

Oddo Compass: Euro Corporate Bond
a sub-fund of

ODDO COMPASS

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable with multiple sub-funds
incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Information Memorandum for Investors in / from Singapore accompanying Oddo Compass prospectus dated July 2016 (the "Prospectus")

This document is important.

The offer or invitation to subscribe for or purchase shares in the Sub-Fund (the "**Shares**"), which is the subject of this Information Memorandum, is made pursuant to the exemptions under section 304 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "**SFA**") (for institutional investors as defined under the SFA) and section 305 of the SFA (for relevant persons as defined under the SFA and persons who can meet the requirements under section 305(2) of the SFA), as applicable (collectively, the "Exempt Offer"). The Sub-Fund is not authorised or recognised by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (the "**MAS**") and the Shares are not allowed to be made to the retail public in Singapore. This Information Memorandum and any other document or material issued in connection with the Exempt Offer is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply.

The MAS assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Information Memorandum or such other document or material.

No offer of the Shares for subscription or purchase, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase the Shares, may be made, nor any document or other material (including but not limited to this Information Memorandum) relating to the Exempt Offer of the Shares may be circulated or distributed, either directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than to:

- (i) "institutional investors" pursuant to Section 304 of the SFA
- (ii) "relevant persons" pursuant to section 305(1) of the SFA,
- (iii) any person pursuant to Section 305(2) of the SFA, or
- (iv) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, other applicable provisions of the SFA.

The Sub-Fund is a restricted scheme under the Sixth Schedule to the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations. The Exempt Offer and the holding and subsequent transfer of the Shares subscribed for or purchased pursuant to the Exempt Offer are subject to restrictions and conditions under the SFA. You should consider carefully whether you are permitted (under the SFA and any laws or regulations applicable to you) to make an investment in the Shares and whether any such investment is suitable for you and you should consult your legal or professional advisor if in doubt.

The Company

The Sub-Fund is a sub-fund in an umbrella fund, Oddo Compass (the “**Company**”). The Company is a limited company (“société anonyme”) incorporated in the form of an Investment Company with Variable Capital (“Société d’Investissement à Capital Variable”) with multiple sub-funds, under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

The Company was incorporated on 18 December 1998 under the name of “WestLB Compass Fund” and is governed by the law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies and by the 2010 Law, as they have been or may be amended in the future.

The registered office of the Company is established at European Bank and Business Center, 6C, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg. The Company is recorded at the “Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés” with the District Court of Luxembourg under the number B 67 580.

The Articles have been published in the “Mémorial C, Recueil Spécial des Sociétés et Associations” (the “Memorial”) of 1 February 1999 and have been filed with the Chancery of the District Court of Luxembourg together with the “Notice légale” on the issue and sale of Shares. The latest amendment of the Articles was made on 1 February 2016, a publication in the Mémorial will be made on 19 February 2016.

The minimum capital of the Company, as provided by law, is Euro 1,250,000.-. The capital of the Company is represented by fully paid-up Shares of no par value. The Company is open-ended which means that it may, at any time on the request of the shareholders, redeem its Shares at prices based on the applicable Net Asset Value per Share.

The Company is authorised and regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (“CSSF”), the Luxembourg financial supervisory authority.

Managers

Management Company

The Company has appointed Oddo Meriten Asset Management S.A. to serve as its designated management company in accordance with the 2010 Law pursuant to a management company agreement effective as of 1 February 2016 (the “Management Company Agreement”). Under this Management Company Agreement, the Management Company provides investment management, administrative and marketing services to the Company, subject to the overall supervision and control of the Board of Directors.

In fulfilling its responsibilities set forth by the 2010 Law and the Management Company Agreement, the Management Company is permitted to delegate all or a part of its functions and duties to third parties, provided that it retains responsibility and oversight over such delegates. The appointment of third parties is subject to the approval of the Company and the Regulatory Authority. The Management Company’s liability shall not be affected by the fact that it has delegated its functions and duties to third parties.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management S.A. has been incorporated on 14 April 1987 as a public limited company (société anonyme) for an unlimited period of time under the laws of France under the name of Oddo Asset Management S.A. Its Articles have been amended for the last time on 10 September 2015 and were published in the “Registre du commerce et des sociétés”. The share capital amounts to Euro 7 500 000. It is registered, as a management company, on the official register of the “Autorité des marchés financiers” under n°GP99011.

The Management Company is in charge of the day-to-day operations of the Company. It has delegated the following functions to third parties: investment management, central administration as well as marketing and distribution. For a detailed description of the delegation of the aforementioned functions to third parties, see sections “Sub-Managers”, “Central Administration Agent” and “Distributors” of the attached Prospectus.

Investment Manager

Subject to the overall responsibility of the Board of Directors, the Management Company will provide or procure for the Sub-Fund investment management services pursuant to the Management Company Agreement. Pursuant to such agreement, the Management Company has agreed to provide or procure for the Company the management services necessary for its operations.

In order to implement the investment policies of the Sub-Fund, the Management Company has delegated the management of the assets of the Sub-Fund to the Sub-Manager mentioned below pursuant to a sub-management agreement with the Sub-Manager.

The Management Company has appointed the following investment management company to assist it in advising the Company with regard to investments and investment strategies for the Sub-Fund.

Subject to an express delegation given by the Management Company pursuant to the above agreements, the Sub-Manager has discretion, on a day-to-day basis and subject to the overall control and responsibility of the Management Company to purchase and sell securities and otherwise to manage the portfolios of the Sub-Fund.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH shall be in charge of the management of the following Sub-Fund:

Oddo Compass: Euro Corporate Bond

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH is a company created on 19 January 1970 under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany. Its registered office is at Herzogstrasse 15, 40217 Düsseldorf, Germany.

While the Management Company is at all times subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, the management agreement and the relevant sub-management agreements provide that the Management Company or the Sub-Manager appointed by it is responsible for the management of the Sub-Fund. Therefore, the responsibility for making decisions to buy, sell or hold a particular security rests with the Management Company or the Sub-Manager appointed by it, subject to the control, supervision, direction and instruction of the Board of Directors.

Custodian

The Company has appointed J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. as custodian (the "Custodian") of its assets. The Custodian carries out the usual duties regarding custody, cash and securities deposits, without any restriction.

The rights and duties of the Custodian are governed by an agreement entered into for an unlimited period of time from the date of its signature. It may be terminated by the Company or the Custodian on giving three (3) months' prior notice. However, the Custodian shall continue to act as Custodian pending replacement and until all assets of the Company have been transferred to the successor custodian.

The Company has further appointed the Custodian as its paying agent (the "Paying Agent") responsible for the payment of distributions, if any, and for the payment of the redemption price by the Company.

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. is a public limited company ("société anonyme, S.A.") incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on May 16, 1973. It presently exists for an unlimited period of time. Its registered office is at European Bank and Business Center, 6C, route de Trèves, L – 2633 Senningerberg. On December 31, 2010, its total share capital and reserves amounted to US Dollar 621m. J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. is licensed and regulated by Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("CSSF").

Information on regulators

The contact details of the regulators referred to above are as follows:

Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF)

283, route d'Arlon

L-1150 Luxembourg

Tel: (+352) 26 25 1 - 1

Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (Bafin)

Marie-Curie-Str. 24-28

60439 Frankfurt

Tel: +49 0228 / 4108 – 0

Other information

Please note that this Information Memorandum incorporates the attached Prospectus of the Company (incorporating the key features in respect of the Sub-Fund). Investors should refer to the attached Prospectus for particulars on:

- (i) the investment objective, focus and approach in relation to the Sub-Fund,
- (ii) the risks of subscribing for or purchasing the Shares in the Sub-Fund,
- (iii) the conditions, limits and gating structures for redemption of the Shares, and
- (iv) the fees and charges that are payable by investors and payable out of the Sub-Fund.

Information on the past performance of the Sub-Fund may be obtained from the Management Company at: information_oam@oddomeriten.eu

Latest annual reports approved by the auditors and semi-annual reports may be obtained by writing to the Management Company's office address or email address below:

Oddo Meriten Asset Management S.A.

12, boulevard de la Madeleine,
F-75440 Paris Cedex 09,
France

information_oam@oddomeriten.eu

The information on the past performance of the Fund and the latest annual report and asset composition details will be sent to investors within eight (8) working days of receipt of their written request.

Investors should note that only Shares of the Sub-Fund are being offered pursuant to this Information Memorandum. This Information Memorandum is not and should not be construed as making an offer in Singapore of shares in any other sub-fund of the Company.

RISK FACTORS

Before you invest in the Fund, you are asked to read carefully the Oddo Compass Prospectus in full.

The investments within the Sub-Fund are subject to market fluctuations and to the risks inherent in all investments; accordingly, no assurance can be given that the investment objectives will be achieved.

The Fund is exposed to the following risks:

- **Risk of capital loss**
- **Risk associated with discretionary management**
- **Fixed income securities**
- **Equity securities**
- **Interest rate risk**
- **Credit risk**
- **Counterparty risk**
- **Modelling risk**
- **Rule 144A Securities**
- **Warrants**
- **Contingent Convertible Bonds**
- **Small companies**
- **Exchange Rates**
- **Currency conversion risks**
- **Liquidity Risk**
- **Region, Country and Industry Concentration Risk**
- **Emerging Markets**
- **High-Yield Bonds**
- **Call Risk**

- **Government Investment Restrictions**
- **Asset backed securities**
- **CDOs**
- **Use of Derivatives and other Investment Techniques**
- **Credit Default Swaps**
- **Operational Risk**
- **Cyber Security Risk**
- **Legal risk**

Please refer to the section “Risk Factors” of the Oddo Compass Prospectus for more information on the risk profile of the Fund.

CHARGES AND EXPENSES

Please refer to the section “Charges and Expenses” of the Oddo Compass Prospectus for more information on the fees and commissions of the Fund.

OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT POLICIES

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide long term capital appreciation. The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in transferable debt securities of corporations with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro.

The investment focus lies on debt securities of the aforementioned kind with a rating of at least BBB- or Baa3 by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's Investor Services, Inc. (“Moody's”), or Standard & Poor's Corporation (“S&P”). There are no limits with regard to the maximum maturity of the securities.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under “Investment Restrictions” in Appendix I of the Oddo Compass Prospectus in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities not denominated in Euro, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds (“CoCos”) and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Sub-Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section “Investment Objectives and Policies” of the Oddo Compass Prospectus, Point A. and under “Investment Restrictions” in Appendix I and “Investment Techniques and Instruments” in Appendix II of the Oddo Compass Prospectus. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Sub-Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer or seller, and to enter into Synthetic CDOs.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12) of the Oddo Compass Prospectus, the Sub-Fund may not invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Euro Corporate Bond is the Euro.

For further details of the Fund, please refer to the sub-section “Investment objectives and policies of the Sub-Funds” under section “INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES” of the Oddo Compass Prospectus.

This Information Memorandum incorporates and should be read in conjunction with the Oddo Compass Prospectus. No person is authorised to give any information or to make any representation concerning Oddo Compass other than as contained in this Information Memorandum.

If you are in doubt about the contents of this Information Memorandum, you should consult your legal adviser or obtain any other independent professional advice.

PROSPECTUS

Oddo Compass

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Luxembourg

Oddo Compass (the "Company") is registered in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as an undertaking for collective investment pursuant to Part I of the Law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment (the "2010 Law"). Such registration however does not imply a positive assessment by the supervisory authority of the quality of the shares of the Company (the "Shares") offered for sale. Any representation to the contrary is unauthorised and unlawful. The Company is an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities ("UCITS") for the purpose of the Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities, as amended from time to time ("UCITS Directive").

Subscriptions can be accepted only on the basis of the current prospectus (the "Prospectus"), which is valid only if accompanied by a copy of the relevant KIID (as such term is defined below), the latest Annual Report containing the audited accounts, and of the semi-annual report if such report is published after the latest Annual Report. These reports form an integral part of the Prospectus.

No person is authorised to make any representation other than as contained in the Prospectus or in the documents referred to in the Prospectus. Such documents are available to the public at the registered office of Oddo Compass.

Important: If you are in any doubt about the contents of this document, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other financial adviser.

The distribution of the Prospectus and the offering of the Shares may be restricted in certain jurisdictions. The Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation in a jurisdiction where to do so is unlawful or where the person making the offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or where a person receiving the offer or solicitation may not lawfully do so. It is the responsibility of any person in possession of the Prospectus and of any person wishing to apply for Shares to inform himself or herself of and to observe all applicable laws and regulations of relevant jurisdictions.

Luxembourg - The Company is registered pursuant to Part I of the 2010 Law. However, such registration does not require any Luxembourg authority to approve or disapprove either the adequacy or accuracy of the Prospectus or the assets held in the various Sub-Funds. Any representations to the contrary are unauthorised and unlawful.

European Union ("EU") - The Company is a UCITS for the purposes of the UCITS Directive and the Board of Directors of the Company proposes to market the Shares in accordance with the UCITS Directive in certain Member States of the European Union.

USA - The Shares have not been and will not be registered in the United States under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), or any U.S. state securities laws, and neither any Sub-Fund nor the Company has been or will be registered in the United States under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and Shareholders will not be entitled to the benefits of such registration. Accordingly, except as provided below, no Shares may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in the United States, any state thereof or its territories or possessions or to any U.S. Person, as defined in the Glossary. The Board of Directors may authorise the offer and sale of Shares in the United States or to a limited number or category of U.S. Persons provided that, if so authorised, Shares will be offered and sold only to such persons and in such manner as will not require registration of the Company, any Sub-Fund, or the Shares under the securities laws of the United States or any state thereof. The Shares have not been approved or disapproved by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or other regulatory authority in the United States, nor has any such authority passed upon or endorsed the merits of this offering or the accuracy or adequacy of this

Prospectus as may be amended or supplemented from time to time. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence. Certain restrictions also apply to any subsequent transfer of Shares in the United States or to U.S. Persons. Article 10 of the Articles contains provisions enabling the Company to compulsorily redeem Shares held by U.S. Persons. Should a Shareholder become a U.S. Person they may be subject to adverse tax consequences including without limitation U.S. withholding taxes and tax reporting.

Applicants will be required to certify that they are not U.S. Persons precluded from purchasing, acquiring or holding Shares.

The Articles give powers to the Board of Directors to impose such restrictions as they may think necessary for the purpose of ensuring that no Shares in the Company are acquired or held by any person in breach of the law or the requirements of any country or governmental authority or by any person in circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors might result in the Company incurring any liability or taxation or suffering any other disadvantage which the Company may not otherwise have incurred or suffered and, in particular, by any U.S. Person as referred to above. The Company may compulsorily redeem all Shares held by any such person.

The Board of Directors has taken all reasonable care to ensure that at the date of this Prospectus the information contained herein is accurate and complete in all material respects. The Board of Directors accept responsibility accordingly.

A Key Investor Information Document ("KIID") for each available Class of each Sub-Fund shall be made available to investors free of charge prior to their subscription for Shares. Prospective investors must consult the KIID for the relevant Class and Sub-Fund in which they intend to invest.

Any information given by any person not mentioned in the Prospectus should be regarded as unauthorised. The information contained in the Prospectus is considered to be accurate at the date of its publication. To reflect material changes, this document may be updated from time to time and potential subscribers should enquire of the Company as to the issue of any later prospectus.

The value of the Shares may fall as well as rise and a Shareholder on transfer or redemption of Shares may not get back the amount initially invested. Income from the Shares may fluctuate in money terms and changes in rates of exchange may cause the value of Shares to go up or down. The levels and bases of, and reliefs from, taxation may change.

All references in the Prospectus to "GBP", to "USD" or "US Dollars" or to "CHF" are to the legal currency of the United Kingdom, of the United States of America or of Switzerland. All references to "Euro" refer to the currency of the participating countries to the European Monetary Union.

Potential subscribers or purchasers of Shares should inform themselves as to (a) the possible tax consequences, (b) the legal requirements, and (c) any foreign exchange restrictions or exchange control requirements which they might encounter under the laws of the countries of their citizenship, residence or domicile and which might be relevant to the subscription, purchase, holding, conversion or sale of Shares of the Company.

This Prospectus may be translated into other languages. Any such translation shall only contain the same information and have the same meaning as the English language Prospectus. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the English language Prospectus and the Prospectus in another language, this English Prospectus will prevail, except to the extent (but only to the extent) that the law of any jurisdiction where the Shares are sold requires that in an action based upon a statement in the Prospectus in a language other than English, the version of the Prospectus on which such action is based shall prevail.

Board of Directors:

Members:

Peter Raab, Managing Director, Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH, Düsseldorf, Germany
Werner Taiber, Chief Executive Officer of Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH
Guy de Leusse, Chief Operating Capital Manager, Oddo et Cie
Laurent Denize, Co-Chief Investment Officer, Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA
Agathe Schittly, Director of marketing & Strategy, Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA
Oddo et Cie represented by Pierre-Emmanuel Charrette, Chief Compliance Officer, Oddo et Cie
Tanguy Gossein, Head of compliance department, Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA

Registered Office:

European Bank and Business Center
6C, route de Trèves
L-2633 Senningerberg
Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg

Management Company:

Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA, 12, boulevard de la Madeleine, 75440 Paris Cedex 09, France

Board of Directors of the Management Company:

Philippe Oddo
Grégoire Charbit
Christophe Tadié

Conducting Persons of the Management Company:

Nicolas Chaput
Lorenzo Gazzoletti

Investment Manager(s):

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH
Herzogstr, 15
D - 40217 Düsseldorf, Germany

**Depository, Paying Agent,
Central Administration Agent:**

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.
European Bank and Business Center
6C, route de Trèves
L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg

Distributors:

Oddo et Cie
12 boulevard de la Madeleine
75009 Paris

DekaBank Deutsche Girozentrale
Mainzer Landstraße 16
D – 60325 Frankfurt; Germany

Auditors:

KPMG Luxembourg Société coopérative
39, avenue John F. Kennedy
L – 1855 Luxembourg

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PRINCIPAL FEATURES

1. Structure

The Company is an open-ended investment company with variable capital ("*Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable*", "SICAV") incorporated in Luxembourg and qualifies as a UCITS under Part I of the 2010 Law.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA has been appointed as the Management Company to the Company.

The Company is an Umbrella Fund and as such provides investors with the choice of investment in a range of separate sub-funds (the "Sub-Funds") each of which relates to a separate portfolio of transferable securities and other assets permitted by law with specific investment objectives.

The Board of Directors (in cooperation with the Management Company) may, at any time, create additional Sub-Funds, whose investment objectives may differ from those of the Sub-Funds then existing. Upon creation of new Sub-Funds, the Prospectus will be updated or supplemented accordingly. The Board of Directors may, at any time, close down any of the Sub-Funds according to the provisions set out in Appendix IV hereto.

Investors have the flexibility to convert efficiently between Sub-Funds.

2. Investment choice

Investors can choose from a range of separate Sub-Funds:

- the Oddo Compass: Euro Corporate Bond (hereinafter the "**Euro Corporate Bond**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro High Yield Bond (hereinafter the "**Euro High Yield Bond**")
- the Oddo Compass: Global High Yield Bond (hereinafter the "**Global High Yield Bond**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro Small Cap Equity (hereinafter the "**Euro Small Cap Equity**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro Credit Short Duration (hereinafter the "**Euro Credit Short Duration**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017 (hereinafter the "**Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018 (hereinafter the "**Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018**")
- the Oddo Compass: Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019 (hereinafter the "**Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019**")
- the Oddo Compass: Optimal Capital (hereinafter the "**Optimal Capital**")
- the Oddo Compass: Crossover Credit (hereinafter the "**Crossover Credit**")
- the Oddo Compass: Trend Dynamics Europe (hereinafter the "**Trend Dynamics Europe**")
- the Oddo Compass: Vision (hereinafter the "**Vision**")
- the Oddo Compass : Convertible Global (hereinafter the "**Convertible Global**")
- the Oddo Compass: Objectifs Revenus (hereinafter the "**Objectifs Revenus**")
- the Oddo Compass: Patrimoine Revenus (hereinafter the "**Patrimoine Revenus**")
- the Oddo Compass: Convertible Europe (hereinafter the "**Convertible Europe**")
- the Oddo Compass : Haut Rendement Monde 2018 (hereinafter the "**Haut Rendement Monde 2018**")
- the Oddo Compass: Convertible Euro Moderate (hereinafter the "**Convertible Euro Moderate**")
- the Oddo Compass: Bonds Target 2018 (hereinafter the "**Bonds Target 2018**")
- the Oddo Compass: BHF Total Return (hereinafter the "**BHF Total Return**")

The Board of Directors shall maintain for each Sub-Fund a separate portfolio of assets. As between Shareholders, each portfolio of assets shall be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Sub-Fund. With regard to third parties, in particular towards the Company's creditors, the assets of each Sub-Fund shall only be responsible for the liabilities incurred by the relevant Sub-Fund.

3. The Shares

The Company offers separate Classes, grouped into several categories of Shares. Classes of Shares with the letter "C" (with the exception of "GC" Classes of Shares) and Classes "rf-A" and "X-A" in their denomination are Classes of Shares that capitalise their income, whereas Classes of Shares with the letter "D" and Classes "rf-B" in their denomination are Classes of Shares that pay-out periodic dividends on an annual basis, or more frequently if the Board of Directors decides to do so.

Classes of Shares with the letter "R" and Classes of Shares with only the letter(s) "C" or "D" in their denomination may be acquired by any type of investors (i.e. retail and Institutional Investors") while Classes of Shares with the letter "I" and Classes of Shares "rf-A", "rf-B" may be acquired by Institutional Investors only. CRe-EUR Classes of Shares are reserved for Italian and Spanish natural person investors.

GC Classes of Shares are reserved to (i) insurance companies, approved by the Management Company, to represent unit-linked products subscribed as part of "advisory management" contracts in their range and for (ii) Oddo et Cie's clients having signed an advisory agreement with an Oddo et Cie financial investment advisory partner. GC Shares may be accumulation Shares or distributions Shares.

Classes of Shares with the letter "N" are reserved to i) Italian Institutional Investors and Swiss investors, (ii) retail investors if they invest via a distributor, financial adviser, platform or other intermediary on the basis of a specific agreement or commission agreement concluded between the investor and the intermediary and (iii) UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company.

Classes of Shares "rf-A", "rf-B" and with the letter "P" in their denomination may be offered to Institutional Investors only who have made a prior arrangement with the Management Company. Classes of Shares "X-A" may be offered to Institutional Investors only subject to the prior conclusion of a special individual agreement between the Shareholder and the Management Company. The Management Company may, at its own discretion, decide whether to approve the issue of "rf-A", "rf-B", "P" or "X-A" Shares, whether it is prepared to make the necessary arrangement or to conclude a special individual agreement and how any special individual agreement is to be structured.

Shares may be denominated in different currencies. The term "EUR" refers to the single currency of the EU Member States that belong to the Economic and Monetary Union, the Euro. The term "USD" refers to the currency of the United States of America, the U.S. dollar. The term "CHF" refers to the currency of Switzerland, the Swiss franc. The term "GBP" refers to the currency of the United Kingdom, the British pound.

Classes of Shares followed by [H] or Hdg are hedged against the Reference Currency of the respective Sub-Fund (subject to any specific rules provided for a particular Sub-Fund) or when the hedged Class of Shares is denominated in the same Reference Currency than the Sub-Fund, the Company will hedge this Class of Shares against the currency risk arising from assets that are not denominated in the Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund. The characteristics of the hedged Classes of Shares remain unchanged with the exception that the costs in relation to the hedging shall be borne by such Classes. The Net Asset Value of all the Classes of Shares of a Sub-Fund may be affected by such hedging transaction.

Furthermore, the Classes of Shares may have a different fee structure (as specified in Section "Charges and Expenses"), but participate in the same portfolio of assets within a given Sub-Fund. Share Classes may also differ with regard to their distribution policy.

Payments for subscriptions of Classes of Shares with the letter "I" or "P", Classes of Shares "rf-B", "GC" "rf-A", and "X-A" Shares in each Sub-Fund shall be made in the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund or in any other currency specified by the investor (in which case any currency conversion cost shall be borne by the investor).

As a general rule, payments for subscriptions of Classes of Shares with the letter "R" or "N", Classes of Shares with only the letter(s) "C" or "D" in their denomination, CRe-EUR Class of Shares" in each Sub-Fund may be effected in Euro, GBP, Swiss Franc or US Dollar (in case subscriptions are made in Euro, GBP, Swiss Franc or US Dollar, any currency conversion costs with respect to the conversion of the subscription price into the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund shall be borne by such class of Shares). Furthermore, in relation to these Classes of Shares, any currency conversion costs that arise due to the fact that payment of the Redemption Price is effected in a different currency than the Reference Currency of the relevant Shares, shall be borne by the relevant Shareholder.

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class in respect of each Sub-Fund shall be calculated in the Reference Currency of the Share Class.

4. Minimum Investment and Holding

The minimum investment per Class of Shares is described below for each Sub-Fund and is subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to accept lesser amounts. Unless otherwise provided for a particular Sub-Fund, there is no minimum holding applicable.

The Board of Directors will have the discretion to reject any application for subscription of Shares in a Sub-Fund where the net assets of such Sub-Fund will have reached an amount to be considered as the maximum capacity in a specific investment strategy.

5. Form of Shares

Shares are issued in registered form only.

6. Management Company and Investment Managers

Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA, 12 boulevard de la Madeleine, 75440 Paris Cedex 09, France assumes the functions of Management Company. For the description of the functions performed by the Management Company, see section "Management Company".

The following legal entity performs the function of Investment Manager:

- Oddo Meriten Management GmbH, Herzogstr. 15, 40217 Düsseldorf, Germany

For the description of the different Sub-Funds managed by the Investment Manager, see Section "Investment Managers".

7. Depositary, Paying Agent, Central Administration Agent

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., European Bank and Business Center, 6C, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, assumes the functions of Depositary, Paying Agent and Central Administration Agent.

8. Dealing

Shares of each Class in each Sub-Fund may normally be purchased, redeemed or converted on a daily basis at prices based on the Net Asset Value per Share of such Class in such Sub-Fund on any Valuation Day.

For each of the Sub-Funds, there is a Valuation Day on each Business Day.

9. Settlement

In order to receive the Net Asset Value per Share for a particular Valuation Day, applications for the Shares in all Sub-Funds must be settled in cleared funds within three (3) Business Days of the Valuation Day on which the application was made.

If settlement does not occur within the above mentioned period, the relevant allotment of Shares may be cancelled and the applicant may be required to compensate the relevant distributor and/or the Company.

10. Conversion

Subject to the minimum initial investment requirements, Shareholders may convert Shares from one Sub-Fund for Shares of another Sub-Fund within the same Class of Shares without incurring a Sales Charge. See "Conversion of Shares" for further details.

11. Risk Factors

There are certain risks associated with investment in the Sub-Funds. Potential investors should refer to the investment objective of each Sub-Fund and the section headed Risk Factors for further details.

12. Listing

Shares of each Class in each Sub-Fund may be listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

13. Publication of Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value per Share will be published daily on www.oddomeriten.eu, www.meriten.com, www.meriten.de, www.fundinfo.com and, if required, in such newspapers as may be decided by the Board of Directors from time to time, and will be available the Business Day following each Valuation Date, as defined hereinafter, at the registered office of the Company.

14. Financial Reports

Semi-annual unaudited reports and annual audited reports shall be available at the registered office of the Company and at the offices of the Distributors.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

A. General

The purpose of the Company is to manage the Company's assets for the benefit of the Shareholders. For this purpose the Company offers a choice of several Sub-Funds which allow investors to make their own strategic allocation by combining holdings in the various Sub-Funds in proportions of their own choosing.

Each of the Sub-Funds is managed in accordance with the "Investment Restrictions" and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" specified in Appendix I and Appendix II hereinafter. The Company may in particular employ techniques and instruments relating to Transferable Securities and other financial liquid assets for efficient portfolio management and hedging purposes. When these operations concern the use of derivative instruments, (i) the relevant derivative instruments used by the relevant Sub-Fund shall be described in the investment objective and policy of the relevant Sub-Fund and (ii) these conditions and limits shall conform to the provisions laid down in Appendix I "Investment Restrictions".

For the purpose of efficient portfolio management the Sub-Funds may in particular also use a certain number of derivative instruments (directly or embedded in a transferable security or money market instrument). In particular, the Sub-Funds may enter into or acquire options, futures contracts, forward currency exchange contracts, swaps, credit default swaps, total return swaps, contracts for difference (CFD) or structured securities with synthetic underlying..

a. Credit Default Swaps

A Credit Default Swap is a bilateral financial contract in which one counterparty (the protection buyer) pays a periodic fee in return for a contingent payment by the protection seller following a credit event of one or more reference issuers or one or more reference obligations. A number of reference issuers may form a basket (e.g. iTRAXX). The protection buyer acquires the right to sell a particular bond or other designated reference obligations issued by the reference issuer for its par value or the right to receive the difference between the par value and the market price of the said bond or other designated reference obligations when a credit event occurs. A credit event is commonly defined as bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, material adverse restructuring of debt, or failure to meet payment obligations when due.

Provided it is in its exclusive interest, the relevant Sub-Funds may hedge an asset by acting as protection buyer under a Credit Default Swap.

Provided it is in its exclusive interest, the relevant Sub-Funds may sell protection under Credit Default Swaps (individually a "Credit Default Swap Sale Transaction", collectively the "Credit Default Swap Sale Transactions") in order to acquire a specific credit exposure.

In addition, the relevant Sub-Funds may, provided it is in their exclusive interest, buy protection under Credit Default Swaps (individually a "Credit Default Swap Purchase Transaction", collectively the "Credit Default Swap Purchase Transactions") without holding the underlying assets.

Such swap transactions must be effected with first class financial institutions specializing in this type of transactions and executed on the basis of standardized documentation such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement.

b. Total Return Swaps

A Total Return Swap is a transaction in which one party ("the First Party") makes an initial payment equal to the value of a loan, debt security or other financial instrument (the "Reference Obligation") issued, guaranteed or otherwise entered into by a third party (the "Reference Entity") to the other party ("the Second Party"). The Second Party shall pay to the First Party any interest, dividend and fee payments, as applicable, on the Reference Obligation and the market value of the Reference Obligation at the maturity of the transaction (this will typically, absent default or another referenced event, be the notional amount of the Reference Obligation if the Total Return Swap is linked to the maturity of the Reference Obligation).

Such swap transactions must be effected with first class financial institutions specializing in this type of transactions.

c. Contracts for Differences

A contract for difference ("Contract for Difference") (CFD) is a cash settled bilateral financial contract, the value of which is linked to a security, financial instrument, basket of financial instruments or index, without necessarily being in possession or having borrowed the underlying securities or financial instruments.

The relevant Sub-Funds will enter into such transactions with first class financial institutions specializing in this type of transactions and executed on the basis of standardized documentation such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Also, the Sub-Funds will only accept obligations upon a credit event that are within the investment policy of the relevant Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Funds will ensure they can dispose of the necessary assets at any time in order to pay redemption proceeds resulting from redemption requests and to meet their obligations resulting from Contracts for Difference and other techniques and instruments.

B. Pooling and Co-Management

a. Pooling

The Company may invest and manage all or any part of the assets established for two or more Sub-Funds (for the purposes hereof "Participating Sub-Funds") on a pooled basis. Any such asset pool shall be formed by transferring to it cash or other assets (subject to such assets being appropriate in respect of the investment policy of the pool concerned) from each of the Participating Sub-Funds. Thereafter, the Company may from time to time make further transfers to each asset pool. Assets may also be transferred back to a Participating Sub-Fund up to the amount of the participation of the Sub-Fund concerned. The share of a Participating Sub-Fund in an asset pool shall be measured by reference to notional units of equal value in the asset pool. On formation of an asset pool, the Company shall determine the initial value of notional units (which shall be expressed in such currency as the Company may consider appropriate) and shall allocate to each Participating Sub-Fund notional units having an aggregate value equal to the amount of cash (or the value of other assets) contributed. Thereafter, the value of the units shall be determined by dividing the net assets of the asset pool by the number of notional units existing.

When additional cash or assets are contributed to or withdrawn from an asset pool, the allocation of notional units of the Participating Sub-Fund concerned will be increased or reduced, as the case may be, by a number of notional units determined by dividing the amount of cash or the value of assets contributed or withdrawn by the current value of a unit in such asset pool. Where a contribution is made in cash, it may be treated for the purpose of this calculation as reduced by an amount which the Company considers appropriate to reflect fiscal charges and dealing and purchase costs which may be incurred in investing the cash concerned; in the case of cash withdrawal, a corresponding deduction may be made to reflect costs which may be incurred in realising securities or other assets of the asset pool.

Dividends, interest and other distributions of an income nature earned in respect of the assets in an asset pool will be applied to such asset pool and cause the respective net assets to increase. Upon the dissolution of the Company, the assets in an asset pool will be allocated to the Participating Sub-Funds in proportion to their respective participation in the asset pool.

b. Co-Management

In order to reduce operational and administrative charges while allowing a wider diversification of the investments, the Board of Directors may decide that part or all of the assets of one or more Sub-Funds will be co-managed with assets belonging to the other Sub-Funds within the Company and/or other collective investment schemes. In the following paragraphs, the words "co-managed entities" shall refer to the Company or Sub-Fund and all entities with and between which there would exist any given co-management arrangement and the words "co-managed assets" shall refer to the entire assets of these co-managed entities and co-managed pursuant to the same co-management arrangement.

