded on several markets, on the basis of last known closing price on the major market

on which they are traded; if the last known closing price is not a true reflection, the valuation shall be based on the probable sale price estimated by the Board of Directors in a prudent and bona fide manner;

- (4) only good quality market data shall be used and such data shall be assessed on the basis of all of the following factors:
 - (i) the number and quality of counterparties

(ii) the volume and turnover in the market of the asset of the sub-fund

- (iii) the issue size and the portion of the issue that the sub-fund plans to buy or sell
- (5) unlisted securities or securities not traded on a stock exchange or another regulated market which functions in a regular manner is recognised and accessible to the public, shall be valued on the basis of the probable sale price estimated in a prudent and bona fide manner by a qualified professional appointed for this purpose by the Board of Directors;
- (6) securities denominated in a currency other than the currency in which the sub-fund concerned is denominated shall be converted at the exchange rate prevailing on the Valuation Day;
- (7) where use of mark-to-market is not possible or the market data is not of sufficient quality, an asset of a sub-fund, liquid assets, money market instruments and all other instruments may be valued at their mark-to-model value. The Board of Directors will put in place appropriate checks and controls concerning the valuation of the instruments
- (8) the shares of a sub-fund shall be issued or redeemed at a price that is equal to the sub-fund's NAV per unit or share, notwithstanding permitted fees or charges as described in the Prospectus of the sub-fund.
- (9) by way of derogation of paragraph (8):
 - (i) the shares of a public debt CNAV sub-fund may be issued or redeemed at a price that is equal to that subfund's constant NAV per share;
 - (ii) the shares of a LVNAV sub-fund may be issued or redeemed at a price equal to that sub-fund's constant NAV per share, but only where the constant NAV per share, which is calculated in accordance with Article 32(1), (2) and (3) of Regulation 2017/1131, does not deviate from the NAV per share calculated in accordance with Article 30 of Regulation 2017/1131 by more than 20 basis points.

In relation to point (ii), when the constant NAV per share calculated in accordance with Article 32(1), (2) and (3) of Regulation 2017/1131 deviates from the NAV per share calculated in accordance with Article 30 of Regulation 2017/1131 by more than 20 basis points, the following redemption or subscription shall be undertaken at a price that is equal to the NAV per share calculated in accordance with Article 30 of Regulation 2017/1131.

- (13) the Board of Directors is authorised to draw up or amend the rules in respect of the relevant valuation rates and in the limits permitted by the Regulation 2017/1131. Decisions taken in this respect shall be included in the Book II;
- (14) financial derivative instruments (such as IRS, forwards and futures) shall be valued on the basis of the difference between the value of all future interest payable by the Company to its counterparty on the valuation date at the zero coupon swap rate corresponding to the maturity of these payments and the value of all future interest payable by the counterparty to the Company on the valuation date at the zero coupon swap rate corresponding to the maturity of these payments.

COMPOSITION OF LIABILITIES

The Company's liabilities, from an accounting perspective in line with international accounting standards, primarily include:

- (1) all loans, matured bills and accounts payable;
- (2) all known liabilities, whether or not due, including all contractual obligations due and relating to payment in cash or kind, including the amount of dividends announced by the Company but yet to be paid;
- (3) all reserves, authorised or approved by the Board of Directors, including reserves set up in order to cover a potential capital loss on certain of the Company's investments;
- (4) any other undertakings given by the Company, except for those represented by the Company's equity. For the valuation of the amount of these liabilities, the Company shall take account of all the charges for which it is liable, including, without restriction, the costs of amendments to the Articles of Association, the Prospectus and any other document relating to the Company, management, advisory, performance and other fees and extraordinary expenses, any taxes and duties payable to government departments and stock exchanges, the costs of financial charges, bank charges or brokerage incurred upon the purchase and sale of assets or otherwise. When assessing the amount of these liabilities, the Company shall take account of regular and periodic administrative and other expenses on a prorata temporis basis.

The assets, liabilities, expenses and fees not allocated to a sub-fund, category, or class shall be apportioned to the various sub-funds, categories, or classes in equal parts or, subject to the amounts involved justifying this, proportionally to their respective net assets. Each of the Company's shares which is in the process of being redeemed shall be considered as a share issued and existing until closure on the Valuation Day relating to the redemption of such share and its price shall be considered as a liability of the Company as from closing on the date in question until such time as the price has been duly paid. Each share to be issued by the Company until such time as it has been duly received by the Company. As far as possible, account shall be taken of any investment or divestment decided by the Company until the Valuation Day.

SUSPENSION OF THE CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE AND THE ISSUE, CONVERSION AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Without prejudice to legal causes for suspension, the Board of Directors may at any time temporarily suspend the calculation of the net asset value of shares of one or more sub-funds, as well as the issue, conversion and redemption in the following cases:

- (a) during any period when one or more currency markets, or a stock exchange, which are the main markets or exchanges where a substantial portion of a sub-fund's investments at a given time are listed, is/are closed, except for normal closing days, or during which trading is subject to major restrictions or is suspended;
- (b) when the political, economic, military, currency, social situation, or any event of *force majeure* beyond the responsibility or power of the Company makes it impossible to dispose of one assets by reasonable and normal means, without seriously harming the shareholders' interests;
- (c) during any failure in the means of communication normally used to determine the price of any of the Company's investments or the going prices on a particular market or exchange;
- (d) when restrictions on foreign exchange or transfer of capital prevents transactions from being carried out on behalf of the Company or when purchases or sales of the Company's assets cannot be carried out at normal exchange rates;
- (e) as soon as a decision has been taken to either liquidate the Company or one or more sub-funds, categories, or classes;
- (f) to determine an exchange parity under a merger, partial business transfer, splitting, or any restructuring operation within, by or in one or more sub-funds, categories, or classes;
- (g) any other cases when the Board of Directors estimates by a justified decision that such a suspension is necessary to safeguard the general interests of the shareholders concerned.

In the event the calculation of the net asset value is suspended, the Company shall immediately and in an appropriate manner inform the shareholders who requested the subscription, conversion or redemption of the shares of the sub-fund(s) in question.

In exceptional circumstances which could have a negative impact on shareholders' interests, or in the event of subscription, redemption or conversion applications exceeding 10% of a sub-funds' net assets, the Board of Directors reserves the right not to determine the value of a share until such time as the required purchases and sales of securities have been made on behalf of the sub-fund. In that event, subscription, redemption and conversion applications in the pipeline will be processed simultaneously on the basis of the net asset value so calculated.

Pending subscription, conversion and redemption applications may be withdrawn by written notification provided that such notification is received by the company prior to lifting of the suspension. Pending applications will be taken into account on the first calculation date following lifting of the suspension. If all pending applications cannot be processed on the same calculation date, the earliest applications shall take precedence over more recent applications.

TAX PROVISIONS

TAXATION OF THE COMPANY

At the date of the Prospectus, the Company is not liable to any Luxembourg income tax or capital gains tax.

