Fund Objective

The Fund objective is to generate positive long term returns across varying market conditions from an actively managed portfolio of different asset classes, including equities, bonds, convertible bonds, currencies and money market securities on an international basis.

Please note that this fund well be closed on the 30th April 2019 and is no longer open to new subscriptions. Please see the Prospectus for full details.

Fund Management

Lee Manzi joined Jupiter in July 2010. Lee has managed the Jupiter Strategic Total Return Fund since October 2017. Prior to this he was comanager of the fund from October 2010.

Fund Information as at 31.03.2019

Product Information				
Fund Launch Date:		01.10.2010		
Benchmark:	Euribor	EBF 1 Month		
Morningstar Category:	Alt - Multistrategy			
Lipper Classification:	Absolute Return EUR Low			
FE Sector:	Off Mt Absolute Return			
Market Exposure				
	Net	Gross		
As a % of assets:	92.7%	128.7%		
	Short	Long		
Positions as a % of assets:	-18.0%	110.7%		

Price Information	
Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in Luxembourg
Base Currency:	EUR
Available On:	www.jupiteram.com
Fund Size	
Fund Value:	EUR 21m
Long Holdings:	120

Fund Performance as at 31032019

Cumulative Performance (%)

	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs	Since Launch
Fund	-1.6	-2.4	-3.3	-	1.9
Benchmark	-0.4	-1.1	-1.2	-	0.7

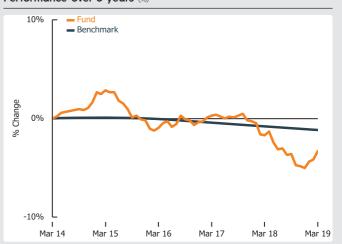
Year-on-year Performance (%)

	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015
Fund	-1.6	-2.0	1.2	-3.7	2.8
Benchmark	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.1	0.1

Calendar Year Performance (%)

	YTD	2018	2017	2016	2015
Fund	1.8	-4.8	0.1	-0.2	-1.8
Benchmark	-0.1	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1

Performance over 5 years (%)



Short Holdings:

Past performance is no indication of current or future performance. Performance data does not take into account commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of shares. All performance figures in this factsheet are for the L EUR ACC share class.

Source: FE, gross income reinvested, net of fees. 31.03.2019

Risks

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Investors should carefully read the Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) before making an investment decision. The fund manager can use derivatives for investment purposes, to take long and short positions based on their view of the market direction, so the fund's performance is unlikely to track the performance of broader bond and equity markets. Taking short positions creates the opportunity for a fund to deliver positive returns in falling markets, but also means that a fund could deliver negative returns in rising markets. The potential loss on a short position is unlimited, because the price of the underlying investment can carry on rising. There is also a risk that counterparties to derivatives may become insolvent, which may cause losses to the fund. The fund can invest in high yield bonds and bonds which are not rated by a credit rating agency. While such bonds may offer a higher income, the interest paid on them and their capital value is at greater risk of not being repaid, particularly during periods of changing market conditions. The KIID and Prospectus are available from Jupiter on request. This fund can invest more than 35% of its value in securities issued or guaranteed by an EEA state. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at www.jupiteram.com.



Jupiter Strategic Total Return

A sub-fund of The Jupiter Global Fund SICAV

Apr 2019

Fund Holdings as at 31.03.2019

Australia 4.75% 21/04/27	3.1%
Australia 4.50% 21/04/33	2.8%
Wells Fargo 0.106% 02/06/20	1.9%
Goldman Sachs 0.373% 29/04/19	1.9%
Thames Water 5.05% 30/06/20	1.7%
Anheuser-Busch NV 0.488% 17/03/20	1.6%
Natwest Markets Plc Medium Term Note Fixed 5.375% 30/09/19	1.5%
Leeds Building Society 1.375% 05/05/22	1.5%
Mcdonald's 0.50% 15/01/21	1.4%
Sampo 1.125% 24/05/19	1.4%
Total	18.8%

Asset	Allocation	%	of	Net	Assets	
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	Short	Long
Corporate Bond		31.3%
Floating Rate Note		24.7%
Convertible Bond		19.4%
Bond Future	-9.7%	13.1%
Common Stock		11.7%
Government Bond		5.9%
Index Future	-8.3%	4.5%
Index Call Option		0.1%
Total	-18.0%	110.7%

Credit Rating

AAA	5.9%
AA	5.6%
A	17.1%
BBB	30.6%
BB	6.9%
В	2.1%
Not Rated	13.2%
Total ¹	81.3%
¹ Credit ratings are calculated using ass rating agencies.	set ratings from different

Additional Information

Average Credit Rating	BBB+
Portfolio Delta	16.66
Portfolio Duration	1.79
No. of Convertible Securities	25
No. of Debt Securities	55
No. of Equity Securities	35
· ·	

Charges and Codes

Share Class	Income Distribution Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	Valor	Initial Charge (max.)	Ongoing Charges Figure	Annual Management Charge (max.)
L EUR ACC	Accumulation	LU0522253292	JGSTRLE LX	11796019	5.00%	1.52%	1.25%

The Ongoing Charges Figure is based on fees and expenses for the year ended 30 September 2018. It includes the Annual Management Charge and aggregate operating fees chargeable to the fund. Where the fund invests in other funds, it includes the impact of the charges made in those funds. Jupiter does not engage in stock lending. For details of all share classes and fees and charges, please refer to the Prospectus and Annual Report for each financial year.