Under the co-management arrangement, the Management Company or the Investment Manager(s) to the Sub-Funds will be entitled to take, on a consolidated basis for the relevant co-managed entities, investment, disinvestment and readjustment decisions which will influence the composition of the relevant Sub-Fund's assets. Each co-managed entity shall hold a portion of the co-managed assets corresponding to the proportion of its net assets to the total value of the co-managed assets. This proportional holding shall be applicable to each and every line of investment held or acquired under co-management. In case of investment and/or disinvestment decisions these proportions shall not be affected and additional investments shall be allotted to the co-managed entities pursuant to the same proportion and assets sold shall be levied proportionately on the co-managed assets held by each co-managed entity.

In the case of new subscriptions in one of the co-managed entities, the subscription proceeds shall be allotted to the co-managed entities pursuant to the modified proportions resulting from the net asset increase of the co-managed entity which has benefited from the subscriptions and all lines of investment shall be modified by a transfer of assets from one co-managed entity to the other in order to be adjusted to the modified proportions. In a similar manner, in case of redemptions in one of the co-managed entities, the cash required may be levied on the cash held by the co-managed entities pursuant to the modified proportions resulting from the net asset reduction of the co-managed entity which has suffered from the redemptions and, in such case, all lines of investment shall be adjusted to the modified proportions. Shareholders should be aware that, in the absence of any specific action by the Board of Directors or their appointed agents, the co-management arrangement may cause the composition of assets of the relevant Sub-Fund to be influenced by events attributable to other

co-managed entities such as subscriptions and redemptions. Thus, all other things being equal, subscriptions received in one entity with which the Company is co-managed will lead to an increase of the Company's reserve cash. Conversely, redemptions made in one entity with which any Sub-Fund is co-managed will lead to a reduction of the Company's reserve of cash. Subscriptions and redemptions may, however, be kept in the specific account opened for each co-managed entity outside the co-management arrangement and through which subscriptions and redemptions must pass. The possibility to allocate substantial subscriptions and redemptions to these specific accounts together with the possibility for the Board of Directors or their appointed agents to decide at any time to terminate their participation in the co-management arrangement permit the Company or the relevant Sub-Fund to avoid the re-adjustments of their Sub-Fund if these re-adjustments are likely to affect the interest of the Company and of its Shareholders.

If a modification of the composition of the relevant Sub-Fund or the Company's assets resulting from redemptions or payments of charges and expenses peculiar to another co-managed entity (i.e., not attributable to the Company) is likely to result in a breach of the investment restrictions applicable to the relevant Sub-Fund or the Company, the relevant assets shall be excluded from the co-management arrangement before the implementation of the modification in order for it not to be affected by the ensuing adjustments.

Co-managed assets of the Sub-Funds shall, as the case may be, only be co-managed with assets intended to be invested pursuant to investment objectives identical to those applicable to the co-managed assets in order to assure that investment decisions are fully compatible with the investment policy of the relevant Sub-Funds. Co-managed assets shall only be co-managed with assets for which the Depositary is also acting as depositary in order to assure that the Depositary is able, with respect to the Company, to fully carry out its functions and responsibilities pursuant to the applicable provisions of the 2010 Law. The Depositary shall at all times keep the Company's assets segregated from the assets of other co-managed entities, and shall therefore be able at all time to identify the assets of the Company. Since co-managed entities may have investment policies which are not strictly identical to the investment policy of the relevant Sub-Fund, it is possible that as a result the common policy implemented may be more restrictive than that of the Company.

A co-management agreement shall be signed between the Management Company, the Depositary and the relevant Investment Manager in order to define each of the parties' rights and obligations. The Management Company may decide at any time and without notice to terminate the co-management arrangement.

Shareholders may at all times contact the registered office of the Company to be informed of the percentage of assets which are co-managed and of the entities with which there is such a co-management arrangement at the time of their request. Annual and half-yearly reports shall state the co-managed assets' composition and percentages.

C. Investment objectives and policies of the Sub-Funds

1. Euro Corporate Bond

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide long term capital appreciation. The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in transferable debt securities of corporations with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro.

The investment focus lies on debt securities of the aforementioned kind with a rating of at least BBB- or Baa3 by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's Investor Services, Inc. ("Moody's"), or Standard & Poor's Corporation ("S&P"). There are no limits with regard to the maximum maturity of the securities.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities not denominated in Euro, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCos") and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II.

The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer or seller.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Euro Corporate Bond is the Euro.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a medium to long term horizon (3 to 5 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
DP-EUR	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%

2. Euro High Yield Bond

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with an emphasis on lower quality debt issues (i.e. less than investment grade debt instruments).

The issuers will principally be from countries which own an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries which do not own an investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in lower quality debt issues denominated in Euro. As from 29 August 2016, the Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in Euro denominated high-yield bonds (i.e. less than investment grade debt instruments with initial maturities of one year or more) of international issuers with a rating of at least B3 or B- assigned by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's or S&P. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities other than those referred to in the above paragraphs, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCos") and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest without limitation in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities, and may be in default at the time the Sub-fund purchases them.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Board of Directors considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II.

The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Euro High Yield Bond is the Euro.

Investors should refer to the section “Risk Factors” for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a long term horizon (5 years) by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities of issuers from members countries of the European Monetary Union, with an emphasis on lower quality debt issues. The investor should also have experience with more volatile products and accept that these debt securities are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	N/A	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
CN-EUR	EUR 100	EUR 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CN-CHF [H]	CHF 100	CHF 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CP-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
CR-EUR	N/A	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-CHF [H]	CHF 100	CHF 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	N/A	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
DP-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
DP15-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
DR-EUR	N/A	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016

3. Global High Yield Bond

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of transferable debt securities of issuers located world-wide, with an emphasis on lower quality debt issues.

The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in high-yield bonds (i.e. less than investment grade debt instruments with initial maturities of one year or more) of international issuers with a rating of at least B3 or B- assigned by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's or S&P. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities other than those referred to in the above paragraphs, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds (“CoCos”) and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Investors should note that the Sub-fund invests to a large extent in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities, and may be in default at the time the Sub-Fund purchases them.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs.

These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Global High Yield Bond is the Euro.

Investors should refer to the section "Risk Factors" for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a long term horizon (5 years) by investing in a portfolio of mainly high-yield bonds (i.e. less than investment grade debt instruments with initial maturities of one year or more) of international issuers. The investor should also have experience with more volatile products and accept that these debt securities are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DP-EUR [H]	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%

4. Euro Small Cap Equity

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide long term capital appreciation. The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in equities denominated in Euro of companies within the countries which are included in the European Monetary Union (EMU). The Sub-Fund invests at least 2/3 of its total assets in companies with a low market capitalization (Small Caps).

The Sub-Fund will invest only in companies which are quoted on the stock exchanges of countries which are included within EMU. The investments of the Sub-Fund will be diversified among countries and industries.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of worldwide issuers (such as equities not denominated in Euro, debt securities, etc.).

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is the Euro.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a long term horizon (5 to 7 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio mainly invested in transferable equities denominated in Euro of small capitalization companies within the countries which are included in the European Monetary Union (EMU).

Classes of Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%

5. Euro Credit Short Duration

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with fixed or variable interest rates primarily denominated in Euro.

The investment focus lies on debt securities with a rating of at least B3 or B- assigned by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's or S&P. A minimum of 20 % of the assets will be invested in high-yield bonds with a maximum rating of BB+ or Ba1. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders.

The issuers will principally be from countries which own an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries which do not own an investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Nevertheless, it will mainly invest in debt securities with a remaining maturity of no more than 4 years.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities other than those referred to in the above paragraphs, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCos") and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

Investors should note that the Sub-fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Euro Credit Short Duration is Euro.

Investors should refer to the section "Risk Factors" for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a medium to long term horizon (3 to 5 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	N/A	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
CN-CHF [H]	CHF 100	CHF 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CN-EUR	EUR 100	EUR 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CP-CHF [H]	CHF 1,000	CHF 10,000,000	1/100 th of a Share	None	None
CP-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
CP-USD [H]	USD 1,000	USD 10,000,000	1/100 th of a Share	None	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-CHF [H]	CHF 100	CHF 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-USD [H]	USD 100	USD 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
DI-GBP [H]	N/A	GBP 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
DN-GBP [H]	GBP 100	GBP 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DP-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
DP-GBP [H]	GBP 1,000	GBP 10,000,000	1/100 th of a Share	None	None
DR-EUR	N/A	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016

6. Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro maturing in 2017 and 2018. The clear focus is on securities with fixed interest rates.

The Sub-Fund will run until maturity date 18 December 2017. The intention is to discontinue it at maturity. If, at the end of the maturity period, exceptional market conditions make it unacceptable in the interests of the investors to sell the Sub-Fund's assets, payment of the maturity amount may be deferred by up to three months.

The initial subscription period started on 12 November 2012 and ended on 10 January 2013. The issuance of new Shares has been stopped, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to resume it in the best interest of Shareholders.

To protect the performance of the Sub-Fund, the Company has the discretion to apply a dilution levy of up to 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share on subscriptions, conversions or redemptions, as specified in section "Dilution Levy and Swing Pricing".

The Sub-Fund invests in debt securities which are rated not less than B3 or B- by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's, S&P or Fitch at the time of purchase. In case of a downgrade below these levels, the Sub-Fund may keep the security if the Investment Manager assesses this as appropriate. The Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017 will predominantly follow a buy-and-hold strategy.

The issuers will principally be from countries with an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries with no investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Nevertheless, it is intended not to invest in debt securities with a maturity beyond 2018.

Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI. Regardless of the issuer qualifications in (3), (4), (6) and (7), the Combined limits in (13) and (14) are reduced to less than 5% of the Sub-Fund's assets¹.

The Reference Currency of the Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017 is Euro.

Investors should refer to the section "Risk Factors" for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a term horizon in line with the maturity of the Sub-Fund looking for a portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations, denominated in Euro.

Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
DP-EUR	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%

*** For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016**

7. Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro maturing in 2018 or the first quarter of 2019. The clear focus is on securities with fixed interest rates.

The Sub-Fund will run until maturity date 31 October 2018. The intention is to discontinue it at maturity. If, at the end of the maturity period, exceptional market conditions make it unacceptable in the interests of the investors to sell the Sub-Fund's assets, payment of the maturity amount may be deferred by up to three months.

The initial subscription period started on 14 October 2013 and ended on 29 November 2013. The issuance of new Shares has been stopped, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to resume it in the best interest of Shareholders.

To protect the performance of the Sub-Fund, the Company has the discretion to apply a dilution levy of up to 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share on subscriptions, conversions or redemptions, as specified in section "Dilution Levy and Swing Pricing".

¹ Such limit shall not apply from 29 August 2016.

The Sub-Fund invests in debt securities which are rated not less than B3 or B- by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's, S&P or Fitch at the time of purchase. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders. The Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018 will predominantly follow a buy-and-hold strategy.

The issuers will principally be from countries with an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries with no investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Nevertheless, it is intended not to invest in debt securities with a maturity beyond 2019.

Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI. Regardless of the issuer qualifications in (3), (4), (6) and (7), the Combined limits in (13) and (14) are reduced to less than 5% of the Sub-Fund's assets².

The Reference Currency of the Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018 is Euro.

Investors should refer to the section "Risk Factors" for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a term horizon in line with the maturity of the Sub-Fund looking for a portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations, denominated in Euro.

Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
DP-EUR	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%

*** For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016**

8. Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a high level of income and capital growth. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro maturing in 2019 or the first quarter of 2020. The clear focus is on securities with fixed interest rates.

The Sub-Fund will run until maturity date 31 October 2019. The intention is to discontinue it at maturity. If, at the end of the maturity period, exceptional market conditions make it unacceptable in the interests of the investors to sell the Sub-Fund's assets, payment of the maturity amount may be deferred by up to three months.

² Such limit shall not apply from 29 August 2016.

The initial subscription period started on 15 October 2014 and ended on 2 December 2014. The issuance of new shares has been stopped afterwards, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to resume it in the best interest of Shareholders.

To protect the performance of the Sub-Fund, the Company has the discretion to apply a dilution levy of up to 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share on subscriptions, conversions or redemptions, as specified in section "Dilution Levy and Swing Pricing".

The Sub-Fund invests in debt securities which are rated not less than B3 or B- by Moody's, S&P and Fitch at the time of purchase. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders. The Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019 will predominantly follow a buy-and-hold strategy.

The issuers will principally be from countries with an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries with no investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities. Nevertheless, it is intended not to invest in debt securities with a maturity beyond 2020.

Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI. Regardless of the issuer qualifications in (3), (4), (6) and (7), the Combined limits in (13) and (14) are reduced to less than 5% of the Sub-Fund's assets³.

The Reference Currency of the Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019 is Euro.

Investors should refer to the section "Risk Factors" for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a term horizon in line with the maturity of the Sub-Fund looking for a portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations, denominated in Euro.

Shares available

Name	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
DI-EUR	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
DP-EUR	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%

**** For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016**

9. Optimal Capital

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide a total return of 3% above 1-month Euribor or a comparable money market index on an annual basis.

³ Such limit shall not apply from 29 August 2016.

The Sub-Fund seeks achieve its objective through a tactical asset allocation with geographically unconstrained investments in the asset classes money market, equities, bonds and currencies. With its flexible allocation strategy, the Optimal Capital Sub-Fund offers the opportunity to capture significant market upside, whilst limiting losses in absolute terms.

The Sub-Funds invests in:

- short-term Euro-denominated debt securities and money market instruments, primarily with an investment grade rating at the time of purchase (i.e. rated at least Baa3 or BBB- by Moody's, S&P and Fitch), or, if no rating is available, to be deemed to be of equivalent quality by the Investment Manager;
- units or shares of target funds;
- transferable securities of world-wide issuers denominated in one of the major currencies (e.g. equities, convertible bonds, contingent convertible bonds, bonds);
- financial derivative instruments.

Investments in contingent convertible bonds ("CoCos") shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

The Sub-Fund invests in debt securities which are rated not less than B3 or B- by Moody's, S&P and Fitch at the time of purchase. In case a security is downgraded below B3 or B-, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

The Reference Currency of the Optimal Capital Sub-Fund is Euro.

Typical investors' profile

Typical investors have a short to medium term horizon (1 to 3 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio which generates a positive absolute return whilst keeping risk at a low level.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CN-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	N/A	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 0.5%
DP-EUR	N/A	Euro 10,000,000*	1/100 th of a Share	None	Up to 0.5%
DR-EUR	N/A	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016

10. Crossover Credit

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to achieve a total return by primarily investing in Euro-denominated corporate fixed income securities with ratings between BBB+ and BB-. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective, in accordance with the policies and guidelines established by the Board of Directors of the Company, by investing in a portfolio of mainly listed transferable debt securities with fixed or variable interest rates primarily denominated in Euro.

The term “crossover credit” means investing across the corporate bond universe focusing on the intersection between investment grade and non-investment grade securities. The investment focus lies on debt securities with a rating of at least B3 or B- assigned by an internationally recognised rating service such as Moody's or S&P. The Sub-Fund may invest more than 30 % of its assets in below investment grade bonds. In case a security is downgraded below B2 or B, it will be sold within six months under normal market circumstances, and in the best interest of Shareholders.

The issuers will principally be from countries which own an investment grade rating from S&P or Moody's, but the Sub-Fund may also invest in listed transferable debt securities of issuers of countries which do not own an investment grade rating.

The Sub-Fund is not constrained as to the maximum maturity of its portfolio securities and may also engage in moderate active duration management, i.e. extend or reduce the duration of the portfolio of debt securities.

The remaining part of the total assets may be invested within the limits set forth under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I hereinafter in any other fungible securities of world-wide issuers (such as equities, debt securities other than those referred to in the above paragraphs, etc.).

Investments in equities, warrants on equities, convertible debt securities, contingent convertible bonds (“CoCos”) and debt securities with warrants attached thereto shall not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's total assets.

Investors should note that the Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade or in unrated securities of comparable quality. These debt securities, sometimes referred to as "junk bonds", are speculative and subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated securities.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts; as far as there are exceptional market conditions the Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents temporarily without any limitation if the Management Company or the Investment Manager considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund may use financial derivatives instruments to hedge against market and currency risks, as well as for efficient portfolio management, as described in section “Investment Objectives and Policies”, Point A. and under “Investment Restrictions” in Appendix I and “Investment Techniques and Instruments” in Appendix II. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into Credit Default Swaps as buyer and seller.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI. Regardless of the issuer qualifications in (3), (4), (6) and (7), the Combined limits in (13) and (14) are reduced to less than 5% of the Sub-Fund's assets.

The Reference Currency of the Crossover Credit is Euro.

Investors should refer to the section “Risk Factors” for special risk considerations applicable to high-yield bonds.

Typical Investors' Profile

Typical investors have a long term horizon (5 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio mainly invested in transferable debt securities of corporations with fixed or variable interest rates denominated in Euro.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
C	Euro 10	Euro 1,000	Euro 200	Up to 5%	None
D	Euro 10	Euro 1,000	Euro 200	Up to 5%	None
rf-A EUR	Euro 10	Euro 1,500,000	Euro 200	None	Up to 0.5%
rf-A USD	Euro 10	Euro 1,500,000	Euro 200	None	Up to 0.5%
rf-A USD Hdg	Euro 10	Euro 1,500,000	Euro 200	None	Up to 0.5%
rf-B EUR	Euro 10	Euro 1,500,000	Euro 200	None	Up to 0.5%
X-A EUR	Euro 10	Euro 1,500,000	Euro 200	None	Up to 0.5%

11. Trend Dynamics Europe

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to generate a sustainable return out of income from and growth in investments in securities while keeping financial risk low.

The Sub-Fund's benchmark is STOXX® Europe 600 (Net Return), dividend reinvested. The Sub-Fund does not precisely track this index, but aims to outperform it and can therefore deviate substantially – both positively and negatively – from the benchmark.

The Sub-Fund shall mainly invest in equities that are contained in the STOXX® Europe Sustainability Index ex AGTAF, and also interest-bearing securities (variable and/or fixed rate securities).

The selection of equity securities for the Sub-Fund is performed using a trend tracker model referencing the benchmark index. The model computes trends and buy/sell signals from a large set of historical data. There is no manual intervention in the model's investment decisions. Fluctuations and declines in equity market prices do not trigger reallocations within the Sub-Fund until the moment is reached when the tracked positive trend in the equities concerned ceases to exist or other equities are identified as more attractive. An additional component of the strategy is that the Sub-Fund is always almost fully invested in equity securities.

The shares of the Sub-Fund are eligible to the French "*Plan d'Epargne en Actions*" (PEA) (i.e. a French regulated shares scheme). On that basis and pursuant to Article 91 quater L Annex II of the French tax code, the Sub-Fund must invest, at least 75 percent of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund, in equities of issuers whose registered office is located in a country which is a Member State or a contracting state to the Agreement on the European Economic Area (EEA) (as mentioned under I, 1°, a, b and c of Article L.221-31 of the French monetary and financial code).

Subject to market conditions, the Sub-Fund may invest up to 25 percent of its Net Asset Value in debt instruments issued by credit institutions having their registered offices in a Member State or a contracting state to the Agreement on the EEA.

The Sub-Fund may hold cash and cash equivalents appropriate to provide for redemptions or to meet other liquidity needs. These assets may consist of commercial paper and other Money Market Instruments with a remaining maturity not in excess of 12 months and of time deposits, and demand deposit accounts

As part of the investment strategy, the Sub-Fund is allowed to enter into derivatives for investment and hedging purposes. This includes derivatives for efficient portfolio management, as described in section "Investment Objectives and Policies", Point A. and under "Investment Restrictions" in Appendix I and "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in Appendix II, and to generate additional income, and hence also for speculative purposes. The Sub-Fund may in particular have the possibility, at the discretion of the Management Company and the Investment Manager, to enter into futures contracts, options, swaps, and OTC derivatives.

The use of derivatives is not allowed to increase the Sub-Fund's market risk by more than twice.

As detailed in Appendix I Point C (12), the Sub-Fund may not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units or shares of other UCITS or UCI. Regardless of the issuer qualifications in (3), (4), (6) and (7), the Combined limits in (13) and (14) are reduced to less than 5% of the Sub-Fund's assets⁴.

The Reference Currency of the Trend Dynamics Europe Sub-Fund is Euro.

Typical investors' profile

Typical investors have a medium term horizon (at least 5 years) looking for an actively managed portfolio which generates a sustainable return out of income from and growth in investments in securities while keeping financial risk low.

⁴ Such limit shall not apply from 29 August 2016.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
DR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* For any initial investment occurring after 8 August 2016

12. Vision

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to outperform its benchmark, the MSCI Europe (Net Return), net dividends reinvested, over an investment period of more than five years while seeking to maintain a level of volatility lower than of the MSCI Europe (net dividends reinvested) over the same investment period.

The benchmark is the MSCI Europe (Net Return) valued at the closing price.

The MSCI Europe (Net Return), dividends reinvested, is an equity index that represents the stocks with the highest liquidity and market capitalisation in the following 16 developed countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

It is available on the MSCI website at the following address:

<http://www.msci.com/products/indices/tools/>

Investors are advised that the portfolio's composition and performance may differ substantially from that of the benchmark index. The latter allows the investor to assess the Sub-Fund's risk profile.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis.

The Sub-Fund's investment universe is primarily composed of shares of mid and large cap companies with their registered office located in Europe.

The Management Company seeks to select the least volatile and least correlated stocks within the Sub-Fund's investment universe with a view to building a portfolio with low overall volatility. To this end, the Management Company makes particular use of a portfolio building tool for selecting stocks that have experienced a consistently low level of volatility and correlation with other stocks in the past.

The stocks selected via this process are then analysed and approved by the Management Company's fundamental analysis teams.

The investment process is split into three stages:

First stage: The investment universe is filtered using indicators based on financial solidity, valuation, market sentiment and dynamics, and liquidity.

Second stage: Portfolio building (using a portfolio building tool to minimise overall volatility).

The Management Company builds a portfolio with minimal volatility by selecting stocks that have experienced a consistently low level of volatility and correlation with other stocks in the past.

The Management Company will also limit sectoral differences relative to the benchmark index: the Management Company will restrict deviations from the weighting of each sector in the index to a maximum of +/- 30%.

Each stock will therefore be weighted according to its volatility, its correlation with other stocks in the investment universe, and its sector, subject to a limit of 4% per stock.

Third stage: The portfolio is subject to a final quality assurance check conducted by the Management Company's fundamental analysis teams.

The Sub-Fund is not hedged against currency risk.

The portfolio building tool is NorthField. This tool analyses equity risk according to various factors: fundamentals (sector, company size, etc.) and macroeconomic considerations (interest rates, oil prices, etc.). Several risk indicators are then established for the portfolio to identify sources of risk.

The Shares of the Sub-Fund are eligible to the French "*Plan d'Epargne en Actions* (PEA) (i.e. a French regulated shares scheme). On that basis and pursuant to Article 91 quater L Annex II of the French tax code, the Sub-Fund must invest, at least 75 percent of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund, in equities of issuers whose registered office is located in a country which is a Member State or a contracting state to the Agreement on the European Economic Area (EEA) (as mentioned under I, 1°, a, b and c of Article L.221-31 of the French monetary and financial code.

The Sub-Fund will invest a minimum of 75% of its assets in shares of listed issuers from any sector with their registered office located in Europe (European Union, Iceland and Norway) and that are traded on regulated or organised markets.

These will primarily be shares of mid and large caps. The Sub-Fund may invest in shares of small caps on an ancillary basis.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in bonds and debt securities from issuers with their registered office located in Europe. These instruments will be rated investment grade by S&P or Moody's.

The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a downgrade, the Management Company will take the interests of the Shareholders, market conditions and its own analysis of these fixed income products into account when respecting rating limits.

The Sub-Fund's investments are not subject to any conditions regarding the nature of the planned market of issue (primary or secondary market) or the quality of the issuer: the debt securities and Money Market Instruments targeted can come from both corporate and government issuers. The allocation between corporate and government debt is left to the manager to decide.

Depending on market conditions, the Sub-Fund may invest opportunistically in longer or shorter maturities.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

These funds may be managed by the Management Company and will be compatible with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund will not invest in financial futures and options or in securities with embedded derivatives.

The Sub-Fund may use deposits to generate a return on cash holdings, up to the limit of 20% of its net assets.

Used as part of day-to-day management of the Sub-Fund's cash assets, these will contribute to achieving the investment objective based on their level of return.

The Sub-Fund may borrow the equivalent of up to 10% of its net assets in cash, in order to:

- cover a temporary delay between incoming and outgoing funds relating to purchases and sales of securities issued on the market, or to cover large redemptions, and;
- to exploit investment opportunities that arise from time to time.

The Sub-Fund may use, within the limit of Appendix II, for (i) cash management purposes, (ii) investment of the guarantees obtained in the context of securities lending or (iii) to maximise Sub-Fund's income:

- repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements;
- securities lending.

Any temporary sales or purchases of securities shall all be conducted under market conditions and within regulatory limits. Within the scope of these transactions, the Sub-Fund may receive or issue financial guarantees (collateral). These transactions will be used in accordance with the Appendix II.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk associated with discretionary management;
- risk of capital loss;
- equity risk;
- modelling risk;
- risk associated with holding medium capitalisations;
- interest rate risk;
- credit risk;
- counterparty risk;
- currency conversion and exchange rates risks;
- risk associated with holding small caps.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11.15 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is intended for investors seeking exposure to European equity markets over a period of five years, who are willing to accept the risks arising from such exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in five years as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment*	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
GC-EUR**	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

*With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

** Accumulation Class of Shares.

13. Convertible Global

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to outperform the benchmark index, the Thomson Reuters Global Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index, calculated with net coupons reinvested, over a minimum investment horizon of three years.

The benchmark index is the Thomson Reuters Global Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index (EUR).

This index is calculated by MACE Convertible, a company in the Thomson Reuters group. It includes global convertible bonds that meet the minimum liquidity and risk profile balancing (equities/bonds) criteria. Investors' attention is drawn to the fact that the portfolio's composition may differ significantly from that of its benchmark index.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis and using a fundamental approach that comprises several stages:

1. Analysis of the economic climate and markets allowing investment themes to be selected and objectives for overall market sensitivity ranges to be established.
2. Qualitative analysis of each security through:
 - an assessment of the potential of companies based on a financial analysis,
 - an analysis of the securities' technical characteristics based on the bond issuance contract and market price.
3. Portfolio construction, weighting securities in line with overall range objectives in terms of:
 - exposure to different regions, sectors and investment themes,
 - average sensitivity to equity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and volatility.

To outperform the benchmark index, the Management Company will primarily aim to select securities with the greatest potential and to weight them in accordance with overall sensitivity targets.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis.

The Sub-Fund is permanently exposed to fixed income instruments in any country.

The Sub-Fund may invest:

- between 66% and 100% of the net assets in convertible bonds of all types;
- up to 34% of the net assets in other debt securities. Combined convertible bonds will be created by combining a listed call option with a traditional bond or cash.

These securities may:

- be denominated in any currency;
- be high yield securities (i.e. those with a rating of lower than BBB- with S&P or a rating deemed to be equivalent by the Management Company or through an internal rating system at the Management Company), up to a limit of 50% of the Sub-Fund's net assets. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a ratings downgrade, ratings limits will be assessed in conjunction with the interests of Shareholders, market conditions and the Management Company's own analysis of the ratings of these fixed income products.

Unrated securities will not be included in the 50% limit, but may represent the same risks as securities rated "high yield" by the ratings agencies.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 5% of its net assets in shares resulting from the conversion of bonds. These shares will be held for a transitional period until such time as the Management Company deems the sale prices to be favourable.

The Sub-Fund is not subject to any restrictions regarding the business sector or geographical location of the issuers.

The average modified duration shall be between 0 and 5. The average equity sensitivity shall be between 0 and 60%.

The Sub-Fund will be fully hedged against currency risk. Residual risk resulting from delays in adjusting systematic hedging shall account for less than 5% of the net assets.

The Sub-Fund may use futures or options traded on French or foreign regulated markets in order to hedge against or gain exposure to interest rate or equity risk, including on equity indices up to a limit of 100% of the net assets.

Any associated currency risk will be hedged. OTC futures may be used to hedge the Sub-Fund's currency risk.

The Sub-Fund may also use index credit default swaps (CDS) up to a limit of 10% and only to hedge against credit risk.

The Sub-Fund may also hold any financial instruments with embedded derivatives that give either immediate or deferred access to a company's capital.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

Exposure to the various asset classes, including derivatives, may not exceed 100% of the Sub-Fund's net assets, equivalent to gearing of 1.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- interest rate risk;
- credit risk;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- risk associated with high yield bonds;
- equity risk;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- emerging markets risk;
- volatility risk;
- counterparty risk;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments.

And on an ancillary basis:

- currency, conversion and exchange rates risks.

For a comprehensive description of these risks, please refer to the section "Risk Factors". This section also details other risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund.

Typical investors' profile

Typical investors have an investment horizon of three (3) years. The Sub-Fund is intended for investors seeking exposure to global markets, in particular via convertible bonds, and who are able to cope with any losses linked to this exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund will depend on the personal situation of each investor. To determine this amount, investors should take into account their personal assets, their current needs and their needs in more than three years' time, and also their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is therefore highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CI-USD [H]	USD 1,000	USD 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CI-CHF [H]	CHF 1,000	CHF 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None

CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-USD [H]	USD 100	USD 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-CHF [H]	CHF 100	CHF 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
GC-EUR**	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

** Accumulation Class of Shares.

14. Objectifs Revenus

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to achieve medium and long-term asset growth in line with the Eonia and, with the exception of accumulation shares, to pay a dividend at regular intervals between four and eight times a year.

The Sub-Fund's profitability objective is to generate an annual return equal to Eonia (the "Index") less management fee, assuming that the dividends paid by the Sub-Fund are reinvested by Shareholders.

The benchmark index is the EONIA (Euro Overnight Index Average).

This measures the actual interest rate offered for overnight loans on the Euro Zone interbank market. It is calculated as the weighted average of the interest rates on non-guaranteed overnight deposit contracts in Euro, as declared by several banks and published by the European Central bank (Bloomberg code: EONIA Index).

The Sub-Fund will invest up to 100% of its net assets mainly in shares or units of French or European money market UCITS or other UCIs that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law. The Sub-Fund may invest a majority of its assets in UCITS or investment funds managed by the Management Company. Investment in these UCITS or funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The maximum management fee that can be charged both to the Sub-Fund itself and to other UCITS/UCIs in which it intends to invest is 1%.

The Sub-Fund will not invest in asset backed securities.

The Sub-Fund may also invest in transferable securities, in particular fixed or variable rate debt securities such as bonds issued by governments or public and private enterprises rated between A and AAA (S&P or an equivalent rating agency). The Sub-Fund may hold securities rated BBB or higher, up to a maximum of 5% of its net assets. The Sub-Fund will not hold high yield bonds. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a downgrade, the Management Company will take the interests of the Shareholders, market conditions and its own analysis of these fixed income products into account when respecting rating limits.

The Sub-Fund may also use Euro Zone money market and interbank instruments, as well as deposits with institutions that have their registered office in an EU Member State.

Within the limits provided for in the Prospectus, the Sub-Fund has the option of holding cash and similar instruments on an ancillary basis.

To optimise the future management of the Sub-Fund, the Management Company reserves the right to use other instruments to achieve the investment objective, including reverse repurchase agreements and other derivatives (futures contracts, options, swaps, etc.), on an ancillary basis. The overall exposure to derivatives risk shall not exceed the total net value of its portfolio. These agreements shall be concluded with counterparties subject to prudential supervision and belonging to categories approved by the CSSF.

In spite of all the measures that the Management Company takes to achieve its investment objectives, these are subject to risk factors beyond its control, in particular including changes made to tax or commercial regulations. No guarantee of any kind can be given to investors in this regard.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- credit risk;

- interest rate risk;
- risk that the Sub-Fund may not achieve its investment objective in full: Investors are advised that the Sub-Fund's performance may not meet its objectives and that they may lose some or all of their initial investment.

Exposure to currency risk is prohibited.

For a comprehensive description of these risks, please refer to the section “Risk Factors”. This section also details other risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is reserved for institutional investors, in particular insurance companies offering life insurance policies that are seeking exposure to European money markets while having the option, with the exception of accumulation shares, of receiving several distributions per year.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None

Dividend Policy

Unless the Board of Directors expressly decides otherwise, CI-EUR Shares in this Sub-Fund do not normally pay a dividend to Shareholders of this Class of Shares. The income of Classes of Shares labelled C will be accumulated and will increase the net asset value of each share in these Classes of Shares by the same amount.

The goal of DI-EUR Shares in this Sub-Fund is to distribute dividends to shareholders of this Class of Shares at regular intervals. Dividends may account for a substantial proportion (up to 80%) of the Net Asset Value of Classes of Shares labelled D and will be paid at regular intervals, up to eight times a year. Such dividends will be paid in cash. However, under no circumstances will a dividend of any kind be paid if to do so would reduce the net asset value of the Company to less than EUR 1,250,000 (one million two hundred and fifty thousand Euro).