- The Company is liable to an annual taxe d'abonnement in Luxembourg representing 0.05% of the net asset value. This rate is reduced to 0.01% for:
- a) sub-funds with the exclusive objective of collective investments in money market instruments and deposits with credit institutions;
- b) sub-funds with the exclusive objective of collective investments with credit institutions;
- c) sub-funds, categories, or classes reserved for Institutional Investors, Managers, and UCIs.
- The following are exempt from this *taxe d'abonnement*:
- a) the value of assets represented by units, or shares in other UCIs, provided that these units or shares have already been subject to the *taxe d'abonnement*;
- b) sub-funds, categories, and/or classes:
 - (i) whose securities are reserved to Institutional Investors, Managers, or UCIs and
 - (ii) whose sole object is the collective investment in money market instruments and the placing of deposits with credit institutions, and
 - (iii) whose weighted residual portfolio maturity does not exceed 90 days, and
 - (iv) that have obtained the highest possible rating from a recognised rating agency;
- c) sub-funds, share categories and/or classes reserved to:
 - (i) institutions for occupational retirement pension or similar investment vehicles, set up at the initiative of one or more employers for the benefit of their employees, and
 - (ii) companies having one or more employers investing funds to provide pension benefits to their employees;
- d) sub-funds whose main objective is investment in microfinance institutions;
- e) sub-funds, shares categories and/or classes:
 - (i) whose securities are listed or traded on at least one stock exchange or another regulated market operating regularly that is recognized and open to the public, and
 - (ii) whose exclusive object is to replicate the performance of one or several indices.

When due, the *taxe d'abonnement* is payable quarterly based on the relevant net assets and calculated at the end of the quarter for which it is applicable.

In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the subfund is registered for distribution.

TAXATION OF THE COMPANY'S INVESTMENTS

Some of the Company's portfolio income, especially income in dividends and interest, as well as certain capital gains, may be subject to tax at various rates and of different types in the countries in which they are generated. This income and capital gains may also be subject to withholding tax. Under certain circumstances, the Company may not be eligible for the international agreements preventing double taxation that exist between the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and other countries. Some countries will only consider that persons taxable in Luxembourg qualify under these agreements.

TAXATION OF SHAREHOLDERS

a) Residents of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

On the date of the Prospectus, the dividends earned and capital gains made on the sale of shares by residents of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are not subject to withholding tax.

Dividends are subject to income tax at a personal tax rate.

Capital gains made on the sale of shares are not subject to income tax if the shares are held for a period of over six months, except in the case of resident shareholders holding over 10% of the shares of the Company.

b) Non-residents

According to current law and in the event that the provisions of Directive 2011/16 as specified in item c) below do not apply:

- the dividends earned and the capital gains made on the sale of shares by non-residents are not subject to withholding tax;
- the capital gains made by non-residents on the sale of shares are not subject to Luxembourg income tax.

Nevertheless, if there is a dual tax convention between the Grand Duchy and the shareholder's country of residence, the capital gains made on the sale of shares are tax-exempt in principle in Luxembourg, with the taxation authority being attributed to the shareholder's country of residence.

EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

a) Residents of another member state of the European Union, including the French overseas departments, the Azores, Madeira, the Canary Islands, the Åland Islands and Gibraltar

Any individual who receives dividends from the Company or the proceeds from the sale of shares in the Company through a paying agent based in a state other than the one in which he resides is advised to seek information on the legal and regulatory provisions applicable to him.

In most countries covered by Directive 2011/16 and 2014/107, the total gross amount distributed by the Company and/or the total gross proceeds from the sale, refunding or redemption of shares in the Company will be reported to the tax authorities in the state of residence of the beneficial owner of the income. Austria and Switzerland, will apply the exchange of information as of 1st January 2018 on the basis of the date collected in 2017.

b) Residents of third countries or territories

No withholding tax is levied on interest paid to residents of third countries or territories.

Nevertheless, in the framework of Automatic Exchange of Information package (AEOI) covering fiscal matters elaborated by OECD, the Company may need to collect and disclose information about its shareholders to third parties, including the tax authorities of the participating country in which the beneficiary is tax resident, for the purpose of onward transmission to the relevant jurisdictions. The data of financial and personal information as defined by this regulation which will be disclosed may include (but is not limited to) the identity of the shareholders and their direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. A shareholder will therefore be required to comply with any reasonable request from the Company for such information, to allow the Company to comply with its reporting requirements. The list of AEOI participating countries is available on the website: http://www.oecd.org/tax/automatic-exchange/

c) <u>US Tax</u>

Under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") provisions which came into force as from 1st July 2014, in the case the Company invests directly or indirectly in US assets, income received from such US investments could be subject to a 30% US withholding tax.

To avoid such withholding tax the United States have entered, on 28th March 2014, into an intergovernmental agreement (the "IGA") with the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg under which the Luxembourg financial institutions undertake due diligence to report certain information on their direct or indirect U.S. investors to the Luxembourg Tax authorities. Such information will be onward reported by the Luxembourg tax authorities to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

The foregoing provisions are based on the Law and practices currently in force, and are subject to change. Potential investors are advised to seek information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment. The attention of investors is also drawn to certain tax provisions specific to individual countries in which the Company publicly markets its shares.

GENERAL MEETINGS AND INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

The Annual General Shareholders' Meeting is held at 3 pm on the last Friday of September at the Company's registered office or any other location in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg specified in the notice to attend the meeting. If that day is not a bank business day in Luxembourg, the Annual General Meeting will be held on the following bank business day. Other General Meetings may be convened in accordance with the prescriptions of Luxembourg law and the Company's Articles of Association.

Notices inviting shareholders to attend General Meetings will be published according to the forms and times prescribed in Luxembourg law and the Company's Articles of Association, and at least with a 14 days prior notice.

Similarly, General Meetings will be conducted as prescribed by Luxembourg law and the Company's Articles of Association.

Where shares do not have an equal value or where there is no indication of value, each share shall, by effect of the Law of 10 August 1915, carry the right to a number of votes proportionate to the capital amount represented by it with one vote being allocated to the share which represents the lowest proportion; fractional shares having no voting right. When decisions concern the specific rights of shareholders of one sub-fund, category, or class, only the holders of shares of that sub-fund, category, or class may vote.

INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Net Asset Values and Dividends

The Company publishes the legally required information in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and in all other countries where the shares are publicly offered.

This information is also available on the website: www.bnpparibas-am.com.

Financial Year

The Company's financial year starts on 1st June and ends on 31st May.

Financial Reports

The Company publishes an annual report closed on the last day of the financial year, certified by the auditors, as well as a non-certified, semi-annual interim report closed on the last day of the sixth month of the financial year. The Company is authorised to publish a simplified version of the financial report when required.

The financial reports of each sub-fund are published in the accounting currency of the sub-fund, although the consolidated accounts of the Company are expressed in euro.

The annual report is made public within four months of the end of the financial year and the interim report within two months of the end of the half-year.

<u>Documents for Consultation</u>The Articles of Association, the Prospectus, the KIID, and periodic reports may be consulted at the Company's registered office and at the establishments responsible for the Company's financial service. Copies of the Articles of Association and the annual and interim reports are available upon request.

Except for the newspaper publications required by Law, the official media to obtain any notice to shareholders will be the website: <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com</u>.

Documents and information are also available on the website: www.bnpparibas-am.com.

Weekly information available to the shareholders:

In accordance with the Regulation 2017/1131, the Management Company will make all of the following information available to investors at least on a weekly basis:

- the maturity breakdown of the portfolio of the sub-fund;

- the credit profile of the sub-fund;
- the WAM and WAL of the sub-fund;
- details of the 10 largest holdings in the sub-fund, including the name, country, maturity and asset type, and the counterparty in the case of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements;
- the total value of the assets of the sub-fund;
- the net yield of the sub-fund.

These information are made available on the website https://www.bnpparibas-am.lu. After having selected the sub-fund and the share class of their choice, investors can access the weekly reporting on the '*Documents*' section of the website.

ELIGIBLE ASSETS

1. Money Market Instruments

Money market instruments including financial instruments issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer.