Credif Rating Disclaimer: The Composite Rating is created using a methodology developed by Jupiter Asset Management Limited using ratings from various ratings agencies. The Composite Rating is not a credit opinion nor is it a rating issued from a ratings agency, including Standard & Poor's. Although an S&P rating may be used in Jupiter Asset Management Limited's methodology in creating the Composite Rating, S&P does not sponsor, endorse or promote the Composite Rating. To the extent that the Composite Rating has been created using an S&P rating, such S&P rating was used under license from S&P and S&P reserves all rights with respect to such S&P rating.





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Important information: This factsheet is for informational purposes only and is not investment advice. We recommend you discuss any investment decisions with a financial adviser, particularly if you are unsure whether an investment is suitable. Jupiter is unable to provide investment advice. Initial charges are likely to have a greater proportionate effect on returns if investments are liquidated in the shorter term. Every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the information but no assurance or warranties are given. It is not an invitation to subscribe for shares in the Jupiter Global Fund (the Company) or any other fund managed by Jupiter Asset Management Limited. The Company is a UCITS fund incorporated as a Société Anonyme in Luxembourg and organised as a Société d'investissement à Capital Variable (SICAV). This information is only directed at persons residing in jurisdictions where the Company and its shares are authorised for distribution or where no such authorisation is required. The sub fund may be subject to various other risk factors, please refer to the Prospectus for further information. Prospective purchasers of shares of the sub funds of the Company should inform themselves as to the legal requirements, exchange control regulations and applicable taxes in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile. Subscriptions can only be made on the basis of the current Prospectus and the KIID, accompanied by the most recent audited annual report and semi-annual report. These documents are available for download from www.jupiteram.com. The KIID and, where required, the Prospectus, along with other advertising materials which have been approved for public distribution in accordance with the local regulations are available in English, French, Finnish, German, Italian, Spanish and Swedish. Before subscribing, please read the Prospectus. Hard copies may be obtained free of charge upon request from any of:

The Company Custodian and Administrator: JP Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A, 6 Route de Trèves, Senningerberg, L-2633, Luxembourg; and from certain of the Company's distributors; Austria: Jupiter Asset Management Limited, Austria branch, Goldenes Quartier, Tuchlauben 7a, 1010 Vienna, Austria; France: CACEIS Bank France, 1/3 Place Valhubert, 75013 Paris, France; Italy: BNP Paribas Securities Services, Milan branch, Piazza Lina Bo Bardi, 3 20124 Milano, Italy. Allfunds Bank, S.A.U., Milan Branch, Via Bocchetto 6, 20123 Milano, Italy. The Fund has been registered with the Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa (CONSOB) for the offer in Italy to retail investors; Luxembourg: the Company's registered office: 6 Route de Trèves, Senningerberg, L-2633, Luxembourg; Netherlands: Jupiter Asset Management Limited, Netherlands branch, Kennedy Toren, Kennedy Plein 200, 5611 ZT Eindhoven, Netherlands. Chamber of Commerce number: 71812393;Spain: Allfunds Bank, C/ La Estafeta 6, Edificio 3, 28109 Alcobendas, Madrid, Spain. For the purposes of distribution in Spain, the Company is registered with the Spanish Securities Markets Commission - Comission Nacional del Mercado de Valores ("CNMV") under registration number 1253, where complete information, including a copy of the marketing memorandum, is available from the Company's authorised distributors. Subscriptions should be made through a locally authorised distributor. The net asset value is available on www.jupiteram.com. Sweden: Jupiter Asset Management Limited, Nordic branch, 4th Floor, Strandvagen 7A, 114 56 Stockholm, Sweden; Switzerland: Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the Prospectus, KillDs and the annual and semi-annual reports of the Company may be obtained free of charge from the Company's representative and paying agent in Switzerland, BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, Succursale de Zurich, whose registered office is at Selnaustrasse 16, 8002 Zurich, Switzerland; United Kingdom: Jupiter Asset Management Limited (the Investment Manager),

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Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

Bond: a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon.**

CFROI: means cash flow return on investment.

Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond. See **Bond**.

Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's creditworthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

Delfa/Weighted Average Delfa: delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." **Weighted Average Delfa** refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. See **Derivative**.

Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. **Futures** contracts, **forward** contracts, **options** and **swaps** are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**.

Distribution Yield: the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.

Duration/Modified Duration: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. **Modified duration** estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund. **Effective duration** estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

Exposure: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure.**

Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond.**

Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to

a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond.**

Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future**. **Derivative**.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage.**

Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions *plus* the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value.**

High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond, Coupon.**

Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee.**

Leverage: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value.**

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. **Money market instruments** are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

Net asset value: in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure**, **Long/short Position**.

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See **Bond**.

Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative.**

Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value**.

Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a **hurdle rate**.

Risk and Reward Profile: The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. The lowest rank does not mean `no risk'. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or

financial asset. Also **Equity.**

SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price**.

Total return: the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to maturity (YTM) measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

Yield: the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage.