Due to the dividend policy of the DI-EUR Class of Shares, the Board of Directors may decide to consolidate distribution shares if the Net Asset Value per Shares falls below 100 (one hundred) Euro. Such consolidation will be performed on the basis of one (1) new distribution share for one hundred (100) old distribution shares.

15. Patrimoine Revenus

The Sub-Fund is a feeder sub-fund of the **Oddo Patrimoine Master Fund** (the “**Master Fund**”) and must permanently invest at least 85% of its assets in units of the Master Fund.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 15% of its assets:

- in cash, on an ancillary basis;
- derivative financial instruments, which can be used solely for hedging.

The Sub-Fund will be invested in CI-EUR units of the Master Fund.

The Master Fund is a French Common Fund (*Fonds Commun de Placement* – FCP). The Master Fund was created on 2 October 1998 for an indefinite period and has been approved as a UCITS by the Autorité des marchés financiers (French financial markets authority – “AMF”).

The Master Fund is a Master Fund within the meaning of European Directive 2009/65/EC and must be able to be categorised as such at any time, i.e. it must (i) have at least one feeder UCITS among its shareholders, (ii) not be a feeder UCITS itself and (iii) not hold units in a feeder UCITS.

The Master Fund's financial year ends on the last stock market trading day in April.

- Management Company:

Oddo Meriten Asset Management, a société anonyme (public limited company) approved as a Portfolio Management Company by the AMF (number GP 99011), has its registered office at 12, Bd de la Madeleine, 75009 Paris, France.

- Depositary, Custodian and Centralising agent for subscription and redemption orders and Registrar appointed by the Management Company:

Oddo et Cie, a *Société en Commandite par Actions* (general partnership limited by shares) approved by the *Autorité de contrôle prudentiel et de résolution* (French prudential control and resolution authority), with registered office at 12, Bd de la Madeleine, 75009 Paris, France.

- Administration and Accounting delegated to

European Fund Administration France S.A.S (EFA France)
17 rue de la Banque
75002 Paris.

- Statutory auditor:

Mazars
61, rue Henri Regnault 92075 Paris-la Défense Cedex
Represented by Mr Gilles Dunand Roux.

The prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports and information about the Master Fund can be obtained from Oddo Meriten Asset Management, 12 Bd de la Madeleine, 75009 Paris, France/email: information_oam@oddomeriten.eu or from the websites at <http://www.oddomeriten.eu>; Tel.:(00.33).1.44.51.84.14.

Investment Objective and Policy of the Master Fund

The Master Fund's investment objective is to generate a capital increase, through investments in equity and fixed income markets, over an investment horizon of more than five years while seeking to limit the portfolio's annual volatility to 12%.

The Master Fund's manager applies active, discretionary management aimed at achieving the investment objective, by taking an exposure to different asset classes (fixed income, credit, equity, currency exchange, commodities), through different UCIs (whether listed or not) or through other instruments (negotiable debt instruments and money market instruments). Financial derivatives instruments may be largely used for hedging or exposure purpose.

The investment process is built around two stages, namely:

1. analysis of the global macroeconomic environment, changes in the markets which will determine the classes of assets allocation (choice between fixed income ,credit, equity, currency exchange and commodities);
2. implementation of a dynamic and flexible asset allocation strategy. The investment policy will be centred around responsiveness to changes in the markets. In order to get the best exposure to the classes of assets, the manager of the Master Fund will invest, on a discretionary basis, in external UCIs (including ETF) or in UCIs selected within the funds managed by management companies belonging to the Oddo & Cie group. The Master Fund may be potentially invested in a significant manner in UCIs managed by management companies belonging to the Oddo & Cie group. The manager can also invest in the other instruments mentioned above.

The objective of the Master Fund is to provide for a diversification upon different geographical areas while being opportunist in the choices made.

For example, the Master Fund may hold exposure of:

- between 0% and 75% of the net assets to equity markets via UCIs invested in Euro Zone and international equities of all capitalisations, and derivatives;

- between 25% and 100% of the net assets to fixed income and money markets via UCIs (up to 45% of net assets for UCIs invested in High Yield or unrated issues), derivatives, securities received under repurchase agreements, bonds, transferable debt securities or money market instruments, including between 0% and 20% of the net assets to bonds, transferable debt securities or money market instruments rated under BBB- (and therefore High Yield) by an official ratings agency, or not rated (according to S&P ratings or deemed equivalent by the Management Company or via an internal rating of the Management Company). These securities will be issued by governments or corporations belonging to the OECD. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a passive breach (rating downgrade), the Management Company will take the interests of the Shareholders, market conditions and its own analysis of these fixed income products into account when respecting rating limits;
- up to 100% to currency exchange markets (excluding Euro) and up to 25% to currency exchange markets of emerging countries.

The overall exposure to emerging markets will be limited to 25% of the Master Fund's net assets (through UCIs).

On an ancillary basis, the Master Fund may be exposed to commodity markets through funds that invest in commodities, subject to a restriction of 10% in the case of diversified funds that apply alternative strategies and bear little correlation to traditional markets.

The Master Fund may invest up to 100% of its net assets in units or shares of French or foreign UCITS that may not invest more than 10% of their assets in units or shares of other UCITS, AIFs or investment funds;

And up to 30% in:

- French AIFs or AIFs from other EU Member States;
- investment funds established under foreign law.

The units or shares of these AIFs and investment funds must meet the four criteria under article R214-13 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, namely: (i) that they are subject to regulations equivalent to those applicable to UCITS and that there is cooperation between the AMF and the regulatory body of the AIF; (ii) that the level of protection granted to unitholders is equivalent to that of UCITS; (iii) that they issue semi-annual and annual reports explaining their activities; and (iv) that they must not themselves invest over 10% of their assets in units or shares of other UCITS, AIFs or foreign investment funds.

These funds may be managed by management companies belonging to the Oddo & Cie group (on a significant basis) and will be compatible with the Master Fund's investment strategy. The maximum amount of the management fees which the Master Fund will bear as a result of its investment in other UCIs is 2,50% of its net assets.

The Master Fund may also trade forward financial instruments or options and carry out over-the-counter transactions with a view to hedging the portfolio against and/or gaining exposure to interest rate, equity and currency risks (futures, options, swaps, forward exchange contracts) and only to hedge against credit risk (using Credit Default Swaps on an ancillary basis). Up to 100% of the Master Fund's net assets may be exposed to currency risk.

The Master Fund may also invest up to 100% of its net assets in instruments with embedded derivatives with a view to hedging the portfolio against and/or gaining exposure to interest rate and/or credit and/or equity risks (subscription certificates, warrants).

The Master Fund's total exposure to all markets combined (fixed income, credit, equities, currency exchange and commodities) may reach 200% of assets.

The Master Fund may use, within the limit of Appendix II, for (i) cash management purposes, (ii) investment of the guarantees obtained in the context of securities lending (iii) or to maximise the Master Fund's income:

- repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements;
- securities lending.

Benchmark Index of the Master Fund

None. In light of the discretionary nature of the diversified management of the Master Fund, the management is not correlated to a particular benchmark.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

As the Sub-Fund is invested in the Master Fund, it is exposed to the risks presented by changes and fluctuations in the markets for the instruments in which the Master Fund invests. In particular, the major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- equity risk;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- emerging markets risk;
- interest rate risk;
- credit risk;
- risk associated with high yield bonds;
- currency risk;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- counterparty risk;
- risks linked to the use of overexposure.

And on an ancillary basis:

- risk associated with investment in hedge funds;
- risks linked to changes in commodities prices.

For a comprehensive description of these risks, please refer to the section “Risk Factors”. This section also details other risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 15 45 p.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors’ profile

This Sub-Fund is designed for investors seeking a diversified multi-management investment vehicle offering a reactive strategic allocation and who are willing to accept the risks arising from this vehicle in exchange for the opportunity to receive several dividend payouts per year.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund will depend on the personal situation of each investor. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in more than 5 years as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
DR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
GC-EUR*	Euro 100	Euro 1,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* Distribution Class of Shares.

Dividend Policy of the Sub-Fund

The aim of the Sub-Fund is to distribute income (in the form of coupons, capital gains or capital) to Shareholders of distributive Classes of Shares at regular intervals and as permitted by the applicable regulations. Income may amount to a maximum of 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Class of Shares in question.

It will therefore be calculated on the basis of the net asset value of the section in question at the end of the calendar year and will be paid in cash on the last business day of each quarter (up to 1.25% per quarter).

However, under no circumstances will a dividend of any kind be paid if to do so would reduce the Net Asset Value of the Company to less than EUR 1,250,000 (one million two hundred and fifty thousand Euro).

Due to the dividend policy of the DR-EUR Class of Shares, the Board of Directors may decide to consolidate distribution shares if the Net Asset Value per Share falls below 100 (one hundred) euro. Such consolidation will be performed on the basis of one (1) new distribution share for one hundred (100) old distribution shares.

Master Fund charges and fees

Fees payable by the investor on subscriptions and redemptions	Basis	Rate CR-EUR, CI-EUR and GC-EUR units
Subscription fee not payable to the Master Fund	NAV per unit x number of units	Maximum 4%, inclusive of tax
Subscription fee payable to the Master Fund	NAV per unit x number of units	None
Redemption fee not payable to the Master Fund	NAV per unit x number of units	None
Redemption fee payable to the Master Fund	NAV per unit x number of units	None

Fees charged to the UCI	Basis	Rate CR-EUR, CI-EUR and GC-EUR units	
Management fees and management fees not payable to the Management Company (statutory auditor, custodian, distributors, lawyers)	Net assets	CR-EUR units	Maximum 1.50% inclusive of tax
		CI-EUR and GC-EUR	maximum 0.60% inclusive of tax
Maximum indirect fees <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • subscription fees • management fees 	Investment amount Net assets	1% maximum 2.5 maximum	
Performance fees	Net assets	15% - all taxes included- of the Master Fund's net outperformance over a 5% performance on an annualised basis	
Transaction fees charged by the service provider	Payable on each transaction	None	

16. Convertible Europe

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to outperform the Thomson Reuters Europe Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index over an investment horizon of at least three years

The benchmark index is the Thomson Reuters Europe Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index.

This index is calculated by MACE Advisers, a company in the Thomson Reuters group. It includes European convertible bonds that meet the minimum liquidity and risk profile balancing (equities/bonds) criteria. It is available at <http://thomsonreuters.com/> and via Bloomberg.

Investors are advised that the benchmark index does not constitute a limitation on the Sub-Fund's investment universe. It allows the investor to assess the Sub-Fund's risk profile. The Sub-Fund's performance may differ substantially from that of its benchmark index.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis and using a fundamental approach that comprises several stages:

1. Analysis of the economic climate and markets allowing investment themes to be selected and objectives for market sensitivity ranges to be established.
2. Qualitative analysis of each security, which includes:
 - an assessment of the potential of issuing companies and underlying companies, based on a financial analysis including in particular an assessment of prospects for growth, profitability and solvency;
 - an analysis of the securities' technical characteristics based on the bond issuance contract and market price
3. Portfolio construction: weighting securities in line with a set of objectives:
 - geographic and sectoral exposure, etc.
 - average sensitivity to equity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and volatility.

A minimum of 60% of the Sub-Fund's net assets is permanently exposed to Euro-denominated fixed income instruments, money market funds and repurchase agreements, and up to 40% of the net assets to fixed income instruments denominated in foreign currency.

The Sub-Fund invests a minimum of 65% of its net assets in fixed income instruments of issuers with their registered office in Europe and a maximum of 35% outside Europe, including a maximum of 15% in emerging countries (non-OECD) and will invest:

- between 50% and 100% in convertible bonds of all types;
- up to 50% of the assets in other debt securities, in particular for setting up combined convertibles (listed call options plus traditional bonds or listed call options plus cash).

The Sub-Fund is managed within a modified duration range of 0 to 5.

The Sub-Fund's specific aim is to keep equity sensitivity below 0.75. A uniform variation of + or -1% in the underlying shares would result in the portfolio rising or falling by up to 0.75%.

Overall exposure will be limited to 100% of the net assets, via direct investments in securities, derivatives and, to a lesser extent, investment funds.

The Sub-Fund invests in debt securities, Money Market Instruments and convertible bonds of all kinds (including exchangeable bonds, bonds with subscription certificates or warrants attached).

The Sub-Fund invests:

- at least 65% of its net assets in fixed income instruments issued by public and/or private issuers with their registered office in the European Economic Area or in a European member country of the OECD;
- up to 35% of its net assets in fixed income instruments issued by public and/or private issuers with their registered office outside the European Economic Area or a European member country of the OECD; and
- up to 15% of its net assets in fixed income instruments issued by public and/or private entities with their registered office in an emerging country (non-OECD);
- there is no predefined allocation between private and public debt.

The Sub-Fund's objective is to invest between 60% and 100% of its assets in Euro-denominated fixed income instruments, money market funds and repurchase agreements. Nonetheless, the Sub-Fund reserves the right to invest up to 40% of its assets in fixed income instruments denominated in foreign currency. The Sub-Fund shall be hedged against foreign exchange risk, with an ancillary risk of no more than 10%.

The Sub-Fund invests in rated and unrated securities.

Securities rated lower than BBB- (by S&P or deemed equivalent by the Management Company, or using the Management Company's internal rating) will be limited to 50 % of the Sub-Fund's net assets. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a downgrade, the Management Company will take the interests of the Shareholders, market conditions and its own analysis of these fixed income products into account when respecting rating limits.

Unrated securities shall not be included in the 50% limit. Unrated securities may represent the same risks as securities rated high yield by the ratings agencies and the Management Company's own analysis.

Modified duration will be held below 5.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in shares resulting from a conversion of convertible bonds. These shares will be held for a transitional period until such time as the Management Company deems the sale price to be favorable. There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in futures or options traded on French or foreign regulated, organized or OTC markets in order to hedge against or gain exposure to interest rate, currency, credit or equity risk, including on equity indices, in particular with the aim of creating synthetic convertible bonds.

The Sub-Fund may use index credit default swaps (CDS) up to a limit of 5% and only to hedge against credit risk.

The Sub-Fund may also take positions in order to hedge the portfolio so that currency risk remains limited to 10% (forward exchange contracts, currency swaps).

The Sub-Fund may hold any instrument with embedded derivatives that gives immediate or deferred access to the capital of a company (subscription certificates, warrants, convertible bonds) in order to gain exposure to equity markets. The underlying assets to such instruments will be eligible assets in accordance with the 2010 Law.

Convertible bonds will represent between 50% and 100% of the net assets, while subscription certificates and warrants will be limited to 10% of the net assets.

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective

The Sub-Fund may use deposits to manage the Sub-Fund's cash, up to a maximum 20% of its net assets.

The Sub-Fund may borrow the equivalent of up to 10 % of its net assets in cash in order to cover a temporary delay between incoming and outgoing funds relating to purchases and sales of securities issued on the market, or to cover large redemptions.

The Sub-Fund may use, within the limit of Appendix II, for (i) cash management purposes, (ii) investment of the guarantees obtained in the context of securities lending (iii) or to maximise Fund income:

- repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements;
- securities lending.

These transactions are not intended to generate leverage. Securities received under repurchase agreements are not temporarily transferred back.

Any temporary sales or purchases of securities shall all be conducted on market conditions and within regulatory limits. Within the scope of these transactions, the Sub-Fund may receive or issue financial guarantees (collateral). These transactions will be used in accordance with the Appendix II.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- risk associated with high-yield bonds;
- credit risk;
- interest rate risk;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- counterparty risk;

- volatility risk;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments;
- emerging markets risk;

The Sub-Fund may be exposed to a limited extent to the following risks:

- currency conversion and exchange rates risks;
- equity risk.

Investors are advised that the Sub-Fund's performance may fall short of its objectives.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11.15 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

This Sub-Fund is intended for anyone seeking exposure to fixed income markets over a period of three years by means of convertible bonds in particular, and who is willing to accept the risks arising from such exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal assets, their current financial needs and the recommended investment horizon, as well as their willingness to accept risks, or alternatively, their preference for a more prudent investment.

Investors are strongly advised to diversify their investments so that they are not exposed solely to the risks of this Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000**	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000**	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
GC-EUR*	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* Accumulation Class of Shares

** With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

17. Haut Rendement Monde 2018

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to achieve a higher net performance than EUR-denominated French government bonds maturing in 2019 (25/04/2019) over an investment horizon of 5 years, i.e. from the Sub-Fund's inception date (being 5 February 2013⁵) to 31 December 2018. The Sub-Fund aims to benefit from the high yield-to-maturity of convertible or corporate bonds.

This objective is based on the realisation of market assumptions laid down by the Management Company. It does not under any circumstances constitute the promise of a return or a performance by the Sub-Fund.

⁵ Please note that the inception date of the Sub-Fund refers to the inception date of Oddo Haut Rendement Monde 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement* that will be merged into the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund implements its investment strategy over an investment period where the end-date is fixed by the Management Company.

The end-date of the first investment period is fixed at 31 December 2018. The end-date of a second investment period will be fixed two months before the preceding one ends, in accordance with prevailing market conditions and the likelihood of the Management Company achieving a solid investment objective.

The Sub-Fund does not have a benchmark index. The average maturity of the Sub-Fund's bond portfolio is around 5 years as of the Sub-Fund's inception date. This average maturity decreases each year to become equal to that of a money market investment in 2018.

The Sub-Fund's investment strategy is to manage, on an active and discretionary basis, a diversified portfolio composed of debt securities (convertible bonds and traditional bonds) with maturities of a maximum of six months after 31 December 2018 (final maturity of the product or early redemption options at the Management Company 'discretion) and issued mainly by corporate issuers with their registered office in continental Europe. Within a 50% limit, the Sub-Fund may hold corporate issuers with their registered office outside of continental Europe, including in emerging countries.

The Management Company seeks to maximise the portfolio's average yield-to-maturity at the maturity date of 31 December 2018 and select the issuers with the lowest default risk in light of the return offered and fundamental analysis of the various risk factors inherent to said issuers. It seeks to select securities that the Management Company deems to have been unjustly downgraded by rating agencies.

As part of the investment strategy, the large number of parameters taken into account makes it possible to:

- adopt a state-of-the-art investment strategy that combines bond-picking with technical analysis when constructing the portfolio, while consistently seeking an attractive risk-return profile (convex profile);
- work on the portfolio's investment return depending on changes in interest rates and/or spreads;
- monitor and measure geographical and sector exposure;
- integrate purchases and sales through simulations which make it possible to foresee developments in the portfolio.

The Management Company may also invest up to 100% of net assets in forward financial instruments, or forward financial instruments traded on regulated or OTC markets, without seeking overexposure. The Management Company may also take positions with a view to hedging the portfolio against interest rate risk and equity risk and/or exposing it to interest rate risk. The Management Company will also use swap and/or forward exchange contracts to hedge the portfolio against currency risk.

Overall exposure to fixed income and credit markets shall not exceed 150% (leverage of 1.50). This overexposure shall be achieved via cash borrowing or securities lending or repurchase agreements giving rise to cash payments which shall be reinvested in securities by the Management Company in accordance with the Appendix II.

The Management Company reserves the right to invest in all types of securities (high yield, unrated and investment grade) in order to seize any market opportunities that arise, and particularly in the following:

- 1 - Securities that have just been downgraded to high yield but that are likely to have their rating upgraded again;
- 2 - High yield securities which are likely to be upgraded to investment grade according to the Management Company's analysis;
- 3 - Unrated, undervalued securities with fundamentals deemed solid by the managers.

The allocation to ratings of different issuers shall be as follows:

- between 0% and 100% in high yield securities (rated BB+ or lower);
- between 0% and 100% in unrated securities.

Where market conditions are considered to be unfavourable by the Management Company, the Management Company may decide, on a discretionary basis, to invest up to 100% of the Sub-Fund's assets in investment grade securities (rating of BBB- or higher) such as bonds, convertible bonds, debt securities or money market instruments;

When composing the initial portfolio that has been finalised at the end of the subscription period⁶, the Management Company has respected the following restrictions:

- 5 strong convictions with a weighting of no more than 5% per holding;
- no holding to represent more than 3% of the portfolio;
- between 50 and 100 holdings.

These allocation and diversification rules may change during the life of the Sub-Fund according to market opportunities and changes in the securities' ratings. They should not, therefore, be considered as limits on the Management Company's discretionary management decisions.

The Sub-Fund is managed within a modified duration range of 0 to 7. The Sub-Fund is therefore not exposed to currency risk.

The Sub-Fund may invest between 0% and 100% of its net assets in debt securities. The Management Company invests in debt securities in the form of bonds convertible into shares, bonds redeemable into shares, equity warrant bonds, traditional bonds, etc.

The Sub-Fund's portfolio is invested in fixed income instruments issued mainly by private entities. The Management Company may select financial instruments, rated or not rated by rating agencies, of companies whose fundamentals he believes are liable to improve over time. The Management Company may invest in convertible bonds with small and mid-cap companies as their underlying.

There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation (with the exception of a maximum limit of 50% for issuers domiciled in an emerging country and a minimum 50% allocation to issuers domiciled in a country in continental Europe);

Average maturity of debt securities: 0 to 6 years.

The Sub-Fund may invest between 0% and 10% of its net assets in equities. The Sub-Fund may hold shares following a conversion of convertible bonds. There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation. The investment strategy does not include allocation by size of capitalisation.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in futures or options traded on regulated, organised or OTC markets in France or abroad.

The Management Company may take positions in order to hedge the portfolio (interest rate, equity and currency risk) and/or expose it to assets (interest rates):

- hedging: through the sale of forward contracts, purchase of put options, forward currency contracts, swaps;
- exposure: through the purchase of forward contracts, purchase of call options, swaps.

The Management Company will not use arbitrage.

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective, without seeking overexposure.

The Management Company may take positions in order to gain exposure for the portfolio to interest rate, credit and equity risks by investing in securities embedding derivatives.

The following securities with embedded derivatives may be held in the portfolio:

- subscription certificates and rights, up to 10% of net assets;
- convertible and exchangeable bonds.

⁶ Please note that the end of the subscription period refers to 31 October 2013 being the date of the end of the subscription period of Oddo Haut Rendement Monde 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement* that will be merged into the Sub-Fund

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective. The underlying assets to such instruments will be eligible assets in accordance with the 2010 Law.

The Sub-Fund may invest in deposits, within regulatory limits, to generate a return on cash.

Cash borrowing are limited to 10% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund and may be used for the purpose of achieving overexposure to fixed income and credit markets and/or managing the flow of subscriptions/redemptions.

In order to optimise its income, the Sub-Fund may be overexposed to fixed income, credit and equity markets via securities lending transactions and repurchase agreements, in accordance with Appendix II, up to the limit of 150% of net assets and have leverage of 1.5.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- credit risk;
- risk associated with high-yield bonds;
- interest rate risk;
- risk linked to the use of overexposure;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- emerging market risk;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- counterparty risk;
- volatility risk;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- risk associated with portfolio concentration;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- equity risk.

Investors are advised that the Sub-Fund's performance may fall short of its objectives.

Given the investment strategy in place, the Sub-Fund's risk profile is prone to change over time and as the investment period approaches its end-date. At opening, the Sub-Fund is fully exposed to the securities' various risk factors. As the investment period draws to a close, the exposure to different risk factors decreases. The difference between the Sub-Fund's risk profile at the beginning and end of the investment period is therefore considerable. The Sub-Fund's exposure to the securities diminishes as they mature or due to market events. The focus of investments in these circumstances will vary among debt securities, repurchase agreements and money market and short-term UCIs, in accordance with market conditions.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11.15 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is intended for investors seeking exposure to the bond and convertible bond markets over a period of five years, who are willing to accept the risks arising from such exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in five years as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

The recommended minimum investment horizon is the term through to the end of each investment period (i.e. through to 31 December 2018 for the first period).

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CI-EUR	Euro 10,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None

* With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

New subscriptions will not be accepted after the centralisation cut-off time on the date of the merger and only in the context between the Sub-Fund and Oddo Haut Rendement Monde 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement*. From this date, the only subscriptions that will be accepted are those following a redemption request on the same day for the same number of Shares at the same Net Asset Value and by the same Shareholder. The subscription period may be extended at the Management Company's discretion.

18. Convertible Euro Moderate

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to outperform the benchmark index, the Thomson Reuters Europe Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index, over a minimum investment horizon of two years.

The benchmark index is Thomson Reuters Europe Focus Hedged Convertible Bond Index.

This index is calculated by MACE Advisers, a company in the Thomson Reuters group. It includes European convertible bonds that meet the minimum liquidity and risk profile balancing (equities/bonds) criteria. It is available at <http://thomsonreuters.com/> and via Bloomberg.

Investors are advised that the benchmark index does not constitute a limitation on the Sub-Fund's investment universe. It allows the investor to assess the Sub-Fund's risk profile. The Sub-Fund's performance may differ substantially from that of its benchmark index.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis and using a fundamental approach that comprises several stages:

1. Analysis of the economic climate and markets allowing investment themes to be selected and objectives for market sensitivity ranges to be established.
2. Qualitative analysis of each security, which includes:
 - an assessment of the potential of issuing companies and underlying companies, based on a financial analysis including in particular an assessment of prospects for growth, profitability and solvency,
 - an analysis of the securities' technical characteristics based on the bond issuance contract and market price.
3. Portfolio construction: weighting of securities in line with range objectives:
 - geographic and sectoral exposure, etc.;
 - average sensitivity to equity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and volatility.

The Sub-Fund is permanently exposed to fixed income instruments denominated in Euro and issued by entities with their registered office in the European Economic Area (EEA) or a European OECD member state (70% minimum), and shall invest:

- between 50% and 100% in convertible bonds of all types;
- up to 50% of the net assets in other debt securities, in particular for setting up combined convertibles (listed call options plus traditional bonds or listed call options plus cash).

The Sub-Fund is managed within a modified duration range of 0 to 5.

The Sub-Fund is managed within an equity sensitivity range of 0% to 40%.

Overall exposure will be limited to 100% of the net assets, via direct investments in securities, derivatives and, to a lesser extent, investment funds.

The Sub-Fund invests:

- between 50% and 100% in convertible bonds of all types;
- up to 50% of the net assets in other debt securities;
- between 70% and 100% of its net assets in (public and/or private) issuers with their registered office in the European Economic Area or in a European member country of the OECD;
- up to 30% of its net assets in issuers with their registered office outside the EEA or not in a European member country of the OECD;
- up to 10% in issuers whose registered office is located in an emerging country (non-OECD);
- there is no predefined allocation between private and public debt.

The Management Company may invest in rated and unrated debt securities.

High yield securities rated lower than BBB- (by S&P or deemed equivalent by the Management Company, or using the Management Company's internal rating) will be limited to 35% of the net assets. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a downgrade, the Management Company will take the interests of the Shareholders, market conditions and its own analysis of these fixed income products into account when respecting rating limits.

Unrated securities shall not be included in the 35% limit. Unrated securities may represent the same risks as securities rated high yield by the ratings agencies.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in shares resulting from a conversion of convertible bonds. These shares will be held for a transitional period until such time as the Management Company deems the sale price to be favourable. There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund may use futures or options traded on French or foreign regulated, organised or OTC markets in order to hedge against or gain exposure to interest rate or equity risk, including on equity indices, in particular with the aim of creating synthetic bonds. The Sub-Fund may also use currency forwards to hedge the CR-CHF [H] and CI-CHF [H] units.

The Sub-Fund may also use index credit default swaps (CDS) up to a limit of 5% and only to hedge against credit risk.

The Sub-Fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in any instrument with embedded derivatives that gives immediate or deferred access to the capital of a company (subscription certificates, warrants, convertible bonds) in order to gain exposure to fixed income, credit and equity markets. The underlying assets to such instruments will be eligible assets in accordance with the 2010 Law.

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective.

The Sub-Fund may use deposits to manage the Fund's cash, up to a maximum 20% of its net assets.

The Sub-Fund may borrow the equivalent of up to 10% of its assets in cash in order to cover a temporary delay between incoming and outgoing funds relating to purchases and sales of securities issued on the market, or to cover large redemptions.

The Sub-Fund may use, within the limit of Appendix II, for (i) cash management purposes, (ii) investment of the guarantees obtained in the context of securities lending (iii) or to maximise Fund income:

- repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements
- securities lending.

These transactions are not intended to generate leverage. Securities received under repurchase agreements are not temporarily transferred back.

Any temporary sales or purchases of securities shall all be conducted on market conditions and within regulatory limits. Within the scope of these transactions, the Fund may receive or issue financial guarantees (collateral). These transactions will be used in accordance with the Appendix II.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- interest rate risk;
- credit risk;
- counterparty risk;
- risk associated with high-yield bonds;
- volatility risk;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations.

The Sub-Fund may be exposed to a limited extent to the following risks:

- equity risk;
- emerging markets risk;
- residual currency risk of 3%. This currency risk only affects the CR-CHF [H] and CI-CHF [H] units, and is linked to the use of currency forwards for hedging these units. CR CHF (H) and CI CHF (H) units are hedged against CHF/EUR currency risk in order to limit differences in performance relative to Euro-denominated units, albeit with a residual currency risk of up to 3%.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11.15 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is intended for anyone seeking exposure to fixed income markets by means of convertible bonds and synthetic convertible bonds in particular and who is able to bear any losses associated with this exposure.

The recommended minimum investment period is more than two years.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in more than two years, as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-CHF [H]***	CHF 1,000	CHF 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CR-CHF [H]***	CHF 100	CHF 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

CR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
DR-EUR	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None
GC-EUR**	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

* With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

** Accumulation Class of Shares

*** CI-CHF [H] and CR-CHF [H] Classes of Shares are hedged against CHF/EUR currency risk in order to limit differences in performance relative to Euro-denominated Shares, albeit with a residual currency risk of 3%.

19. Bonds Target 2018

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to achieve a higher net performance than EUR-denominated French government bonds maturing in 2019 (25/04/2019) over an investment horizon of 4 years, i.e. from the Sub-Fund's inception date (being 13 May 2014⁷) to 31 December 2018. The Sub-Fund aims to benefit from the high yield-to-maturity of corporate bonds.

This objective is based on the realisation of market assumptions laid down by the Management Company. It does not under any circumstances constitute the promise of a return or a performance by the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund implements its investment strategy over an investment period where the end-date is fixed by the Management Company.

The end-date of the first investment period is fixed at 31 December 2018. The end-date of a second investment period will be fixed two months before the preceding one ends, in accordance with prevailing market conditions and the likelihood of the Management Company achieving a solid investment objective.

The Sub-Fund does not have a benchmark index. The average maturity of the Sub-Fund's bond portfolio is around 4 years as of the Sub-Fund's inception date. This average maturity decreases each year to become equal to that of a money market investment in 2018.

The Sub-Fund's key investment characteristics:

Geographical zone of issuers of securities	Investment range
Continental Europe	between 50% and 100%
Other, including Emerging Countries:	between 0% and 50%
Base currency of the securities	All currencies including USD, GBP, EUR
Level of currency risk	The Sub-Fund is hedged against currency risk; however, there is a residual risk of no more than 5%.
Modified duration range	0 to 7

The Sub-Fund's investment strategy is to manage, on an active and discretionary basis, a diversified portfolio of debt securities composed of traditional bonds (and convertible bonds up to the limit of 10% of the net assets) with maturities of a maximum of six months after 31 December 2018 (final maturity of the product or early redemption options at the Management Company's discretion) and issued mainly by corporate issuers with their registered office in continental Europe. Within a 50% limit, the Sub-Fund may hold corporate issuers with their registered office outside of continental Europe, including in emerging countries.

⁷ Please note that the inception date of the Sub-Fund refers to the inception date of Oddo Bonds Target 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement* that will be merged into the Sub-Fund

The Management Company seeks to maximise the portfolio's average yield-to-maturity at the maturity date of 31 December 2018 and select the issuers with the lowest default risk in light of the return offered and fundamental analysis of the various risk factors inherent to said issuers. It seeks to select securities that the Management Company deems to have been unjustly downgraded by rating agencies.

As part of the investment strategy, the large number of parameters taken into account makes it possible to:

- adopt a state-of-the-art investment strategy that combines bond-picking with technical analysis when constructing the portfolio, while consistently seeking an attractive risk-return profile (convex profile);
- work on the portfolio's investment return depending on changes in interest rates and/or spreads;
- monitor and measure geographical and sector exposure;
- integrate purchases and sales through simulations which make it possible to foresee developments in the portfolio.

The Management Company may also invest up to 100% of net assets in forward financial instruments, or forward financial instruments traded on regulated or OTC markets, without seeking overexposure. The Management Company may also take positions with a view to hedging the portfolio against interest rate risk and equity risk and/or exposing it to interest rate risk. The Management Company will also use swap and/or forward exchange contracts to hedge the portfolio against currency risk, though a residual risk of a maximum of 5% remains.

Overall exposure to fixed income and credit markets shall not exceed 150% (leverage of 1.50). This overexposure shall be achieved via cash borrowing or securities lending or repurchase agreements giving rise to cash payments which shall be reinvested in securities by the Management Company in accordance with the Appendix II.