A money market instrument shall be eligible for investment by a sub-fund provided that it fulfils all of the following requirements:

- 1.1 It falls within one of the categories below as in compliance with the provisions of Directive 2009/65 :
 - a) it is listed or traded on an official stock exchange, or on a regulated market (a market that operated regularly, is recognised and is open to the public) in an eligible state (i.e. a Member State or a Third Country);
 - b) it does not meet the requirements of point (a) but it is subject (at the securities or issuer level) to regulation aimed at protecting investors and savings, provided that they are:

i. issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or central bank of a Member State, the European Central Bank, the European Union or the European Investment Bank, a Third Country or a member of a federation; or

ii. issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on regulated markets referred to in point (a);or

iii. issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to, and which complies with European Unionprudential supervision rules or others rules at least considered to be stringent; or

iv. issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF provided that the investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in points (i), (ii) or (iii) above, and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least EUR 10 000 000 and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with the Directive 78/660, is an entity which, within a group of companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

- 1.2 It displays one of the following alternative characteristics:
 - 1. it has a legal maturity at issuance of 397 days or less;
 - 2. it has a residual maturity of 397 days or less.
- 1.3 The issuer of the money market instrument and the quality of the money market instrument has received a favourable assessment pursuant to the section "Internal Credit Quality Assessment procedure" of Book 1.
- 1.4 Notwithstanding point 1.2, a standard MMF shall also be allowed to invest in money market instruments with a residual maturity until the legal redemption date of less than or equal to 2 years, provided that the time remaining until the next interest rate reset date is 397 days or less. For that purpose, floating-rate money-market instruments and fixed-rate money-market instruments hedged by a swap arrangement shall be reset to a money market rate or index.

2. Deposits with credit institutions

A deposit with a credit institution is eligible for investment by a sub-fund provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:

- a) the deposit is repayable on demand or is able to be withdrawn at any time;
- b) the deposit matures in no more than 12 months;
- c) the credit institution has its registered office in a Member State or, where the credit institution has its registered office in a Third Country, it is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in European legislation.

3. Financial derivative instruments

A financial derivative instrument (such as IRS, forwards and futures) is eligible for investment by a sub-fund provided it is dealt in on a regulated market as referred to in point 1.1 (a) above, or OTC derivatives and provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:

- a) the underlying of the derivative instrument consists of interest rates
- b) the derivative instrument serves only the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund;
- c) the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential regulation and supervision and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF;
- d) the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative.

The acceptable collateral received by a sub-fund for financial derivative transactions will only be cash (typically from 100% to 105% after haircut).

At the date of the Prospectus, cash collateral received in the context of financial derivative instruments are not subject to reuse.

The Company does not use TRS for any of its sub-funds.

4. Repurchase agreements

A repurchase agreement shall be eligible to be entered into by a sub-fund provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:

a) it is used on a temporary basis, for no more than seven working days, only for liquidity management purposes and not for investment purposes other than as referred to in point c) below;

- b) the counterparty receiving assets transferred by the sub-fund as collateral under the repurchase agreement is prohibited from selling, investing, pledging or otherwise transferring those assets without the sub-fund's prior consent;
- c) the cash received by the sub-fund as part of the repurchase agreement is able to be
 - (i) placed on deposits in accordance with point 2)
 - (ii) invested in assets referred to point 5.5, but shall not otherwise be invested in eligible assets as referred in point 1), 2), 3)and 6), transferred or otherwise reused; and
- d) The cash received by a sub-fund as part of the repurchase agreement shall not exceed 10% of its assets;
- e) the sub-fund has the right to terminate the agreement at any time upon giving prior notice of no more than two working days.

Any sub-fund other than a public debt CNAV sub-fund may use repurchase agreements under these conditions within the limits of 5% (expected) and 10% (maximum) of the assets.

5. Reverse repurchase agreements

- 5.1 A reverse repurchase agreement shall be eligible to be entered into by a sub-fund provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - a) the sub-fund has the right to terminate the agreement at any time upon giving prior notice of no more than two working days;
 - b) the market value of the assets received as part of the reverse repurchase agreement is at all times at least equal to the value of the cash paid out.
- 5.2 The assets received by a sub-fund as part of a reverse repurchase agreement shall be money market instruments that fulfil the requirements set out in point 1. and shall not be sold, reinvested, pledged or otherwise transferred.
- 5.3 The assets received by a sub-fund as part of a reverse repurchase agreement shall be sufficiently diversified with a maximum exposure to a given issuer of 15% of the NAV of the sub-fund, except where those assets take the form of money market instruments that fulfil the requirements of point 2 (ii) of Diversification Rules below. The assets received in this context shall be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty.
- 5.4 A sub-fund that enters into a reverse repurchase agreement shall ensure that it is able to recall the full amount of cash at any time on either an accrued basis or a mark-to-market basis. When the cash is recallable at any time on a mark-to-market basis, the mark-to-market value of the reverse repurchase agreement shall be used for the calculation of the NAV of the sub-fund.
- 5.5 By way of derogation from point 5.2 above, a sub-fund may receive as part of a reverse repurchase agreement liquid transferable securities or money market instruments other than those that fulfil the requirements set out in point 1. provided that those assets comply with one of the following conditions:
 - a) they are issued or guaranteed by the European Union, a central authority or central bank of a Member State, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Stability Mechanism or the European Financial Stability Facility provided that a favourable assessment has been received regarding the credit quality assessment. The assets received as part of a reverse repurchase agreement in this respect shall be disclosed to the shareholders and shall fulfil the requirements of point 2 (ii) of Diversification Rules below.
 - b) they are issued or guaranteed by a central authority or central bank of a Third Country, provided that a favourable assessment has been received regarding the credit quality assessment.
- 5.6 The maximum proportion of assets that can be subject to reverse repurchase agreements and the expected proportion of assets that are subject to them are mentioned in Book 2 for each sub-fund.

6. Units or Shares of other MMF

- 6.1 A sub-fund may acquire the units or shares of any other MMF ('targeted MMF") provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - a) the targeted MMF is authorised under Regulation 2017/1131;
 - b) the targeted MMF does not hold units or shares in the acquiring sub-fund;
 - c) where the targeted MMF is managed, whether directly or under a delegation, by the same manager as that of the acquiring MMF or by any other company to which the manager of the acquiring MMF is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, the manager of the targeted MMF, or that other company, is prohibited from charging subscription or redemption fees on account of the investment by the acquiring MMF in the units or shares of the targeted MMF.
 - d) no more than 10 % of the assets of the targeted sub-fund are able, according to its fund rules or instruments of incorporation, to be invested in aggregate in units or shares of other sub-funds.
- 6.2 Short-term sub-funds may only invest in units or shares of other short-term MMFs
- 6.3 Standard VNAV sub-funds may invest in units or shares of short-term MMFs and standard MMFs

7. Ancillary liquid Assets

In addition to deposits with credit institutions, any sub-fund may hold ancillary liquid assets, such as cash in a bank account accessible at any time. The holding of such ancillary liquid assets could be justified, inter alia, in order to cover current or exceptional payments, in the case of sales, for the time necessary to reinvest in other Eligible Assets above.

PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

A sub-fund shall not undertake any of the following activities:

- a) investing in assets other than Eligible Assets as defined above;
- b) short sale of any of the following instruments: money market instruments, securitisations, ABCPs and units or shares of other MMFs;
- c) taking direct or indirect exposure to equity or commodities, including via derivatives, certificates representing them, indices based on them, or any other means or instrument that would give an exposure to them;
- d) entering into securities lending agreements or securities borrowing agreements, or any other agreement that would encumber the assets of the sub-fund;

e) borrowing and lending cash.