The Management Company reserves the right to invest in all types of securities (high yield, unrated and investment grade) in order to seize any market opportunities that arise, and particularly in the following:

- 1 - Securities that have just been downgraded to high yield but that are likely to have their rating upgraded again;
- 2 - High yield securities which are likely to be upgraded to investment grade according to the manager's analysis;
- 3 - Unrated, undervalued securities with fundamentals deemed solid by the managers.

The allocation to ratings of different issuers shall be as follows:

- between 0% and 100% in high yield securities (rated between BB+ and B- or equivalent as assessed by the Management Company);
- between 0% and 100% in unrated securities.

Where market conditions are considered to be unfavourable by the Management Company, the Management Company may decide, on a discretionary basis, to invest up to 100% of the Sub-Fund's assets in investment grade securities (rating of BBB- or equivalent as assessed by the Management Company) such as bonds, debt securities or money market instruments;

When composing the initial portfolio that has been finalised at the end of the subscription period⁸, the Management Company has respected the following restrictions:

- 5 strong convictions with a weighting of no more than 5% per holding;
- no holding to represent more than 3% of the portfolio;
- between 50 and 100 holdings.

These allocation and diversification rules may change during the life of the Sub-Fund according to market opportunities and changes in the securities' ratings. They should not, therefore, be considered as limits on the Management Company's discretionary management decisions.

The Sub-Fund is managed within a modified duration range of 0 to 7.

The Sub-Fund will be subject to a residual currency risk of no more than 5%.

⁸ Please note that the end of the subscription period refers to 30 April 2015, being the date of the end of the subscription period of Oddo Bonds Target 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement* that will be merged into the Sub-Fund

The Sub-Fund may invest between 0% and 100% of its net assets in debt securities. The Management Company invests in debt securities in the form of (i) traditional bonds up to 100% of the net assets and (ii) bonds convertible into shares, bonds redeemable into shares and equity warrant bonds up to a maximum of 10% of the net assets.

The Sub-Fund's portfolio is invested in fixed income instruments issued mainly by private entities. The Management Company selects financial instruments rated at least B- (S&P or equivalent as assessed by the Management Company) of companies whose fundamentals are considered likely to improve over time. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event that the securities' rating is downgraded below B- or equivalent as assessed by the Management Company, the Management Company will decide whether or not to dispose of the securities in the light of its own analysis, the interests of the Shareholders and market conditions.

The Management Company may invest in convertible bonds with small and mid-cap companies as their underlying.

Securities will be issued in any currency and hedged against currency risk.

There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation (with the exception of a maximum limit of 50% for issuers domiciled in an emerging country and a minimum 50% allocation to issuers domiciled in a country in continental Europe).

Average duration of debt securities: 0 to 6 years.

The Sub-Fund may invest between 0% and 10% of its net assets in equities. The Sub-Fund may hold shares following a conversion of convertible bonds. There is no predefined geographical or sector allocation. The investment strategy does not include allocation by size of capitalisation.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in futures or options traded on regulated, organised or OTC markets in France or abroad.

The Management Company may take positions in order to hedge the portfolio (interest rate, equity and currency risk) and/or expose it to assets (interest rates):

- hedging: through the sale of forward contracts, purchase of put options, forward currency contracts, swaps;
- exposure: through the purchase of forward contracts, purchase of call options, swaps.

The Management Company will not use arbitrage.

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective, without seeking overexposure.

The Management Company may take positions in order to gain exposure for the portfolio to interest rate, credit and equity risks by investing in securities embedding derivatives.

The following securities with embedded derivatives may be held in the portfolio:

- subscription certificates and rights, up to 10% of net assets;
- convertible and exchangeable bonds, up to 10% of the net assets.

All of these transactions are used for the sole purpose of achieving the investment objective. The underlying assets to such instruments will be eligible assets in accordance with the 2010 Law.

The Sub-Fund may invest in deposits, within regulatory limits, to generate a return on cash.

Cash borrowings are limited to 10% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund and may be used for the purposes of achieving overexposure to fixed income and credit markets and/or managing the flow of subscriptions/redemptions.

In order to optimise its income, the Sub-Fund may be overexposed to fixed income, credit and equity markets via securities lending transactions and repurchase agreements, in accordance with Appendix II, up to the limit of 150% of net assets and have leverage of 1.5.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss;
- credit risk;
- risk associated with high-yield bonds;
- interest rate risk;
- risk linked to the use of overexposure;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- emerging market risk;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments;
- counterparty risk;
- volatility risk;
- risk associated with portfolio concentrations;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets.

The Sub-Fund will be exposed, to a limited extent, to the following risks:

- equity risk;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- currency conversion and exchanges risks.

Investors are advised that the Sub-Fund's performance may fall short of its objectives.

Given the investment strategy in place, the Sub-Fund's risk profile is prone to change over time and as the investment period approaches its end-date. At opening, the Sub-Fund is fully exposed to the securities' various risk factors. As the investment period draws to a close, the exposure to different risk factors decreases. The difference between the Sub-Fund's risk profile at the beginning and end of the investment period is therefore considerable. The Sub-Fund's exposure to the securities diminishes as they mature or due to market events. The focus of investments in these circumstances will vary among debt securities, repurchase agreements and money market and short-term UCIs, in accordance with market conditions.

The cut-off time for receiving subscription, conversion or redemption orders for the Sub-Fund is 11.15 a.m., Luxembourg time, on the relevant Valuation Day.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is intended for investors seeking exposure to the bond and convertible bond markets over a period of four years, who are willing to accept the risks arising from such exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in four years as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

The recommended minimum investment horizon is the term through to the end of each investment period (i.e. through to 31 December 2018 for the first period).

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)***
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 1%
CI-USD [H]**	USD 1,000	USD 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 1%
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	Up to 1%

DI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 250,000*	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	Up to 1%
DR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	Up to 1%
GC-EUR****	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	Up to 1%

* With the exception of the Management Company, companies in the Management Company's group and UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company, from which no minimum initial investment is required.

** CI-USD [H] Class of Shares are hedged against USD/EUR currency risk in order to limit differences in performance relative to Euro-denominated Shares, through residual currency risk of maximum 3% remains.

*** Redemption fee were only charged during the subscription period⁹. They will no longer apply at the end of the Sub-Fund's subscription period. Redemption fees payable will not be charged on subscriptions following a redemption request executed on the same day for the same number of Shares at the same NAV and by the same Shareholder.

**** Accumulation Class of Shares

New subscriptions will not be accepted after the centralisation cut-off time on the date of the merger and only in the context between the Sub-Fund and Oddo Bonds Target 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement*. From this date, the only subscriptions that will be accepted are those following a redemption request on the same day for the same number of Shares at the same Net Asset Value and by the same Shareholder. The subscription period may be extended at the Management Company's discretion.

20. BHF Total Return

The Sub-Fund's investment objective is to generate a positive performance through investments made on Euro Zone and international fixed income and equity markets while trying to cushion the impact of falls in the markets to which the Sub-Fund is exposed.

The Sub-Fund is managed on an active, discretionary basis and using the following investment process that comprises two stages:

1. analysis of the worldwide macroeconomical climate, of the markets evolution and forecast of the markets evolution, in order to determine the assets allocation (between Money Market Instruments, negotiable debt instruments and equity securities);
2. selection of the Money Market Instruments, negotiable debt instruments and equity securities of the convictions of Management Company's specialised team of managers and analysts.

The Sub-Fund is not subject to any restrictions regarding the geographical location of the issuers.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 40% of its net assets in equity securities of issuers without constraint in term of capitalisation or localisation.

The Sub-Fund will invest between 60% and 100% of its net assets in debt instruments (including convertible bonds), negotiable debt instruments with fixed or variable rate or Money Market Instruments issued by private or public issuers. These assets may be denominated in any currency and shall be rated investment grade (i.e. with a rating of BBB- minimum by S&P or a rating deemed to be equivalent by the Management Company or through an internal rating system of the Management Company), provided that up to 10% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund may be invested in high yield securities. The Management Company does not use the ratings issued by ratings agencies automatically or in isolation, as it also applies its own internal analysis. In the event of a ratings downgrade, ratings limits will be assessed in conjunction with the interests of Shareholders, market conditions and the Management Company's own analysis of the ratings of these fixed income products.

As detailed in Appendix I point C (12), a maximum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets may be invested in equities or units of UCITS or European investment funds that meet the four criteria of article 41(1)(e) of the 2010 Law on Undertakings for Collective Investment. These investment funds or UCITS may be managed by the Management Company. Investment in these funds shall be consistent with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy.

⁹ Please note that the subscription period refers to the period that ended on 30 April 2015, being the date of the end of the subscription period of Oddo Bonds Target 2018, a French *fonds commun de placement* that will be merged into the Sub-Fund

The Sub-Fund may invest in all financial futures or options traded on regulated markets in Luxembourg and other countries in order to hedge the portfolio against or exposure the portfolio to equity, interest rate and currency risks. The use of derivatives is limited to 100% of the portfolio. The Sub-Fund may also enter into Credit Default Swaps for hedging or exposure purpose.

The Sub-Fund may use deposits to generate a return on cash holdings, within the regulatory limits.

The Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund is Euro.

The major risks associated with investing in the Sub-Fund relate to the following elements:

- risk of capital loss
- interest rate risk;
- credit risk;
- risk associated with convertible bonds;
- equity risk;
- risk associated with holding small and medium capitalisations;
- risk associated with discretionary management;
- emerging markets risk;
- volatility risk;
- counterparty risk;
- currency risk;
- liquidity risk of underlying assets;
- risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments.

and on an ancillary basis:

- risk associated with high yield bonds.

Typical investors' profile

The Sub-Fund is intended for investors seeking exposure to fixed income and equity markets through a strategic allocation over a period of five years, who are willing to accept the risks arising from such exposure.

The amount that is appropriate to invest in this Sub-Fund depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, investors should consider their personal wealth/assets, their current financial needs and those in five years as well as their willingness to accept risks or their preference for a more prudent investment. It is also highly recommended that investors sufficiently diversify their investments so as not to be exposed solely to the risks of this Sub-Fund.

Classes of Shares available

Name	Initial Subscription Price	Minimum Initial Investment*	Minimum Subsequent Investment	Sales Charge (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)	Redemption Fee (in % of the Net Asset Value per Share)
CI-EUR	Euro 1,000	Euro 5,000,000	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 2%	None
CR-EUR	Euro 100	Euro 100	1/100 th of a Share	Up to 5%	None

Investment Advisors

The Management Company has appointed BHF Trust Management Gesellschaft für Vermögensverwaltung mBH and FRANKFURT-TRUST Investment-Gesellschaft mbH as its investment advisors for the purpose of providing advice to the Management Company in respect of its management of the Sub-Fund. The fees of those investment advisors will be paid out the Management Company's assets.

RISK FACTORS

The investments within each Sub-Fund are subject to market fluctuations and to the risks inherent in all investments; accordingly, no assurance can be given that the investment objectives will be achieved.

Risk of capital loss

The Sub-Funds are not guaranteed or protected; Shareholders may not get back their initial investment in full.

Risk associated with discretionary management

This risk is linked to the investment style, which is based on expectations regarding the performance of the various markets. There is a risk that a Sub-Fund may not be invested in the best-performing markets or securities at all times. A Sub-Fund's performance therefore depends on the Management Company's or the relevant Investment Manager's ability to anticipate movements in the markets or in individual securities. This risk may result in a fall in the Net Asset Value and/or a capital loss for the investor.

Fixed income securities

Investment in fixed income securities is subject to inter alia interest rate risk, sector, security and credit risk. The values of fixed income securities held by the Sub-Funds generally will vary inversely with changes in interest rates and such variation may affect Share prices accordingly.

Equity securities

Investing in equity securities may offer a higher rate of return than those in short term and long term debt securities. However, the risks associated with investments in equity securities may also be higher, because the investment performance of equity securities depends upon factors which are difficult to predict. Such factors include the possibility of sudden or prolonged market declines and risks associated with individual companies. The fundamental risks associated with any equity portfolio are the risk that the value of the investments it holds might decrease in value. Equity security values may fluctuate in response to the activities of an individual company or in response to general market and/or economic conditions. Historically, equity securities have provided greater long-term returns and have entailed greater short-term risks than other investment choices.

Interest rate risk

This corresponds to the risk linked to a rise in bond market interest rates, which causes bond prices and therefore the Net Asset Value of the relevant Sub-Fund to fall.

Credit risk

This is the risk of a downgrading of an issuer's credit rating, or in an extreme case its default, which would have a negative impact on the price of the debt securities issued and therefore on the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund, potentially resulting in loss of capital. Credit risk varies according to expectations, bond maturities and the level of confidence in each issuer. This may restrict the liquidity of the securities of a particular issuer and have a negative impact on the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund, especially if the Sub-Fund liquidates its positions in a market where transaction volumes are low.

Counterparty risk

This is the risk of a counterparty's collapse, causing it to default on payment. A Sub-Fund may be exposed to the counterparty risk caused by the use of derivatives contracted over-the-counter with credit institutions or contracts for the temporary purchase or sale of securities. Such Sub-Fund is therefore exposed to the risk that one of these credit institutions may not be able to honour its commitments in connection with such instruments.

Volatility risk

This risk is linked to an asset's propensity to fluctuate substantially, either for a particular reason or in line with the market's general movements. The more an asset fluctuates over the short term, the more it is regarded as volatile and therefore more risky. A reduction in volatility may cause convertible bond prices to fall and consequently lead to a fall in the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value.

Modelling risk:

A Sub-Fund's stock selection process may make particular use of a portfolio building tool designed by the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager. There is a risk that the data processing tool will not be efficient, as there is no guarantee that previous situations will repeat themselves.

Rule 144A Securities

The Sub-Funds may invest in so-called Rule 144A- Securities which are securities that are not registered in the US under the 1933 Act, but can be sold in the US to certain institutional buyers. A Sub-Fund may invest in Rule 144A Securities, provided that such securities are issued with registration rights pursuant to which such securities may be registered under the 1933 Act and traded on the US OTC Fixed Income Securities market. Such securities shall be considered as newly issued transferable securities.

In the event that any such securities are not registered under the 1933 Act within one year of issue, at such time, such securities shall be considered as securities which are not traded on an official stock exchange or other Regulated Market and therefore accordingly the Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 10% of the net assets of such Sub-Fund in such securities.

Warrants

The investments in warrants involve a greater degree of risk, as the greater volatility in the prices of warrants may result in greater volatility in the price of shares.

Contingent Convertible Bonds

Contingent Convertible Bonds (CoCos) are debt securities issued by international companies, predominantly banks. A Sub-Fund which invests to a large extent in the asset class might therefore be exposed to *industry concentration risk*. To qualify as Additional Tier 1 Capital under the Basle III capital requirements, CoCos need to be able to be written down (*write-down risk*) or converted into equity (*conversion risk*) when a certain trigger equity level relative to risk weighted assets is reached (*trigger level risk*). The structure of these instruments is innovative yet untested in the market. In a stressed environment market participants may view the activation of a trigger by single issuer as a systemic event, causing price contagion, volatility and illiquidity in the entire asset class (*unknown risk*). Under the market circumstances prevailing at the date of this prospectus, the attractive yield of CoCos relative to more highly rated debt issues of the same issuer or similarly rated debt issues of other issuers has been a primary reason for strong demand from investors. The yield may - compared to the yield of other instruments - not adequately compensate the risks associated with them (*yield/valuation risk*). A CoCo must be issued as a perpetual instrument, callable at pre-determined levels only with the approval of the competent authority. It cannot be assumed that the perpetual CoCos will be called on the call date scheduled and the investor may not receive return of principal as expected on call date or indeed at any date (*call extension risk*). Coupon payments are entirely discretionary and may be cancelled at any time, for any reason (*coupon cancellation risk*). The CoCos may suffer from a reduction in capital or from a conversion into equity capital, potentially at a discounted price, or from suspension of interest payments, prepayment or from other factors in accordance with their terms in case certain events are triggered. The principal amount of a CoCo may be lost on a permanent or temporary basis. Contrary to classic capital hierarchy, the holders of CoCos may suffer a loss of capital when equity holders do not (*capital structure inversion risk*). In addition the risk of capital loss may increase in times of adverse market conditions. This may be unrelated to the performance of the issuing companies. The investment in CoCos involves a higher degree of risk as triggers may inter alia be caused on the basis of credit events, non-public regulatory events, the capital ratio of the issuing company falling below a certain level or the share price of the issuer falling to a particular level for a certain period of time. The investment may lose value or generate the risk of equity investments and there is no guarantee that the amount invested in a CoCo will be repaid at a certain date as their termination and redemption is subject to prior authorisation of the competent supervisory authority.

Convertible Bonds

Convertible bonds represent a halfway house between bonds and shares, with the particularity of introducing an element of equity risk into a fixed-income instrument that already features interest rate and credit risk. Since equity markets are more volatile than fixed-income markets, holding these instruments results in an increase in portfolio risk. The value of convertible bonds depends on several factors: the level of interest rates, changes in the price of the underlying equities, changes in the price of the derivative embedded in the convertible bond. These various factors may result in a fall in a Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value.

Small and medium companies

The investments in securities of smaller, newer companies may be riskier than the investments in larger, more established companies as the stocks of medium-size and small companies are usually less stable in price and less liquid than the stocks of larger companies.

Risk associated with investment in hedge funds

A Sub-Fund may invest in alternative investment funds that apply alternative management, and in particular arbitrage, strategies. This type of fund may present risks inherent to the investment techniques thus applied. The Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value could therefore fall.

Risk linked to changes in commodities prices

Commodities components may fluctuate in significantly different ways from traditional securities markets (equities, bonds). Climate and geopolitical factors may also affect supply and demand of the underlying commodity in question; in other words, these factors may alter the expected scarcity of the underlying commodity on the market. Nevertheless, within a single commodity market out of the three main commodity markets represented (energy, metals and agricultural products), the movements of components may be more strongly correlated with one another. Consequently, these exposures may prove unfavourable, particularly in the case of a downturn in the sector in question, in the absence of liquidity on this market, if the manager's forecasts prove misguided or if the economic, and in particular geopolitical, climate becomes unfavourable to commodities. They may therefore negatively impact the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value.

Exchange Rates

Some of the Sub-Funds are invested in securities or derivatives instruments denominated in a number of different currencies other than the Reference Currency (as defined hereinafter under "Net Asset Value") in which the Sub-Funds are denominated; changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of Shares held in such Sub-Funds.

Currency conversion risks

Where Classes of Shares of a Sub-Fund may be subscribed or redeemed in currencies different from that in which the Sub-Fund is denominated (its Reference Currency), investors in Shares of that Class should note that fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Reference Currency and the currency in which the different Classes of Shares of a Sub-Fund may be subscribed or redeemed, may affect the performance of the Shares of that Class independent of the performance of the Sub-Fund's investments. The costs of currency exchange transactions in connection with the purchase, redemption and exchange of Shares of that Class will be borne by the relevant Class of Shares and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Class.

Liquidity Risk

Even relatively small orders for purchases or sales of illiquid securities (securities that cannot be sold readily) may lead to significant price changes. If an asset is not liquid, there is the risk that the asset cannot be sold or can only be sold at a significant discount to the purchase price. The lack of liquidity of an asset may cause its purchase price to increase significantly. From time to time, the counterparties with which the Sub-Funds effect transactions might cease making markets or quoting prices in financial instruments. In such instances, the Sub-Funds might be unable to enter into a desired transaction or to enter into an offsetting transaction with respect to an open position, which might adversely affect performance.

Region, Country and Industry Concentration Risk

If a Sub-Fund focuses its investments on certain markets or types of investment, e.g. certain regions, countries or industries, by definition this concentration does not allow the same scope of diversification of risks across different markets as would be possible if investments were not as concentrated. Consequently, a Sub-Fund is particularly dependent on the development of these investments or of individual or related markets or of companies included in those markets.

Emerging Markets

In certain countries, there is the possibility of expropriation of assets, confiscatory taxation, political or social instability or diplomatic developments which could affect investment in those countries. There may be less publicly available information about certain financial instruments than some investors would find customary and entities in some countries may not be subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those to which certain investors may be accustomed. Certain financial markets, while generally growing in volume, have, for the most part, substantially less volume than more developed markets, and securities of many companies are less liquid and their prices more volatile than securities of comparable companies in more sizeable markets. There are also varying levels of government supervision and regulation of exchanges, financial institutions and issuers in various countries. In addition, the manner in which foreign investors may invest in securities in certain countries, as well as limitations on such investments, may affect the investment operations of certain Sub-Funds.

Emerging country debt will be subject to high risk and will not be required to meet a minimum rating standard and may not be rated for creditworthiness by any internationally recognised credit rating organization. The issuer or governmental authority that controls the repayment of an emerging country's debt may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due in accordance with the terms of such debt. As a result of the foregoing, a government obligor may default on its obligations. If such an event occurs, the Company may have limited legal recourse against the issuer and/or guarantor. Remedies must, in some cases, be pursued in the courts of the defaulting party itself, and the ability of the holder of foreign government debt securities to obtain recourse may be subject to the political climate in the relevant country. In addition, no assurance can be given that the holders of commercial debt will not contest payments to the holders of other foreign government debt obligations in the event of default under their commercial bank loan agreements.

Settlement systems in emerging markets may be less well organized than in developed markets. Thus, there may be a risk that settlement may be delayed and that cash or securities of the Sub-Funds may be in jeopardy because of failures or of defects in the systems. In particular, market practice may require that payment shall be made prior to receipt of the security which is being purchased or that delivery of a security must be made before payment is received. In such cases, default by a broker or bank (the "Counterparty") through whom the relevant transaction is effected might result in a loss being suffered by Sub-Funds investing in emerging market securities.

The Company will seek, where possible, to use Counterparties whose financial status is such that this risk is reduced. However, there can be no certainty that the Company will be successful in eliminating this risk for the Sub-Funds, particularly as Counterparties operating in emerging markets frequently lack the substance or financial resources of those in developed countries.

There may also be a danger that, because of uncertainties in the operation of settlement systems in individual markets, competing claims may arise in respect of securities held by or to be transferred to the Sub-Funds. Furthermore, compensation schemes may be non-existent or limited or inadequate to meet the Company's claims in any of these events.

High-Yield Bonds

The *Euro High Yield Bond*, the *Global High Yield Bond*, the *Euro Credit Short Duration*, the *Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017*, the *Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018*, the *Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019* and the *Crossover Credit* may invest to a large extent or even without limitation in debt securities rated below "Baa3" by Moody's, below "BBB-" by S&P or below investment grade by other recognized rating agencies, or in unrated securities determined by the Company to be of comparable quality. These bonds are subject to greater risk of loss of income and principal than higher-rated bonds and are considered to be predominantly speculative. They may be more susceptible to real or perceived adverse economic and competitive industry conditions than investment grade securities. The market for such securities may be thinner and less active than that for higher-rated securities, which can adversely affect the prices at which these securities can be sold and the Management Company's ability to establish their value. In addition, adverse publicity and investor perceptions about high-yield bonds, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may tend to decrease the market value and liquidity of such bonds.

The Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager will try to reduce the risk of investment in such securities through credit analysis, diversification and attention to current developments and trends in interest rates and economic conditions. However, there can be no assurance that losses will not occur.

The *Euro High Yield Bond* may also purchase securities bearing the lowest ratings issued by Moody's, S&P or another rating agency, or determined by the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager to be of comparable quality. Debt securities with such ratings are in payment default, the issuer of such securities may be in bankruptcy, and the securities may be regarded as having extremely poor prospects of attaining higher ratings. Non-rated securities will also be considered for investment when the Management Company or the relevant Investment Manager believes that the financial condition of the issuers of such securities, or the protection afforded by the terms of the securities themselves, limit the risk to the Sub-Funds.

Call Risk

A Sub-Fund that invests in fixed income securities may be subject to call risk. Call risk refers to the possibility that an issuer may exercise its right to redeem a fixed income security earlier than expected (a call). Issuers may call outstanding securities prior to their maturity for a number of reasons (e.g., declining interest rates, changes in credit spreads and improvements in the issuer's credit quality). If an issuer calls a security in which a Sub-Fund has invested, the Sub-Fund may not recoup the full amount of its initial investment and may be forced to reinvest in lower-yielding securities, securities with greater credit risks or securities with other, less favourable features.

Government Investment Restrictions

Government regulations and restrictions in certain countries, including countries in Asia and the Pacific region, Africa, Eastern Europe and Latin America, may limit the amount and types of securities that may be purchased by a Sub-Fund or the sale of such securities once purchased. Such restrictions may also affect the market price, liquidity and rights of securities that may be purchased by a Sub-Fund, and may increase Sub-Fund expenses. In addition, the repatriation of both investment income and capital is often subject to restrictions such as the need for certain governmental consents, and even where there is no outright restriction, the mechanics of repatriation may affect certain aspects of the operation of a Sub-Fund. In particular, a Sub-Fund's ability to invest in the securities markets of several of the Asian countries and other emerging countries is restricted or controlled to varying degrees by laws restricting foreign investment and these restrictions may, in certain circumstances, prohibit a Sub-Fund from making direct investments.

Use of Derivatives and other Investment Techniques

The Sub-Funds may employ techniques and instruments relating to Transferable Securities and other financial liquid assets for efficient portfolio management and hedging purposes i.e. to increase or decrease their exposure to changing security prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates, commodity prices or other factors that affect security values. These techniques may include the use of options, forward currency exchange contracts, futures contracts, swaps and other derivatives (as set out in section “Investment Objectives and Policies”, point A.) as well as other investment techniques described in Appendix II “Investment Techniques and Instruments”.

Each of the Sub-Funds may seek to protect or enhance the returns from the underlying assets by using options, futures and swap contracts and by entering into forward foreign exchange transactions in currency. For some Sub-Funds, these techniques and instruments may even be used as a principle investment objective in which case this will be reflected in the investment policy of the relevant Sub-Fund. The ability to use these strategies may be limited by market conditions and regulatory limits and there can be no assurance that the objective sought to be attained from the use of these strategies will be achieved. Participation in the options or futures markets and in swap contracts and in currency exchange transactions involves investment risks and transaction costs to which the Sub-Funds would not be subject if the Company did not use these strategies. If the relevant Investment Manager's or the Management Company's predictions of movements in the direction of the securities, foreign currency and interest rate markets are inaccurate, the adverse consequences to a Sub-Fund may leave the Company in a worse position than if such strategies were not used.

Risks inherent in the use of options, foreign currency, swaps and futures contracts and options on futures contracts include, but are not limited to: (a) dependence on the relevant Investment Manager's or the Management Company's ability to predict correctly movements in the direction of interest rates, securities prices and currency markets; (b) imperfect correlation between the price of options and futures contracts and options thereon and movements in the prices of the securities or currencies being hedged; (c) the fact that skills needed to use these strategies are different from those needed to select portfolio securities; (d) the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument at any time; and (e) the possible inability of a Sub-Fund to purchase or sell a portfolio security at a time that otherwise would be favourable for it to do so, or the possible need for a Sub-Fund to sell a portfolio security at a disadvantageous time.

Where a Sub-Fund enters into swap transactions, it is exposed to a potential counterparty risk. In case of insolvency or default of the swap counterparty, such event would affect the assets of the Sub-Fund. To mitigate the counterparty risk, the Sub-Funds will only enter into these transactions with first class financial institutions specializing in this type of transactions on the basis of standardized documentation such as the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement.

Please see Appendix II “Investment Techniques and Instruments” for more information.

Risk associated with commitments on forward financial instruments

Without seeking overexposure, a Sub-fund may invest up to 100% of its net assets in forward financial instruments (in particular futures, options, etc.), which may present a downside risk to its Net Asset Value.

Risks linked to the use of overexposure

In relation to the use of forward and conditional financial instruments (futures, options, etc.), maximum exposure to the different Classes of Shares may exceed 100% of the Net Asset Value of certain Sub-Funds in order to generate leverage. The risk therein relates to a fall in the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund if market developments are adverse. In the event of unfavourable changes in the strategies used, the Net Asset Value may fall more significantly than the markets to which the Sub-Fund is exposed. This leverage has the effect of amplifying expected gains, but also heightens the risk of losses.

Credit Default Swaps

Some Sub-Funds may also enter into Credit Default Swap transactions which can be subject to higher risk than direct investment in debt securities. The Sub-Funds may employ Credit Default Swaps for hedging and for efficient portfolio management purposes, i.e. to increase or decrease their exposure to changing security prices or other factors affecting security values.

The “buyer” (of protection) in a Credit Default Swap transaction is obliged to pay the “seller” a periodic stream of payments over the term of the contract provided that no event of default on an underlying reference obligation has occurred. If an event of default occurs, the seller must pay the buyer the full notional value, or “par value”, of the reference obligation in exchange for the reference obligation, an equivalent deliverable obligation or the market value.

If no event of default or decrease of credit quality occurs with regard to the reference obligation, the Sub-Funds (if buyers) will lose their investment and recover nothing. However, if an event of default occurs, the Sub-Funds (if buyers) will receive the full notional value of the reference obligation that may have little or no value. In case of a rise in credit quality with regard to the reference obligation, the Sub-Funds (as buyers) may generate a loss in case of a close-out of the Credit Default Swap before expiry.

As sellers, the Sub-Funds receive a fixed rate of income throughout the term of the contract, provided that there is no event of default. If an event of default occurs, the Sub-Funds must pay the buyer the full notional value of the reference obligation and will receive only the defaulted reference obligation or the market value of the reference obligation. In case of a decline in credit quality with regard to the reference obligation, the Sub-Funds may generate a loss in case of a close-out of the Credit Default Swap before expiry.

In addition to the risk factors addressed in the preceding section "Use of Derivatives and other Investment Techniques", the market for Credit Derivatives may from time to time be less liquid than debt securities markets. The Sale of a Credit Derivative may increase the risk exposure of the Sub-Funds to the Market (Leverage).

Operational Risk

An investment in a Sub-Fund can involve operational risks arising from factors such as processing errors, human errors, inadequate or failed internal or external processes, failure in systems and technology, changes in personnel and errors caused by third-party service providers. The occurrence of any of these failures, errors or breaches could result in a loss of information, business or regulatory scrutiny, or other events, any of which could have a material adverse effect on a Sub-Fund. While the Sub-Funds seek to minimize such events through controls and oversight, there may still be failures that could cause losses to a Sub-Fund.

Cyber Security Risk

The Company, the Management Company and their service providers (including the Investment Manager(s), the Depositary and Central Administration Agent and the Distributors ("Affected Persons")) may be susceptible to operational and information security and related risks of cyber security incidents. In general, cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber security attacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorised access to digital systems (e.g., through "hacking" or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Cyber attacks also may be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorised access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks on websites (i.e., efforts to make services unavailable to intended users). Cyber security incidents affecting the Affected Persons have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, including by interference with a fund's ability to calculate its NAV; impediments to trading for a Sub-Fund's portfolio; the inability of Shareholders to transact business with the Company; violations of applicable privacy, data security or other laws; regulatory fines and penalties; reputational damage; reimbursement or other compensation or remediation costs; legal fees; or additional compliance costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber security incidents affecting issuers of securities in which a Sub-Fund invests, counterparties with which a Sub-Fund engages in transactions, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions and other parties. While information risk management systems and business continuity plans have been developed which are designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security, there are inherent limitations in any cyber security risk management systems or business continuity plans, including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified.

Legal risk

The Company may be subject to a number of unusual risks, including inadequate investor protection, contradictory legislation, incomplete, unclear and changing laws, ignorance or breaches of regulations on the part of other market participants, lack of established or effective avenues for legal redress, lack of standard practices and confidentiality customs characteristic of developed markets and lack of enforcement of existing regulations. There can be no assurance that this difficulty in protecting and enforcing rights will not have a material adverse effect on the Company and its operations.

Specifically, investors should note that, in compliance with the relevant provisions of the UCITS Directive governing the provision of services on a cross-border basis by authorised management companies, the Company is managed by a management company authorised under French law and regulated by the AMF whereas the Company is authorised under the 2010 Law and regulated by the Regulatory Authority. In general terms, as further detailed in the UCITS Directive, French law governs matters relating to the organisation of the Management Company whereas the 2010 Law governs matters relating to the constitution and functioning of the Company. However, specific situations may occur where it may be unclear whether French law or Luxembourg law applies to, and/or whether the AMF or the Regulatory Authority has jurisdiction over, the activities of the Management Company and the Company, thereby leading to legal uncertainty.

MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Company has appointed Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA to serve as its designated management company in accordance with the 2010 Law pursuant to a management company agreement effective as of 1 February 2016 (the "Management Company Agreement"). Under this Management Company Agreement, the Management Company provides investment management, administrative and marketing services to the Company, subject to the overall supervision and control of the Board of Directors.

In fulfilling its responsibilities set forth by the 2010 Law and the Management Company Agreement, the Management Company is permitted to delegate all or a part of its functions and duties to third parties, provided that it retains responsibility and oversight over such delegates. The appointment of third parties is subject to the approval of the Company and the Regulatory Authority. The Management Company's liability shall not be affected by the fact that it has delegated its functions and duties to third parties.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA has been incorporated on 14 April 1987 as a public limited company (*société anonyme*) for an unlimited period of time under the laws of France under the name of Oddo Asset Management S.A. Its Articles have been amended for the last time on 10 September 2015 and were published in the "Registre du commerce et des sociétés". The share capital amounts to Euro 7 500 000. It is registered, as a management companies, on the official register of the "Autorité des marchés financiers" under n°GP99011.