DIVERSIFICATION RULES

To ensure diversification, a sub-fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body. In this respect:

- 1. A sub-fund may invest no more than:
 - a) 5 % of its assets in money market instruments issued by the same body
 b) 10 % of its assets in deposits made with the same credit institution;

2 By way of derogation from point 1.a):

(i) a VNAV sub-fund may invest up to 10 % of its assets in money market instruments, issued by the same body provided that the total value of such money market instruments, held by the VNAV sub-fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5 % of its assets does not exceed 40 % of the value of its assets;

(ii) the CSSF may authorise a sub-fund to invest, in accordance with the principle of risk-spreading, up to 100 % of its assets in different money market instruments issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer provided that all of the following requirements are met :

- the sub-fund holds money market instruments from at least six different issues by the issuer; the sub-fund limits the investment in money market instruments from the same issue to a maximum of 30 % of its assets;
- The aggregate risk exposure to the same counterparty of a sub-fund stemming from eligible OTC derivative transactions shall not exceed 5 % of the assets of the sub-fund; 3.
- The aggregate amount of cash provided to the same counterparty of a sub-fund in reverse repurchase agreements 4. shall not exceed 15 % of the assets of the sub-fund;
- Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in points 1.a) and 3 a sub-fund shall not combine, where to do so would result in an investment of more than 15 % of its assets in a single body, any of the following: 5
 - a) investments in money market instruments, issued by that body;
 - deposits made with that body; b)
 - c) OTC financial derivative instruments giving counterparty risk exposure to that body;
- 6. A sub-fund may:
 - a) acquire units or shares of other MMFs, provided that no more than 5 % of its assets are invested in units or shares of a single MMF;
 - b) in aggregate, invest no more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other MMFs;
- Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in point 1.), a sub-fund may invest no more than 10 % of its assets in 7. bonds issued by a single credit institution that has its registered office in a Member State and is subject by law to special public supervision designed to protect bond-holders; in particular, sums deriving from the issue of those bonds shall be invested in accordance with the law in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in the event of failure of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the reimbursement of the principal and payment of the accrued interest.

Where a sub-fund invests more than 5 % of its assets in the bonds referred to in the paragraph above issued by a

single issuer, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 40 % of the value of the assets of the sub-fund.

Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in point 1., a sub-fund may invest no more than 20 % of its assets in bonds issued by a single credit institution where the requirements set out in point (f) of Article 10(1) or point (c) of Article 11(1) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 are met, including any possible investment in assets referred to 8 in point 8. above.

Where a sub-fund invests more than 5 % of its assets in the bonds referred to in the paragraph above issued by a single issuer, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60 % of the value of the assets of the sub-fund, including any possible investment in assets referred to in point 8., respecting the limits set out therein.

Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for 10. the purpose of calculating the limits referred to in points 1. to 6.

PORTFOLIO RULES

1. Short-term sub-funds

General rules

The maximum WAM (interest rate risk) of a short term sub-fund will be 60 days.

The maximum WAL (credit risk) will be 120 days. This will be calculated on the basis of the legal maturity unless the subfund holds a put option. if the limits referred to in this section are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the Company, or as a result of the exercise of subscription or redemption rights, the Company shall adopt as a priority objective the correction of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the shareholders.

A short term sub-fund will only hold money market instruments with a residual maturity until the legal redemption date of less than or equal to 397 days, taking into account the related financial instruments or the applicable terms and conditions.

Specific provisions for Public debt CNAV and LVNAV sub-funds

- (i) At least 10% of the assets of a public debt CNAV or LVNAV sub-fund are to be comprised of daily maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of one working day, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of one working day. Such a sub-fund is not to acquire any asset other than a daily maturing asset when such acquisition would result in that sub-fund investing less than 10 % of its portfolio in daily maturing assets.
- (ii) At least 30 % of its assets are to be comprised of weekly maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of five working days, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior

notice of five working days. Such a sub-fund is not to acquire any asset other than a weekly maturing asset when such acquisition would result in that sub-fund investing less than 30 % of its portfolio in weekly maturing assets.

Money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an Eligible Issuer may be included within the weekly maturing assets up to a limit of 17,5 % of the sub-fund's assets provided they have a residual maturity of up to 190 days and that they are highly liquid and can be redeemed and settled within one working day.

Specific provisions for Short term VNAV sub-funds

- (i) At least 7,5% of the assets of a short term VNAV sub-fund are to be comprised of daily maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of one working day, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of one working day. Such a sub-fund is not to acquire any asset other than a daily maturing asset when such acquisition would result in that sub-fund investing less than 7,5% of its portfolio in daily maturing assets.
- (ii) At least 15 % of its assets are to be comprised of weekly maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of five working days, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of five working days. Such a sub-fund is not to acquire any asset other than a weekly maturing asset when such acquisition would result in that sub-fund investing less than 15 % of its portfolio in weekly maturing assets.
- (iii) Money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an Eligible Issuer may be included within the weekly maturing assets up to a limit of 7,5 % of the sub-fund's assets provided they have a residual maturity of up to 190 days and that they are highly liquid and can be redeemed and settled within one working day.

2. Standard VNAV sub-funds

The maximum WAM (interest rate risk) of a standard sub-fund will be 6 months.

The maximum WAL (credit risk) will be 12 months. This will be calculated on the basis of the legal maturity unless the sub-fund holds a put option.

A standard sub-fund will only hold securities that, at the time of acquisition by the sub-fund, have an initial or residual maturity of up to 2 years, taking into account the related financial instruments or the applicable terms and conditions. The time to next reset of these securities will not exceed 397 days.

At least 7.5 % of the assets of the sub-fund are to be comprised of daily maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of one working day, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of one working day.

At least 15 % of its assets are to be comprised of weekly maturing assets, reverse repurchase agreements which are able to be terminated by giving prior notice of five working days, or cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of five working days. Longer dated money market instruments or units or shares of other MMFs may be included within the weekly maturing assets up to a limit of 7,5 % of the sub-fund assets provided they are able to be redeemed and settled within five working days.

LIMIT TO PREVENT CONCENTRATION OF OWNERSHIP

1. A sub-fund shall not hold more than 10% of the money market instruments issued by a single body.

2. This limit does not apply in respect of holdings of money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer.

GLOBAL EXPOSURE

1. Determination of global exposure

According to the Circular 11/512, the management company must calculate the sub-fund's global exposure at least **once a day**. The limits on global exposure must be complied with on an ongoing basis.

It is the responsibility of the Management Company to select an appropriate methodology to calculate the global exposure. More specifically, the selection should be based on the self-assessment by the Management Company of the sub-fund's risk profile resulting from its investment policy (including its use of financial derivative instruments).

2. Risk measurement methodology according to the sub-fund's risk profile

The sub-funds are classified after a self-assessment of their risk profile resulting from their investments policy including their inherent derivative investment strategy that determines two risk measurements methodologies:

- The advanced risk measurement methodology such as the Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to calculate global exposure where:

- a) The sub-fund engages in complex investment strategies which represent more than a negligible part of the subfunds' investment policy;
 - b) The sub-fund has more than a negligible exposure to exotic financial derivative instruments; or
- c) The commitment approach doesn't adequately capture the market risk of the portfolio.

There is currently no sub-fund under VAR

- The commitment approach methodology to calculate the global exposure should be used in every other case.

3. Commitment approach methodology

The commitment conversion methodology for **standard derivatives** is always the market value of the equivalent position in the underlying asset. This may be replaced by the notional value or the price of the futures contract where this is more conservative.

Currently, all the sub-funds use the commitment approach method.

APPENDIX 2 - COLLATERAL MANAGEMENT, STRESS TESTS, COUNTERPARTIES

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE MANAGEMENT OF COLLATERAL IN RESPECT OF REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Assets received from counterparties in respect of reverse repurchase agreements constitute collateral. In addition to the provisions set out in point 5 of Appendix 1, all collateral used to reduce counterparty risk exposure will comply with the following criteria at all times.

Liquidity

Any collateral received other than cash will be highly liquid and dealt in on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation. Collateral received will also comply with the provisions of the Appendix 1 and in accordance with the investment policy of the sub-fund.

Valuation

Collateral received will be valued on at least a daily basis, according to mark-to-market, and assets that exhibit high price volatility will not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place, dependant on the issuer's credit quality and the maturity of the received securities.

Risks

Risks linked to the management of collateral, such as operational and legal risks, will be identified, managed and mitigated by the risk management process.

Safe-keeping

Where there is a title transfer, the collateral received will be held by the Depositary. For other types of collateral arrangement, the collateral can be held by a third party depositary which is subject to prudential supervision, and which is unrelated to the provider of the collateral.

Enforcement

Collateral received will be capable of being fully enforced at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty. The Company must ensure that it is able to claim its right on the collateral in case of the occurrence of any event requiring the execution thereof. Therefore the collateral must be available at all time either directly or through the intermediary of the counterparty, in such a manner that the Company is able to appropriate or realise the securities given as collateral without delay if the counterparty fails to comply with its obligation to return the securities.

Acceptable Collateral for Reverse Repurchase Agreements - Public regulatory grid

Acceptable collateral is under the form of:

- eligible money market instruments and liquid transferable securities or other money market instruments as described in Appendix 1 point 1 (Eligible assets) and point 5.5 (Reverse Repurchase agreements),

- eligible Government Bonds, as described in Article 17.7 of the Regulation 2017/1131;

and has received a favourable assessment pursuant to the Internal Credit Quality process, if applicable.

Asset Class	Minimum Rating accepted	Haircut required	Cap by asset class / NAV	Cap by Issuer / NAV
Cash (EUR, USD, GBP and other Valuation Currency)		[0 - 10%]	100%	
Eligible OECD Government Bonds	BBB	[0 - 15%]	100%	100%
Eligible Supra & Public Debt collateral	AA-	[0 - 10%]	100%	100%
Other Eligible Countries Government Bonds	BBB	[0 - 15%]	100%	100%
Eligible OECD Corporate Bonds	А	[0 - 17%]	100%	10%
CD's (eligible OECD and other eligible countries)	A	[0 - 7%]	[10% - 30%]	10%

STRESS TESTING

Each sub-fund shall have in place sound stress testing processes that are able to identify possible events or future changes in economic conditions which could have unfavourable effects on the sub-fund.

The Investment Manager shall:

- assess possible impacts on the sub-fund generated by those events or changes

- conduct regular stress testings for different possible scenarios

- conduct stress test with a frequency determined by the Board of Directors but at least on a bi-annual basis.

Stress tests shall be:

- based on objective criteria
- consider the effects of severe plausible scenarios

Stress tests shall take into consideration reference parameters that include the following factors:

- hypothetical changes in the level of liquidity of the assets held in the portfolio of the sub-fund;

- hypothetical changes in the level of credit risk of the assets held in the portfolio of the sub-fund, including credit events and rating events;

- hypothetical movements of the interest rates and exchange rates;
- hypothetical levels of redemption;
- hypothetical widening or narrowing of spreads among indices to which interest rates of portfolio securities are tied;
- hypothetical macro systemic shocks affecting the economy as a whole.

In case of vulnerability revealed by those tests, the Investment Manager shall draw up an extensive report and a proposed action plan. Where necessary, the Investment Manager shall immediately take action by:

- strengthening the robustness of the sub-fund
- reinforcing the liquidity of the sub-fund and/or the quality of the assets of the sub-fund

Specific cases of public debt CNAV and LVNAV sub-funds

In the case of public debt CNAV and LVNAV sub-funds, the stress tests shall estimate for different scenarios the difference between the constant NAV per share and the NAV per share.

COUNTERPARTIES

The Company will enter into transactions with counterparties which the Management Company believes to be creditworthy. They may be related companies at BNP Paribas Group.Counterparties will be selected by the Management Company with respect for the following criteria:

- leading financial institutions;
- sound financial situation;
- ability to offer a range of products and services corresponding to the requirements of the Management Company;
- ability to offer reactivity for operational and legal points;
- ability to offer competitive price and the quality of the execution. Approved counterparties are required to have a minimum rating of investment grade for Reverse Repurchase agreements counterparties provided however that credit quality assessment of counterparties does not rely only on external credit ratings. Alternative quality parameters are considered such as internal credit analysis assessment and liquidity and maturity of collateral selected. While there are no predetermined legal status or geographical criteria applied in the selection of the counterparties will comply with prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to EU prudential rules. The selected counterparties do not assume any discretion over the composition or management of the sub-funds' investment portfolios or over the underlying of the financial derivative instruments, and their approval is not being required in relation to any sub-fund investment portfolio transaction.

APPENDIX 3 – INVESTMENT RISKS

Potential investors are asked to read the prospectus carefully in its entirety before making an investment. Any investments may also be affected by changes relating to rules governing exchange rate controls, taxation and deductions at source, as well as those relating to economic and monetary policies.

Investors are also warned that sub-fund performance may not be in line with stated aims and that the capital they invest (after subscription commissions have been deducted) may not be returned to them in full.

Sub-funds are exposed to various risks that differ according to their investment policies. The main risks that sub-funds are likely to be exposed to are listed below.

Some sub-funds may be particularly sensitive to one or several specific risks which are increasing their risk profiles compared to sub-funds sensitive only to generic risk; in such case those risks are specifically mentioned in the Book II.

I. Specific risks mentioned in the KIIDs

Counterparty Risk

This risk relates to the quality or the default of the counterparty with which the management company negotiates, in particular involving payment for/delivery of financial instruments and the signing of agreements involving forward financial instruments. This risk is associated with the ability of the counterparty to fulfil its commitments (for example: payment, delivery and reimbursement). This risk also relates to efficient portfolio management techniques and instruments. **Credit Risk**

This risk is present in each sub-fund having debt securities in its investment universe.

This is the risk that may derive from the rating downgrade or the default of a bond issuer to which the sub-funds are exposed, which may therefore cause the value of the investments to go down. Such risks relate to the ability of an issuer to honour its debts.

Downgrades of an issue or issuer rating may lead to a drop in the value of bonds in which the sub-fund has invested.

Some strategies utilised may be based on bonds issued by issuers with a high credit risk (junk bonds).

Sub-funds investing in high-yield bonds present a higher than average risk due to the greater fluctuation of their currency or the quality of the issuer.

Derivatives Risk

For hedging purposes, the sub-fund is allowed to use derivative investments' techniques and instruments under the circumstances set forth in Appendices 1 and 2 of Book 1.

Liquidity Risk

This risk may concern all financial instruments and impact one or several sub-funds.