The Management Company is in charge of the day-to-day operations of the Company. It has delegated the following functions to third parties: investment management, central administration as well as marketing and distribution. For a detailed description of the delegation of the aforementioned functions to third parties, see sections "Investment Managers", "Central Administration Agent" and "Distributors".

The Management Company shall at all times act in the best interests of the Shareholders and according to the provisions set forth by the 2010 Law, the Prospectus and the Articles. In compliance with the relevant articles of the 2010 Law, the Management Company shall meet the requirements imposed by French laws as regards its organization, the delegation requirements, risk management procedures, prudential and supervision rules, rules of conduct applicable to it for the portfolio management of UCITS and the reporting requirements. The Management Company shall further comply with the Luxembourg rules as regards the constitution and functioning of the Company.

The Management Company Agreement provides for a term of unlimited duration and may be terminated by either party upon three months' prior written notice. For its services, the Company will pay quarterly compensation to the Management Company as set forth in the section "Fees and Expenses".

INVESTMENT MANAGERS

In order to implement the investment policies of certain of the Sub-Funds, the Management Company has delegated the management of the assets of certain Sub-Funds to the Investment Manager(s) listed below pursuant to a sub-investment management agreement with each Investment Manager.

The Management Company has appointed the following investment management company to provide investment management services to the Management Company with regard to investments and investment strategies for certain Sub-Funds of the Company:

- Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH, Düsseldorf.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH is referred to hereinafter as "Investment Manager".

Subject to an express delegation given by the Management Company pursuant to the above agreements, the Investment Managers have discretion, on a day-to-day basis and subject to the overall control and responsibility of the Management Company to purchase and sell securities and otherwise to manage the portfolios of certain Sub-Funds.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH shall be in charge of the management of the following Sub-Funds: Euro Corporate Bond, Euro High Yield Bond, Global High Yield Bond, Euro Small Cap Equity, Euro Credit Short Duration, Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017, Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018, Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019, Optimal Capital, Crossover Credit and Trend Dynamics Europe.

Oddo Meriten Asset Management GmbH is a company created on 19 January 1970 under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany. Its registered office is at Herzogstrasse 15, 40217 Düsseldorf, Germany.

While the Management Company is at all times subject to the direction of the Board of Directors, the management agreement and the relevant sub-investment management agreements provide that the Management Company or the Investment Managers appointed by it are responsible for the management of the Sub-Funds. Therefore, the responsibility for making decisions to buy, sell or hold a particular security rests with the Management Company or the Investment Managers appointed by it, subject to the control, supervision, direction and instruction of the Board of Directors.

DEPOSITARY

J.P Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. has been appointed as the depositary (the “**Depositary**”) to provide depositary, custodial, settlement and certain other associated services to the Company.

The Depositary was incorporated in Luxembourg as a “société anonyme” and has its registered office at European Bank & Business Centre, 6C, route de Treves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and is registered with the RCS under number B 10958. The Depositary operates as a credit institution within the meaning of Luxembourg law dated 5 April 1993 on the financial sector, as amended from time to time, and is regulated by the Regulatory Authority. The Depositary will further, in accordance with the Investment Funds Legislation (please see definitions below):

- a) ensure that the Company’s cash flows are properly monitored and that all payments made by or on behalf of applicants upon the subscription to Shares of the Company have been received;
- b) safekeep the assets of the Company, which includes (i) holding in custody all financial instruments that may be held in custody; and (ii) verifying the ownership of other assets and maintaining records accordingly;
- c) ensure that the issue, redemption and cancellation of Share effected by the Company or on its behalf are carried out in accordance with the applicable national law and the Articles;
- d) ensure that the value per Share of the Company is calculated in accordance with the applicable national law and the Articles;
- e) carry out, or where applicable, cause any subcustodian or other custodial delegate to carry out the instructions of the Company or the Management Company unless they conflict with the applicable national law and the Articles;
- f) ensure that in transactions involving the assets of the Company, the consideration is remitted to it within the usual time limits; and
- g) ensure that the income of the Company is applied in accordance with the applicable national law and the Articles.

The Depositary may entrust all or part of the assets of the Company that it holds in custody to such subcustodians as may be determined by the Depositary from time to time. The Depositary’s liability shall not be affected by the fact that it has entrusted all or part of the assets in its care to a third party (please see the comments on the description of subcustodians and other delegates, for further details).

The Depositary shall assume its functions and responsibilities in accordance with the Investment Funds Legislation.

In carrying out its role as depositary, the Depositary shall act honestly, fairly, professionally and independently from the Company and the Management Company and solely in the interest of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is liable to the Company or its investors for the loss of a financial instrument held in custody by the Depositary or any of its delegates. The Depositary shall, however, not be liable if it can prove that the loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary. The Depositary is also liable to the Company or its investors for all other losses suffered by them as a result of the Depositary’s negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its duties in accordance with the Investment Funds Legislation.

Conflicts of Interest

In carrying out its functions, the Depositary shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and solely in the interest of the Shareholders.

Potential conflicts of interest may nevertheless arise from time to time from the provision by the Depositary and/or its affiliates of other services to the Company, the Management Company, the Shareholders and/or other parties. For example, the Depositary and/or its affiliates may act as the depositary and/or administrator of other funds. It is therefore possible that

the Depositary (or any of its affiliates) may in the course of its business have conflicts or potential conflicts of interest with those of the Company and/or other funds for which the Depositary (or any of its affiliates) acts.

Where a conflict or potential conflict of interest arises, the Depositary will have regard to its obligations to the Company and will treat the Company and the other funds for which it acts fairly and such that, so far as is practicable, any transactions are effected on terms which are not materially less favorable to the Company than if the conflict or potential conflict had not existed. Such potential conflicts of interest are identified, managed and monitored in various other ways including, without limitation, the hierarchical and functional separation of Depositary's depositary functions from its other potentially conflicting tasks and by the Depositary adhering to its own conflicts of interest policy.

Up-to-date information regarding the description of the Depositary's duties and of conflicts of interest that may arise as well as of any safekeeping functions delegated by the Depositary, the list of third-party delegates and any conflicts of interest that may arise from such a delegation will be made available to investors on request at the Company's registered office.

CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION AGENT

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A has been designated by the Management Company to provide under the terms of the Fund Administration Agreement effective as of 1 February 2016, administrative services in respect of Company, including general administration as well as bookkeeping and maintenance of all accounts of the Company, the periodic determination of the Net Asset Value, the preparation and filing of the Company's financial reports and the liaison with the Auditors.

J.P. Morgan has also undertaken to provide the Company under the terms of the Fund Administration Agreement, effective as of 1 February 2016 with registrar and transfer agency services. As such, J.P. Morgan will be responsible for handling the processing of subscriptions for Shares, dealing with requests for redemption and conversion and accepting transfers of funds, for the payment of distributions, if any, for the payment of the redemption price by the Company, for the safe keeping of the register of Shareholders of the Company, the delivery of Share certificates, if required, the safe keeping of all non-issued Share certificates of the Company, for accepting certificates rendered for replacement, redemption or conversion and providing and supervising the mailing of statements, reports, notices and other documents to the Shareholders.

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. is a public limited company ("société anonyme, S.A.") incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on May 16, 1973. It presently exists for an unlimited period of time. Its registered office is at European Bank and Business Center, 6C, route de Trèves, L – 2633 Senningerberg.

DISTRIBUTORS

The Management Company has delegated the distribution and marketing services to DekaBank Deutsche Girozentrale pursuant to the Distribution Agreement entered into between the Management Company and DekaBank Deutsche Girozentrale on 29 November 2011, as amended. In addition, the Management Company has also delegated the distribution and marketing services to Oddo et Cie. The Management Company on behalf of each Sub-Fund of the Company, may furthermore enter into arrangements with other distributors, to market and place each of the Sub-Fund's Shares in various countries throughout the world except the United States, its territories or possessions, or other areas subject to its jurisdiction (subject to certain exceptions) and where prohibited.

The Distributors may conclude contractual arrangements with dealers as their agents (individually referred to as a "Sub-Distributor" and collectively referred to as the "Sub-Distributors") for the distribution of Shares of any of the Sub-Funds outside the United States of America (its territories or possessions, or other areas subject to its jurisdiction) and any other jurisdiction that may require other distribution arrangements.

The Distributors and the Sub-Distributors may be involved in the collection of subscription and redemption orders on behalf of the Company and any of the Sub-Funds and may, in that case, provide a nominee service for investors purchasing Shares through them. Investors may elect to make use of such nominee service pursuant to which the nominee will hold the Shares in its name for and on behalf of the investors who shall be entitled at any time to claim direct title to the Shares and who, in order to empower the nominee to vote at any general meeting of Shareholders, shall provide the nominee with specific or general voting instructions to that effect.

The Distributors and the Sub-Distributors shall, to the extent required by the Central Administration Agent in Luxembourg, forward application forms, and shall furthermore forward cheques (made payable to the Company) or wire monies in respect of applications for Shares, to the Transfer Agent, acting on behalf of the Company, and will then be paid the sales charge in respect to Shares issued pursuant thereto.

LUXEMBOURG ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING REGULATIONS

The Company, the Management Company, the Distributors, any sub-distributors and the Central Administration Agent as appropriate, will at all times comply with any obligations imposed by any applicable laws, rules and regulations with respect to money laundering and, in particular, with the Luxembourg law dated 27 October 2010 against money laundering and terrorism financing, as amended, as well as with the Regulatory Authority' circulars or regulations in such connection and will furthermore adopt procedures designed to ensure, to the extent applicable, that they shall comply with the foregoing undertaking.

To that end, the Company, the Management Company, the Distributors, sub-distributors and the Central Administration Agent may request information necessary to establish the identity of a potential investor and the origin of subscription proceeds. Failure to provide documentation may result in a delay or rejection by the Company of any subscription or exchange or a delay in payout of redemption of Shares by such investor.

THE SHARES

The Company may issue Shares in each Class of the separate Sub-Funds.

The Company offers separate Classes, grouped into several categories of Shares. Classes with the letter "C" (with the exception of "GC" Classes of Shares) and Classes "rf-A" and "X-A" in their denomination are Classes of Shares that capitalise their income, whereas Classes of Shares with the letter "D" and Classes "rf-B" in their denomination are Classes of Shares that pay-out periodic dividends on an annual basis, or more frequently if the Board of Directors decides to do so.

Classes of Shares with the letter "R" and Classes of Shares with only the letter(s) "C" or "D" in their denomination may be acquired by any type of investors (i.e. retail and Institutional Investors) while Classes of Shares with the letter "I" and Classes of Shares "rf-A", "rf-B" may be acquired by Institutional Investors only. CRe-EUR Classes of Shares are reserved for Italian and Spanish natural person investors.

GC Classes of Shares are reserved to (i) insurance companies, approved by the Management Company, to represent unit-linked products subscribed as part of "advisory management" contracts in their range and for (ii) Oddo et Cie's clients having signed an advisory agreement with an Oddo et Cie financial investment advisory partner. GC Shares may be accumulation Shares of distributions Shares.

Classes of Shares with the letter "N" are reserved to i) Italian Institutional Investors and Swiss investors, (ii) retail investors if they invest via a distributor, financial adviser, platform or other intermediary on the basis of a specific agreement or commission agreement concluded between the investor and the intermediary and (iii) UCIs and mandates managed by the Management Company..

Classes of Shares "rf-A", "rf-B" and with the letter "P" in their denomination may be offered to Institutional Investors only who have made a prior arrangement with the Management Company. Classes of Shares "X-A" may be offered to Institutional Investors only subject to the prior conclusion of a special individual agreement between the Shareholder and the Management Company. The Management Company may, at its own discretion, decide whether to approve the issue of "rf-A", "rf-B", "P" or "X-A" Shares, whether it is prepared to make the necessary arrangement or to conclude a special individual agreement and how any special individual agreement is to be structured.

Shares may be denominated in different currencies. The term "EUR" refers to the single currency of the EU Member States that belong to the Economic and Monetary Union, the Euro. The term "USD" refers to the currency of the United States of America, the U.S. dollar. The term "CHF" refers to the currency of Switzerland, the Swiss franc. The term "GBP" refers to the currency of the United Kingdom, the British pound.

Classes of Shares followed by [H] or Hdg are hedged against the Reference Currency of the respective Sub-Fund (subject to any specific rule provided for a particular Sub-Fund) or when the hedged Class of Shares is denominated in the same Reference Currency than the Sub-Fund, the Company will hedge these Class of Shares against the currency risk arising from assets that are not denominated in the Reference Currency of the Sub-Fund. The characteristics of the hedged Classes of Shares remain unchanged with the exception that the costs in relation to the hedging shall be borne by such Classes. The Net Asset Value of all the Classes of Shares of a Sub-Fund may be affected by such hedging transaction.

The net proceeds from the subscriptions are invested in the specific portfolio of assets constituting the relevant Sub-Fund.

The Board of Directors shall maintain for each Sub-Fund a separate portfolio of assets. As between Shareholders, each portfolio of assets shall be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Sub-Fund.

The Board of Directors shall ensure that the assets attributable to a Sub-Fund will remain segregated from those of any other Sub-Fund and that any party contracting or transacting with the Company on behalf of a Sub-Fund agrees that each Sub-Fund is to be treated as if it were a separate legal entity and, accordingly, that any such party shall have no rights against the Company as a whole or any other Sub-Fund other than the relevant Sub-Fund.

Shares in any Sub-Fund shall be issued in registered form only. Shares may be made available through, but not limited to, Clearstream Banking, Euroclear, FundSettle, Vestima and/or other centralised management systems (in which case the Prospectus will be updated accordingly), at the terms and conditions described herein. Shareholders should note that Euroclear will only accept delivery for whole Shares.

The inscription of the Shareholder's name in the register of Shares evidences his or her right of ownership of such registered Shares.

The Company draws the investors' attention to the fact that any investor will only be able to fully exercise his investor rights directly against the Company, notably the right to participate in general Shareholders' meetings if the investor is registered himself and in his own name in the Shareholders' register. In cases where an investor invests in the Company through an intermediary investing into the Company in his own name but on behalf of the investor, it may not always be possible for the investor to exercise certain Shareholder's rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take advice on their rights.

Unless a Share certificate is required, a holder of registered Shares shall only receive a written confirmation of his or her shareholding. The Board of Directors recommends that investors hold non-certificated Shares as these have the advantage that conversion and redemption instructions will be effected without the requirement to surrender a certificate.

All Shares must be fully paid-up; they are of no par value and carry no preferential or preemptive rights. Each Share of the Company to whatever Sub-Fund it belongs is entitled to one vote at any general meeting of Shareholders, in compliance with Luxembourg law and the Articles.

Fractional registered Shares may be issued to up to one thousands of a Share, and such fractional Shares shall not be entitled to vote but shall be entitled to a participation in the net results and in the proceeds of liquidation attributable to the relevant Class of Shares in the relevant Sub-Fund on a pro rata basis.

ISSUE AND SALE OF SHARES

Shares are made available through the Distributors or the Sub-Distributors. Subscriptions for Shares may also be sent directly to the Company in Luxembourg.

After the Initial Offer Period (if any), the offering price per Share of each Class in the relevant Sub-Fund (the "Offer Price") is the total of (i) the Net Asset Value per Share of such Class plus (ii) the sales charge, if any, as stated below. The Offer Price is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company.

Shares of each Sub-Fund may be issued by the Company on any Valuation Day as defined in Appendix III hereinafter. Investors whose applications are accepted will be allotted Shares issued on the basis of the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class within the relevant Sub-Fund determined as of the relevant Valuation Day (as defined in Appendix III hereinafter) following receipt of the application form provided that such application is received at the registered office of the Transfer Agent on behalf of the Company from the Distributors or any Sub-Distributor or direct from the subscriber not later than 4.00 p.m., Luxembourg time (or such other time as specified for a particular Sub-Fund), on the relevant Valuation Day. Applications received after that time will be processed on the next Valuation Day.

Subscriptions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value. Applications for subscriptions of Shares cannot be cancelled after 4.00 p.m., Luxembourg time (or such other time as specified for a particular Sub-Fund).

Orders will generally be forwarded to the Transfer Agent by the Distributors or the Sub-Distributors on the date received provided the order is received by such Distributors or Sub-Distributors prior to such deadline as may from time to time be established in the office in which the order is placed. The Distributors and the Sub-Distributors are not permitted to withhold placing orders whether with the aim of benefiting from a price change or otherwise.

The Management Company, on behalf of each Sub-Fund, has entered into arrangements with the Distributors providing for payment of "sales charges", which may not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Shares being issued. The Distributors may pass on a portion of such sales charge to any Sub-Distributor. The Distributors may share the sales charge received by it with any of the Sub-Distributors as it may in its discretion determine.

If in any country in which the Shares are offered, local law or practice requires or permits a lower sales charge than that listed above for any individual purchase order for Shares, the Distributors and the Sub-Distributors may offer such Shares for sale within such country at a total price less than the applicable price set forth above, but in accordance with the maximum amounts permitted by the law or practice of such country.

Investors may be required to complete a purchase application for Shares or other documentation satisfactory to the Company or to the Distributors or any Sub-Distributor indicating that the purchaser is not a "U.S. Person", as such term is defined herein. Application forms containing such representation are available from the Company or from the Distributors and the Sub-Distributors.

Payments for Classes of Shares with the letter "I" or "P", Classes of Shares "rf-A", "rf-B", "GC" and "X-A" Shares will be required to be made in the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund or in any other currency specified by the investor (in which case any currency conversion cost shall be borne by the investor) within three (3) Business Days from the relevant Valuation Day.

Payments for Classes of Shares with the letter "R" or "N", Classes of Shares with only the letter(s) "C" or "D" in their denomination, CRe-EUR Class of Shares in each Sub-Fund may be made in Euro, US Dollar, Swiss Franc or GBP. Any currency conversion costs relating to the conversion of the subscription price for these Classes of Shares into the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund shall be borne by such Class of Shares. Payment will be required to be made within three (3) Business Days from the relevant Valuation Day.

Upon the issue of Shares, the Company retains an amount per Share equal to the Net Asset Value per Share of such Class on the date the order was dealt with.

The minimum investment per Class of Shares is described above for each Sub-Fund and is subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to accept lesser amounts. Unless otherwise provided for a particular Sub-Fund, there is no minimum holding applicable.

Fractions of registered Shares may be issued to up to one thousands of a Share.

Written confirmations of shareholdings will be sent to Shareholders within six (6) Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day and certificates (if any) will be sent to Shareholders within fourteen (14) Business Days after the relevant Valuation Day.

The Company may agree to issue Shares as consideration for a contribution in kind of securities, in compliance with the conditions set forth by Luxembourg law, in particular the obligation to deliver a valuation report from the auditor of the Company ("réviseur d'entreprises agréé") which shall be available for inspection by any Shareholder at the registered office of the Company and provided that such securities comply with the investment objectives and policies of the relevant Sub-Fund described herein. Any costs incurred in connection with a contribution in kind of securities shall be borne by the relevant Shareholder(s).

The Company reserves the right to reject any application in whole or in part, in which case subscription monies paid, or the balance thereof, as appropriate, will be returned to the applicant within ten (10) Business Days thereafter or to suspend at any time and without prior notice the issue of Shares in one, several or all of the Sub-Funds. In particular, the Board of Directors shall have the discretion to reject any application for subscription of Shares in a Sub-Fund where the net assets have reached an amount to be considered as the maximum level for such Sub-Fund to be operated in an economically efficient manner.

Furthermore, if on any Valuation Day subscription requests pursuant to Article 7 of the Articles in any of the Sub-Funds relate to more than 5% of the net assets of a specific Sub-Fund's Class, the Board of Directors may decide that part or all of such requests for subscription will be deferred for such period as the Board of Directors considers to be in the best interests of the relevant Sub-Fund, but normally not exceeding seven (7) Valuation Days. On the next Valuation Day following such period, these subscription requests will be met in priority to later requests.

No Shares of any Class in any Sub-Fund will be issued during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share in such Sub-Fund is suspended by the Company, pursuant to the powers reserved to it by Article 12 of the Articles (See "Appendix VI").

In the case of suspension of dealings in Shares the application will be dealt with on the first Valuation Day following the end of such suspension period.

Market Timing and Late Trading

Subscriptions, redemptions and conversions of Shares should be made for investment purposes only. The Company does not permit market-timing or other excessive trading practices. Excessive, short-term (market-timing) trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies and harm fund performance. To minimize harm to the Company and the Shareholders, the Board of Directors or the Transfer Agent on its behalf have the right to reject any subscription or conversion order, or levy a fee of up to 2% of the value of the order for the benefit of the Company from any investor who is engaging in excessive trading or has a history of excessive trading or if an investor's trading, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, has been or may be disruptive to the Company or any of the Sub-Funds. In making this judgment, the Board of Directors may consider trading done in multiple accounts under common ownership or control. The Board of Directors also has the power to redeem all Shares held by a Shareholder who is or has been engaged in excessive trading. Neither the Board of Directors nor the Company will be held liable for any loss resulting from rejected orders or mandatory redemptions.

CONVERSION OF SHARES

Shareholders have the right, subject to the provisions hereinafter specified, to convert Shares of any Class in a Sub-Fund for Shares of the same Class in another Sub-Fund.

Conversions from any Class of Shares to Class "rf-A", "rf-B", "X-A" or "P" Shares are not permitted, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors to accept conversion requests from Institutional Investors.

The rate at which Shares of any Class in any Sub-Fund shall be converted will be determined by reference to the respective Net Asset Values of the relevant Shares, calculated as of the same Valuation Day following receipt of the documents referred to below. Conversions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value. Applications for conversions of Shares cannot be cancelled after 4.00 p.m., Luxembourg time (or such other time as specified for a particular Sub-Fund).

There is presently no conversion fee. The Board of Directors reserves however the right to introduce a conversion fee when appropriate, provided however, that the introduction of a conversion fee is subject to a one (1) month' prior notice during which the Shareholders shall have the right to redeem their Shares free of charges. In such event, the Prospectus will be amended accordingly.

A conversion of Shares of one Sub-Fund for Shares of another Sub-Fund within the same Class of Shares will be treated as a redemption of Shares and a simultaneous purchase of Shares. A converting Shareholder may, therefore, realise a taxable gain or loss in connection with the conversion under the laws of the country of the Shareholder's citizenship, residence or domicile.

In the case of conversions involving the Shares of Sub-Funds expressed in different Reference Currencies, the conversion order will require the conversion of the Reference Currency from one Sub-Fund to another. Consequently, the number of Shares of the new Sub-Fund obtained in a conversion will be affected by the net foreign exchange rate, if any, applied to such exchange. Any such foreign currency exchange rate transactions will be effected on behalf of and at the expense of the investor.

The Company has established the following formula in relation to the conversion of Shares:

$$S-F1 * NAV 1 * FX/NAV2 = S-F2$$

S-F1 is the number of Shares of the Sub-Fund or Class converted out of;

NAV1 is the Net Asset Value per Share of the Sub-Fund or Class converted out of;

NAV2 is the Net Asset Value per Share of the Sub-Fund or Class converted into;

FX is the foreign exchange rate, if any, applied to conversions between the Sub-Funds denominated in different currencies, as provided to the Company by the Depositary, or such other bank as the Management Company may designate, on the relevant Valuation Day, or, if such day is a bank holiday in the country in whose currency either the Sub-Fund converted out of or the Sub-Fund converted into is denominated, the next Business Day during which banks in both countries are open for business; and

S-F2 is the number of Shares of the Sub-Fund or Class converted into, obtained in the conversion.

Shares may be tendered for conversion on any Valuation Day.

All terms and notices regarding the redemption of Shares shall equally apply to the conversion of Shares.

No conversion of Shares will be effected until the following documents have been received at the registered office of the Transfer Agent (on behalf of the Company) from the Distributors or any Sub-Distributor or directly from the Shareholder:

- a duly completed conversion form or other written notification acceptable to the Transfer Agent;
- if applicable, the relevant Share certificate with the transfer form duly completed together with any other documentation that may be requested by the Transfer Agent from time to time.

Fractions of registered Shares may be issued on conversion to up to one thousandth of a Share.

In converting Shares of a Sub-Fund for Shares of another Sub-Fund within the same Class, a Shareholder must meet applicable minimum investment requirements imposed by the acquired Sub-Fund or Class.

If, as a result of any request for conversion, the aggregate Net Asset Value of the Shares held by any Shareholder in any Class within any Sub-Fund would fall below the minimum amount indicated in the section "Issue and Sale of Shares", the Company may treat such request as a request to convert the entire shareholding of such Shareholder in such Class in such Sub-Fund.

Shares of any Class in any Sub-Fund will not be converted in circumstances where the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Sub-Funds is suspended by the Company pursuant to Article 12 of the Articles.

REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Each Shareholder of the Company may at any time request the Company to redeem on any Valuation Day all or any of the Shares held by such Shareholder in any Class in any of the Sub-Funds.

Shareholders desiring to have all or any of their Shares redeemed should apply in writing or by fax to the Company at the registered office of the Transfer Agent, or through the Distributors or Sub-Distributors.

The Distributors and the Sub-Distributors may transmit redemption requests to the Transfer Agent on behalf of the Shareholders including duly completed Share certificates where they have been issued to the Shareholders.

Redemption requests should contain the following information (if applicable): the identity and address of the Shareholder requesting the redemption, the number of Shares to be redeemed, the relevant Sub-Fund and Class of Shares, whether the Shares are issued with or without a Share certificate, the name in which such Shares are registered and details as to whom payment should be made. Share certificates in proper form (if any) and all necessary documents to complete the redemption should be enclosed with such application. For registered certificated Shares, the transfer form on the back of the certificate must be duly completed.

Shareholders have to take due care and bear responsibility that the certificates of the Shares to be redeemed, if any, are received in proper form at the registered office of the Company.

Shareholders whose applications for redemption are accepted will have their Shares redeemed on any Valuation Day provided that the applications have been received in Luxembourg prior to 4.00 p.m. Luxembourg time (or such other time as specified for a particular Sub-Fund), on that Valuation Day. Applications received after that time will be processed on the next Valuation Day. Redemptions are dealt with at an unknown Net Asset Value. Applications for redemptions of Shares cannot be cancelled after 4.00 p.m., Luxembourg time (or such other time as specified for a particular Sub-Fund).

Shares will be redeemed at a price equal to the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class in the relevant Sub-Fund (the "Redemption Price"). Please refer to the information relevant for each Sub-Fund for the amount of redemption fee that may be charged to each investor. The redemption fee shall revert to the Company for compensation of the costs incurred with respect to the redemption process.

The Redemption Price shall be paid not later than three (3) Business Days from the relevant Valuation Day or from the date on which the redemption request details and Share certificates (if any) have been received by the Company, whichever is the later date.

Payment of the Redemption Price will be made by wire transfer and/or cheque mailed to the Shareholder at the address indicated by him or her or by bank order to an account indicated by the Shareholder, at such Shareholder's expense and at the Shareholder's risk. Payment of the Redemption Price will not be processed until the Subscription Price on the purchase of Shares has been paid.

The Redemption Price Classes of Shares with the letter “I” or “P”, Classes of Shares “rf-A”, “rf-B”, “GC” and “X-A” Shares will be paid in the Reference Currency of the relevant Class in the Sub-Fund or in any other freely convertible currency specified by the Shareholder. In the last case, any currency conversion cost shall be borne by the Shareholder.

The Redemption Price of Classes of Shares with the letter “R” or “N”, Classes of Shares with only the letter(s) “C” or “D” in their denomination, CRe-EUR Class of Shares in any Sub-Fund will be paid in Euro, US Dollar, Swiss Franc or GBP. Any currency conversion costs incurred in relation with the conversion of the Redemption Price of these Classes of Shares from the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund into Euro, US Dollar, Swiss Franc or GBP shall be borne by such Class of Shares. Shareholders should however note that in relation to these Classes of Shares, any currency conversion costs that arise due to the fact that they ask for payment of the Redemption Price in a different currency than the Subscription Price shall be borne by the relevant Shareholder. The Redemption Price may be higher or lower than the price paid at the time of subscription or purchase.

The Company shall have the right, if the Board of Directors so determines, to satisfy payment of the Redemption Price to any Shareholder who agrees, in specie by allocating to the holder investments from the portfolio of assets set up in connection with such Class of Shares equal in value as of the Valuation Day on which the Redemption Price is calculated, to the value of the Shares to be redeemed (“redemption in kind”). The nature and type of assets to be transferred in such case shall be determined on a fair and reasonable basis and without prejudicing the interests of the other holders of Shares of the relevant Class of Shares and the valuation used shall be confirmed by a special report of the Auditor to the Company, to the extent required by Luxembourg law. The costs of any such transactions shall be borne by the transferee.

Shares of any Class in any Sub-Fund will not be redeemed if the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share in such Sub-Fund is suspended by the Company in accordance with Article 12 of the Articles.

Furthermore, if on any Valuation Day redemption requests pursuant to Article 8 and conversion requests pursuant to Article 9 of the Articles in any of the Sub-Funds relate to more than 5% of the Shares in issue in a specific Sub-Fund's Class, the Board of Directors may decide that part or all of such requests for redemption or conversion will be deferred for such period as the Board of Directors considers to be in the best interests of the relevant Sub-Fund, but normally not exceeding seven (7) Valuation Days. On the next Valuation Day following such period, these redemption and conversion requests will be met in priority to later requests.

If the value of the net assets of any Sub-Fund on a given Valuation Day has decreased to an amount determined by the Board of Directors to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund to be operated in an economically efficient manner or in case of a significant change of the economic or political situation or in order to proceed to an economic rationalisation, the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, elect to redeem all, but not less than all, of the Shares of such Sub-Fund then outstanding at the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class in such Sub-Fund (taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) calculated on the Valuation Day at which such decision shall take effect. The Company shall provide at least thirty (30) days' prior notice of redemption to all holders of the Shares to be so redeemed. Registered Shareholders shall be notified in writing. Redemption proceeds corresponding to Shares not surrendered at the date of the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares by the Company shall be deposited with the Caisse de Consignation on behalf of the person entitled thereto. If not claimed, they shall be forfeited in accordance with Luxembourg law.

The Articles contain in Article 10 provisions enabling the Company to compulsorily redeem Shares held by Prohibited Persons.

DISTRIBUTION POLICY

The Company may distribute the net investment income and any realized capital gains. Furthermore, the Company may distribute any non realized capital gains and any other assets.

Classes with the letter “C” (with the exception of “GC” Classes of Shares”) and Classes “rf-A” and “X-A” in their denomination are Classes of Shares that capitalise their income, whereas Classes of Shares with the letter “D” and Classes “rf-B” in their denomination are Classes of Shares that out periodic dividends on an annual basis, or more frequently if the Board of Directors decides to do so. GC Shares may be accumulation Shares or distributions Shares.

If Shareholders have applied in the Application Form for the reinvestment of such dividends, no sales charge will be imposed on reinvestments of distributions.

In the event that a dividend is paid in one or several Sub-Funds, such dividend will be paid to Shareholders by cheque, mailed to their address as shown on the register of Shareholders or by bank transfer. Dividend cheques not cashed within

five (5) years will be forfeited and will accrue for the benefit of the Sub-Fund out of which the dividend is payable. No interest shall be paid on a distribution declared by the Company and kept by it at the disposal of its beneficiary.

In any event, no distribution may be made if, as a result, the Net Asset Value of the Company would fall below Euro 1,250,000.-.

INCOME EQUALISATION

The Company applies a so-called income equalisation procedure for the Share Classes of the Sub-Funds. This means that the proportional income and realised capital gains/losses accruing during the financial year which the acquirer of Shares must pay as part of the subscription price and which the seller of Shares receives as payment as part of the redemption price is continuously netted. The expenses incurred are accounted for in the calculation of the income equalisation procedure.

The income equalisation procedure serves to adjust fluctuations in the relationship between income and realised capital gains/losses on the one hand and other assets on the other hand, that are caused through net inflows or outflows due to the issue or redemption of Shares. Otherwise, every net inflow of capital would reduce the Share of income and realised capital gains/loss on the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund and each outflow would increase it.

CHARGES AND EXPENSES

Operating Expenses

The Company pays out of the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund all expenses payable by the Company (hereinafter the "Total Operating Expenses") which shall include but not be limited to formation expenses, fees payable to its Management Company and investment adviser (if any), performance related fees payable to its Management Company, fees and expenses payable to its accountants, Depositary and its correspondents (if any), Central Administration Agent, its Listing Agent, any paying agent, any Distributor and permanent representatives in places of registration, as well as any other agent employed by the Company, the remuneration of the Directors and their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, insurance coverage, and reasonable travelling costs in connection with board meetings, fees and expenses for legal and auditing services including the costs of providing tax information certificates for domestic and foreign tax purposes, the costs for enforcement and implementation of the justifiable legal rights of the Company and for defence against claims made against the Company that seem unjustified, any fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining the registration of the Company with any governmental agencies or stock exchanges in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and in any other country, costs and expenses of publication and distribution of Net Asset Values, a reasonable portion of advertising costs and other costs incurred in connection with the offer and the distribution of Shares, reporting and publishing expenses, including the costs of preparing, printing, advertising and distributing prospectuses, explanatory memoranda, periodical reports or registration statements, and the costs of any reports to Shareholders, the costs of assessing the standing of a Sub-Fund by recognised rating agencies, the costs for calculating risk and performance figures as well as the remuneration of any collateral management agent if the Management Company has entrusted third parties with the provision of such services, costs related to the use of index names, in particular licence fees, all taxes, duties, governmental and similar charges, and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets, interest, bank charges and brokerage, postage, telephone and telex.