There is a risk that investments made by the sub-funds may become illiquid due to an over-restricted market (often reflected by a very broad bid-ask spread or by substantial price movements), if their "rating" declines or if the economic situation deteriorates; consequently, it may not be possible to sell or buy these investments quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss in these sub-funds. Moreover, it may not be possible to sell or buy these investments.

II. Generic risks present in all sub-funds

Inflation Risk

All types of investments are concerned by this risk.

Over time, yields of short-term investments may not keep pace with inflation, leading to a reduction in an investment's purchasing power.

Interest Rate Risk

This risk is present in each sub-fund having debt securities in its investment universe.

The value of an investment may be affected by interest rate fluctuations. Interest rates may be influenced by several elements or events, such as monetary policy, the discount rate, inflation, etc.

The investor's attention is drawn to the fact that an increase in interest rates results in a decrease in the value of investments in bonds and debt instruments.

Low Interest Rate Consequence

This risk is present in each sub-fund having debt securities in its investment universe.

A very low level of interest rates may affect the return on short term assets held by monetary funds which may not be sufficient to cover management and operating costs leading to a structural decrease of the net asset value of the subfund.

Taxation Risk

This is a generic risk.

The value of an investment may be affected by the application of tax laws in various countries, including withholding tax, changes in government, economic, or monetary policy in the countries concerned. As such, no guarantee can be given that the financial objectives will actually be achieved.

III. Additional Risks linked to OTC Derivatives and collateral management

Efficient Portfolio Management Techniques Risks

This risk is present in each sub-fund using efficient portfolio management techniques.

Efficient portfolio management techniques, such as repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions, and particularly with respect to the quality of the collateral received / reinvested, may lead to several risks such as liquidity risk, counterparty risk, issuer risk, valuation risk and settlement risk, which can have an impact on the performance of the sub-fund concerned.

Reverse Repurchase transactions Risk

The assets received by a sub-fund as part of a reverse repurchase agreement shall fulfil the requirements set out in point 5 of Eligible Assets in Appendix 1.

If the cash receiver to the reverse repurchase agreement should default, the sub-fund might suffer a loss since the value of the collateral received may be less than the value of the cash; this could be due to erroneous collateral pricing, credit rating deterioration of the collateral issuer, adverse market movements in the value of the collateral, and finally market illiquidity where the collateral is traded.;

Some events may restrict the ability of the sub-fund to meet redemption requests or security purchases: delays in recovering cash placed out, locking cash in transactions of significant size or duration or difficulty in realising collateral. As any cash collateral received from sellers may be reinvested, there is a risk that the value on return of the reinvested cash collateral may decline below the amount owed to those sellers.

Collateral management Risk

Collateral may be engaged to mitigate the counterparty default risk, despite this there is a risk that the collateral taken, especially where it is in the form of securities, when realised does not raise sufficient cash to settle the counterparty's liability. This may be due to factors including inaccurate collateral pricing, adverse market movements in the value of collateral, a deterioration in the credit rating of the issuer of the collateral, or the illiquidity of the market in which the collateral is traded. Please also refer to "Liquidity Risk" above in respect of liquidity risk which may be particularly relevant where collateral takes the form of securities.

Where a sub-fund is in turn required to post collateral with counterparty, there is a risk that the value of the collateral placed with the counterparty is higher than the cash or investments received by the sub-fund.

In either case, where there are delays or difficulties in recovering assets or cash, collateral posted with counterparties, or realising collateral received from counterparties, the sub-funds may face difficulties in meeting redemption or purchase requests or in meeting delivery or purchase obligations under other contracts.

As collateral will take the form of cash or certain financial instruments, the market risk is relevant. Collateral received by a sub-fund may be held either by the Depositary or by a third party depositary. In either case there may be a risk of loss where such assets are held in custody resulting from events such as the insolvency or negligence of a depositary or sub-depositary.

Legal Risk

There is a risk that agreements and derivatives techniques are terminated due, for instance, to bankruptcy, illegality, change in tax or accounting laws. In such circumstances, a sub-fund may be required to cover any losses incurred. Furthermore, certain transactions are entered into on the basis of complex legal documents. Such documents may be difficult to enforce or may be the subject to a dispute as to interpretation in certain circumstances. Whilst the rights and obligations of the parties to a legal document may be governed by Luxembourg law, in certain circumstances (insolvency proceedings) other legal systems may take priority which may affect the enforceability of existing transactions. The use of derivatives may also expose a sub-fund to the risk of loss resulting from changing laws or from the unexpected application of a law or regulation, or because a court declares a contract not legally enforceable.

<u>Operational risk</u>

Investing in derivatives may include a counterparty breaching its obligations to provide collateral, or may include operational issues (such as time gaps between the calculation of risk exposure to a counterparty's provision of additional collateral or substitutions of collateral or the sale of collateral in the event of a default by a counterparty), there may be instances where a sub-fund's credit exposure to its counterparty under a derivative contract is not fully collateralised but each sub-fund will continue to observe the limits set out in Appendix I.

APPENDIX 4 - LIQUIDATION, MERGER, TRANSFER AND SPLITTING PROCEDURES

Liquidation, Merger, Transfer and Splitting of Sub-funds

The Board of Directors shall have sole authority to decide on the effectiveness and terms of the following, under the limitations and conditions prescribed by the Law:

- 1) either the pure and simple liquidation of a sub-fund;
- 2) or the closure of a sub-fund (merging sub-fund) by transfer to another sub-fund of the Company;
- 3) or the closure of a sub-fund (merging sub-fund) by transfer to another UCI, whether incorporated under Luxembourg law or established in another member state of the European Union;
- 4) or the transfer to a sub-fund (receiving sub-fund) a) of another sub-fund of the Company, and/or b) of a sub-fund of another collective investment undertaking, whether incorporated under Luxembourg law or established in another member state of the European Union, and/or c) of another collective investment undertaking, whether incorporated under Luxembourg law or established in another member state of the European Union, and/or c) of another collective investment undertaking, whether incorporated under Luxembourg law or established in another member state of the European Union;
- 5) or the splitting of a sub-fund.

The splitting techniques will be the same as the merger one foreseen by the Law.

As an exception to the foregoing, if the Company should cease to exist as a result of such a merger, the effectiveness of this merger must be decided by a General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company resolving validly whatever the portion of the capital represented. The resolutions are taken by a simple majority of the votes expressed. The expressed votes do not include those attached to the shares for which the shareholder did not take part in the vote, abstained or voted white or no.

To avoid any investment breach due to the merger, and in the interest of the shareholders, the Investment Manager might need to rebalance the portfolio of the Merging sub-fund before the merger. Such rebalancing shall be compliant with the investment policy of the Receiving sub-fund.

In the event of the pure and simple liquidation of a sub-fund, the net assets shall be distributed at the time of closure of the liquidation and at the latest between the eligible parties in proportion to the assets they own in said sub-fund. The assets not distributed within nine months of the date of the decision to liquidate shall be deposited with the Public Trust Office (*Caisse de Consignation*) until the end of the legally specified limitation period.

Pursuant to this matter, the decision adopted at the level of a sub-fund may be adopted similarly at the level of a category or a class.

Dissolution and Liquidation of the Company

The Board of Directors may, at any time and for any reason whatsoever, propose to the General Meeting the dissolution and liquidation of the Company. The General Meeting will give its ruling in accordance with the same procedure as for amendments to the Articles of Association.

If the Company's capital falls below two-thirds of the minimum legal capital, the Board of Directors may submit the question of the Company's dissolution to the General Meeting. The General Meeting, for which no quorum is applicable, will decide based on a simple majority of the votes of shareholders present or represented, account shall not be taken of abstentions.

If the Company's capital falls below one-quarter of the minimum legal capital, the Board of Directors shall submit the question of the Company's dissolution to the General Meeting. The General Meeting, for which no quorum is applicable, will decide based on a part of one-quarter of the votes of shareholders present or represented, account shall not be taken of abstentions.

In the event of the Company's dissolution, the liquidation will be conducted by one or more liquidators that may be individuals or legal entities. They will be appointed by the General Shareholders' Meeting, which will determine their powers and remuneration, without prejudice to the application of the Law.

The net proceeds of the liquidation of each sub-fund, category, or class will be distributed by the liquidators to the shareholders of each sub-fund, category, or class in proportion to the number of shares they hold in the sub-fund, category, or class.

In the case of straightforward liquidation of the Company, the net assets will be distributed to the eligible parties in proportion to the shares held in the Company. Net assets not distributed at the time of closure of the liquidation and at the latest within a maximum period of nine months effective from the date of the liquidation will be deposited at the Public Trust Office (Caisse de Consignation) until the end of the legally specified limitation period.

The calculation of the net asset value, and all subscriptions, conversions and redemptions of shares in these sub-funds, categories, or classes will also be suspended throughout the liquidation period. The General Meeting must be held within forty days of the date on which it is ascertained that the Company's net assets have fallen below the minimum legal threshold of two-thirds or one-quarter, as applicable.

BOOK II

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 1D CNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in EUR in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a Public Debt Constant Net Asset Value (CNAV) short-term money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 at least 99.5 % of its assets in EUR denominated money market instruments issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer, reverse repurchase agreements secured with government debt of a Sovereign Eligible Issuer and ancillary liquid assets denominated in EUR.

The remaining portion may be invested in any other Eligible Asset referred to in Appendix 1 of Book 1.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 40%
- maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

EUR

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic Distribution		LU1925355494		
Privilege Distribution	DIS	LU1925355577	Yes	EUR
I Distribution	013	LU1925355650	Stable NAV	EUK
X Distribution		LU1925355734		

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 1D CNAV

Fees and Costs

	Fees payable by the sub-fund					
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement		
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%		
Privilege	0.20%	None	0.10%	0.01%		
1	0.15%	None	0.10%	Nana		
Х	None		0.10%	None		

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday with the exception of any day designated as a TARGET closing day* by the European Central Bank, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

***TARGET closing day:** a day on which no standing facilities would be available at the national central banks. These days will not be settlement days for the euro money market or for foreign exchange transactions involving the euro, and the euro overnight index average (EONIA) will not be published.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:30 CET on the Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched not yet launched at the date of the Prospectus.

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in EUR in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short term variable net asset value money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131. The subfund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of EUR denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of other short term MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in EUR. Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

- Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:
 - expected : 20%
 - maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

EUR

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency	Other Valuation Currencies
Classic	САР	LU0167237543	No		
Classic T1	CAP	LU0547770783	INU		
Privilege	CAP	LU0167237972	No		
Privilege T1	CAP	LU0783285090	No		
Privilege M Distribution	DIS	LU0957144719	Monthly	EUR	None
l	CAP	LU0094219127	No	2010	
IT1	CAP	LU0528984122	No		
IT3	CAP	LU1925355908	No		
I M Distribution	DIS	LU0957144636	Monthly		
Х	CAP	LU0167238434	No		

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

		Fees paya	ble by the sub-fund	
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	
				0.01%
Privilege	0.20%	None	0.10%	
I	0.15%		0.10%	Nana
Х	None		0.10%	None

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday with the exception of any day designated as a TARGET closing day* by the European Central Bank, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

*TARGET closing day: a day on which no standing facilities would be available at the national central banks. These days will not be settlement days for the euro money market or for foreign exchange transactions involving the euro, and the euro overnight index average (EONIA) will not be published.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (one bank business day after the Valuation Day) and except for the T3 (three bank business days after the Valuation Day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 26 May 2006 with the name "BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR" Current name as from 20 March 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 1D LVNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 1D LVNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in EUR in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short-term low volatility net asset value money market fund as defined by Regulation 2017/1131. The subfund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of EUR denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of other short term MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in EUR.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 10%
- maximum : 100%

<u>Risk profile</u>

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

EUR

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic Distribution		LU1925355817		
Privilege Distribution	DIS	Not yet attributed	Yes	EUR
I Distribution		Not yet attributed		
X Distribution		LU1928618708		

All these share classes are not necessarily active. For each active class, a KIID is available which mentions, among other, the launch date, the reference/accounting currency and the historical performance. The KIIDs are available on the website <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com</u>.

Fees and Costs	e sub-fund			
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%
Privilege	0.20%	No	0.10%	0.01%
1	0.15%	INO	0.10%	Nana
Х	None		0.10%	None

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 1D LVNAV

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday with the exception of any day designated as a TARGET closing day* by the European Central Bank, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

*TARGET closing day: a day on which no standing facilities would be available at the national central banks. These days will not be settlement days for the euro money market or for foreign exchange transactions involving the euro, and the euro overnight index average (EONIA) will not be published.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund not yet launched at the date of the Prospectus.

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 3M STANDARD VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 3M STANDARD VNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in EUR in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 3-month period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 3-month period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a standard variable net asset value money market fund as defined by Regulation 2017/1131.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of EUR denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of short term MMFs or other Standard MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in EUR.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 5%
- maximum : 100%

<u>Risk profile</u>

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

EUR

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic		LU0423950210		
Classic T1	САР	LU0547771674	- No	
Privilege	CAP	LU0423950053		
Privilege T1		LU0547771757		
Privilege M Distribution	DIS	LU0957145369	Monthly	EUR
I	CAP	LU0423949717	No	
IT1	CAP	LU0787647329	- NO	
I M Distribution	DIS	LU0957145286	Monthly	
Х	CAP	LU0423950301	No	

BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR 3M STANDARD VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash EUR 3M STANDARD VNAV

Fees and Costs

	Fees payable by the sub-fund					
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾		
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%		
Privilege	0.20%	Nana	0.10%	0.01%		
1	0.15%	None	0.10%	Nana		
Х	None		0.10%	None		

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Valuation Day

For each day of the week on which banks are open for business in Luxembourg (a "Valuation Day"), there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on trading days in Luxembourg, and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 12 May 2009 with the name "BNP Paribas InstiCash EUR Government".

Renamed "BNP Paribas InstiCash Money 3M EUR" on 2nd November 2012.

Current name as from 14 January 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D CNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in GBP in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a Public Debt Constant Net Asset Value (CNAV) short term money market fund as defined in the regulation 2017/1131.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 at least 99.5 % of its assets in GBP denominated money market instruments issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer, reverse repurchase agreements secured with government debt of a Sovereign Eligible Issuer and ancillary liquid assets denominated in GBP.

The remaining portion may be invested in any other Eligible Asset refer to in Appendix 1 of Book 1.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 40%
- maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

GBP

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic Distribution		LU1925356039		
Privilege Distribution		LU1925356112	Yes	GBP
I Distribution	DIS	LU1925356203	Stable NAV	GBP
X Distribution		LU1925356385		

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D CNAV

	Fees payable by the sub-fund						
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾			
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.019/			
Privilege	0.20%	None	0.10%	- 0.01%			
1	0.15%	None	0.10%	None			
Х	None		0.10%	None			

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

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A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Bank of England and the London Stock Exchange are open, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched not yet launched at the date of the Prospectus.