The Company may accrue administrative and other expenses of a regular or recurring nature based on an estimated amount rateably for yearly or other periods. As regards subscriptions, redemptions and conversions made by a Shareholder by means of a paying agent in any country (e.g. such as Italy) where the Company is registered for public distribution, the fees and costs connected to the payment intermediation services may however be charged to the Shareholder.

Charges relating to the creation of a new Sub-Fund shall be written off over a period not exceeding five (5) years against the assets of that Sub-Fund and in such amounts in each year as determined by the Board of Directors on an equitable basis. The new created Sub-Fund shall not bear a prorata of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with the formation of the Company and the initial issue of Shares, which have not already been written off at the time of the creation of the new Sub-Fund.

The Central Administration Agent and the Depositary are entitled to receive a fee of up to 0.50% p.a. or 1.25% p.a. (this higher fee being applicable to smallest Sub-Funds with lower volumes which cannot benefit from cost depression) calculated monthly as a percentage of the Net Asset Value of each Class of Shares within each Sub-Fund and payable monthly in arrears. These percentage figures also include the transaction fees on portfolio transactions charged by the Depositary and its correspondents.

a) The Management Company will be paid, out of the assets of each of the Sub-Funds, an investment management fee, equal to a percentage per annum of the daily Net Asset Value of each Class of Shares within each Sub-Fund and payable quarterly in arrears. The investment management fees amount to the following percentage figures:

Name of Sub-Fund	Classes “CI-EUR” and “DI-EUR”	Classes “CR-EUR” and “DR-GBP [H]”	Classes “CP-EUR” and “DP-EUR”	
Euro Corporate Bond	0.45%	1.10%	0.30%	
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes “CN-CHF [H]”, “CI-EUR”, “DI-EUR” and “CN-EUR »	Classes “CR-EUR”, “CR-CHF [H]” and “DR-EUR”	Class “DP15-EUR”	Classes “CP-EUR” and “DP-EUR
Euro High Yield Bond	0.70%	1.40%	0.60%	0.45%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class “CI-EUR »	Class “CR-EUR”	Classes “DP-EUR” and “DP-EUR [H]	
Global High Yield Bond	0.70%	1.40%	0.45%	
Name of Sub-Fund	Class “CR-EUR »	Class “DI-EUR”		
Euro Small Cap Equity	2%	0.80%		
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes « CN-CHF [H]”, “CN-EUR”, “CI-EUR”, “DN-GBP [H]”, “DI-GBP [H]” and “DI-EUR »	Classe DR-EUR	Classes “CR-EUR”, “CR-CHF [H]” and “CR-USD [H]	Classes “CP-CHF [H]”, “CP-EUR”, “CP-USD [H]”, “DP-EUR” and “DP-GBP [H]”
Euro Credit Short Duration	0.50%	1,30%	0.80%	0.40%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class “DP-EUR”			
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017	0.35%			
Name of Sub-Fund	Class “DP-EUR”			
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018	0.35%			
Name of Sub-Fund	Class “DI-EUR »	Class “DP-EUR”		
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019	0.55%	0.35%		
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes “CN-EUR” and “DI-EUR”	Classes “CR-EUR” and “DR-EUR”	Class “DP-EUR”	
Optimal Capital	0.60%	0.95%	0.35%	
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes “C” and “D”	Classes “rf-A EUR”, “rf-A USD”, “rf-A USD Hdg”, “rf-B EUR” and “X-A EUR”		
Crossover Credit	1%	0.50%		
Name of Sub-Fund	Class "CR-EUR"	Class “DR-EUR”	Class “CI-EUR”	Class “DI-EUR”
Trend Dynamics Europe	1.40%	1.60%	0.60%	0.75%

Name of Sub-Fund	Class "CR-EUR"	Class "CI-EUR"	Class "GC-EUR"
Vision	1,50%	0.75%	0,75%
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes "CI-EUR", "CI-USD [H]", "CI-CHF [H]" and "GC-EUR"	Classes "CR-EUR", "CR-USD [H]" and "CR-CHF [H]"	
Convertible Global		0.70%	1.40%
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes "CI-EUR" and "DI-EUR »		
Objectifs Revenus			0.50%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class "DR-EUR"	Class "GC-EUR"	
Patrimoine Revenus	0.90%		0.10%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class "CR-EUR"	Classes "DI-EUR", "CI-EUR" and "GC-EUR"	
Convertible Europe	1.50%		1%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class "CI-EUR"	Classes "CR-EUR" and "DR-EUR"	
Haut Rendement Monde 2018	0.60%		1.40%
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes "CR-CHF [H]", "CR-EUR" and "DR-EUR"	Classes "CI-CHF [H]", "CI-EUR", "DI-EUR" and "GC-EUR"	Class "CRe-EUR"
Convertible Euro Moderate	1%	0.60%	1.60%
Name of Sub-Fund	Classes "CR-EUR" and "DR-EUR"	Classes "CI-EUR", "CI-USD [H]", "DI-EUR" and "GC-EUR"	
Bonds Target 2018	1%		0.50%
Name of Sub-Fund	Class "CI-EUR"	Class "CR-EUR"	
BHF Total Return	0.65%		1.30%

b) In addition to the above investment management fee mentioned in a) above, the Management Company may be paid on an annual basis in arrears, out of the assets of certain Sub-Fund a Performance-related fee (the "Performance Fee"). At the date of this Prospectus:

- the Trend Dynamics Europe Sub-Fund pays a Performance Fee of maximum 10% - inclusive of taxes - of the Sub-Fund's outperformance relative to the benchmark, the STOXX Europe 600 (Net Return), dividend reinvested, provided that the Sub-Fund's performance, during the Performance Period, is positive;
- the Vision Sub-Fund pays a Performance Fee of maximum 10% - inclusive of taxes- of the Sub-Fund's outperformance relative to the benchmark, the MSCI Europe (Net Return), dividends reinvested, provided that the Sub-Fund's performance, during the Performance Period, is positive;
- the Haut Rendement Monde 2018 Sub-Fund pays a Performance Fee of maximum 10%- inclusive of tax- of the Sub-Fund's annualised performance over and above 5.5%;
- the Bonds Target 2018 Sub-Fund pays a Performance Fee of maximum 10%- inclusive of tax- of the Sub-Fund's annualised performance over and above 5.5%;

- the BHF Total Return Sub-Fund pays a Performance Fee of maximum 10% - inclusive of taxes- of the Sub-Fund's outperformance relative to EONIA+2%, provided that if EONIA becomes negative then 0% will be taken as the value of EONIA and provided further that the Sub-Fund's performance, during the Performance Period, is positive.

The Performance Fee is a variable component based on a comparison between the Sub-Fund's performance and that of the benchmark index over the Performance Period, during the accounting year (the "Performance Period").

- If, during the Performance Period, the Sub-Fund outperforms the benchmark index (and its performance is positive during the Performance Period, to the extent provided above for a particular Sub-Fund), Performance Fees shall represent a maximum of X% (the percentage of the Sub-Funds charging a Performance Fee is indicated in the section "Charges and Expenses"- Operating Expenses) of the difference between the Sub-Fund's performance and that of the benchmark index.

- In the event that a Sub-fund underperforms its benchmark index between two Net Asset Values, any previously accumulated provision is reduced accordingly.

- In the event of redemption, the outperformance linked to redemptions shall be subject to a specific provision, separate from the provision for outperformance on the Net Asset Value. The outperformance linked to redemptions is defined as a pro rata of the outperformance on the Net Asset Value. The purpose of this provision is to "crystalize" the outperformance provision relating to redemptions. The outperformance provision linked to redemptions shall definitively belong to the Management Company.

- The outperformance provision is calculated and accrued on each Net Asset Value calculation. The Performance Fee can be paid definitively only at the end of each Performance Period.

- On the last Net Asset Value calculation date for a Performance Period, the Management Company may, at its sole discretion, waive all or part of the Performance Fee, including the proportion of the "crystalized" provision. In this case, there would be a reversal of an equivalent amount out of the provision, the effect of which would be to increase the Net Asset Value automatically on that day.

Shareholders' attention is drawn to the fact that any earlier Net Asset Value would not be recalculated at that time, and that there would not therefore be any compensation payable to any of the Shareholders.

The Management Company shall be responsible for paying the remuneration due to any Investment Manager out of its fee. Rebates on the investment management fee may be granted by the Management Company to certain distributors and/or investors.

Dilution Levy and Swing Pricing

The price of a Share is calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Share Class to which it relates.

However, the actual cost of purchasing or selling investments may deviate from values used in calculating the price of the Shares, due to the costs of dealing, brokerage charges, taxes and any spread that may exist between the buying and selling price of the underlying assets of the Sub-Fund.

These costs can have a detrimental effect on the Sub-Fund, or "dilution".

Applicable laws allow the cost of dilution to be met from the assets of the relevant Share Class and/or Sub-Fund or to be recovered from investors on the purchase, conversion or redemption of Shares in the Sub-Fund inter alia by means of a dilution adjustment to the dealing price.

The Board of Directors has the discretion to make a dilution levy of up to 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share by adjusting the valuation of the dealing price and thereby adjusting the dealing price of the Shares in the Sub-Fund to take account of the dealing costs.

The need to make a dilution adjustment will depend on the volume of purchases, conversions or redemptions of Shares on any given day, any of this being evaluated without prior notification to the Investor.

The Board of Directors may, therefore, make a dilution adjustment if in their opinion the existing (for net purchases) or remaining investors (for net redemptions) might otherwise be adversely affected. The Board of Directors reserves the right to make the adjustments in the following circumstances:

- i) where a Sub-Fund is in continual decline (is suffering net outflows of investment);
- ii) where a Sub-Fund is experiencing high levels of net inflows relative to its size;
- iii) where the Sub-Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions on any day equivalent to 1% or more of the total net assets of the Sub-Fund;
- iv) in any other circumstances where the Board of Directors believes it will be in the interests of Shareholders to make a dilution adjustment.

The above policy is subject to regular review and may change. The Board of Directors' decision on whether or not to apply an anti-dilution levy, and at what level, will not prevent it from making a different decision in the future.

Where a dilution adjustment is applied, it will increase the dealing price when there are net inflows into the relevant Sub-Fund and decrease the dealing price when there are net outflows. Whereas the dealing price of each Share Class in a Sub-Fund is calculated separately, any dilution levy will, in percentage terms, affect the dealing prices of Shares in all Classes identically.

Similarly, on the occasions when such adjustments are made, the valuation of assets held by the Sub-Fund concerned may be adjusted to reflect the estimated bid/offer spread.

Soft commissions

The Management Company and each of the Investment Managers may enter into soft commission arrangements with brokers under which certain business services are obtained for third parties and are paid for by the brokers out of the commissions they receive from transactions of the Management Company or the Investment Managers. Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Company may be directed by the Management Company or the Investment Managers to brokers in recognition of research services furnished by them as well as for services rendered in the execution of orders by such brokers.

The Company soft commission arrangements are subject to the following conditions: (i) the Management Company or the Investment Managers will act at all times in the best interest of the Company when entering into soft commission arrangements; (ii) the services provided will be in direct relationship to the activities of the Management Company or the Investment Managers; (iii) brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Company will be directed by the Management Company or the Investment Managers to broker that are entities and not to individuals; (iv) the Management Company or the Investment Managers will provide reports to the Board of Directors with respect to soft commission

arrangements including the nature of the services it received in relation thereto; and (v) soft commission arrangements shall be disclosed in the periodic reports.

TAXATION

The following summary is based on the law and practice currently applicable in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and is subject to changes therein.

A. Taxation of the Company in Luxembourg

The Company is not liable to any Luxembourg tax on profits or income, nor are distributions paid by the Company liable to any Luxembourg withholding tax. The Company is, however, liable in Luxembourg to a tax of 0.05% per annum of its Net Asset Value, such tax being payable quarterly on the basis of the value of the aggregate net assets of the Sub-Funds at the end of the relevant calendar quarter. This rate is however of 0.01% per annum for:

- a) Undertakings whose exclusive object is the collective investment in Money Market Instruments and the placing of deposits with credit institutions;
- b) undertakings whose exclusive object is the collective investment in deposits with credit institutions; and
- c) individual compartments of UCIs with multiple compartments referred to in the 2010 Law, as well as for individual classes of securities issued within a UCI or within a compartment of a UCI with multiple compartments, provided that the securities of such compartments or classes are reserved to one or more institutional investors.

Under certain conditions, exemptions from subscription tax may apply.

No stamp duty or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares. No Luxembourg tax is payable on the realised capital appreciation of the assets of the Company.

General

Dividends and interest received by the Company on its investments may be subject to non-recoverable withholding or other taxes in the countries of origin.

B. Luxembourg taxation of Shareholders

Under current legislation, Shareholders are not subject to any capital gains, income or withholding tax in Luxembourg except for (i) those domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg, or (ii) non residents of Luxembourg who personally or by attribution hold, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the issued Share capital of the Company and who dispose of all or part of their holdings within six months from the date of acquisition, or (iii) in some limited cases, some former residents of Luxembourg who personally or by attribution hold, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the issued Share capital of the Company.

Any dividends, other distributions of income made by the Company or payments of the proceeds of sale and/or redemption of Shares in the Company, may as from 1 July 2005 (depending on the investment portfolio of the SICAV) be subject to the withholding tax and/or information providing regime imposed by EU Savings Tax Directive 2003/48/EC of 3 June 2003 (the "Directive") on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments, where payment is made to a Shareholder who is an individual resident in a Member State for the purposes of the Directive (or a "residual entity" established in a Member State) by a paying agent resident in another Member State. Certain other jurisdictions (including Switzerland) have, or are proposing to introduce, an equivalent withholding tax and/or information providing regime in respect of payments made through a paying agent established in such jurisdictions. The Luxembourg Government introduced the automatic exchange of information from 1 January 2015 on.

The above information is not exhaustive and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Prospective investors should consult their own professional advisers as to the implications of their subscribing for, purchasing, holding, exchanging or disposing of Shares of the Company.

General

It is expected that Shareholders in the Company will be resident for tax purposes in many different countries. Consequently, no attempt is made in the Prospectus to summarise the taxation consequences for each investor of subscribing, converting, holding or redeeming or otherwise acquiring or disposing of Shares in the Company. These consequences will vary in accordance with the law and practice currently in force in a Shareholder's country of citizenship, residence, domicile or incorporation and with his personal circumstances.

Tax implications for a Feeder Sub-fund investing in a Master UCITS

There are no tax implications for a Feeder Sub-Fund in Luxembourg investing in a Master UCITS.

Investors should inform themselves of, and when appropriate consult their professional advisers on, the possible tax consequences of subscribing for, buying, holding, converting, redeeming or otherwise disposing of Shares under the laws of their country of citizenship, residence, or domicile or incorporation.

MEETINGS OF, AND REPORTS TO, SHAREHOLDERS

Notice of any general meeting of Shareholders (including those considering amendments to the Articles or the dissolution and liquidation of the Company or of any Sub-Fund) shall be mailed to each registered Shareholder at least eight (8) days' prior to the meeting and shall be published to the extent required by Luxembourg law in the Mémorial and in any Luxembourg and other newspaper(s) that the Board of Directors may determine.

If the Articles are amended, such amendments shall be filed with the Chancery of the District Court of Luxembourg and published in the Mémorial.

The Company publishes annually a detailed audited report on its activities and on the management of its assets; such report shall include, inter alia, the combined accounts relating to all the Sub-Funds, a detailed description of the assets of each Sub-Fund and a report from the Auditor.

The Company further publishes semi-annual unaudited reports, including, inter alia, a description of the investments underlying the portfolio of each Sub-Fund and the number of Shares issued and redeemed since the last publication.

The aforementioned documents are prepared within four (4) months for the annual reports and two (2) months for the semi-annual reports of the date thereof and copies may be obtained free of charge by any person at the registered office of the Company and on www.oddomeriten.eu, www.meriten.com, www.meriten.de and www.fundinfo.com.

The accounting year of the Company commences on the 1st November of each year and terminates on the 31st October of the following year.

The annual general meeting takes place at the registered office of the Company or at such other place in the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg as may be specified in the notice of meeting on the first Friday in the month of March at 10.00 a.m. If such day is a legal or a bank holiday in Luxembourg, the annual general meeting shall be held on the next following Business Day.

The Shareholders of any Sub-Fund may hold, at any time, general meetings to decide on any matters which relate exclusively to such Sub-Fund.

The combined accounts of the Company are maintained in Euro being the Reference Currency of the share capital. The financial statements relating to the separate Sub-Funds shall also be expressed in the Reference Currency for the Sub-Funds.

APPENDIX I:

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The Company shall, based upon the principle of risk spreading, have power to determine the corporate and investment policy for the investments for each Sub-Fund, the Reference Currency, as the case may be, and the course of conduct of the management and business affairs of the Company.

Any Sub-Fund may, to the widest extent permitted by and under the conditions set forth in applicable Luxembourg laws and regulations, but in accordance with the provisions set forth in the sales documents of the Company, subscribe, acquire and/or hold Shares to be issued or issued by one or more Sub-Funds of the Company. In this case and subject to conditions set forth in applicable Luxembourg laws and regulations, the voting rights, if any, attaching to these Shares are suspended for as long as they are held by the Sub-Fund concerned. In addition and for as long as these Shares are held by a Sub-Fund, their value will not be taken into consideration for the calculation of the net assets of the Company for the purposes of verifying the minimum threshold of the net assets imposed by the 2010 Law.

Except to the extent that more restrictive rules are provided for in connection with a specific Sub-Fund under "Investment Objectives and Policies" in the Prospectus, the investment policy of each Sub-Fund shall comply with the rules and restrictions laid down hereafter:

A. Investments in the Sub-Funds shall consist solely of:

- (1) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments admitted to or dealt in on a Regulated Market;
- (2) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments dealt in on an Other Regulated Market in a Member State;
- (3) Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments admitted to official listing on a stock exchange of an Other State or dealt in on an Other Regulated Market in an Other State;
- (4) recently issued Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments, provided that:
 - the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to official listing on a stock exchange in an Other State or on a Regulated Market or on any Other Regulated Market as described under (1)-(3) above;
 - such admission is secured within one year of issue;
- (5) units of UCITS authorised according to the UCITS Directive and/or other UCIs within the meaning of the 2010 Law, whether situated in a Member State or in an Other State, provided that:
 - such other UCIs are authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the Regulatory Authority to be equivalent to that laid down in Community law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured (currently the United States, Canada, Switzerland, Iceland, Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Norway and Japan);
 - the level of protection for shareholders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for shareholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and short sales of Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the UCITS Directive;
 - the business of the other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
 - no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs;
- (6) deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in an Other State, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the Regulatory Authority as equivalent to those laid down in Community law;

- (7) financial derivative instruments, *i.e.* in particular options, futures, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on a Regulated Market or on an Other Regulated Market referred to in (1), (2) and (3) above, and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in over-the-counter ("OTC derivatives"), provided that:
 - (i) the underlying consists of instruments covered by this Section A., financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Sub-Fund may invest according to its investment objectives; the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the Regulatory Authority, and
 the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative;
 - (ii) under no circumstances shall these operations cause the Sub-Fund to diverge from its investment objectives;
- (8) Money Market Instruments other than those dealt in on a Regulated Market or on an Other Regulated Market, to the extent that the issue or the issuer of such instruments is itself regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:
 - issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or by a central bank of a Member State, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, an Other State or, in case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more Member States belong, or
 - issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on Regulated Markets or on Other Regulated Markets referred to in (1), (2) or (3) above, or
 - issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined by Community law, or by an establishment which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the Regulatory Authority to be at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law; or
 - issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the Regulatory Authority provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the three paragraphs directly above and provided that the issuer is a SICAV whose capital and reserves amount to at least ten million Euro (10,000,000 Euro) and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity which, within a Group of Companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

B. Each Sub-Fund may however:

- (1) Invest up to 10% of its assets in assets other than those referred to above under A (1) through (4) and (8).
- (2) Hold cash on an ancillary basis; such restriction may exceptionally and temporarily be exceeded if the Company considers this to be in the best interest of the Shareholders.
- (3) Borrow up to 10% of its assets, provided that such borrowings are made only on a temporary basis. Collateral arrangements with respect to the writing of options or the purchase or sale of forward or futures contracts are not deemed to constitute "borrowings" for the purpose of this restriction.
- (4) Acquire foreign currency by means of a back-to-back loan.

C. In addition, the Company shall comply in respect of the assets of each Sub-Fund with the following investment restrictions per issuer:

(a) Risk Diversification rules

For the purpose of calculating the restrictions described in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14) hereunder, companies which are included in the same Group of Companies are regarded as a single issuer.

To the extent an issuer is a legal entity with multiple portfolios where the assets of a portfolio are exclusively reserved to the investors in such portfolio and to those creditors whose claim has arisen in connection with the creation, operation and

liquidation of that portfolio, each portfolio is to be considered as a separate issuer for the purpose of the application of the risk spreading rules described under items (1) to (5), (7) to (9) and (12) to (14) hereunder.

• **Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments**

- (1) No Sub-Fund may purchase additional Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments of any single issuer if:
 - (i) upon such purchase more than 10% of its assets would consist of Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments of one single issuer; or
 - (ii) the total value of all Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments of issuers in each of which it invests more than 5% of its assets would exceed 40% of the value of its assets. This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision.
- (2) A Sub-Fund may invest on a cumulative basis up to 20% of its assets in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued by the same Group of Companies.
- (3) The limit of 10% set forth above under (1)(i) is increased to 35% in respect of Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its local authorities, by any Other State or by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s).
- (4) The limit of 10% set forth above under (1)(i) is increased up to 25% in respect of qualifying debt securities issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in a Member State and which, under applicable law, is submitted to specific public supervision in order to protect the holders of such qualifying debt securities. For the purposes hereof, "qualifying debt securities" are securities the proceeds of which are invested in accordance with applicable law in assets providing a return which will cover the debt service through to the maturity date of the securities and which will be applied on a priority basis to the payment of principal and interest in the event of a default by the issuer. To the extent that a relevant Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its assets in qualifying debt securities issued by such an issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the assets of such Sub-Fund.
- (5) The securities specified above under (3) and (4) are not to be included for purposes of computing the ceiling of 40% set forth above under (1) (ii).
- (6) **Notwithstanding the ceilings set forth above, each Sub-Fund is authorized to invest, in accordance with the principle of risk spreading, up to 100% of its assets in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its local authorities, by any other member state of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD") such as the United States or by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s), provided that (i) such securities are part of at least six different issues and (ii) the securities from any such issue do not account for more than 30% of the total assets of such Sub-Fund.**
- (7) Without prejudice to the limits set forth hereunder under (b), the limits set forth in (1) are raised to a maximum of 20% for investments in stocks and/or bonds issued by the same body when the aim of the Sub-Fund's investment policy is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or bond index which is recognized by the Regulatory Authority, on the following basis:
 - the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified,
 - the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers,
 - it is published in an appropriate manner.

The limit of 20% is raised to 35% where that proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions in particular in Regulated Markets where certain Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments are highly dominant. The investment up to this limit is only permitted for a single issuer.

• **Bank Deposits**

- (8) A Sub-Fund may not invest more than 20% of its assets in deposits made with the same body.

• **Derivative Instruments**

- (9) The risk exposure to a counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction may not exceed 10% of the Sub-Fund's assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in A. (6) above or 5% of its assets in other cases.
- (10) Investment in financial derivative instruments shall only be made, and within the limits set forth in (2), (5) and (14), provided that the exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits set forth in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14). When the Sub-Fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not necessarily have to be combined to the limits set forth in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).
- (11) When a Transferable Security or Money Market Instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of A (7) (ii) and C (a) (10) and (D) hereunder as well as with the risk exposure and information requirements laid down in the sales documents of the Company.

• **Units of Open-Ended Funds**

- (12) Unless otherwise provided in the investment policy of a particular Sub-Fund, no Sub-Fund may invest more than 10% of its assets in the units of a single UCITS or other UCI referred to under point A (5); furthermore, unless otherwise provided in the investment policy of a particular Sub-Fund, no Sub-Fund may invest in aggregate more than 10% of its assets in the units or shares of other UCITS or UCI.

For the purpose of the application of this investment limit, each portfolio of a UCI with multiple portfolios within the meaning of Article 181 of the 2010 Law is to be considered as a separate issuer provided that the principle of segregation of the obligations of the various portfolios vis-à-vis third parties is ensured.

When a Sub-Fund has acquired units of UCITS and/or other UCIs, the assets of the respective UCITS or other UCIs do not have to be combined for the purposes of the limits laid down in (1) to (5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).

When a Sub-Fund invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the Management Company or any appointed Investment Manager (referred to as the "Manager" in the present and in the two subsequent paragraphs) or by any other SICAV with which the Manager is linked by common management or control or by way of a direct or indirect stake of more than 10% of the capital or votes, the Manager or other SICAV may not charge subscription or redemption fees on account of the Sub-Fund's investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs.

• **Combined limits**

- (13) Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in (1), (8) and (9) above, a Sub-Fund may not combine:
 - investments in Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments issued by,
 - deposits made with, and/or
 - exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions or efficient portfolio transactions undertaken
 with a single body in excess of 20% of its assets.
- (14) The limits set out in (1), (3), (4), (8), (9) and (13) above may not be combined, and thus investments in Transferable Securities or Money Market Instruments issued by the same body, in deposits or derivative instruments made with this body carried out in accordance with (1), (3), (4), (8), (9) and (13) above may not exceed a total of 35% of the assets of each Sub-Fund of the Company.

(b) Limitations on Control

- (15) No Sub-Fund may acquire such amount of shares carrying voting rights which would enable the Company to exercise a significant influence over the management of the issuer.
- (16) No Sub-Fund may acquire (i) more than 10% of the outstanding non-voting shares of any one issuer; (ii) more than 10% of the outstanding debt securities of any one issuer; (iii) more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments of any one issuer; or (iv) more than 25% of the outstanding shares or units of any one UCITS and/or UCI.

The limits set forth in (ii) to (iv) may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of bonds or of the Money Market Instruments or the net amount of the instruments in issue cannot be calculated.

The ceilings set forth above under (15) and (16) do not apply in respect of:

- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State or by its local authorities;
- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any Other State;
- Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued by a public international body of which one or more Member State(s) are member(s);
- shares in the capital of a company which is incorporated under or organized pursuant to the laws of an Other State provided that (i) such company invests its assets principally in securities issued by issuers of that State, (ii) pursuant to the laws of that State a participation by the relevant Sub-Fund in the equity of such company constitutes the only possible way to purchase securities of issuers of that State, and (iii) such company observes in its investment policy the restrictions set forth under C., items (1) to (5), (8), (9) and (12) to (16); and
- shares in the capital of subsidiary companies which, exclusively on behalf of the Company carry on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country where the subsidiary is located, in regard to the redemption of Shares at the request of Shareholders.

D. In addition, the Company shall comply in respect of its assets with the following investment restrictions per instrument:

Each Sub-Fund shall ensure that its global risk exposure relating to financial derivative instruments does not exceed its total net value.

The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, foreseeable market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

E. Finally, the Company shall comply in respect of the assets of each Sub-Fund with the following investment restrictions:

- (1) No Sub-Fund may acquire commodities or precious metals or certificates representative thereof. For the avoidance of doubt, transactions in foreign currencies, financial instruments, indices, or Transferable Securities as well as futures and forward contracts, options and swaps are not considered as commodities for the purposes of this restriction.
- (2) No Sub-Fund may invest in real estate provided that investments may be made in securities secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein.
- (3) No Sub-Fund may issue warrants or other rights to subscribe for its Shares.
- (4) A Sub-Funds may not grant loans or guarantees in favour of a third party, provided that such restriction shall not prevent each Sub-Fund from investing in non fully paid-up Transferable Securities, Money Market Instruments or other financial instruments, as mentioned under A., items (5), (7) and (8).
- (5) The Company may not enter into short sales of Transferable Securities, Money Market Instruments or other financial instruments as listed under A., items (5), (7) and (8).

F. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained:

- (1) The ceilings set forth above may be disregarded by each Sub-Fund when exercising subscription rights attaching to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments in such Sub-Fund's portfolio.
- (2) If such ceilings are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of a Sub-Fund or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, such Sub-Fund must adopt as its priority objective in its sale transactions the remedying of such situation, taking due account of the interests of its Shareholders.

The Sub-Fund has the right to determine additional investment restrictions to the extent that those restrictions are necessary to comply with the laws and regulations of countries where Shares of the Company are offered or sold.

G. Global Risk Exposure and Risk Management

The Management Company must employ a risk-management processes which enables it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions in its Sub-Funds and their contribution to the overall risk profile of its Sub-Funds.

In relation to financial derivative instruments the Management Company must employ a process (or processes) for accurate and independent assessment of the value of OTC derivatives and the Management Company shall ensure for each Sub-Fund that the global risk exposure relating to financial derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio.

The global risk exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

Each Sub-Fund may invest, according to its investment policy and within the limits laid down in Appendix I "Investment Restrictions" and in Appendix II "Investment Techniques and Instruments" in financial derivative instruments provided that the exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits laid down in Appendix I.

When a Sub-Fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not necessarily have to be combined to the limits laid down in Appendix I "Investment Restrictions" item C (a) (1)-(5), (8), (9), (13) and (14).

When a Transferable Security or Money Market Instrument embeds a derivative, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of this Section.

The Company calculates on a daily basis the global risk exposure of each Sub-Fund by using either the relative value-at-risk ("VaR") approach or the absolute VaR approach, except for the Sub-Funds "Trend Dynamics Europe" and those Sub-Funds that will be launched upon merger with another UCITS or a sub-fund of another UCITS (as specified in Appendix IV) where the Sub-Funds' global risk exposure is calculated using the commitment method. As from 29 August 2016, all the Sub-Funds' global exposure will be calculated using the commitment method.

For the **relative VaR approach**, the market risk of a Sub-Fund must not exceed 200% of the market risk of the reference index:

Sub-Fund	Reference Index
Global High Yield Bond	60% BofA Merrill Lynch US High Yield BB-B Rated Constrained Index (HUC4) and 40% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro BB-B Non Financial Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield Constrained Index (HEAG)
Euro Small Cap Equity	Euro Stoxx TMI Small (Net Return Index)
Euro Corporate Bond	70% iBoxx € Corporates Total Return Index and 30% iBoxx € Corporates 10+ Index
Euro High Yield Bond	70% BofA ML Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained Total Return Index (HEAC) and 30% BofA ML BB-B Global High Yield European Issuers 3% Constrained Index (HQC4)
Euro Credit Short Duration	BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained Index (HEAC)
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017	60% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained ex-Financials Index (HEAE) and 40% iBoxx € Corporates Non-Financial 3-5 years Index
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018	60% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained ex-Financials Index (HEAE) and 40% iBoxx € Corporates Non-Financial 3-5 years Index
Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019	60% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained ex-Financials Index (HEAE) and 40% iBoxx € Corporates Non-Financial 3-5 years Index

Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2020	60% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro Fixed & Floating Rate High Yield 3% Constrained ex-Financials Index (HEAE) and 40% iBoxx € Corporates Non-Financial 3-5 years Index
Optimal Capital	20% Euro Stoxx 50 (EUR), 6% MSCI Emerging Markets (EUR), 19% iBoxx Euro Sovereign Overall (EUR), 20% iBoxx Euro Corporate Overall (EUR), 15% JP Morgan EMBI Plus (USD), 20% BofA Merrill Lynch Euro High Yield (EUR)
Crossover Credit	40% BofA ML BB-B Global High Yield European Issuers 3% Constrained Index (HQC4) and 60% iBoxx € Non-Financial BBB Return

The **absolute VaR approach** limits the maximum VaR that the market risk of a Sub-Fund can have relative to its Net Asset Value (calculation basis: confidence interval 99%, holding period of 1 month)..There is no Sub-Fund using the absolute VaR approach as of the date of this Prospectus.

Since the value-at-risk approach does not directly limit the so-called “level of leverage”, there is a possibility of higher leverage levels. Whereas such figures are of a purely informational nature and do not constitute additional exposure limits for the Sub-Funds, their publication and disclosure is requested under the current regulatory regime.

The Company does not expect the level of leverage of any Sub-Fund to exceed 300% under normal market circumstances. Shareholders are reminded that the level of leverage is calculated as the sum of the notionals of the financial derivative instruments used and does not take into account any netting or hedging arrangements. The level of leverage may vary substantially over time.

The Annual Report comprises information regarding the level of value-at-risk and the level of leverage for each of the Sub-Funds.

H. Exchange of Information between Master Funds and Feeder Funds

If a Master-Feeder structure is created within the Company, agreements for the exchange of information are put in place to coordinate interaction between the Feeder fund and the Master fund, as required by the Law and by European Directive 2009/65/EC:

- The agreement for the exchange of information between the Feeder fund and Master fund must describe in particular the measures taken with regard to access to and exchange of information about the funds (including, inter alia: legal documentation, risk management, etc.), the principles governing investment and divestment by the Company, standard provisions concerning trading (including, inter alia: settlement cycle, coordination of the frequency of and timetable for NAV and orders, etc.).

With regard to access to information, the Master funds shall supply the Feeder Funds, via the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, with the legal documentation for the Master funds and any amendments thereto, together with information about any delegated functions, and shall make available documents relating to their internal operation, such as risk management procedures and reports on compliance, or as soon as events necessitating the updating of said documents occur.

With regard to the provisions concerning trading, the Master and Feeder funds have in particular opted to determine and calculate their net asset values at identical intervals.

The Master funds and Feeder funds shall, via the Chairman of their Board of Directors, disclose any temporary suspension of redemptions, repayments, purchases or subscriptions of the fund's units as soon as they occur and as soon as the fund involved becomes aware of such suspension.

As the Feeder funds and the Master funds have different accounting years, the Master funds must provide the Feeder funds with all the information required to prepare their periodic reports in good time.

The settlement cycles and details of payments for purchases, subscriptions and redemptions or repayments of units in the Master funds are those provided for under the terms of the prospectus of the Master fund.

This agreement is available upon request from the Shareholders.

- the agreement for the exchange of information between the custodians of the Master fund and the Feeder fund. This agreement describes the documents and information that must be shared between the custodians or be available on request, the procedures and deadlines for sending this information, operational coordination between the custodians with a view to exercising their respective obligations under their national laws, coordination of end-of-year accounting procedures and declarations of inconsistencies at Master fund level.
- the agreement for the exchange of information between the approved independent auditors of the Master fund and the Feeder fund. This agreement describes the documents and information that must be shared between the auditors or be available on request, the procedures and deadlines for sending this information, coordination of their involvement in the end-of-year accounting procedures of the Master and Feeder funds, information to be treated as inconsistencies at Master fund level, and procedures for ad hoc assistance requests.

APPENDIX II: INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTS

The Company may employ techniques and instruments relating to Transferable Securities and other financial liquid assets for efficient portfolio management and hedging purposes. When these operations concern the use of derivative instruments, these conditions and limits shall conform to the provisions laid down in Appendix I "Investment Restrictions".

Furthermore, the Company may, for efficient portfolio management purposes, enter into Securities Lending and Repurchase Agreement Transactions, provided that the rules set out in this Appendix II are complied with.

Under no circumstances shall these operations cause a Sub-Fund to diverge from its investment objectives as laid down under "Investment Objectives and Policies" in the Prospectus or substantially increase the stated risk profile of a Sub-Fund.

In order to limit the exposure of a Sub-Fund to the risk of default of the counterparty under a Securities Lending and Repurchase Agreements Transactions, the Sub-Fund will receive cash only as collateral, as further specified in section C (Collateral policy) below.

Each Sub-Fund may incur costs and fees in connection with efficient portfolio management techniques. In particular, a Sub-Fund may pay fees to agents and other intermediaries, which may or may not be affiliated with the Depositary, the Investment Managers or the Management Company, as permitted by applicable securities and banking law, in consideration for the functions and risks they assume. The amount of these fees may be fixed or variable. Information on direct and indirect operational costs and fees incurred by each Sub-Fund in this respect, as well as the identity of the entities to which such costs and fees are paid and any affiliation they may have with the Depositary, the Investment Managers or the Management Company, if applicable, may be available in the Annual Report. All revenues arising from efficient portfolio management techniques, net of direct and indirect operational costs and fees, will be returned to the relevant Sub-Fund.

A. Securities Lending

Securities lending transactions consist in transactions whereby a lender transfers securities or instruments to a borrower, subject to a commitment that the borrower will return equivalent securities or instruments on a future date or when requested to do so by the lender, such transaction being considered as securities lending for the party transferring the securities or instruments and being considered as securities borrowing for the counterparty to which they are transferred.

Where specified in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of this Prospectus for a Sub-fund, the Company, for that Sub-Fund, may enter into Securities Lending transactions provided that it complies with the following rules:

- (i) the counterparty must be a first class bank, first class broker/dealer or such other first class financial institution that is regarded permissible counterparty under Luxembourg law, as the same may be amended from time to time.
- (ii) it may only lend or borrow securities or instruments either directly, through a standardised system organised by Euroclear or Clearstream Banking or another recognised clearing institution or through a lending system organised by a financial institution subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those provided by EU law and specialised in this type of transaction; and
- (iii) it is entitled at any time, under the terms of the agreement, to request the return of the securities or instruments lent or to terminate the agreement. The term of the agreement must not exceed 30 days (unless such contract is terminable at any time). Moreover, the Company cannot lend more than 50% of the total value of the relevant Sub-Fund unless the contract is terminable at any time, without charge.
- (iv) it may not lend securities which serve as underlying instruments linked to derivative financial instruments or which have been accepted within the framework of reverse repos. Securities used to provide cover in respect of derivatives on an exchange rate or currency are not regarded as being linked to the said derivative.

The principal risk when lending securities is that the borrower might become insolvent or refuse to honor its obligations to return the securities. In this event, a Sub-Fund could experience delays in recovering its securities and may possibly incur a capital loss. A Sub-Fund may also incur a loss in reinvesting the cash collateral it receives. Such a loss may arise due to a decline in the value of the investment made with cash collateral received from a securities lending counterparty. A decline in the value of such investment of the cash collateral would reduce the amount of collateral available to be returned by the Sub-Fund to the securities lending counterparty at the conclusion of the securities lending contract. The Sub-Fund would be required to cover the difference in value between the collateral originally received and the amount available to be returned to the counterparty, thereby resulting in a loss to the Sub-Fund.

B. Repurchase Agreements

Repurchase agreements consist of transactions governed by an agreement whereby a party sells securities or instruments to a counterparty, subject to a commitment to repurchase them, or substituted securities or instruments of the same description, from the counterparty at a specified price on a future date specified, or to be specified, by the transferor. Such transactions are commonly referred to as repurchase agreements for the party selling the securities or instruments, and reverse repurchase agreements for the counterparty buying them.

This investment technique permits authorized Sub-Fund to earn a fixed rate of return insulated from market fluctuations during such period.

Where specified in the "Investment Objectives and Policies" section of this Prospectus for a Sub-fund, the Company, for that Sub-Fund, may enter into repurchase agreements transactions as buyer or seller of securities or instruments. Such transactions are, in particular, subject to the following conditions:

- (i) the counterparty must be subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those prescribed by EU law; and
- (ii) the Sub-Fund must be able, at any time, to terminate the agreement or recall the full amount of cash in a reverse repurchase agreement (on either an accrued basis or a mark-to-market basis) or any securities or instruments subject to a repurchase agreement. Fixed-term transactions that do not exceed seven days should be considered as arrangements on terms that allow cash or assets to be recalled at any time;
- (iii) the Company may not sell securities which are used as underlying instruments linked to derivative financial instruments, which have been lent or which have been accepted within the framework of reverse repos. Securities used to provide cover in respect of derivatives on an exchange rate or currency are not regarded as being linked to the said derivative.

C. Collateral policy

This section sets out the policy adopted by the Management Company for the management of collateral received for the benefit of each Sub-Fund in the context of OTC financial derivatives instruments and efficient portfolio management techniques (Securities Lending and Repurchase Agreement Transactions). All cash or assets received by a Sub-Fund in the context of efficient portfolio management techniques will be considered as collateral for the purposes of this section.

Eligible collateral

Collateral received for the benefit of a Sub-Fund may be used to reduce its counterparty risk exposure if it complies with the conditions set out in applicable laws and regulations. In particular, collateral received for the benefit of a Sub-Fund should comply with the following conditions:

- (i) collateral other than cash should be of high quality, highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation;
- (ii) collateral should be valued at least on a daily basis and assets that exhibit high price volatility should not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place, as further specified below;
- (iii) collateral should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty;
- (iv) collateral should be sufficiently diversified in terms of countries, markets and issuers. The maximum exposure of a Sub-Fund to any given issuer included in the basket of collateral received is limited to 20% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund. When the Sub-Fund is exposed to different counterparties, collateral received should be aggregated to calculate the 20% limit of exposure to a single issuer. By way of derogation, this limit may be exceeded and up to 100% of the collateral received by a Sub-Fund may consist in Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by one or more of its local authorities, **[by a member State of the OECD or the Group of Twenty (G20) such as the United States of America, by the Republic of Singapore, by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China,]** or by a public international body of which one or more Member States are members, provided that such securities or instruments are part of a basket of collateral comprised of securities or instruments of at least six different issues and that securities or instruments from any one issue do not account for more than 30% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund;

- (v) where there is a title transfer, collateral received should be held by the Depositary or one of its sub-custodians to which the Depositary has delegated the custody of such collateral. For other types of collateral arrangement (e.g. a pledge), collateral can be held by a third party custodian which is subject to prudential supervision and which is unrelated to the provider of the collateral;
- (vi) collateral should be capable of being fully enforced by the Company at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty; and
- (vii) where applicable, collateral received should also comply with the control limits set out in Appendix I (Investment Restrictions) of this Prospectus.

Subject to the above conditions, permitted forms of collateral consist only of cash in Euro.

Level of collateral

The level of collateral required for OTC financial derivatives transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques will be determined as per the agreements in place with the individual counterparties, taking into account factors including the nature and characteristics of transactions, the creditworthiness and identity of counterparties and prevailing market conditions. At all times the counterparty exposure not covered by collateral will remain below the applicable counterparty risk limits set out in this Prospectus.

[It is expected that the amount of collateral posted by a counterparty in favour of each Sub-Fund will be such that the net exposure of the relevant Sub-Fund to that counterparty arising from OTC financial derivatives transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques is aimed to be zero percent (0%) of its Net Asset Value on each Valuation Day: each Sub-Fund is expected to be fully collateralised.]

Haircut policy

No haircut will be applicable to collateral in the form of cash

Reinvestment of collateral

Non-cash collateral received for the benefit of a Sub-Fund may not be sold, re-invested or pledged. Cash collateral received for the benefit of a Sub-Fund can only be:

- (i) placed on deposit with a credit institution which has its registered office in a Member State or a credit institution located in a third-country which is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in EU law;
- (ii) invested in high-quality government bonds;
- (iii) used for the purpose of reverse repurchase transactions provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the Company is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on accrued basis; and/or
- (iv) invested in short-term money market funds as defined in the Guidelines on a Common Definition of European Money Market Funds issued by ESMA (CESR/10-049) as may be amended from time to time.

Re-invested cash collateral should be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirements applicable to non-cash collateral as set out above. Re-investment of cash collateral involves certain risks for the Sub-Fund, as described in section Risk Factors

Centrally cleared OTC derivatives

The Company may enter into OTC derivatives cleared through a clearinghouse that serves as a central counterparty. Generally, centrally-cleared OTC derivatives may be cleared under the agency model or the principal-to-principal model. Under the principal-to-principal model there is usually one transaction between the Company and its clearing broker and another back-to-back transaction between the clearing broker and the central counterparty, whereas under the agency model there is one transaction between the Company and the central counterparty. For these trades, the Company will post and/or receive collateral for the benefit of a Sub-Fund in the form of margin payments, as agreed with the clearing broker in accordance with the rules of the applicable clearinghouse, including rules on acceptable forms of collateral, collateral level, valuation and haircuts. The Company will ensure that variation margin receivable from the clearing broker is consistent with its collateral policy. Central clearing is designed to reduce counterparty credit risk and increase liquidity compared to bilaterally-cleared OTC derivatives, but it does not eliminate those risks completely

APPENDIX III:

DETERMINATION OF THE NET ASSET VALUE

1) Calculation and Publication

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class in respect of each Sub-Fund shall be calculated in the Reference Currency of such Sub-Fund and shall be determined as of any Valuation Day (as more specifically defined hereinafter) by dividing the net assets of the Company attributable to such Class of Shares in such Sub-Fund (being the value of the portion of assets less the portion of liabilities attributable to such Class on any such Valuation Day) by the total number of Shares in the relevant Class then outstanding. The Net Asset Value per Share may be rounded up or down to the nearest unit of the relevant currency, as the Board of Directors shall determine.

If, since the time of determination of the Net Asset Value per Share on the relevant Valuation Day, there has been a material change in the quotations in the markets on which a substantial portion of the investments attributable to the relevant Sub-Fund are dealt in or quoted, the Company may, in order to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Company, cancel the first valuation and carry out a second valuation. All subscription, redemption and conversion requests shall be treated on the basis of this second valuation.

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Sub-Fund is determined on each Business Day (except December 24th and 31st) in Luxembourg ("Valuation Day"). The Net Asset Value per Share shall be calculated on the basis of the value of the underlying investments of the relevant Sub-Fund pursuant to Article 11 of the Articles (See "Appendix VI").

The Net Asset Value per Share and the issue, redemption and conversion prices per Share of each Class in each Sub-Fund may be obtained during business hours at the registered office of the Company.

2) Temporary Suspension of the Calculation

In each Sub-Fund, the Company may temporarily suspend the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share and the issue, redemption and conversion of Shares, pursuant to Article 12 of the Articles (See "Appendix VI").

Notice of the beginning and of the end of any period of suspension shall be given by the Company to all the Shareholders by way of publication and may be sent to Shareholders affected, i.e. having made an application for subscription, redemption or conversion of Shares for which the calculation of the Net Asset Value has been suspended.

Any application for subscription, redemption or conversion of Shares is irrevocable except in case of suspension of the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share in the relevant Sub-Fund, in which case Shareholders may give notice that they wish to withdraw their application.

If no such notice is received by the Company, such application will be dealt with on the first Valuation Day as determined for each relevant Sub-Fund following the end of the period of suspension.

APPENDIX IV:

GENERAL INFORMATION

1) Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated on 18 December 1998 under the name of “WestLB Compass Fund” and is governed by the Companies Law and by the 2010 Law, as they have been or may be amended in the future.

<u>Launch Date</u>	<u>Sub-Funds</u>
30 June 2000	Euro High Yield Bond and Global High Yield Bond
13 March 2002	Euro Corporate Bond
15 November 2006	Euro Small Cap Equity
1 June 2011	Euro Credit Short Duration
10 January 2013	Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2017
2 December 2013	Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2018
3 December 2014	Euro Credit Laufzeitfonds 2019
25 June 2015	Optimal Capital
Will be launched upon merger with BNY Mellon Crossover Credit Fund, a sub-fund of BNY Mellon Global Funds plc subject to regulatory approval	Crossover Credit
At the latest March 2016	Trend Dynamics Europe
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Vision, a French FCP, subject to regulatory approval	Vision
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Funds – Oddo Convertibles Global, subject to regulatory approval	Convertible Global
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Funds – Objectif Revenus, subject to regulatory approval	Objectifs Revenus
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Funds – Oddo Patrimoine Revenus, subject to regulatory approval	Patrimoine Revenus

Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Convertible Europe, a French FCP, subject to regulatory approval	Convertible Europe
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Haut Rendement Monde 2018, a French FCP, subject to regulatory approval	Haut Rendement Monde 2018
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Convertible Euro Moderate, a French FCP, subject to regulatory approval	Convertible Euro Moderate
Will be launched upon merger with Oddo Bonds Target 2018, a French FCP, subject to regulatory approval	Bonds Target 2018
31 January 2017	BHF Total Return

The registered office of the Company is established at European Bank and Business Center, 6C, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg. The Company is recorded at the "Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés" with the District Court of Luxembourg under the number B 67 580.

The Articles have been published in the "Mémorial C, Recueil Spécial des Sociétés et Associations" (the "Memorial") of 1 February 1999 and have been filed with the Chancery of the District Court of Luxembourg together with the "Notice légale" on the issue and sale of Shares. The latest amendment of the Articles was made on 1 February 2016, a publication in the Mémorial has been made on 19 February 2016.

Any interested person may inspect these documents at the Chancery of the District Court of Luxembourg; copies are available on request at the registered office of the Company.

The minimum capital of the Company, as provided by law, is Euro 1,250,000.-. The capital of the Company is represented by fully paid-up Shares of no par value.

The Company is open-ended which means that it may, at any time on the request of the Shareholders, redeem its Shares at prices based on the applicable Net Asset Value per Share.

In accordance with the Articles, the Board of Directors may issue Shares in each Sub-Fund. A separate portfolio of assets is maintained for each Sub-Fund and is invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to the relevant Sub-Fund. As a result, the Company is an "Umbrella Fund" enabling investors to choose between one or more investment objectives by investing in one or more Sub-Funds.

The Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time decide to create further Sub-Funds; in that event, the Prospectus will be updated and amended so as to include detailed information on the new Sub-Funds.

The share capital of the Company will be expressed in Euro being the Reference Currency of the Company and will be equal, at any time, to the total value of the net assets of all the Sub-Funds.

The Articles, at Article 10, contain provisions enabling the Company to restrict or prevent the ownership of Shares (See "Appendix VI").

2) Dissolution and Liquidation of the Company

The Company may at any time be dissolved by a resolution of the general meeting of Shareholders subject to the quorum and majority requirements applicable for amendments to the Articles.

Whenever the share capital falls below two-thirds of the minimum capital indicated in Article 5 of the Articles, the question of the dissolution of the Company shall be referred to a general meeting of Shareholders by the Board of Directors. The general meeting, for which no quorum shall be required, shall decide by simple majority of the Shares represented at the meeting.

The question of the dissolution of the Company shall also be referred to a general meeting of Shareholders whenever the share capital falls below one-fourth of the minimum capital set by Article 5 of the Articles; in such event, the general meeting shall be held without any quorum requirement and the dissolution may be decided by Shareholders holding one-fourth of the Shares represented at the meeting.

The meeting must be convened so that it is held within a period of forty days as from ascertainment that the net assets have fallen below two-thirds or one-fourth of the legal minimum, as the case may be.

Liquidation shall be carried out by one or several liquidators, who may be physical persons or legal entities, duly approved by the relevant Luxembourg supervisory authority and appointed by the general meeting of Shareholders which shall determine their powers and their compensation.

The net proceeds of liquidation corresponding to each Class of Shares within each Sub-Fund shall be distributed by the liquidators to the holders of Shares of the relevant Class in the relevant Sub-Fund in proportion to their holding of such Shares in such Class.

Should the Company be voluntarily or compulsorily liquidated, its liquidation will be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the 2010 Law. Such law specifies the steps to be taken to enable Shareholders to participate in the distribution(s) of the liquidation proceeds and provides for a deposit in escrow at the "Caisse de Consignation" at the time of the close of liquidation. Amounts not claimed from escrow within the statutory limitation period shall be liable to be forfeited in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law.

3) Termination, Division and Amalgamation of Sub-Funds or classes of Shares

In the event that for any reason the value of the total net assets in any Sub-Fund or the value of the net assets of any Class of Shares within a Sub-Fund has decreased to, or has not reached, an amount determined by the Board of Directors to be the minimum level for such Sub-Fund, or such Class of Shares, to be operated in an economically efficient manner or in case of a substantial modification in the political, economic or monetary situation or as a matter of economic rationalisation, the Board of Directors may decide to compulsorily redeem all the Shares of the relevant Class or Classes at the Net Asset Value per Share (taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) calculated on the Valuation Day or Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day at which such decision shall take effect. The Company shall serve a notice to the holders of the relevant Class or Classes of Shares prior to the effective date for the compulsory redemption, which will indicate the reasons and the procedure for the redemption operations: registered holders shall be notified in writing. Unless it is otherwise decided in the interests of, or to keep equal treatment between the Shareholders, the Shareholders of the Sub-Fund concerned may continue to request redemption or conversion of their Shares free of charge (but taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) prior to the date effective for the compulsory redemption.

Under the same circumstances provided for in this section, the Board of Directors may decide to reorganise a Sub-Fund or a Class of Shares by means of a division into two or more Sub-Funds or Classes of Shares.

Notwithstanding the powers conferred to the Board of Directors by the preceding paragraph, the general meeting of Shareholders of any one or all Classes of Shares issued in any Sub-Fund may, upon proposal from the Board of Directors, (i) redeem all the Shares of the relevant Class or Classes and refund to the Shareholders the Net Asset Value of their Shares (taking into account actual realisation prices of investments and realisation expenses) calculated on the Valuation Day, or the Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day, at which such decision shall take effect, or (ii) decide upon the division of a Sub-Fund or a Class of Shares. There shall be no quorum requirements for such general meeting of Shareholders which shall decide by resolution taken by simple majority of the votes cast if such decision does not result in the liquidation of the Company.

Assets which may not be distributed to their beneficiaries upon the implementation of the redemption will be deposited with the Caisse de Consignation on behalf of the persons entitled thereto. If not claimed, they shall be forfeited in accordance with Luxembourg law.

All redeemed Shares shall be cancelled.

Any amalgamation of a Sub-Fund within the Company shall be decided by the Board of Directors unless the Board of Directors decides to submit the decision for an amalgamation to a meeting of Shareholders of the Class or Sub-Fund concerned. No quorum is required for this meeting and decisions are taken by the simple majority of the votes cast. In case of an amalgamation of a Sub-Fund where, as a result, the Company ceases to exist, the amalgamation shall be decided by a meeting of Shareholders resolving in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for amending the Articles of Incorporation.

Any amalgamation of a Sub-Fund shall be subject to the provisions on amalgamations set forth in the 2010 Law and any implementation regulation.

APPENDIX V:

DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE

Copies of the following documents may be obtained during usual business hours on any Business Day in Luxembourg at the registered office of the Company:

- (i) the Articles of Incorporation of the Company;
- (ii) the agreement on services referred to under the heading "Depositary";
- (iii) the agreement on services referred to under the heading "Central Administration Agent";
- (iv) the management company agreement;
- (v) the information sharing agreement between the Management Company and the Depositary
- (vi) the agreements with the Investment Manager(s) referred to under the heading " Investment Managers";
- (vii) the agreements with the Distributors referred to under the heading "Distributors";
- (viii) the latest reports and accounts referred to under the heading "Meetings of, and Reports to, Shareholders";
- (ix) the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment and the Luxembourg law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended.

Appendix VI:

EXCERPTS FROM THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Article 10. - Restrictions on Ownership of Shares

The Company may restrict the ownership of shares in the Company by any person, firm or corporate body, if, in the opinion of the Company, such holding may be detrimental to the Company, if it may result in a breach of any law, Luxembourg or foreign, or, of these Articles of Incorporation or the sales documents of the Company or, if as a result thereof the Company may become exposed to tax disadvantages or other financial disadvantages that it would not have otherwise incurred (such persons, firms or corporate bodies to be determined by the Board of Directors being herein referred to as "Prohibited Persons").

For such purposes the Company may:

A.- decline to issue any shares and decline to register any transfer of shares, where it appears to it that such registry or transfer would or might result in legal or beneficial ownership of such shares by a Prohibited Person; and

B.- at any time require any person whose name is entered in, or any person seeking to register the transfer of shares on the register of shareholders, to provide any information and/or supporting documents, which it may consider necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not beneficial ownership of such shareholder's shares remains with a Prohibited Person, or whether such registry will result in beneficial ownership of such shares by a Prohibited Person; and

C.- decline to accept the vote of any Prohibited Person at any meeting of shareholders of the Company; and

D.- where it appears to the Company that any Prohibited Person either alone or in conjunction with any other person is a beneficial owner of shares, instruct such shareholder to sell his shares and to provide to the Company evidence of the sale within thirty (30) days of the notice. If such shareholder fails to comply with the instruction, the Company may compulsorily redeem or cause to be redeemed from any such shareholder all shares held by such shareholder in the following manner:

(1) The Company shall serve a second notice (the "purchase notice") upon the shareholder holding such shares or appearing in the register of shareholders as the owner of the shares to be purchased, specifying the shares to be purchased as aforesaid, the manner in which the purchase price will be calculated and the name of the purchaser.

Any such notice may be served upon such shareholder by posting the same in a prepaid registered envelope addressed to such shareholder at his last address known to or appearing in the books of the Company. The said shareholder shall thereupon forthwith be obliged to deliver to the Company the share certificate or certificates representing the shares specified in the purchase notice.

Immediately after the close of business on the date specified in the purchase notice, such shareholder shall cease to be the owner of the shares specified in such notice and, in the case of registered shares, his name shall be removed from the register of shareholders, and in the case of bearer shares, the certificate or certificates representing such shares shall be cancelled.

(2) The price at which each such share is to be purchased (the "purchase price") shall be an amount based on the net asset value per share of the relevant class as at the Valuation Day or Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day specified by the Board of Directors for the redemption of shares in the Company next preceding the date of the purchase notice or next succeeding the surrender of the share certificate or certificates representing the shares specified in such notice, whichever is lower, all as determined in accordance with Article 8 hereof, less any service charge provided therein.

(3) Payment of the purchase price will be made available to the former owner of such shares normally in the currency fixed by the Board of Directors for the payment of the redemption price of the shares of the relevant class and will be deposited for payment to such owner by the Company with a bank in Luxembourg or elsewhere (as specified in the purchase notice) upon final determination of the purchase price following surrender of the share certificate or certificates specified in such notice and unmatured dividend coupons attached thereto. Upon service of the purchase notice as aforesaid such former owner shall have no further interest in such shares or any of them, nor any claim against the Company or its assets in respect thereof, except the right to receive the purchase price (without interest) from such bank following effective surrender of the share certificate or certificates as aforesaid. Any redemption proceeds receivable by a shareholder under this paragraph, but not collected within a period of five years from the date specified in the purchase notice, may not thereafter be claimed and shall revert to the relevant class or classes of shares. The Board of Directors shall have power from time to time to take all steps necessary to perfect such reversion and to authorise such action on behalf of the Company.

(4) The exercise by the Company of the power conferred by this Article shall not be questioned or invalidated in any case, on the ground that there was insufficient evidence of ownership of shares by any person or that the true ownership of any shares was otherwise than appeared to the Company at the date of any purchase notice, provided in such case the said powers were exercised by the Company in good faith.

"Prohibited Person" as used herein does neither include any subscriber to shares of the Company issued in connection with the incorporation of the Company while such subscriber holds such shares nor any securities dealer who acquires shares with a view to their distribution in connection with an issue of shares by the Company. "Prohibited Person" includes a "U.S. Person" as defined in the sales document of the Company.

The board of directors may restrict the issue and transfer of shares of a class to the institutional investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law ("Institutional Investor(s)"). The board of directors may, at its discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription application for shares of a class reserved for Institutional Investors until such time as the Company has received sufficient evidence that the applicant qualifies as an Institutional Investor. If it appears at any time that a holder of shares of a class reserved to Institutional Investors is not an Institutional Investor, the board of directors will convert the relevant shares into shares of a class which is not restricted to Institutional Investors (provided that there exists such a class with similar characteristics) or compulsorily redeem the relevant shares in accordance with the provisions set forth above in this Articles of Incorporation. The board of directors will refuse to give effect to any transfer of shares and consequently refuse for any transfer of shares to be entered into the register of shareholders in circumstances where such transfer would result in a situation where shares of a class restricted to Institutional Investors would, upon such transfer, be held by a person not qualifying as an Institutional Investor.

In addition to any liability under applicable law, each shareholder who does not qualify as an Institutional Investor, and who holds shares in a class restricted to Institutional Investors or any shareholder precluded from holding shares in the Company, shall hold harmless and indemnify the Company, the board of directors, the other shareholders of the relevant class and the Company's agents for any damages, losses and expenses resulting from or connected to such holding circumstances where the relevant shareholder had furnished misleading or untrue documentation or had made misleading or untrue representations to wrongfully establish its status or has failed to notify the Company of its change of such status.

Article 11.- Calculation of Net Asset Value per Share

The net asset value per share of each class of shares shall be calculated in the Reference Currency (as defined in the sales documents for the shares) of the relevant Sub-Fund and, to the extent applicable within a Sub-Fund, expressed in the currency of quotation for the relevant class of shares. It shall be determined as of any Valuation Day, or any Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day, by dividing the net assets of the Company attributable to each class of shares, being the value of the portion of assets less the portion of liabilities attributable to such class, on any such Valuation Day, or any such Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day, by the number of shares in the relevant class then outstanding, in accordance with the Valuation Rules set forth below. The net asset value per share may be rounded up or down to the nearest unit of the relevant currency as the Board of Directors shall determine. If since the time of determination of the net asset value there has been a material change in the quotations in the markets on which a substantial portion of the investments attributable to the relevant class of shares are dealt in or quoted, the Company may, in order to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company, cancel the first valuation and carry out a second valuation.

The valuation of the net asset value of the different classes of shares shall be made in the following manner:

I. The assets of the Company shall include:

- 1) all cash on hand or on deposit, including any interest accrued thereon;
- 2) all bills and demand notes payable and accounts receivable (including proceeds of securities sold but not delivered);
- 3) all bonds, time notes, certificates of deposit, shares, stock, debentures, debenture stocks, subscription rights, warrants, options and other securities, financial instruments and similar assets owned or contracted for by the Company (provided that the Company may make adjustments in a manner not inconsistent with paragraph (a) below with regards to fluctuations in the market value of securities caused by trading ex-dividends, ex-rights, or by similar practices);
- 4) all stock dividends, cash dividends and cash distributions receivable by the Company to the extent information thereon is reasonably available to the Company;

- 5) all interest accrued on any interest-bearing assets owned by the Company except to the extent that the same is included or reflected in the principal amount of such asset;
- 6) the preliminary expenses of the Company, including the cost of issuing and distributing shares of the Company, insofar as the same have not been written off;
- 7) all other assets of any kind and nature including expenses paid in advance.

The value of such assets shall be determined as follows:

- (a) the value of any cash on hand or on deposit, bills and demand notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received shall be deemed to be the full amount thereof, unless in any case the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full, in which case the value thereof shall be arrived at after making such discount as the Company may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof;
- (b) the value of transferable securities, money market instruments and any financial assets listed or dealt in on a stock exchange or on a regulated market, or any other regulated market, are generally valued at the last available known price in the relevant market prior to the time of valuation. Fixed income securities not traded on such markets are generally valued at the last available price or yield equivalents obtained from one or more dealers or pricing services approved by the Board of Directors; if such prices are not representative of their value, such assets are stated at the fair value at which it is expected they may be resold, as determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Board of Directors;
- (c) all other transferable securities, money market instruments and any financial assets, including equity and debt securities, for which prices are supplied by a pricing agent but are not deemed to be representative of market value, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors.
- (d) money market instruments with a remaining maturity of one year or less will be valued by the amortized cost method, which approximates market value. Under this valuation method, the relevant Sub-Fund's investments are valued at their acquisition cost as adjusted for amortisation of premium or accretion of discount rather than at market value;
- (e) units or shares of open-ended undertakings for collective investment will be valued at their last determined and available net asset value or, if such price is not representative of the fair market value of such assets, then the price shall be determined by the Company on a fair and equitable basis. Units or shares of a closed-ended undertaking for collective investment will be valued at their last available stock market value;
- (f) futures, forward or options contracts not traded on a stock exchange or on regulated markets, or on other regulated markets shall be valued at their net liquidating value determined, pursuant to the policies established by the Board of Directors, on a basis consistently applied for each different variety of contracts. The value of futures, forward or options contracts traded on a stock exchange or on regulated markets, or on other regulated markets shall be based upon the last available settlement or closing prices as applicable to these contracts on a stock exchange or on regulated markets, or on other regulated markets on which the particular futures, forward or options contracts are traded on behalf of the Company; provided that if a future, forward or options contract could not be liquidated on the day with respect to which assets are being determined, the basis for determining the liquidating value of such contract shall be such value as the Board of Directors may deem fair and reasonable;
- (g) interest rate swaps will be valued on the basis of their market value established by reference to the applicable interest rate curve.

Credit default swaps and total return swaps will be valued at fair value under procedures approved by the Board of Directors. As these swaps are not exchange-traded, but are private contracts into which the Company and a swap counterparty enter as principals, the data inputs for valuation models are usually established by reference to active markets. However it is possible that such market data will not be available for credit default swaps and total return swaps near the Valuation Date. Where such markets inputs are not available, quoted market data for similar instruments (e.g. a different underlying instrument for the same or a similar reference entity) will be used provided that appropriate adjustments be made to reflect any differences between the credit default swaps and total return swaps being valued and the similar financial instrument for which a price is available. Market input data and prices may be sourced from exchanges, a broker, an external pricing agency or a counterparty.

If no such market input data are available, credit default swaps and total return swaps will be valued at their fair value pursuant to a valuation method adopted by the Board of Directors which shall be a valuation method widely accepted as good market practice (*i.e.* used by active participants on setting prices in the market place or which has demonstrated to provide reliable estimate of market prices) provided that adjustments that the Board of Directors may deem fair and reasonable be made. The Company's auditor will review the appropriateness of the valuation methodology used in valuing credit default swaps and total return swaps. In any way the Company will always value credit default swaps and total return swaps on an arm-length basis.

All other swaps will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors;

- (h) all other securities, instruments and other assets will be valued at fair market value, as determined in good faith pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors;
- (i) assets denominated in a currency other than that in which the relevant Net Asset Value will be expressed, will be converted at the relevant foreign currency spot rate on the relevant Valuation Date. In that context account shall be taken of hedging instruments used to cover foreign exchange risks.

The Company is entitled to deviate from the valuation rules set out in (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) above in valuing the assets attributable to any given class by adding to the prices referred to in (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) above an amount reflecting the estimated cost of the acquisition of corresponding assets, in the event the Company expects further investments to be made on behalf of the Sub-Fund to which such class belongs, or by deducting from the prices referred to in (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) above an amount reflecting the estimated cost of the disposal of such assets, in the event the Company expects investments attributable to such Sub-Fund to which such class belongs to be sold.

The Board of Directors, in its discretion, may permit some other method of valuation to be used if it considers that such valuation better reflects the fair value of any asset of the Company.

II. The liabilities of the Company shall include:

- 1) all loans, bills and accounts payable;
- 2) all accrued interest on loans of the Company (including accrued fees for commitment for such loans);
- 3) all accrued or payable expenses (including but not limited to administrative expenses, management fees, including incentive fees, custodian fees, and corporate agents' fees);
- 4) all known liabilities, present and future, including all matured contractual obligations for payments of money or property, including the amount of any unpaid dividends declared by the Company;
- 5) an appropriate provision for future taxes based on capital and income to the Valuation Day or Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day, as determined from time to time by the Company, and other reserves (if any) authorised and approved by the Board of Directors, as well as such amount (if any) as the Board of Directors may consider to be an appropriate allowance in respect of any contingent liabilities of the Company;
- 6) all other liabilities of the Company of whatsoever kind and nature reflected in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In determining the amount of such liabilities the Company shall take into account all expenses payable by the Company which shall comprise formation expenses, fees payable to its investment managers, investment advisers, fees and expenses payable to its accountants, custodian and its correspondents, domiciliary, administrative, registrar and transfer agent, listing agent, any paying agent, any distributor and permanent representatives in places of registration, as well as any other agent employed by the Company, the remuneration of the directors and their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, insurance coverage, and reasonable travelling costs in connection with board meetings, fees and expenses for legal and auditing services, any fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining the registration of the Company with any Governmental agencies or stock exchanges in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and in any other country, reporting and publishing expenses, including the cost of preparing, printing, advertising and distributing prospectuses, explanatory memoranda, periodical reports or registration statements, the costs of printing share certificates and the costs of any reports to shareholders, all taxes, duties, governmental and similar charges, and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets, interest, bank charges and brokerage, postage, telephone and telex. The Company may accrue administrative and other expenses of a regular or recurring nature based on an estimated amount rateably for yearly or other periods.

III. The assets shall be allocated as follows:

The Board of Directors shall establish a Sub-Fund in respect of each class of shares and may establish a Sub-Fund in respect of multiple classes of shares in the following manner:

- (a) if multiple classes of shares relate to one Sub-Fund, the assets attributable to such classes shall be commonly invested pursuant to the specific investment policy of the Sub-Fund concerned provided however, that within a Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors is empowered to define classes of shares so as to correspond to (i) a specific distribution policy, such as entitling to distributions or not entitling to distributions and/or (ii) a specific sales and redemption charge structure and/or (iii) a specific management or advisory fee structure, and/or (iv) a specific assignment of distribution, shareholder services or other fees and/or (v) the currency or currency unit in which the class may be quoted and based on the rate of exchange between such currency or currency unit and the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund and/or (vi) the use of different hedging techniques in order to protect in the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund the assets and returns quoted in the currency of the relevant class of shares against long-term movements of their currency of quotation and/or (vii) such other features as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time in compliance with applicable law;
- (b) the proceeds to be received from the issue of shares of a class shall be applied in the books of the Company to the class or classes of shares issued in respect of such Sub-Fund, and, as the case may be, the relevant amount shall increase the proportion of the net assets of such Sub-Fund attributable to the class of shares to be issued;
- (c) the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure attributable to a Sub-Fund shall be applied to the class or classes of shares issued in respect of such Sub-Fund, subject to the provisions hereabove under (a);
- (d) where any asset is derived from another asset, such derivative asset shall be attributable in the books of the Company to the same class or classes of shares as the assets from which it was derived and on each revaluation of an asset, the increase or decrease in value shall be applied to the relevant class or classes of shares;
- (e) in the case where any asset or liability of the Company cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular class of shares, such asset or liability shall be allocated to all the classes of shares pro rata to their respective net asset values or in such other manner as determined by the Board of Directors acting in good faith, provided that (i) where assets, on behalf of several Sub-Funds are held in one account and/or are co-managed as a segregated pool of assets by an agent of the Board of Directors, the respective right of each class of shares shall correspond to the prorated portion resulting from the contribution of the relevant class of shares to the relevant account or pool, and (ii) the right shall vary in accordance with the contributions and withdrawals made for the account of the class of shares, as described in the sales documents for the shares of the Company, and finally (iii) all liabilities, whatever class of shares they are attributable to, shall, unless otherwise agreed upon with the creditors, be binding upon the Company as a whole;
- (f) upon the payment of distributions to the holders of any class of shares, the net asset value of such class of shares shall be reduced by the amount of such distributions.

All valuation regulations and determinations shall be interpreted and made in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In the absence of bad faith, gross negligence or manifest error, every decision in calculating the net asset value taken by the Board of Directors or by any bank, company or other organization which the Board of Directors may appoint for the purpose of calculating the net asset value, shall be final and binding on the Company and present, past or future shareholders.

IV. For the purpose of this article:

- 1) shares of the Company to be redeemed shall be treated as existing and taken into account until immediately after the time specified by the Board of Directors on the Valuation Day on which such valuation is made and from such time and until paid by the Company the price therefore shall be deemed to be a liability of the Company;
- 2) shares to be issued by the Company shall be treated as being in issue as from the time specified by the Board of Directors on the Valuation Day on which such valuation is made and from such time and until received by the Company the price therefore shall be deemed to be a debt due to the Company;

- 3) all investments, cash balances and other assets expressed in currencies other than the Reference Currency of the relevant Sub-Fund shall be valued after taking into account the market rate or rates of exchange in force at the date and time for determination of the net asset value of shares; and

- 4) where on any Valuation Day or Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day the Company has contracted to:

- purchase any asset, the value of the consideration to be paid for such asset shall be shown as a liability of the Company and the value of the asset to be acquired shall be shown as an asset of the Company;

- sell any asset, the value of the consideration to be received for such asset shall be shown as an asset of the Company and the asset to be delivered shall not be included in the assets of the Company;

provided however, that if the exact value or nature of such consideration or such asset is not known on such Valuation Day, or such Valuation Time during the course of a Valuation Day, then its value shall be estimated by the Company.

The net asset value may be adjusted as the board of directors or its delegate may deem appropriate to reflect, among other considerations, any dealing charges including any dealing spreads, fiscal charges and potential market impact resulting from shareholder's transactions.

A dilution levy may be imposed on deals as specified in the sales documents of the Company. Any such dilution levy should not exceed a certain percentage of the net asset value determined from time to time by the board of directors and disclosed in the sales documents of the Company. This dilution levy will be calculated taking into account the estimated costs, expenses and potential impact on security prices that may be incurred to meet redemption and conversion requests.

- 5) The Company may invest and manage all or any part of the assets established for two or more Sub-Funds (for the purposes hereof "Participating Sub-Funds") on a pooled basis. Any such asset pool shall be formed by transferring to it cash or other assets (subject to such assets being appropriate in respect of the investment policy of the Sub-Fund concerned) from each of the Participating Sub-Funds. Thereafter, the Company may from time to time make further transfers to each asset pool. Assets may also be transferred back to a Participating Sub-Fund up to the amount of the participation of the Sub-Fund concerned. The Share of a Participating Sub-Fund in an asset pool shall be measured by reference to notional units of equal value in the asset pool. On formation of an asset pool, the Company shall determine the initial value of notional units (which shall be expressed in such currency as the Company may consider appropriate) and shall allocate to each Participating Sub-Fund notional units having an aggregate value equal to the amount of cash (or the value of other assets) contributed. Thereafter, the value of the units shall be determined by dividing the net assets of the asset pool by the number of notional units existing.

When additional cash or assets are contributed to or withdrawn from an asset pool, the allocation of notional units of the Participating Sub-Fund concerned will be increased or reduced, as the case may be, by a number of notional units determined by dividing the amount of cash or the value of assets contributed or withdrawn by the current value of a Share a unit in such asset pool. Where a contribution is made in cash, it may be treated for the purpose of this calculation as reduced by an amount which the Company considers appropriate to reflect fiscal charges and dealing and purchase costs which may be incurred in investing the cash concerned; in the case of cash withdrawal, a corresponding deduction may be made to reflect costs which may be incurred in realising securities or other assets of the asset pool.

Dividends, interest and other distributions of an income nature earned in respect of the assets in an asset pool will be applied to such asset pool and cause the respective net assets to increase. Upon the dissolution of the Company, the assets in an asset pool will be allocated to the Participating Sub-Funds in proportion to their respective participation in the asset pool.

Article 12.- Frequency and Temporary Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value per Share, of Issue, Redemption and Conversion of Shares

With respect to each class of shares, the net asset value per share and the price for the issue, redemption and conversion of shares shall be calculated from time to time by the Company or any agent appointed thereto by the Company, at least twice a month at a frequency determined by the Board of Directors, such date being referred to herein as the "Valuation Day"; provided that to the extent the net asset value per share is calculated at several moments in time during the course of the same Valuation Day, each such moment shall be referred to herein as a "Valuation Time" during the course of the relevant Valuation Day.

The Company may suspend the determination of the net asset value per share of any particular class and the issue and redemption of its shares from its shareholders as well as the conversion from and to shares of each class:

- a) during any period when any of the principal stock exchanges, regulated markets or any other regulated market in a Member State or in another state, on which any substantial portion of the investments of the Company attributable to such class of shares from time to time is quoted or dealt in, or when one or more foreign exchange markets in the currency in which a substantial portion of the assets of the class is denominated, is closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings therein are restricted or suspended, provided that such restriction or suspension affects the valuation of the investments of the Company attributable to a class quoted thereon; or
- b) during the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency in the opinion of the Board of Directors as a result of which disposals or valuation of assets owned by the Company attributable to such class of shares would be impractical; or
- c) during any breakdown in the means of communication or computation normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments of such class of shares or the current price or values on any stock exchange or other market in respect of the assets attributable to such class of shares; or
- d) when for any other reason the prices of any investments owned by the Company attributable to any class of shares cannot promptly or accurately be ascertained; or
- e) during any period when the Company is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of the shares of such class or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of shares cannot in the opinion of the Board of Directors be effected at normal rates of exchange;
- f) in the event of the publication (i) of a convening notice to a general meeting of shareholders at which a resolution to wind up the Company or a Sub-Fund is to be proposed, or of the decision of the board of directors to wind up one or more Sub-Funds, or (ii) to the extent that such a suspension is justified for the protection of the shareholders, of the notice of the general meeting of shareholders at which the merger of the Company or a Sub-Fund is to be proposed, or of the decision of the Board of Directors to merge one or more Sub-Funds;
- g) where in the opinion of the board of directors circumstances, which are beyond the control of the board of directors, make it impracticable or unfair vis-à-vis the shareholders to continue trading the shares or in any other circumstance(s) where a failure to do so might result in the Company or its shareholders incurring any liability to taxation or suffering other pecuniary disadvantages or other detriment to which the Company or its shareholders might not otherwise have suffered;
- h) during any period when the net asset value of any subsidiary of the Company may not be determined accurately.

Any such suspension shall be publicised, if appropriate, by the Company and may be notified to shareholders having made an application for subscription, redemption or conversion of shares for which the calculation of the net asset value has been suspended.

Such suspension as to any class of shares shall have no effect on the calculation of the net asset value per share, the issue, redemption and conversion of shares of any other class of shares.

Any request for subscription, redemption or conversion shall be irrevocable except in the event of a suspension of the calculation of the net asset value.

Appendix VII:

AGENT AND CASH NETWORK OF THE DEPOSITARY (AS OF 8 APRIL 2016)

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
ARGENTINA	HSBC Bank Argentina S.A. Avenida Martin Garcia 464, 5th Floor C1268ABN Buenos Aires ARGENTINA	HSBC Bank Argentina S.A. Buenos Aires
AUSTRALIA	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Level 19, 55 Collins Street Melbourne 3000 AUSTRALIA	Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd. Melbourne
AUSTRIA	UniCredit Bank Austria AG Julius Tandler Platz - 3 A-1090 Vienna AUSTRIA	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
BAHRAIN	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited 1st Floor, Building No 2505, Road No 2832 Al Seef 428 BAHRAIN	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Al Seef
BANGLADESH	Standard Chartered Bank Portlink Tower Level-6, 67 Gulshan Avenue Gulshan Dhaka -1212 BANGLADESH	Standard Chartered Bank Dhaka
BELGIUM	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. Boulevard Louis Schmidt 2 3rd Floor 1040 Brussels BELGIUM	J.P. Morgan A.G.** Frankfurt am Main
BERMUDA	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited 6 Front Street Hamilton HM 11 BERMUDA	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited Hamilton
BOTSWANA	Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited 5th Floor, Standard House P.O. Box 496 Queens Road, The Mall Gaborone BOTSWANA	Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited Gaborone
BRAZIL	J.P. Morgan S.A. DTVM** Av. Brigadeiro Faria Lima, 3729, Floor 06 Sao Paulo SP 04538-905 BRAZIL	J.P. Morgan S.A. DTVM** Sao Paulo
BULGARIA	Citibank Europe plc Serdika Offices 10th Floor 48 Sitnyakovo Blvd Sofia 1505 BULGARIA	ING Bank N.V. Sofia

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
CANADA	<p>Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Commerce Court West Security Level Toronto Ontario M5L 1G9 CANADA</p> <p>Royal Bank of Canada 155 Wellington Street West, 2nd Floor Toronto Ontario M5V 3L3 CANADA</p>	Royal Bank of Canada Toronto
CHILE	Banco Santander Chile Bandera 140, Piso 4 Santiago CHILE	Banco Santander Chile Santiago
CHINA A-SHARE	HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33/F, HSBC Building, Shanghai ifc 8 Century Avenue, Pudong Shanghai 200120 THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited Shanghai
CHINA B-SHARE	HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33/F, HSBC Building, Shanghai ifc 8 Century Avenue, Pudong Shanghai 200120 THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	<p>JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** New York</p> <p>JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Hong Kong</p>
CHINA CONNECT	<p>JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 48th Floor, One Island East 18 Westlands Road, Quarry Bay HONG KONG</p>	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Hong Kong
COLOMBIA	Cititrust Colombia S.A. Carrera 9 A # 99-02, 3rd floor Bogota COLOMBIA	Cititrust Colombia S.A. Bogotá
COSTA RICA	Banco BCT, S.A. 150 Metros Norte de la Catedral Metropolitana Edificio BCT San Jose COSTA RICA	Banco BCT, S.A. San Jose
CROATIA	Privredna banka Zagreb d.d. Radnicka cesta 50 10000 Zagreb CROATIA	Zagrebacka banka d.d. Zagreb
CYPRUS	HSBC Bank plc 109-111, Messogian Ave. 115 26 Athens GREECE	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
CZECH REPUBLIC	UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s. BB Centrum - FILADELFIE Zeletavska 1525-1 140 92 Prague 1 CZECH REPUBLIC	Ceskoslovenska obchodni banka, a.s. Prague
DENMARK	Nordea Bank Danmark A/S Christiansbro Strandgade 3 P.O. Box 850 DK-0900 Copenhagen DENMARK	Nordea Bank Danmark A/S Copenhagen
EGYPT	Citibank, N.A. 4 Ahmed Pasha Street Garden City Cairo EGYPT	Citibank, N.A. Cairo
ESTONIA	Swedbank AS Liivalaia 8 15040 Tallinn ESTONIA	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
FINLAND	Nordea Bank Finland Plc Aleksis Kiven katu 3-5 FIN-00020 NORDEA Helsinki FINLAND	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
FRANCE	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. Les Grands Moulins de Pantin 9, rue du Debarcadere 93500 Pantin FRANCE	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
GERMANY	Deutsche Bank AG Alfred-Herrhausen-Allee 16-24 D-65760 Eschborn GERMANY J.P. Morgan AG#** Taunustor 1 (TaunusTurm) 60310 Frankfurt am Main GERMANY # Custodian for local German custody clients only.	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
GHANA	Standard Chartered Bank Ghana Limited Accra High Street P.O. Box 768 Accra GHANA	Standard Chartered Bank Ghana Limited Accra
GREECE	HSBC Bank plc Messogion 109-111 11526 Athens GREECE	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
HONG KONG	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 48th Floor, One Island East 18 Westlands Road, Quarry Bay HONG KONG	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Hong Kong
HUNGARY	Deutsche Bank AG Hold utca 27 H-1054 Budapest HUNGARY	ING Bank N.V. Budapest
ICELAND	Islandsbanki hf. Kirkjusandur 2 IS-155 Reykjavik ICELAND	Islandsbanki hf. Reykjavik
INDIA	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 6th Floor, Paradigm 'B' Wing Mindspace, Malad (West) Mumbai 400 064 INDIA	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Mumbai
INDONESIA	Deutsche Bank AG Deutsche Bank Building 80 Jl. Inman Bonjol Jakarta 10310 INDONESIA	Deutsche Bank AG Jakarta
IRELAND	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 25 Bank Street, Canary Wharf London E14 5JP UNITED KINGDOM	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
ISRAEL	Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M. 35, Yehuda Halevi Street 65136 Tel Aviv ISRAEL	Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M. Tel Aviv
ITALY	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. Via Aspetto, 5 20123 Milan ITALY	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
JAPAN	Mizuho Bank, Ltd. 4-16-13, Tsukishima Chuo-ku Tokyo 104-0052 JAPAN The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. 1-3-2 Nihombashi Hongoku-cho Chuo-ku Tokyo 103-0021 JAPAN	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Tokyo

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
JORDAN	Standard Chartered Bank Shmeissani Branch Al-Thaqafa Street Building # 2 P.O.BOX 926190 Amman JORDAN	Standard Chartered Bank Amman
KAZAKHSTAN	JSC Citibank Kazakhstan Park Palace, Building A, Floor 2 41 Kazybek Bi Almaty 050010 KAZAKHSTAN	JSC Citibank Kazakhstan Almaty
KENYA	Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited Chiromo 48 Westlands Road Nairobi 00100 KENYA	Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited Nairobi
KUWAIT	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Kuwait City, Qibla Area Hamad Al-Saqr Street, Kharafi Tower G/1/2 Floors Safat 13017 KUWAIT	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Safat
LATVIA	Swedbank AS Balasta dambis 1a Riga LV-1048 LATVIA	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
LEBANON	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited HSBC Main Building Riad El Solh, P.O. Box 11-1380 1107-2080 Beirut LEBANON	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** New York
LITHUANIA	AB SEB Bankas 12 Gedimino pr. LT 2600 Vilnius LITHUANIA	AB SEB Bankas Vilnius J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
LUXEMBOURG	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. 33, Rue de Gasperich L-5826 Hesperange LUXEMBOURG	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
MALAWI	Standard Bank Limited, Malawi 1st Floor Kaomba House Cnr Glyn Jones Road & Victoria Avenue Blantyre MALAWI	Standard Bank Limited, Malawi Blantyre

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
MALAYSIA	HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad 2 Leboh Ampang 12th Floor, South Tower 50100 Kuala Lumpur MALAYSIA	HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad Kuala Lumpur
MAURITIUS	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited HSBC Centre 18 Cybercity Ebene MAURITIUS	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Ebene
MEXICO	Banco Nacional de Mexico, S.A. Act. Roberto Medellin No. 800 3er Piso Norte Colonia Santa Fe 01210 Mexico, D.F. MEXICO	Banco Santander (Mexico), S.A. Mexico, D.F.
MOROCCO	Société Générale Marocaine de Banques 55 Boulevard Abdelmoumen Casablanca 20100 MOROCCO	Attijariwafa Bank S.A. Casablanca
NAMIBIA	Standard Bank Namibia Limited Mutual Platz 2nd Floor, Standard Bank Centre Cnr. Stroebeel and Post Streets P.O.Box 3327 Windhoek NAMIBIA	The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited Johannesburg
NETHERLANDS	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. Herengracht 595 1017 CE Amsterdam NETHERLANDS	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
NEW ZEALAND	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Level 13, 2 Hunter Street Wellington 6011 NEW ZEALAND	Westpac Banking Corporation Wellington
NIGERIA	Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc Plot 1712 Idejo Street Victoria Island Lagos NIGERIA	Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc Lagos
NORWAY	Nordea Bank Norge ASA Essendropsgate 7 PO Box 1166 NO-0107 Oslo NORWAY	Nordea Bank Norge ASA Oslo

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Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
OMAN	HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G. 2nd Floor Al Khuwair PO Box 1727 PC 111 Seeb OMAN	HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G. Seeb
PAKISTAN	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited P.O. Box 4896 Ismail Ibrahim Chundrigar Road Karachi 74000 PAKISTAN	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Karachi
PERU	Citibank del Perú S.A. Av. Canaval y Moreryra 480 Piso 4 San Isidro Lima 27 PERU	Citibank del Perú S.A. Lima
PHILIPPINES	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 7/F HSBC Centre 3058 Fifth Avenue West Bonifacio Global City 1634 Taguig City PHILIPPINES	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Taguig City
POLAND	Bank Handlowy w. Warszawie S.A. ul. Senatorska 16 00-923 Warsaw POLAND	mBank S.A. Warsaw
PORTUGAL	BNP Paribas Securities Services S.C.A. Avenida D.João II, Lote 1.18.01, Bloco B, 7º andar 1998-028 Lisbon PORTUGAL	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
QATAR	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited 2nd Floor, Ali Bin Ali Tower Building 150 (Airport Road) PO Box 57 Doha QATAR	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Doha
ROMANIA	Citibank Europe plc 145 Calea Victoriei 1st District 010072 Bucharest ROMANIA	ING Bank N.V. Bucharest
RUSSIA	J.P. Morgan Bank International (Limited Liability Company)** 10, Butyrsky Val White Square Business Centre Floor 12 Moscow 125047 RUSSIA	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** New York

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Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
SAUDI ARABIA	HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited 2/F HSBC Building Olaya Road, Al-Murooj Riyadh 11413 SAUDI ARABIA	HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited Riyadh
SERBIA	Unicredit Bank Srbija a.d. Airport City Belgrade Omladinskih Brigada 88 11070 Belgrade SERBIA	Unicredit Bank Srbija a.d. Belgrade
SINGAPORE	DBS Bank Ltd 10 Toh Guan Road DBS Asia Gateway, Level 04-11 (4B) 608838 SINGAPORE	Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Singapore
SLOVAK REPUBLIC	UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s. Sancova 1/A SK-813 33 Bratislava SLOVAK REPUBLIC	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
SLOVENIA	UniCredit Banka Slovenija d.d. Smartinska 140 SI-1000 Ljubljana SLOVENIA	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
SOUTH AFRICA	FirstRand Bank Limited 1 Mezzanine Floor, 3 First Place, Bank City Cnr Simmonds and Jeppe Streets Johannesburg 2001 SOUTH AFRICA	The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited Johannesburg
SOUTH KOREA	Standard Chartered Bank Korea Limited 47 Jongro, Jongro-Gu Seoul 110-702 SOUTH KOREA Kookmin Bank Co., Ltd. 84, Namdaemun-ro Jung-gu, Seoul 100-845 SOUTH KOREA	Standard Chartered Bank Korea Limited Seoul
SPAIN	Santander Securities Services, S.A. Ciudad Grupo Santander Avenida de Cantabria, s/n Edificio Ecinar, planta baja Boadilla del Monte 28660 Madrid SPAIN	J.P. Morgan AG** Frankfurt am Main
SRI LANKA	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 24 Sir Baron Jayatillaka Mawatha Colombo 1 SRI LANKA	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Colombo

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
SWEDEN	Nordea Bank AB (publ) Hamngatan 10 SE-105 71 Stockholm SWEDEN	Svenska Handelsbanken Stockholm
SWITZERLAND	UBS Switzerland AG 45 Bahnhofstrasse 8021 Zurich SWITZERLAND	UBS Switzerland AG Zurich
TAIWAN	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 8th Floor, Cathay Xin Yi Trading Building No. 108, Section 5, Xin Yi Road Taipei 11047 TAIWAN	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Taipei
TANZANIA	Stanbic Bank Tanzania Limited Stanbic Centre Corner Kinondoni and A.H.Mwinyi Roads P.O. Box 72648 Dar es Salaam TANZANIA	Stanbic Bank Tanzania Limited Dar es Salaam
THAILAND	Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Public Company Limited 14th Floor, Zone B Sathorn Nakorn Tower 90 North Sathorn Road Bangrak Silom, Bangrak Bangkok 10500 THAILAND	Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Public Company Limited Bangkok
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	Republic Bank Limited 9-17 Park Street Port of Spain TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	Republic Bank Limited Port of Spain
TUNISIA	Banque Internationale Arabe de Tunisie, S.A. 70-72 Avenue Habib Bourguiba P.O. Box 520 Tunis 1000 TUNISIA	Banque Internationale Arabe de Tunisie, S.A. Tunis
TURKEY	Citibank A.S. Inkilap Mah., Yilmaz Plaza O. Faik Atakan Caddesi No: 3 34768 Umraniye- Istanbul TURKEY	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Istanbul
UGANDA	Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited 5 Speke Road P.O. Box 7111 Kampala UGANDA	Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited Kampala

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MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
UKRAINE	PJSC Citibank 16-G Dilova Street 03150 Kiev UKRAINE	PJSC Citibank Kiev JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** New York
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - ADX	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Emaar Square, Level 4, Building No. 5 P.O. Box 502601 Dubai UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	The National Bank of Abu Dhabi Abu Dhabi
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - DFM	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Emaar Square, Level 4, Building No. 5 P.O. Box 502601 Dubai UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	The National Bank of Abu Dhabi Abu Dhabi
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES - NASDAQ DUBAI	HSBC Bank Middle East Limited Emaar Square, Level 4, Building No. 5 P.O. Box 502601 Dubai UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ** New York
UNITED KINGDOM	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 25 Bank Street, Canary Wharf London E14 5JP UNITED KINGDOM Deutsche Bank AG Depository and Clearing Centre 10 Bishops Square London E1 6EG UNITED KINGDOM	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** London Varies by currency
UNITED STATES	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** 4 New York Plaza New York NY 10004 UNITED STATES	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** New York
URUGUAY	Banco Itaú Uruguay S.A. Zabala 1463 11000 Montevideo URUGUAY	Banco Itaú Uruguay S.A. Montevideo
VENEZUELA	Citibank, N.A. Avenida Casanova Centro Comercial El Recreo Torre Norte, Piso 19 Caracas 1050 VENEZUELA	Citibank, N.A. Caracas
VIETNAM	HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. Centre Point 106 Nguyen Van Troi Street Phu Nhuan District Ho Chi Minh City VIETNAM	HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. Ho Chi Minh City

** J.P. Morgan affiliate

Correspondent banks are listed for information only.

MARKET	SUBCUSTODIAN	CASH CORRESPONDENT BANK
WAEMU - BENIN, BURKINA FASO, GUINEA-BISSAU, IVORY COAST, MALI, NIGER, SENEGAL, TOGO	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire SA 23 Boulevard de la Republique 1 01 B.P. 1141 Abidjan 17 IVORY COAST	Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire SA Abidjan
RESTRICTED SERVICE ONLY. PLEASE CONTACT YOUR RELATIONSHIP MANAGER FOR FURTHER INFORMATION		
ZAMBIA	Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Plc Standard Chartered House Cairo Road P.O. Box 32238 Lusaka 10101 ZAMBIA	Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Plc Lusaka
ZIMBABWE	Stanbic Bank Zimbabwe Limited Stanbic Centre, 3rd Floor 59 Samora Machel Avenue Harare ZIMBABWE	Stanbic Bank Zimbabwe Limited Harare

GLOSSARY

“Administration Agreement”	an agreement made between the Company, the Management Company and the Central Administration Agent effective as of 1 February 2016;
“Articles”	the articles of incorporation of the Company;
“Auditor”	KPMG Luxembourg Société coopérative;
“Board of Directors”	the board of directors from time to time of the Company;
“Business Day”	any day on which banks are open for normal banking business in Luxembourg;
“Business Day in the UK”	any day on which banks are open for normal banking business in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;
“Central Administration Agent”	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.;
“Class”	a class of Shares in a Sub-Fund of the Company; Share Classes may differ in their charges, fee structure, use of income, persons authorised to invest, minimum investment amount, Reference Currency, the possibility of a currency hedge in a Share Class or other characteristics;
“Companies Law”	the Luxembourg law of 10 August 1915 on Commercial Companies, as amended;
“Company”	Oddo Compass;
“Custodian and Paying Agent”	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.;
“Distribution Agreements”	agreement made between the Management Company and DekaBank Deutsche Girozentrale dated 29 November 2011, as amended; and agreement between the Management Company and Oddo et Cie;
“Distributors”	DekaBank Deutsche Girozentrale and Oddo et Cie;
“Eligible Market”	a regulated market in an Eligible State which operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public;
“Eligible State”	any member state of the OECD and all other countries of the American continents, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceania;
“Eligible Transferable Securities”	(i) transferable securities admitted to official listing on a stock exchange in an Eligible State; and/or (ii) transferable securities dealt in on another Eligible Market; and/or (iii) recently issued transferable securities, provided that the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to official listing on a stock exchange in an Eligible State or on an Eligible Market and such admission is achieved within a year of the issue;
“EU”	current and any future member countries of the European Union;

“Group of Companies”	companies belonging to the same body of undertakings and which must draw up consolidated accounts in accordance with Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 on consolidated accounts and according to recognized international accounting rules;
“Institutional Investors”	Institutional Investors, as defined by guidelines or recommendations issued by the Regulatory Authority from time to time;
“Investment Manager”	a service provider appointed under the terms of an agreement with the Management Company to provide investment management services with respect to one or more Sub-Funds, as set out in the section “Investment Managers”;
“2010 Law”	the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010, as amended;
“Management Company”	Oddo Meriten Asset Management SA the designated management company of the Company;
“Member State”	a member state of the European Union;
“Memorial”	Memorial, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;
“Money Market Instruments”	instruments normally dealt in on the money market which are liquid, and have a value which can be accurately determined at any time;
“Net Asset Value”	the Net Asset Value of each Class of Shares within each Sub-Fund, of each Sub-Fund as described in Section “Determination of the Net Asset Value” or of the Company;
“OECD”	the members of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;
“Offer Price”	the offering price per Share of each Class in respect of each Sub-Fund, calculated in accordance with the methodology set out under the “Issue and Sale of Shares” section;
“Other Regulated Market”	market which is regulated, operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public, namely a market (i) that meets the following cumulative criteria: liquidity; multilateral order matching (general matching of bid and ask prices in order to establish a single price); transparency (the circulation of complete information in order to give clients the possibility of tracking trades, thereby ensuring that their orders are executed on current conditions); (ii) on which the securities are dealt in at a certain fixed frequency, (iii) which is recognized by a State or by a public authority which has been delegated by that State or by another entity which is recognized by that State or by that public authority such as a professional association and (iv) on which the securities dealt are accessible to the public;
“Other State”	any State of Europe which is not a Member State, any State of America, Africa, Asia, Australia and Oceania;
“Redemption Price”	the redemption price per Share of each Class in respect of each Sub-Fund, calculated in accordance with the methodology set out under the “Redemption of Shares” section;
“Reference Currency”	the unit currency of the Company, a Sub-Fund or a Class;
“Regulated Market”	each regulated market in any country that, as defined in Article 41(1) of the Law of 2010, operates regularly, is recognized and open to the public;

“Regulatory Authority”	the Luxembourg authority or its successor in charge of the supervision of UCI in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;
“Shareholders”	holders of Shares in the Company, as recorded in the books of the Company on file with the Central Administration Agent;
“Shares”	Shares of the Company of no par value each designated into different Classes with reference to the Sub-Funds of the Company;
“SICAV”	Société d’Investissement à Capital Variable (an open-ended mutual investment fund);
“Sub-Funds”	segregated portfolios of assets of the Company each represented by one or more classes of Shares of the Company and managed in accordance with a specified investment objective and policy;
“Transferable Securities”	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - shares and other securities equivalent to shares; - bonds and other debt instruments; - any other negotiable securities which carry the right to acquire any such transferable securities by subscription or exchange with the exclusion of techniques and instruments; - loan participations;
“UCI”	an undertaking for collective investment as defined by the Luxembourg law;
“UCITS”	an undertaking for collective investment in Transferable Securities under Article 1 (2) of the UCITS Directive;
“UCITS Directive”	Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities;
“US” or “United States”	the United States of America, its territories and possessions, any State of the United States and the District of Columbia;
“U.S. Person”	<p>I. The term “U.S. Person” means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) a citizen or resident of the United States, (B) a domestic partnership, (C) a domestic corporation, (D) any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of paragraph II. below, and (E) any trust if - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust, and (ii) one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. <p>II. Foreign estate or trust.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) Foreign estate. The term “foreign estate” means an estate the income of which, from sources without the United States which is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States, is not includible in gross income under subtitle A. (B) Foreign trust. The term “foreign trust” means any trust other than a trust described in paragraph I;
“Valuation Day”	each day (except for December 24 th and 31 st) which is a Business Day.