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D LVNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D LVNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in GBP in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short-term low volatility net asset value money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131. The subfund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of GBP denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of other short term MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in GBP.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 10%
- maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

GBP

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency	
Classic Distribution		LU1925356468			
Privilege Distribution	DIS	LU0783285769	Yes	GBP	
I Distribution		LU0212992787	Stable NAV		
X Distribution		LU1925356542			

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D LVNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D LVNAV

Catagony	Fees payable by the sub-fund					
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾		
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.010/		
Privilege	0.20%		0.10%	- 0.01%		
I	0.15%	None				
Х	None		0.10%	None		

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

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Business Day:

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Bank of England and the London Stock Exchange are open, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

Valuation Day:

For each Business day of the week, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 19 April 2010 with the name "BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP" Current name as from 14 January 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D Short Term VNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in GBP in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short-term variable net asset value money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131. The sub-fund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of GBP denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of other MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in GBP.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 10%
- maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

GBP

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic		LU0167236651		
Classic T1	CAP	LU0547771328	No	
Privilege		LU0167236909		
Privilege T1	CAP	LU0783285686	No	
Privilege M Distribution	DIS	LU0957145104	Monthly	GBP
I	CAP	LU0090883421	No	
IT1	CAP	LU0783285504	No	
I M Distribution	DIS	LU0957145013	Monthly]
Х	CAP	LU0167237113	No]

BNP Paribas InstiCash GBP 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash GBP 1D Short Term VNAV

		Fees pa	yable by the sub-fund	
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾
Classic	0.35%	None	0.35%	0.01%
Privilege	0.20%		0.10%	0.01%
	0.15%			
Х	None		0.10%	None

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

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Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Bank of England and the London Stock Exchange are open, and any additional day determined by the Management Company.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
14:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 10:30 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 14 January 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D CNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in USD in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a Public Debt Constant Net Asset Value (CNAV) short term money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 at least 99.5 % of its assets in USD denominated money market instruments issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by a Sovereign Eligible Issuer, reverse repurchase agreements secured with government debt of a Sovereign Eligible Issuer and ancillary liquid assets denominated in USD.

The remaining portion may be invested in any other Eligible Asset refer to in Appendix 1 of Book 1.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 40%
- maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

USD

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic Distribution		LU1925356625		
Privilege Distribution	DIE	LU1925356898	Yes	
I Distribution	DIS	LU1925356971	Stable NAV	USD
X Distribution		LU1925357193		

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D CNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D CNAV

Fees and Costs

		Fees payable by the sub-fund				
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾		
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%		
Privilege	0.20%	None	0.10%	0.0176		
1	0.15%		0.400/	None		
Х	None		0.10%	None		

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the New York Stock Exchange are open, andany additional day determined by the Management Company.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
17:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 12:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched not yet launched at the date of the Prospectus.

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D LVNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D LVNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in USD in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short term low volatility net asset value money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131. The subfund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of USD denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, as defined in this Prospectus, units or shares of other short term MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in USD.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the weighted average maturity (interest rate risk) of the sub-fund.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 10%
- maximum : 100%

<u>Risk profile</u>

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk
- For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

USD

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic Distribution	DIS	LU1925357276	Yes	USD
Privilege Distribution		LU0783285330		
I Distribution		LU0212992357		
X Distribution		LU1925357359		

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D LVNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D LVNAV

Fees and Costs

Category	Fees payable by the sub-fund				
	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement ⁽¹⁾	
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%	
Privilege	0.20%	None	0.10%	0.01%	
1	0.15%		0.10%	None	
Х	None				

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the New York Stock Exchange are open, andany additional day determined by the Management Company.

Valuation Day

For each Business day, there is a corresponding NAV which is dated the same day.

It is available at the Company's registered office, from local agents, and in any newspapers designated by the Board of Directors and the web site <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

Terms of subscription / conversion / redemption:

Subscription, redemption and conversion orders will be processed at an unknown net asset value in accordance with the rules set out below, only on Valuation days and the time mentioned is Luxembourg time.

Centralisation of orders	Orders Trade Date	NAV calculation and publication date	Orders Settlement Date ⁽¹⁾
17:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day 12:00 CET on the NAV Valuation Day ⁽²⁾	Valuation Day (D)	Valuation Day (D)	On the Valuation Day except for the T1 (day after the valuation day)

(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 16 July 2008 with the name "BNP Paribas InstiCash USD".

Current name as from 14 January 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting:

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

Investment objective

To achieve the best possible return in USD in line with prevailing money market rates, over a 1-day period while aiming to preserve capital consistent with such rates and to maintain a high degree of liquidity and diversification; the 1-day period corresponds to the recommended investment horizon of the sub-fund.

Investment policy

The sub-fund is a short-term variable net asset value money market fund as defined in the Regulation 2017/1131. The sub-fund is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. This rating was solicited and financed by the Management Company. It is subject to a periodic review conducted by Standard & Poor's.

The sub-fund invests within the limits set out in Appendix 1 of Book 1 in a diversified portfolio of USD denominated money market instruments, deposits with credit institutions, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, units or shares of other short term MMFs and ancillary liquid assets denominated in USD.

Financial derivative instruments (e.g. IRS) are used only for the purpose of hedging the interest rate of the sub-fund. The impact of these financial derivative instruments will be taken into account for the calculation of the WAM.

These investments must fulfill the Portfolio rules and credit quality assessment as set out in Book 1.

Level (proportion of assets) of use of reverse repurchase agreements:

- expected : 10%
 - maximum : 100%

Risk profile

Specific sub-fund risks:

- Counterparty risk
- Derivative risk

For an overview of generic risks, please refer to the Appendix 3 of Book I of the Prospectus.

Investor type profile

This sub-fund is suitable for investors who:

- o Are looking for a very low price volatility and high marketability;
- o Prioritise maintenance of the real value of invested capital;
- o Want to take minimal market risks

Accounting currency

USD

Share Categories

Category	Class	ISIN code	Dividend	Reference Currency
Classic		LU0167238863	No	
Classic T1	САР	LU0783285413		
Privilege	CAP	LU0167239168		
Privilege T1]	LU0783285256		
Privilege M Distribution	DIS	LU0957144982	Monthly	USD
	CAP	LU0090884072	No	
IT1	CAP	LU0783285173	No	
I M Distribution	DIS	LU0957144800	Monthly	
Х	CAP	LU0167239598	No	

BNP Paribas InstiCash USD 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

short-named BNPP InstiCash USD 1D SHORT TERM VNAV

Fees and Costs

	Fees payable by the sub-fund				
Category	Management (maximum)	Performance	Other (maximum)	Taxe d'abonnement	
Classic	0.35%		0.35%	0.01%	
Privilege	0.20%	Nono	0.10%		
I	0.15%	- None	0.10%	None	
Х	None				

(1) In addition, the Company may be subject to foreign UCI's tax, and/or other regulators levy, in the country where the sub-fund is registered for distribution.

Additional information

Business Day

A Business Day is every day other than a Saturday or a Sunday on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the New York Stock Exchange are open, andany additional day determined by the Management Company.

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(1) If the settlement day is a currency holiday, the settlement will occur the following business day.

(2) Only applicable to the Valuation Day preceding 25 December and 1st January of the corresponding year

Historical information:

Sub-fund launched on 14 January 2019

Taxation:

Potential shareholders are recommended to seek full information in their country of origin, place of residence or domicile on the possible tax consequences associated with their investment.

Weekly reporting: